

DUPLEXCITY

STUDIO VI_OZ

LONGNEY LUK, ISABELLA OUYANG, CHITIKA VASUDEVA, CURRAN ZHANG

LOCATION

SITE PHOTOS





UNDERSTANDING SITE CONTEXT



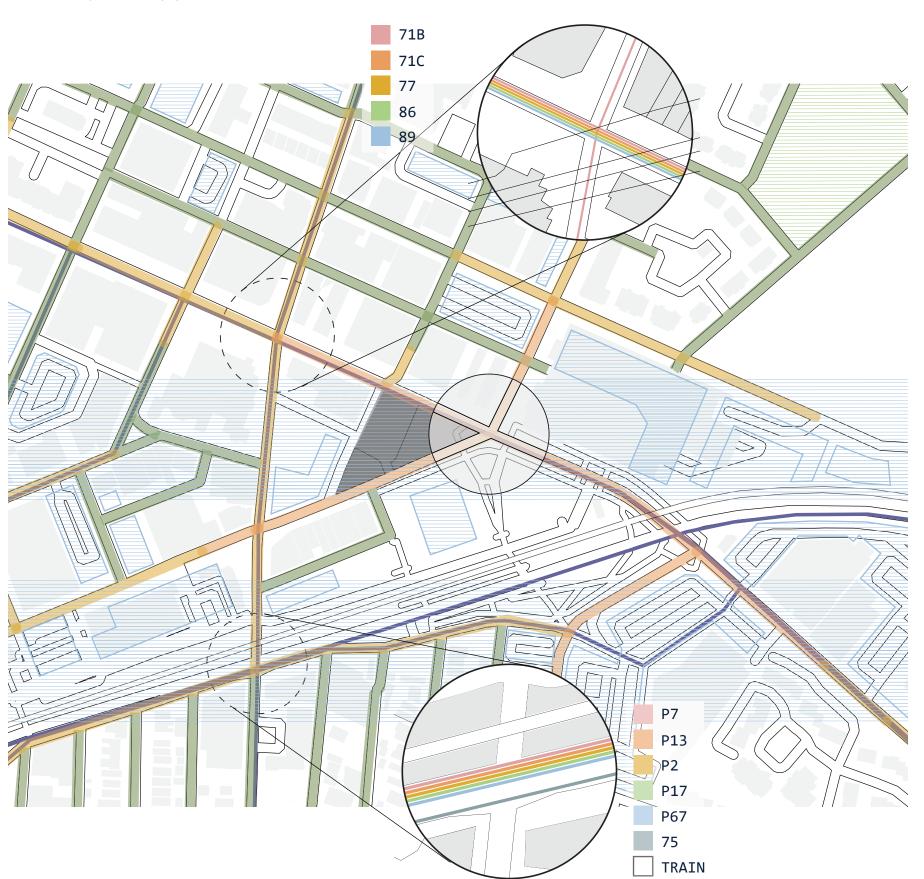
The site is located at the corner of Penn Ave and Center Ave in the East Liberty neighborhood of Pittsburgh. A historically significant area of the city, East Liberty has been developing rapidly in recent years and is currently dominated by low- to mid-rise commercial and civic infrastructure, with some residential buildings.

Civic

Green Space

SITE TRAFFIC

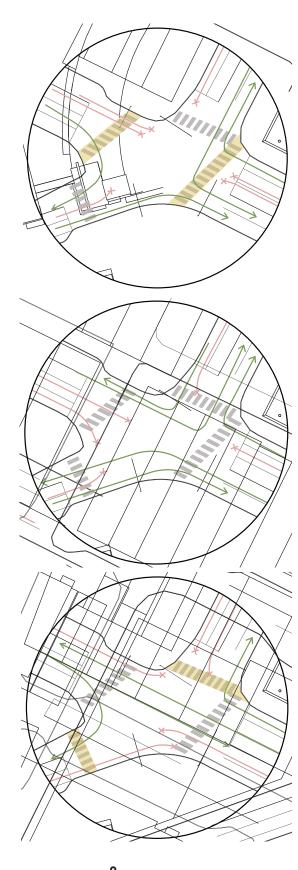
SITE TRAFFIC ANALYSIS



Penn Ave, one of the major roadways in the city, runs through East Liberty and forms one edge of the triangular site of this project. Studying traffic patterns was key to developing an understanding of the activity along all edges of the site. Documenting the occurrence of dedicated green space and vehicular traffic patterns also fed into a subjective analysis of the influence of air quality and noise pollution on pedestrain experience on the site.

- Heavy Traffic
- Medium Traffic
- Light Traffic
- Bus Route
- Green Space





TRAFFIC PATTERNS & PEDESTRIAN EXPERIENCE

FORMAL GOALS

FIRM GOALS

Multi-level units ("jigsaw")
Include ALL UNIT TYPES on each floor

PROGRAMMATIC GOALS

Semi-outdoor spaces

COMMUNAL GREEN SPACE

Public **access** into podium

Farmers' market

CONCEPTUAL GOALS

Every two or three floors is a small community

Transition of materials from contextual to "modern"

Limited access after fourth floor

ENVIRONMENTAL GOALS

Create BUFFERS for noise and polluted air Natural daylight and ventilation

Programmed green spaces (learning space vs. garden)

COMMUNITY GOALS

GREEN SPACE for all residents

Combinations of different kinds of units to **mix populations**Encourage long-term settlement in the area

Revive MULTIGENERATIONAL housing practices

Creating a strong sense of community and neighborhood **Accessibility** across age and ability

ENVIRONMENTAL GOALS

Natural light and ventilation through operable windows
Outdoor space (may be elevated)
Pursue 100% green roof coverage

PROGRAMMATIC GOALS

SPACE FOR CHILDREN to learn, play and feel engaged Multipurpose space for **performaces and events**Restaurant or bakery at the **northeast corner** of the site Retain CVS and Citizen's Bank
Introduce a fitness center on the second floor

SITE STRATEGY

The complex nature of the site posed a number of challenges and opportunities, both programmatically and formally. The larger planning moves aim to facilitate a range of commercial and dining activities while taking into consideration pragmatic issues such as vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

INITIAL SITE STRATEGY - ACCESSING SITE NEEDS



INITIAL SITE STRATEGY - PROGRAMMATIC RESPONSE

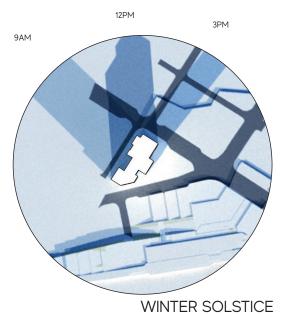


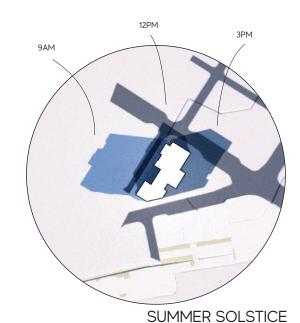
The program of the building podium was developed in response to existing site conditions and programming, as well as according to guidelines determined by client interests. The CVS and Citizen's Bank on the first floor are preserved.

