

Apriori Algorithm Implementation

Python Code: Apriori Algorithm

```
1 import csv
2 import os
3 from itertools import chain, combinations
4
5 """
6 ----- Apriori Algorithm -----
7 Description:
8 - Input:
9     +) dataset: is entire available transactions
10    +) sample: we randomly select several items available in the given dataset.
11             The algorithm will rely on the domain of the sample to give corresponding
12             association rules
13    +) min_support
14    +) min_confidence
15 - Output:
16    +) It returns association rules with corresponding level of confidences
17 -----
18 """
19 def Apriori(dataset, sample, min_support, min_confidence):
20     temp_antecedents = []
21     temp_consequents = []
22     antecedents = []
23     consequents = []
24     confidences = []
25
26     for k in range(1, len(sample)):
27         subsets = find_all_combinations(sample, k)
28         for sub in subsets:
29             antecedent = sub
30             consequent = list(set(sample) - set(sub))
31
32             antecedent_occurrences = count_occurrence_itemset(antecedent, dataset)
33             consequent_occurrences = count_occurrence_itemset(consequent, dataset)
34
35             if antecedent_occurrences >= min_support and consequent_occurrences >= min_support:
36                 temp_antecedents.append(antecedent)
37                 temp_consequents.append(consequent)
38
39     sample_occurrences = count_occurrence_itemset(sample, dataset)
40     for i in range(len(temp_antecedents)):
41         confidence = sample_occurrences/count_occurrence_itemset(temp_antecedents[i], dataset)
42         if confidence >= min_confidence:
43             antecedents.append(temp_antecedents[i])
44             consequents.append(temp_consequents[i])
45             confidences.append(confidence)
46
47     return antecedents, consequents, confidences
48
49
50
51 """
52 ----- count_occurrence_itemset -----
53 Description:
54 - Input:
```

```

55 +) itemset: a set of items
56 +) dataset: is entire available transactions
57 - Output:
58 +) It returns the number of occurrences of the item set (or the number of transactions
59    that contain this item set)
60 -----
61 """
62 def count_occurrence_itemset(itemset, dataset):
63     counter = 0
64     for row in dataset:
65         if set(itemset).issubset(set(row)):
66             counter = counter + 1
67     return counter
68
69
70
71 """
72 ----- find_all_combinations -----
73 Description:
74 - This function returns a list of all possible k-combinations from a superset
75
76 -----
77 """
78 def find_all_combinations(superset, k):
79     return [list(comb) for comb in combinations(superset, k)]
80
81
82 """
83 ----- load_and_clean_data -----
84 Description:
85 - The input of function is the path of the csv file. Please ensure that the path of input
86   file must be RELATIVE path. Also, you must ensure that the csv file must be located in the
87   same folder of this code.
88 - This function reads the content in csv file row by row. For each row, it will remove
89   duplicate and empty elements.
90 - The output of function is the 2D-array.
91 -----
92 """
93 def load_and_clean_data(relative_file_path):
94     # Convert relative file path to absolute
95     absolute_file_path = os.path.abspath(relative_file_path)
96
97     # Now, we process the data row by row
98     cleaned_data = []
99     try:
100         with open(file=absolute_file_path, mode='r', newline='') as file:
101             raw_data = csv.reader(file)
102             for row in raw_data:
103                 # Collect distinct elements
104                 row = list(dict.fromkeys(row))
105
106                 # Remove empty elements
107                 for element in row:
108                     if element == '':
109                         row.remove(element)
110
111                 # Convert string to numeric
112                 row = [int(item) for item in row]
113
114                 # Collect non-empty rows
115                 if len(row) > 0:
116                     cleaned_data.append(row)
117     except FileNotFoundError:
118         print(f"Error: The file at '{absolute_file_path}' was not found.")
119     except IOError:
120         print(f"Error: An IO error occurred while trying to open '{absolute_file_path}'.")
121     return cleaned_data
122
123
124
125 """

```

```

126 ----- export_to_CSV -----
127 Description:
128 - This function is used to write the data to csv file
129 - Please ensure that the path for destination file must be RELATIVE
130 -----
131 """
132 def export_to_CSV(data, destination_file_name):
133     # Determine the current directory of the script
134     current_directory = os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__))
135     file_path = os.path.join(current_directory, destination_file_name + '.csv')
136
137     # Exporting the matrix to a CSV file
138     with open(file_path, mode='w', newline='') as file:
139         writer = csv.writer(file)
140         # Write each row of the matrix
141         writer.writerows(data)
142     print(f"Matrix has been exported to {file_path}")

```