

**Question 1.** In Prolog, suppose that the following clauses

*ancestor*(*X*, *Y*) : - *parent*(*X*, *Z*), *ancestor*(*Z*, *Y*).  
*ancestor*(*amy*, *bob*).  
*parent*(*eve*, *amy*).

have been entered into the database, then which of the following queries would cause the "yes" response?

☐ ? - *ancestor*(*bob*, *amy*).

☐ ? - *ancestor*(*eve*, *bob*).

☐ ? - *ancestor*(*amy*, *eve*).

☐ ? - *ancestor*(*eve*, *amy*).

**Question 2.** Which of the following Pascal programs causes a syntax error?

☐ var i: Integer; begin Writeln; i:=1.0; end.

☐ var i: Integer; begin Writeln(i=1); end.

☐ var i: Integer; begin Writeln; i:=1; end.

☐ var i: Integer; begin Writeln(i:=1); end.

**Question 3.** In Ada, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ I = I + 1;

☐ while i <= 5 do J := J + 1; end loop;

☐ while i <= 5 do J := J + 1; end while;

☐ integer: boolean;

**Question 4.** In Java, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ System.out.println("Hello World");

☐ System.out.println(Hello World);

☐ int v; if (v == 0) v=v+1;

☐ System.out.println('Hello World');

**Question 5.** In C#, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ Console.WriteLine("Hello World");

☐ if (int v == 0) return v;

☐ Console.out.println("Hello World");

☐ int v; if (v == 0) v=v+1;

**Question 6.** In Python, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ if (v == 0) v=v+1;

☐ println('Hello World');

☐ printf ('Hello World');

☐ sum := float(1) + float(2);

☐ Console.out.println("Hello World");

☐ print ("Hello World");

Constructed-response questions

Question 7. Describe briefly your contribution to your group project (i.e. the project that your group has taken in this course).

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Question 8. Explain shortly why C is more memory-efficient than Python (i.e. 1.1 vs 3.9 for space).

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Question 9. Give a functional form of the following Pascal code.

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function sum (n: Integer): Integer;
  var i,s: Integer;
begin
  s:=0;
  if n<=0 then
    sum:=0;
  else
    for i := 1 to n do
      s:=s+i;
    sum:=s;
  end
```

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Question 10. Explain in detail the meaning of the following code in C++.

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enum Disc {IsInt,IsReal};
struct IntOrReal {
  enum Disc which;
  union {
    int i;
    double r;
  };
};
```

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| MIDTERM TEST, SPRING 2026<br>Course: CS370 - Nat. of PL<br>Duration: 60 minutes |                              | Student name: .....<br>Student Id: ..... Order. ....<br>Class Id: ..... |
| Evaluators' name and signature                                                  | Proctors' name and signature | Total score                                                             |

Test Id: 2 (This test consists of 10 questions)

Note: No electronic devices (laptops, smart devices, etc. except calculators) are allowed.

### Questions with one correct answer

Question 1. In Prolog, suppose that the following clauses

*ancestor*(*X*,*Y*) : - *parent*(*X*,*Z*), *ancestor*(*Z*,*Y*).  
*ancestor*(*amy*,*bob*).  
*parent*(*eve*,*amy*).

have been entered into the database, then which of the following queries would cause the "no" response?

☐ ? - *parent*(*eve*,*amy*).

☐ ? - *ancestor*(*amy*,*bob*).

☒ ? - *ancestor*(*eve*,*bob*).

☐ ? - *ancestor*(*bob*,*eve*).

Question 2. Which of the following Pascal programs causes an incompatible type error?

☒ var *i*: Integer; begin Writeln(*i*:=1); end.

☐ var *i*: Integer; begin Writeln(*i*=1); end.

☐ var *i*: Integer; begin Writeln; *i*:=1.0; end.

☐ var *i*: Integer; begin Writeln; *i*:=1; end.

Question 3. In Ada, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ while *I* >= 5 do *J* := *J* - 1; end while;

☐ while *J* <= 5 loop *J* := *J* + 1; end loop;

☐ while *I* <= 5 do *J* := *J* + 1; end loop;

☐ *I* = *I* + 1;

Question 4. In Java, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ if (*int* *v* = 0) return *v*;

☐ System.out.println(Hello World);

☐ *int* *v*; if (*v* == 0) *v*=*v*+1;

☒ *int* *v*=1; if (*v* != 0) *v*=*v*+1;

Question 5. In C#, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ System.out.println("Hello World");

☐ System.out.println('Hello World');

☒ Console.WriteLine("Hello World");

☐ *int* *v*; if (*v* != 0) *v*=*v*+1;

Question 6. In Python, which of the following statements is legal?

☐ if (*v* != 0) *v*=*v*+1;

☐ sum = float(1.0) + float(2);

☐ printf ("Hello World");

☐ sum := float(1) + float(2);

☒ Console.println("Hello World");

☒ println('Hello World');

Constructed-response questions

Question 7. Describe briefly your role and tasks in your group project (i.e. the project that your group has taken in this course).

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Question 8. Explain shortly why C is faster than Python (i.e. 1.0 vs 6.5 for speed).

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Question 9. Give an imperative form of the following Pascal code.

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| function prod (n: Integer): Real; | ..... |
| begin                             | ..... |
| if n>=1 then                      | ..... |
| prod:=n*prod(n-1)                 | ..... |
| else                              | ..... |
| prod:=1.0;                        | ..... |
| end                               | ..... |
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Question 10. Explain in detail the meaning of the following code in Java.

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| class A                       | ..... |
| { A A(A A)                    | ..... |
| { A:                          | ..... |
| for(;;)                       | ..... |
| { if (A.A(A) == A) break A; } | ..... |
| return A;                     | ..... |
| }                             | ..... |
| }                             | ..... |
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