SUSTAINABILITY

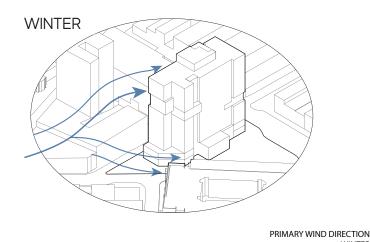
SUSTAINABILITY

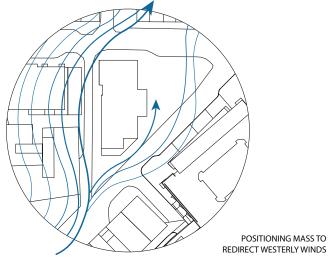
SUN AND SHADOW ANALYSIS

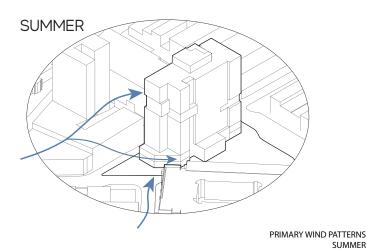


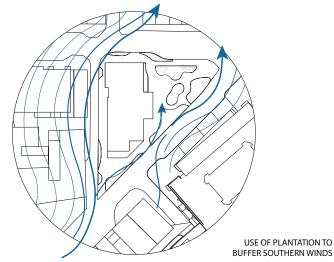


WIND ANALYSIS



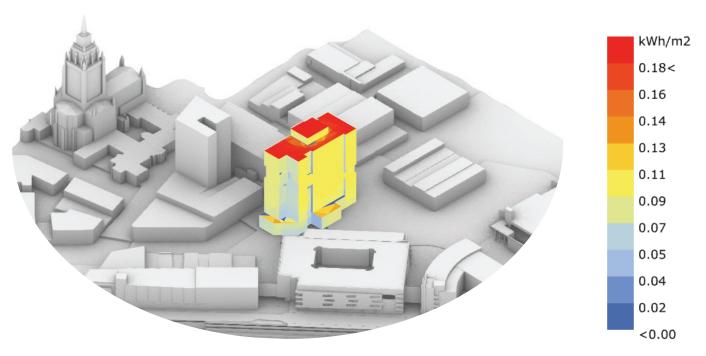




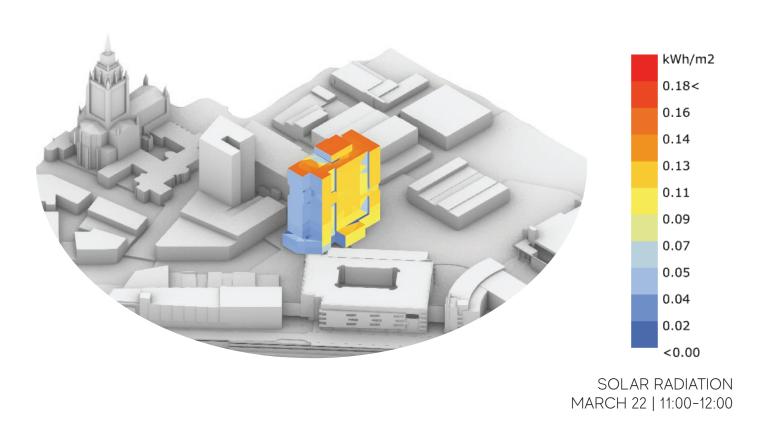


STUDIO VI_OZ

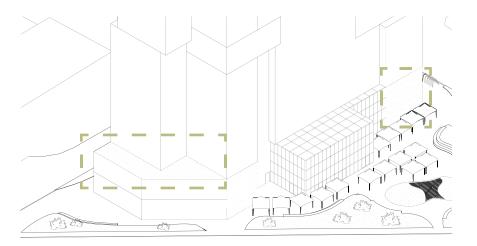
SOLAR RADIATION ANALYSIS



SOLAR RADIATION MARCH 22 | 11:00-12:00

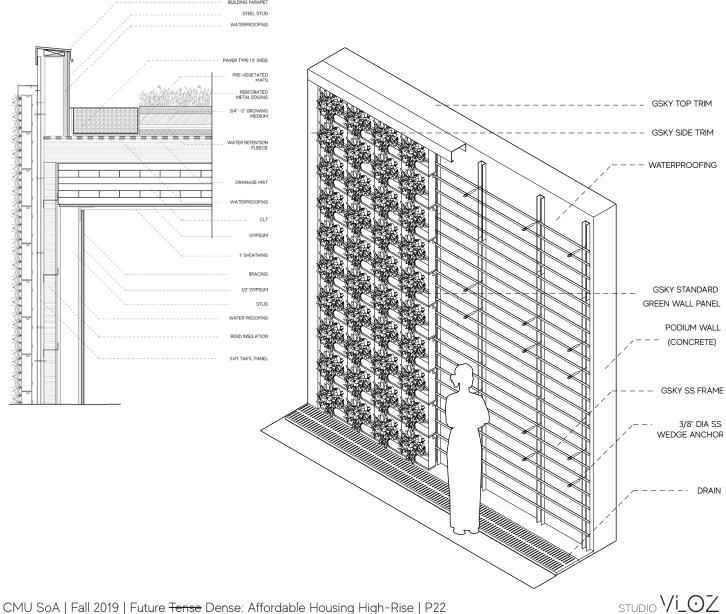


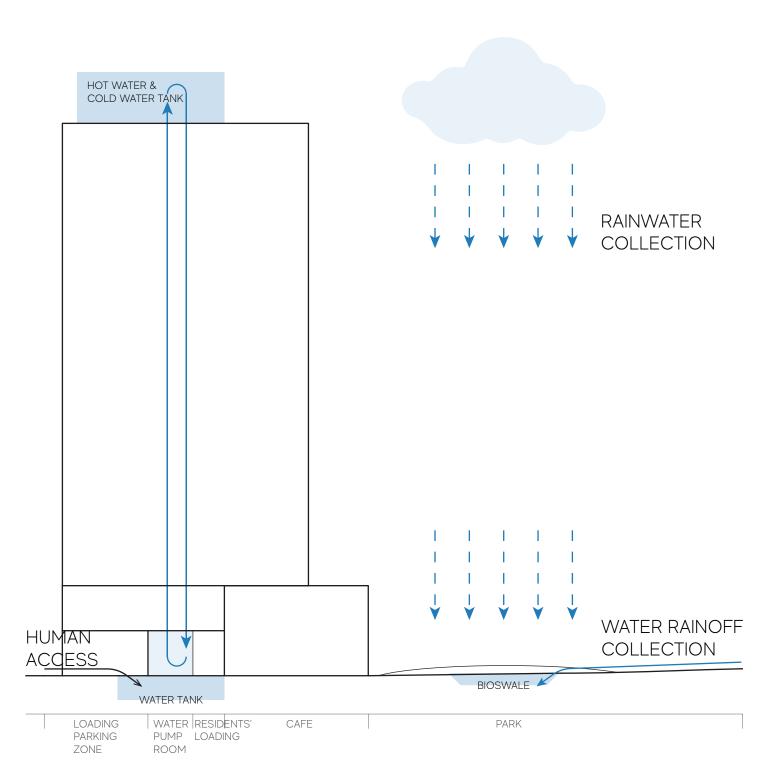
SUSTAINABILITY



GREEN ROOF

GREEN WALL



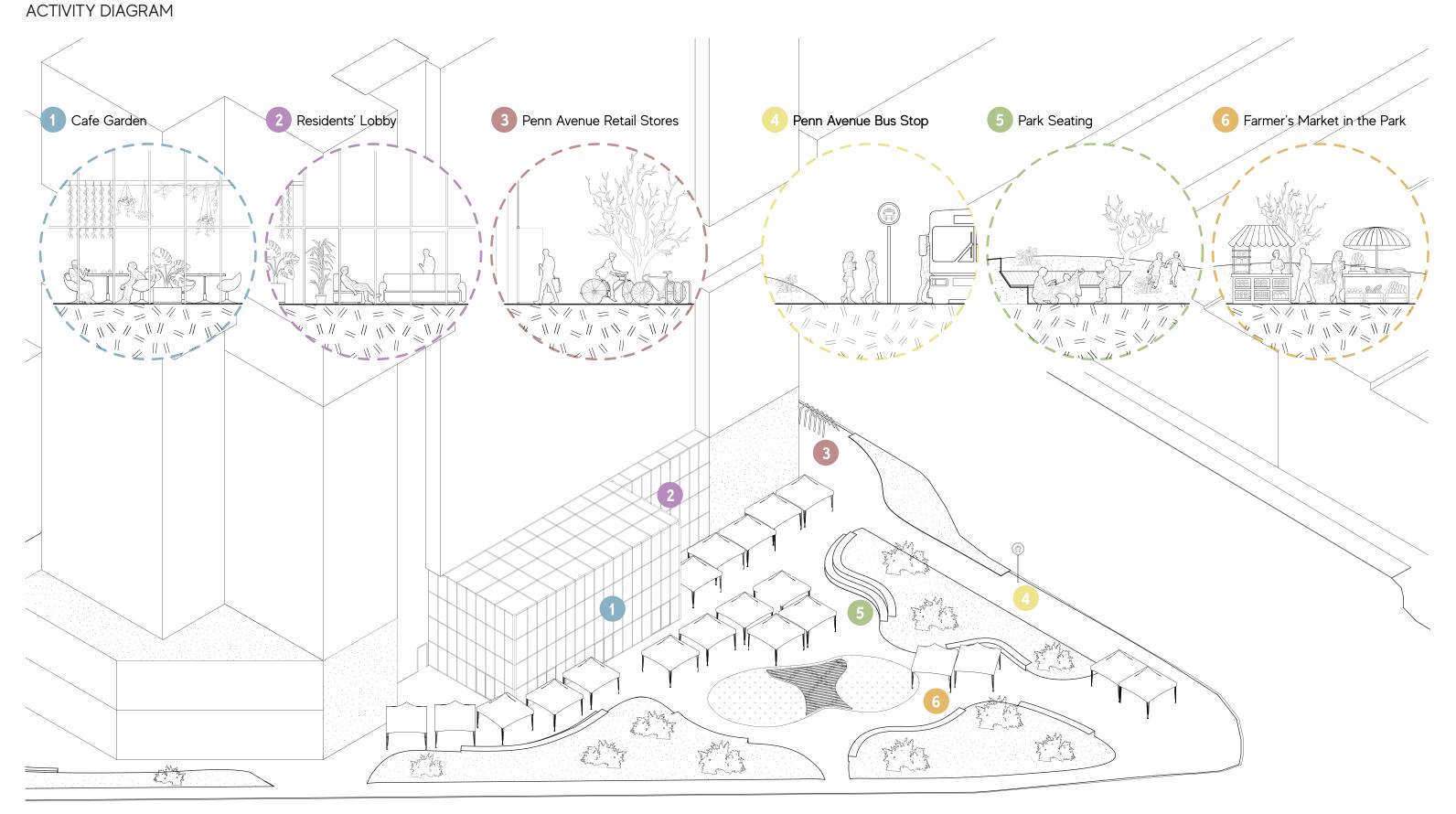


ACCESS/ CIRCULATION GROUND FLOOR CIRCULATION SECOND FLOOR CIRCULATION PENNAVE FITNESS CENTER RETAIL STORES PARK MULTIPURPOSE ROOM CAFE SEATING SHERIDAN SOUARE CVS CENTRE AVE PUBLIC ACCESS PRIVATE/ RESIDENT ACCESS LOADING ACCESS $_{\text{STUDIO}}$ Vi_{0} STUDIO VI_OZ

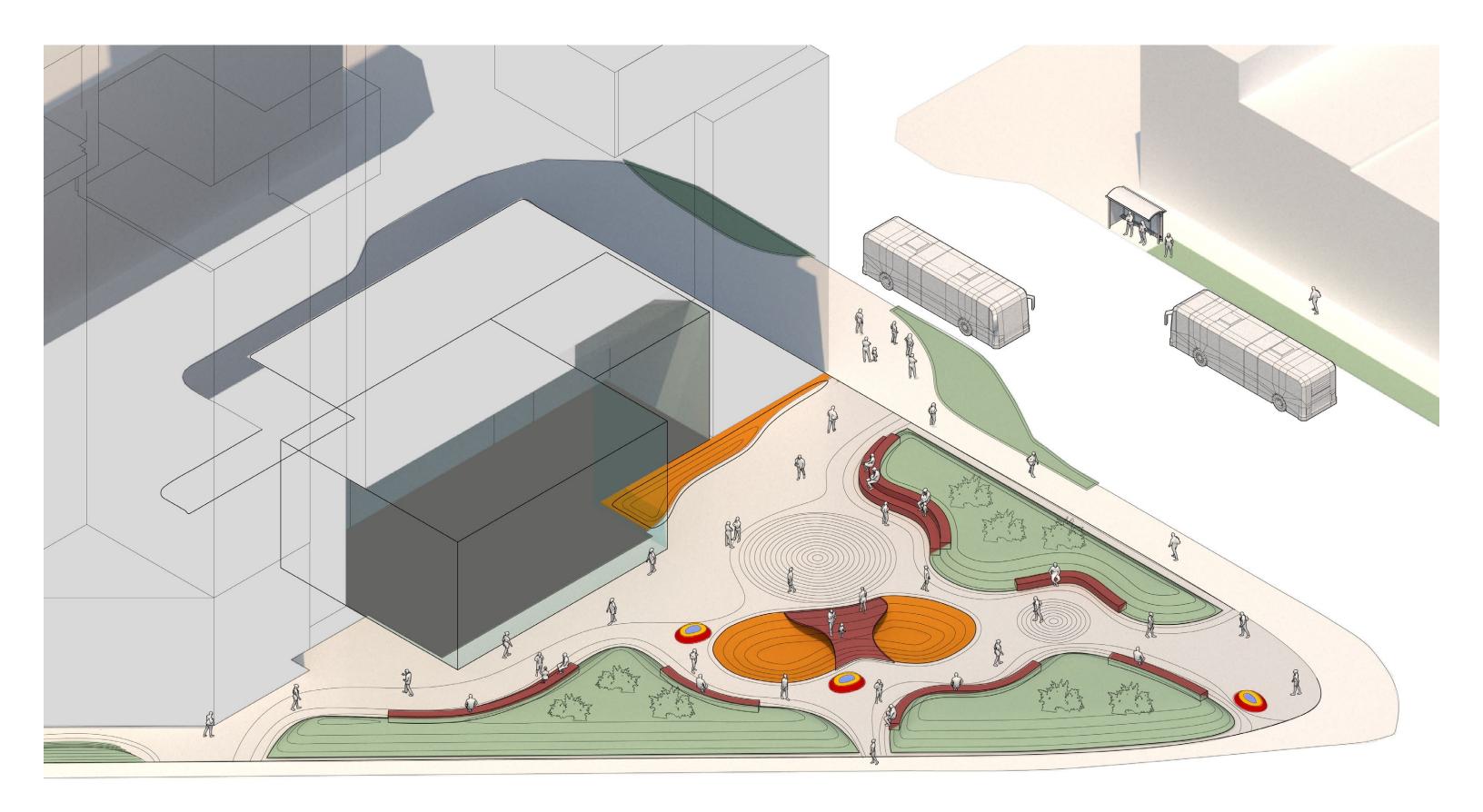
CMU SoA | Fall 2019 | Future Tense Dense: Affordable Housing High-Rise | P25

CMU SoA | Fall 2019 | Future Tense Dense: Affordable Housing High-Rise | P24

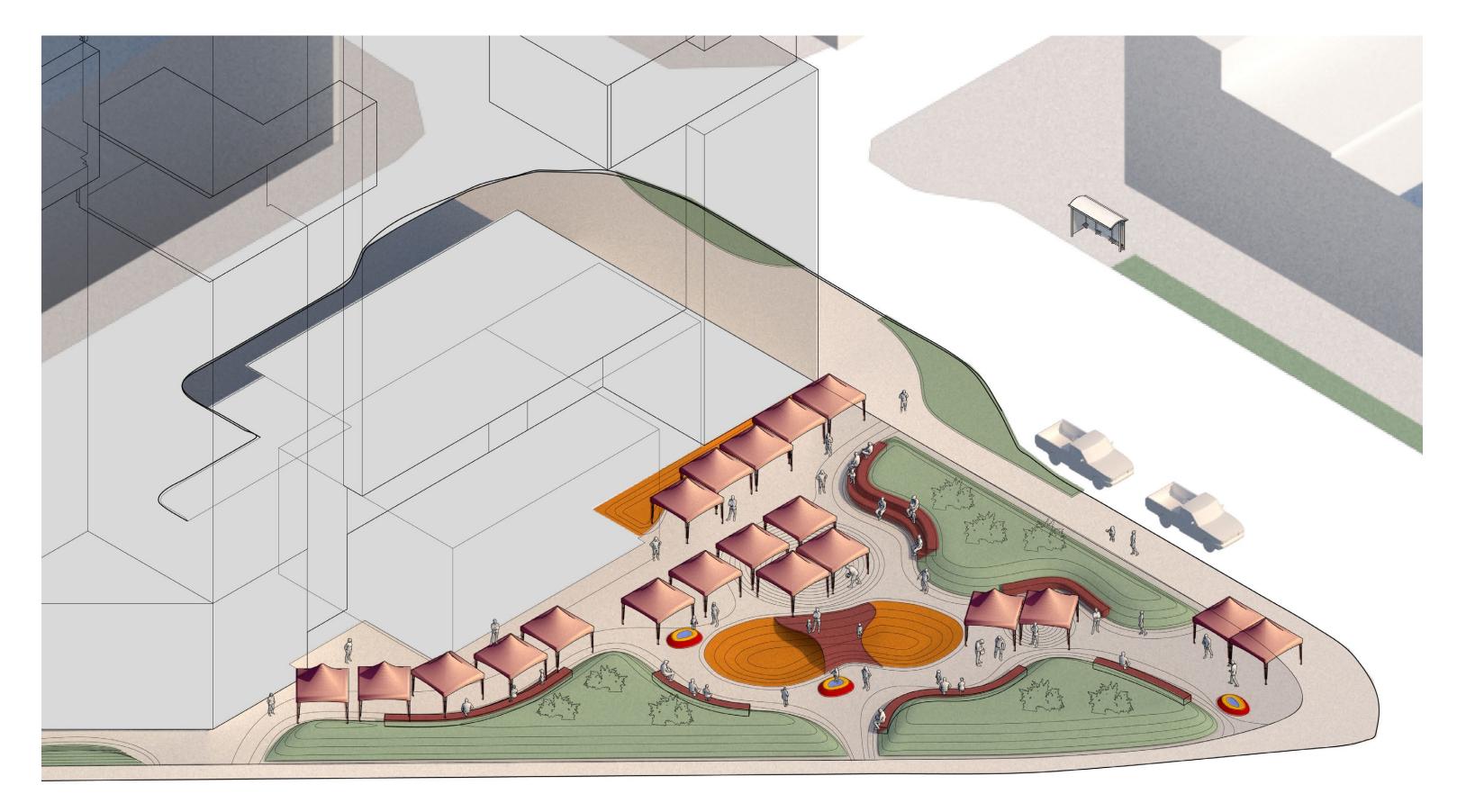
GROUND ACTIVITIES

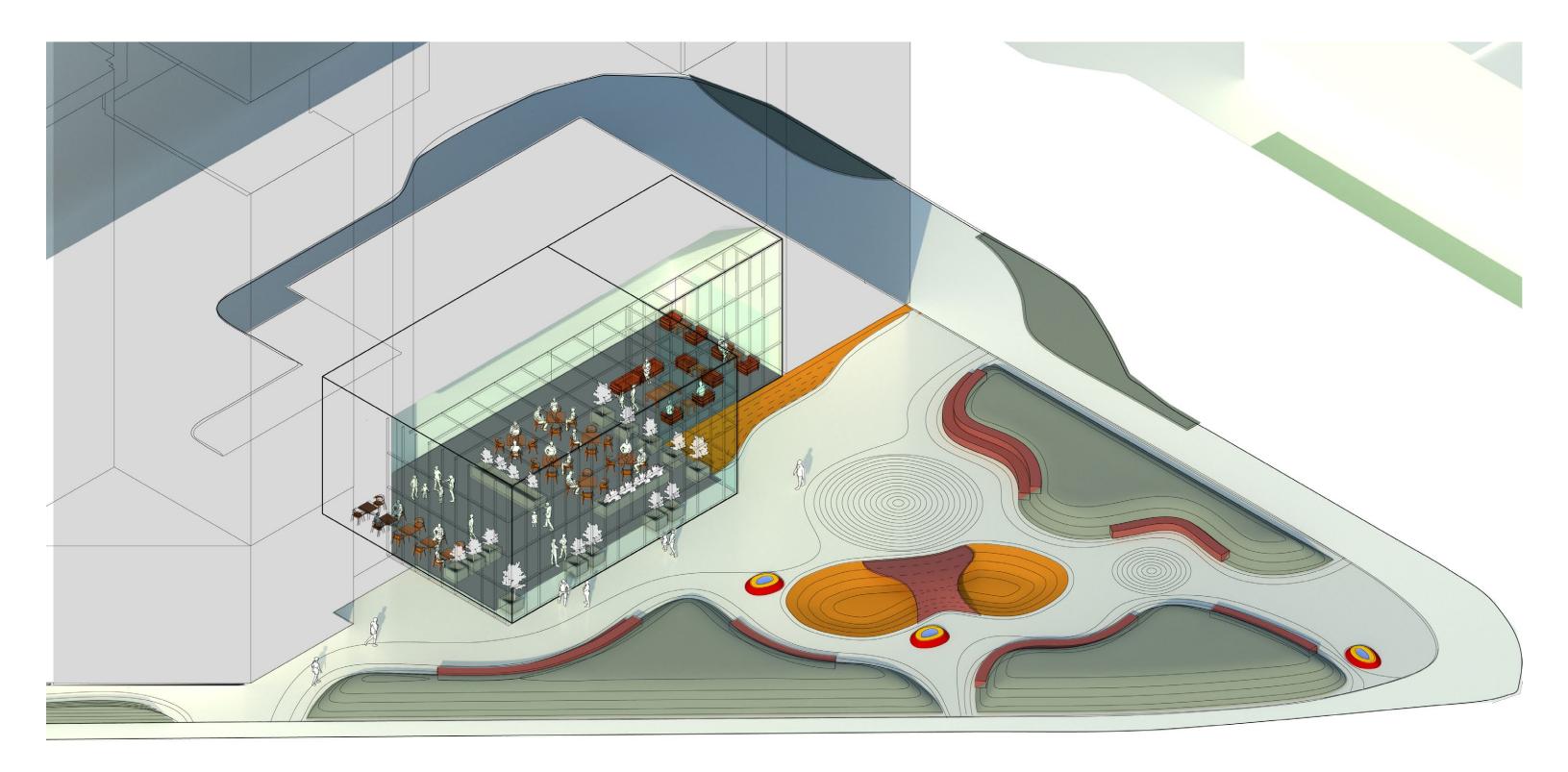


WEEKDAY ACTIVITY DIAGRAM



WEEKEND ACITIVITY DIAGRAM WITH FARMERS MARKET

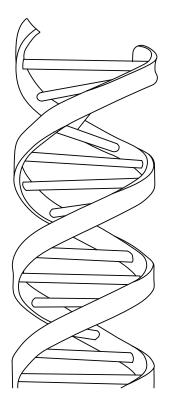


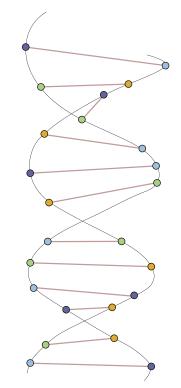


RESIDENTIAL TOWER DESIGN

The design of the tower was motivated in part by an interest in strategies of 'vertical landscapes', as seen in precedent analyses, and partially by the firm's aspirations to explore possibilities surrounding multi-level residential and common spaces.

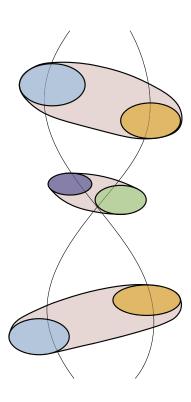
ABSTRACTION OF DNA HELIX

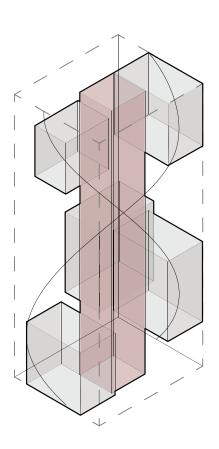




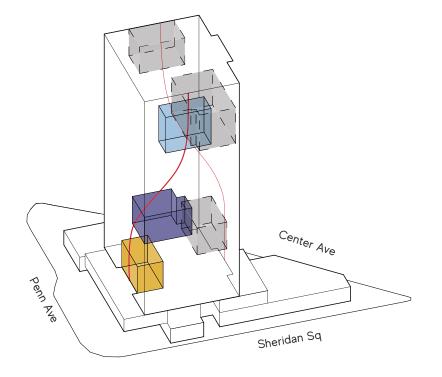
The organizational logic driving the architecture of the vertical community space is dervied from the organization of genes along strands of DNA. As shown in this series of diagrams, the structure of DNA is abstracted to an idea of connected pairs of entities.

Spatially, this translates into a strategy of designing two "strands" of vertically and horizontally offset spaces, which are connected in pairs through a central space.



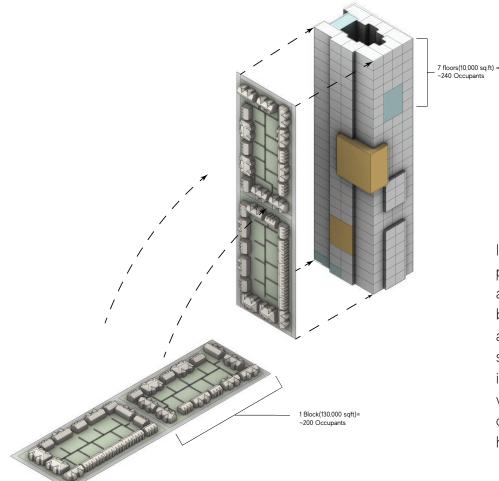


HELICAL ORGANIZATION OF COMMUNITY SPACES



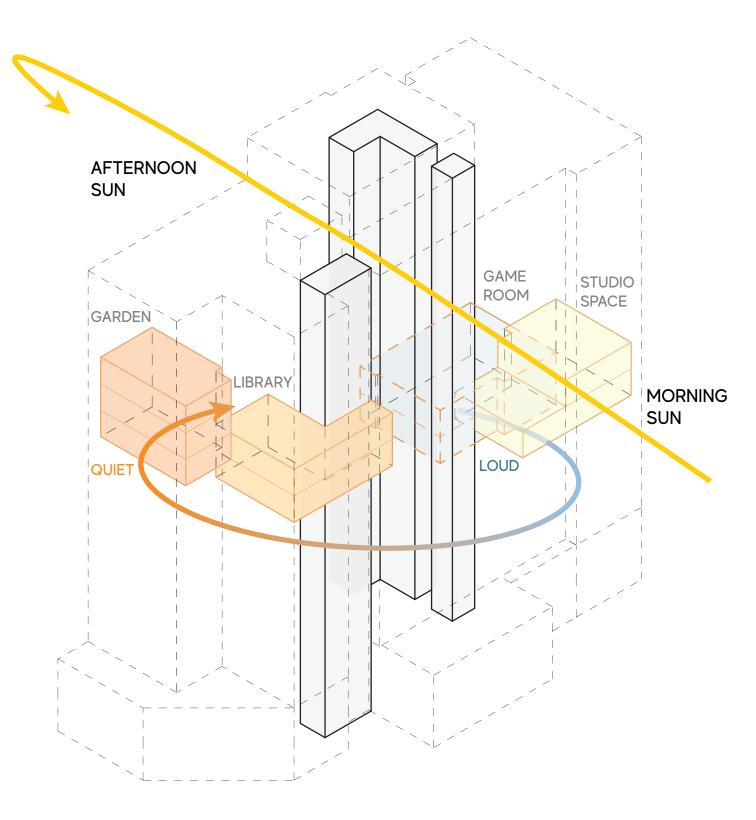
In an effort to contain the overall mass of the residential tower, the helix was constrained to the southeast and northwest corners. This helped in devising a more regular organizational logic, while facilitating an easily legible manifestation of the diagrammatic helix.

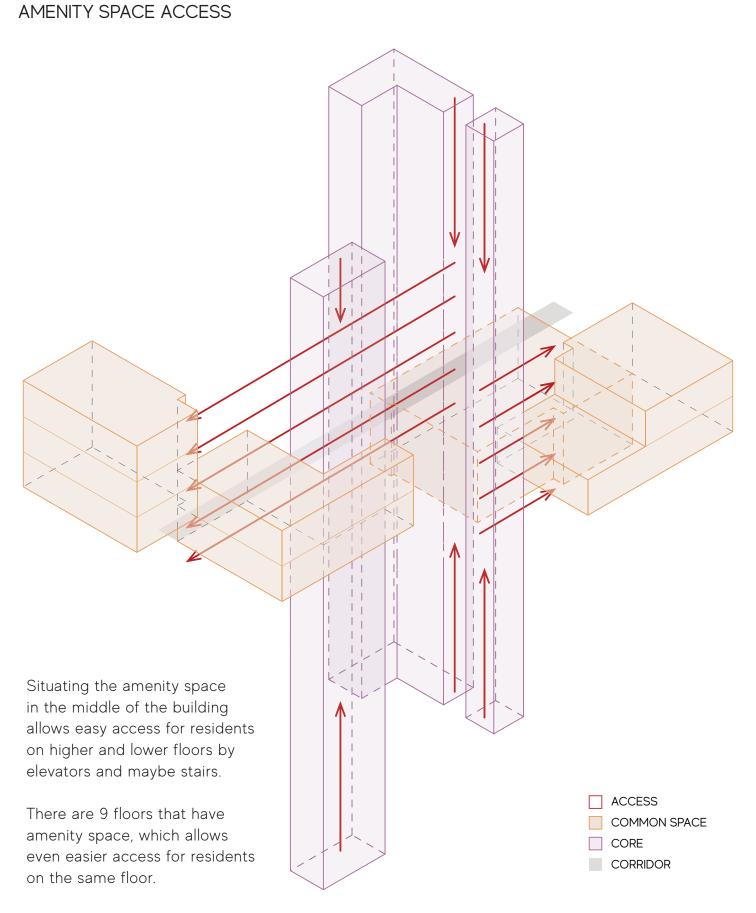
The concept presented here proposes the placement of three multi-level programmed community spaces each, along the southeast and northwest corners of the building.



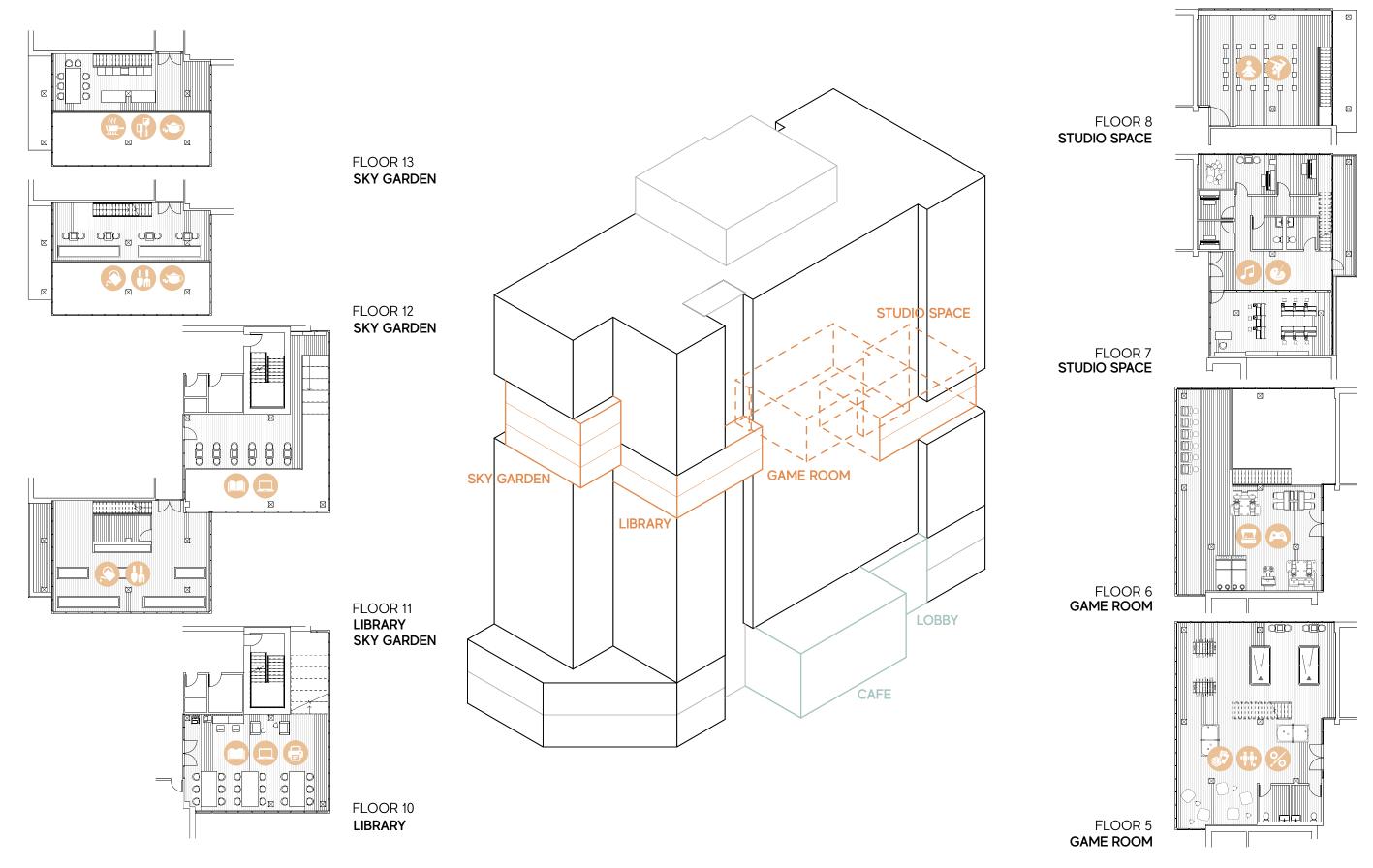
In response to the client's priorities, the creation of a "vertical neighborhood" became a primary focus. This also proved to be a useful strategy to reduce sprawl and increase density by opting for a vertically extending community corridor over a more traditional horizontal layout.

AMENITY SPACE PROGRAM





AMENITY SPACE PROGRAMS



SKY GARDEN LIGHTING ANALYSIS



SUMMER 4PM SKY GARDEN

SUMMER 4PM LIGHTING ANALYSIS

13TH FLOOR COMMUNITY KITCHEN

12TH FLOOR DINING HALL

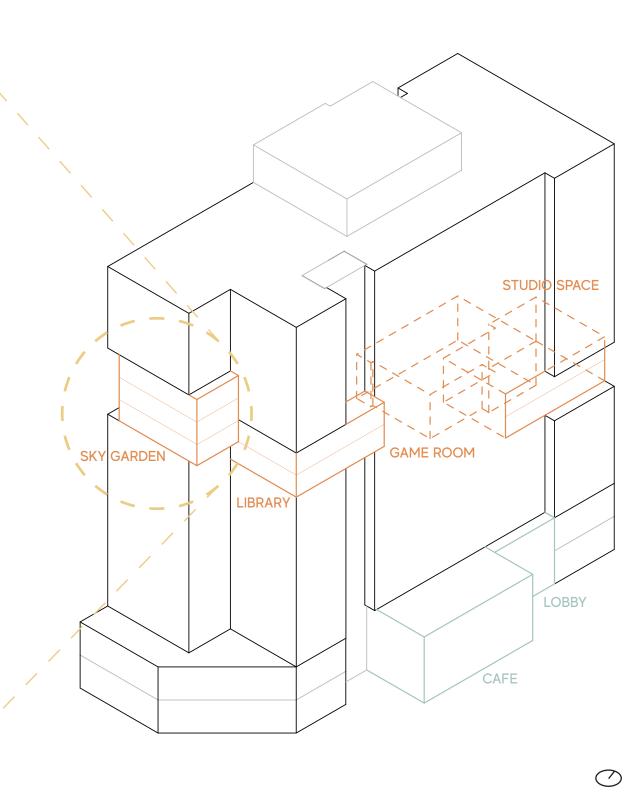
11TH FLOOR GARDEN

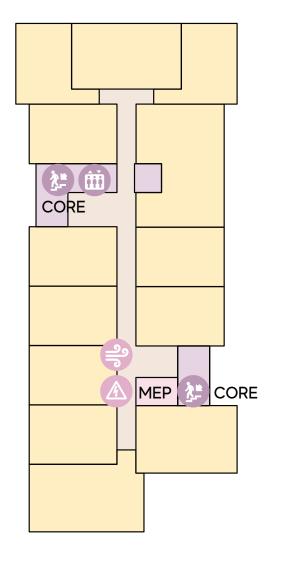


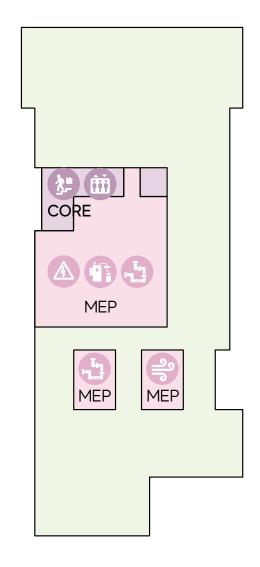
11TH FLOOR GARDEN

12TH FLOOR DINING HALL

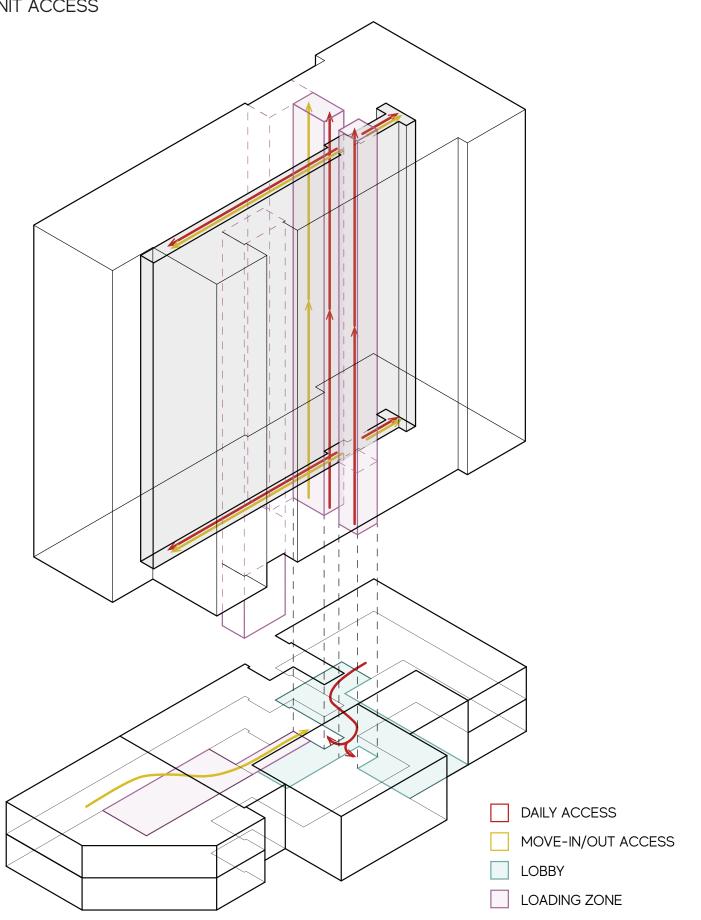
WINTER 1PM SKY GARDEN





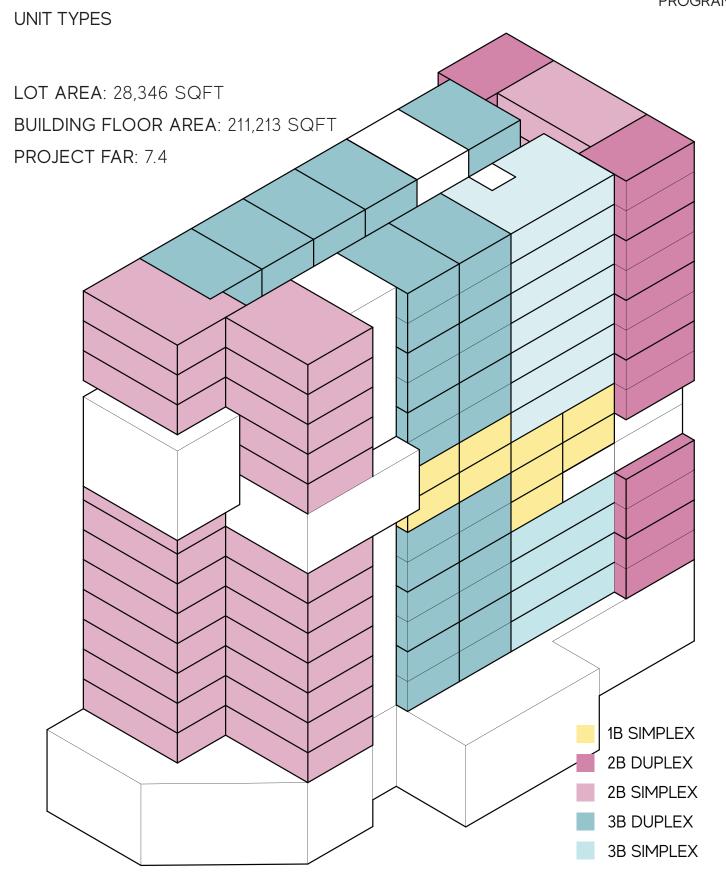


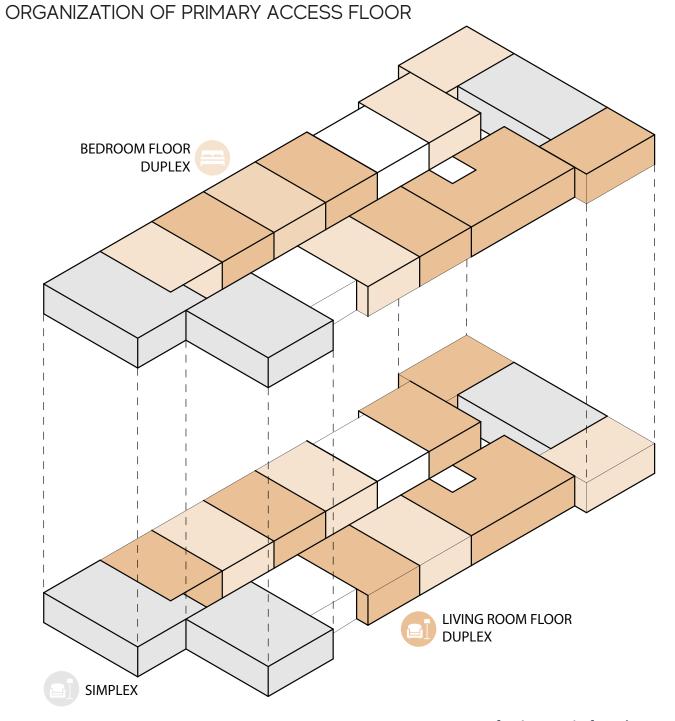
RESIDENTS' UNITS RESIDENTS' COMMON AREA CORE/ ELEVATORS & STAIRS MEP GREEN SPACE



PROGRAM







There are 116 units in total, which there are 8 unit layouts in total-2 unit types of 1B, 4 unit types of 2B, 2 unit types of 3B.

	# of units	% of total
1B	9	8%
2B	49	42%
: simplex	10	
: duplex	39	
3B	58	50%
: simplex	11	
: duplex	47	
Total # of units	116	100%

1B SIMPLEX

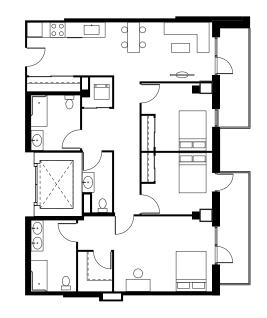
FLOOR AREA: 708 sqft





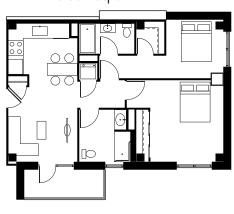
3B SIMPLEX

FLOOR AREA: 1260 sqft



2B SIMPLEX

FLOOR AREA: 832 sqft







3B DUPLEX

FLOOR AREA: 1366 sqft





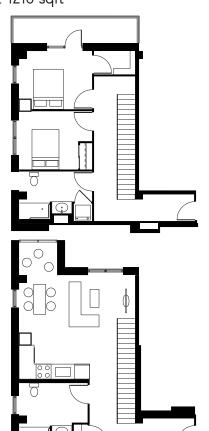


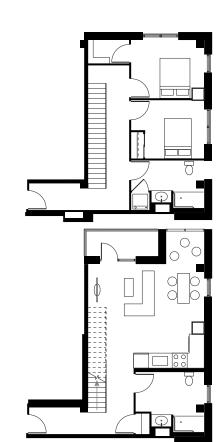
FLOOR AREA: 1216 sqft

FLOOR AREA: 1316 sqft

2B DUPLEX

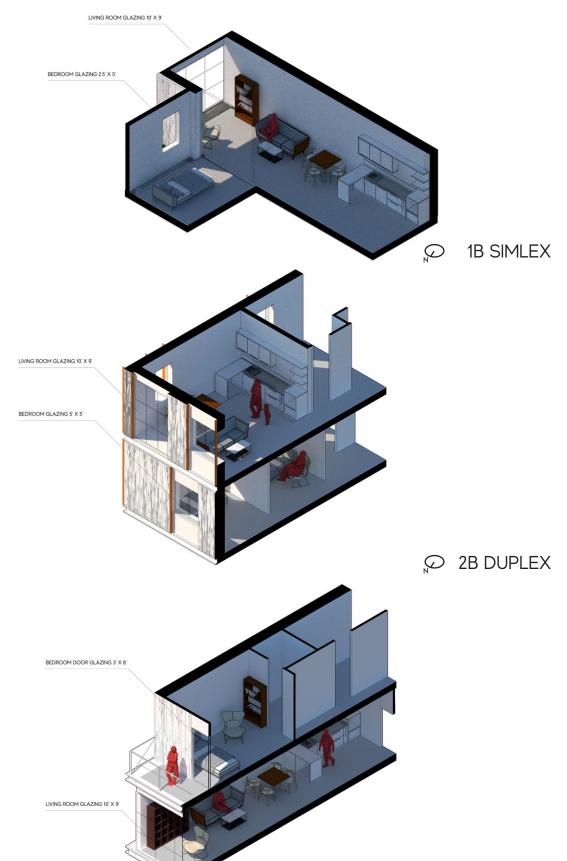
FLOOR AREA: 1216 sqft



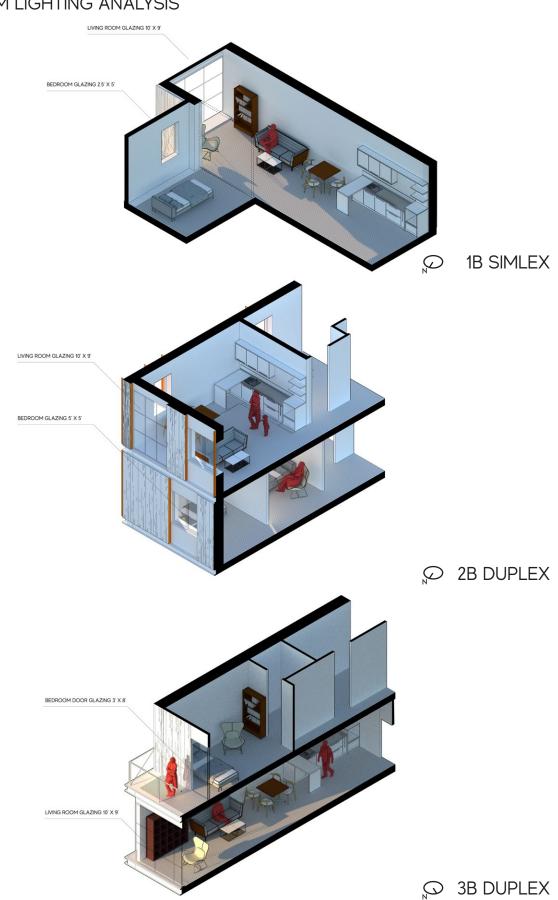




SUMMER 9AM LIGHTING ANALYSIS

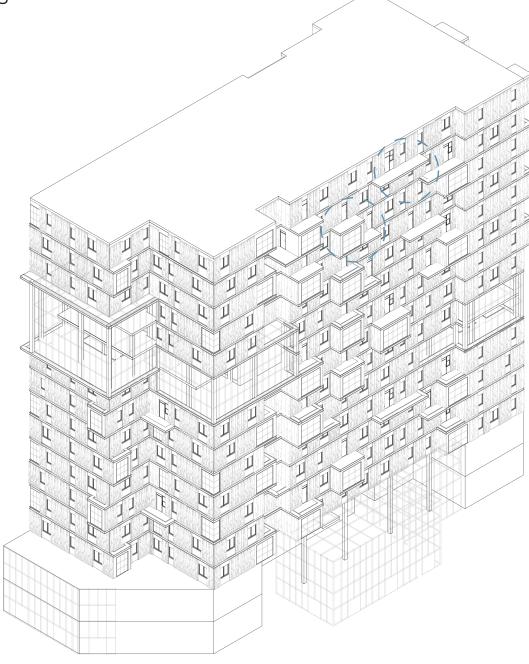


WINTER 9AM LIGHTING ANALYSIS

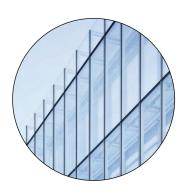


⇒ 3B DUPLEX

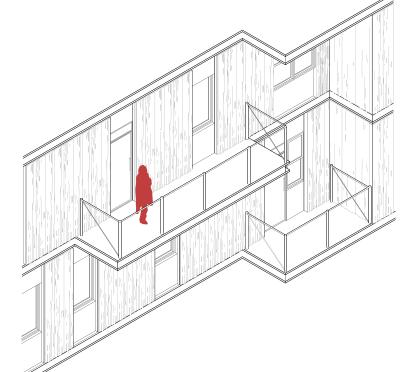






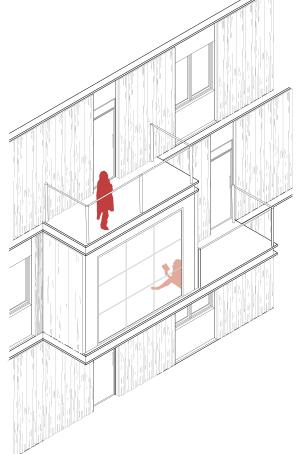






Several types of occupiable outdoor spaces pixelate the facade. There are mainly two types: enclosed (below) and open (left). The open "balcony" type is constructed by extending the CLT floor and finishing it with wood decking. The glass railing all around ensure safety without compromising visual qualities.

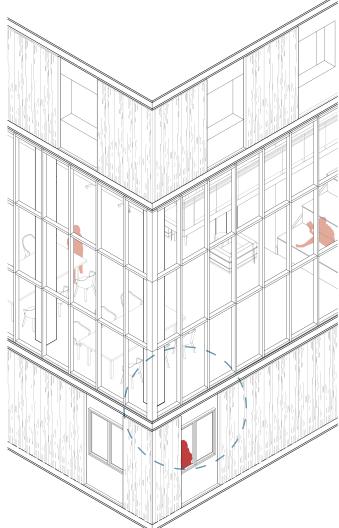
The enclosed type is essentially and extension of the living room of select units. It also entails extending the CLT floor, followed by opaque paneling on two sides and glazing on the third. Moreover, it offers an opportunity for an "open" type balcony on top of the enclosed box.

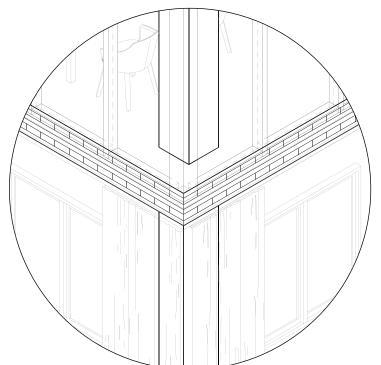


STRUCTURE

STRUCTURE

Cross-Laminated Timber (CLT) was chosen as the primary material for the structural system not only due to its insulating and fire-retardant qualities but also because it offered a sustainable alternative to more conventional materials.





This system is primarily composed of layers of solid-sawn lumber glued together, with each successive layer oriented perpendicular to the first. This project uses 16" thick square column and 12" thick floor plates, as shown on the left.

