

# Erriez DHT22 library for Arduino

1.2.2

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# Chapter 1

## DHT22 - AM2302/AM2303 temperature and humidity sensor library for Arduino

This is an Arduino library for the calibrated AM2302/AM2303 digital temperature and relative humidity sensor on a [DHT22](#) breakout PCB.

### Library features

- Read 16-bit temperature (synchronous blocking)
- Read 16-bit relative humidity (synchronous blocking)
- Configurable number of read retries when a read error occurs (default is 1 read + 2 retries)
- Long time duration example
- Temperature and humidity average with a configurable number of samples to remove jitter

### AM2302/AM2303 sensor specifications

- Voltage: 3.3 .. 5V
- Ultra-low power:
  - Typical 15uA dormancy
  - Typical 500uA measuring
- Single wire digital serial interface
- Calibrated digital signal
- Outstanding long term stability
- No additional electronic components needed
- Humidity:
  - Range: 0 .. 99.9 RH (Relative Humidity)
  - Resolution: 0.1 RH

- Accuracy: +/- 2 RH (at 25 degree Celsius)
- Temperature:
  - Range: -40 .. +125 degree Celsius
  - Resolution: 0.1 degree Celsius
  - Accuracy: +/- 0.4 degree Celsius
- Minimum read interval: 2000 ms
- ~31ms to synchronous read humidity, temperature and parity data from sensor (5 Bytes)

## Safety warning

According to the datasheet, the AM2302/AM2303 is a low cost consumer temperature sensor. It may not be used in safety critical applications, emergency stop devices or any other occasion that failure of AM2302/AM2303 may cause personal injury.

## Hardware

### Pull-up resistor DAT pin

- Connect an external 3k3 .. 10k pull-up resistor between the DAT and VCC pins only when:
  - Using a AM2302/AM2303 sensor without a DHT22 breakout PCB **and** the MCU IO pin has no built-in or external pull-up resistor.
- The [DHT22](#) breakout PCB contains a 3k3 pull-up resistor between DAT and VCC.
- Please refer to the MCU datasheet or board schematic for more information about IO pin pull-up resistors.

### External capacitor

- Tip: Connect a 100nF capacitor between the sensor pins VCC and GND when read errors occurs. This may stabilize the power supply.

Board - <a href="#">DHT22</a> pins	VCC	GND	DAT
Arduino UNO / Nano / Micro (ATMega328 boards)	5V (or 3V3)	GND	2 (DIGITAL pin)
Arduino Leonardo	5V (or 3V3)	GND	2 (DIGITAL pin)
Arduino Mega2560	5V (or 3V3)	GND	2 (DIGITAL pin)
Arduino DUE (ATSAM3X8E)	3V3	GND	2 (DIGITAL pin)
ESP8266 (ESP12E / WeMos D1 R2 / NodeMCU v2 or v3)	3V3	GND	GPIO4 (D2)
ESP32 (WeMos Lolin32 OLED / WeMos LOLIN D32)	3V3	GND	GPIO4

Notes:

- GPIO4 uses sketch pin number 4 and is labeled as D2 on some WeMos ESP8266 boards.
- Other MCU's may work, but are not tested.

## Examples

Arduino IDE | Examples | Erriez DHT22 Temperature & Humidity:

- [DHT22](#) Getting started example.
- [DHT22Average](#) Calculate average temperature and humidity.
- [DHT22DurationTest](#) Test reliability connection.
- [DHT22Logging](#) Write temperature and humidity every 10 minutes to .CSV file on SD-card with DS3231 RTC.
- [DHT22LoggingAVR](#) LowPower SD-card logging for AVR targets only. Arduino Pro or Pro Mini at 8MHz is recommended.
- [DHT22LowPower](#) LowPower AVR targets only. Arduino Pro or Pro Mini at 8MHz is recommended.

## Documentation

- [Doxygen online HTML](#)
- [Doxygen PDF](#)
- [AM2303 datasheet](#)
- [DHT22 datasheet](#)

## Usage

### Initialization

```
{c++}
#include <ErriezDHT22.h>
// Connect DTH22 DAT pin to Arduino board
// Connect DTH22 DAT pin to Arduino DIGITAL pin
#if defined(ARDUINO_ARCH_AVR) || defined(ARDUINO_SAM_DUE)
#define DHT22_PIN 2
#elif defined(ESP8266) || defined(ESP32)
#define DHT22_PIN 4 // GPIO4 (Labeled as D2 on some ESP8266 boards)
#else
#error "May work, but not tested on this target"
#endif

DHT22 dht22 = DHT22(DHT22_PIN);

void setup()
{
    // Initialize serial port
    Serial.begin(115200);
    Serial.println(F("DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor example\n"));

    // Initialize sensor
    dht22.begin();
}
```

## Read temperature and humidity

```
{c++}
void loop()
{
    // Check minimum interval of 2000 ms between sensor reads
    if (dht22.available()) {
        // Read temperature from sensor
        int16_t temperature = dht22.readTemperature();

        // Read humidity from sensor
        int16_t humidity = dht22.readHumidity();

        if (temperature == ~0) {
            // Print error (Check hardware connection)
            Serial.print(F("Temperature: Error"));
        } else {
            // Print temperature
            Serial.print(F("Temperature: "));
            Serial.print(temperature / 10);
            Serial.print(F("."));
            Serial.print(temperature % 10);
            Serial.println(F(" *C"));
        }

        if (humidity == ~0) {
            // Print error (Check hardware connection)
            Serial.print(F("Humidity: Error"));
        } else {
            // Print humidity
            Serial.print(F("Humidity: "));
            Serial.print(humidity / 10);
            Serial.print(F("."));
            Serial.print(humidity % 10);
            Serial.println(F(" %"));
        }
        Serial.println();
    }
}
```

## Serial output

```
DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor example

Temperature: 17.7 *C
Humidity: 41.0 %

Temperature: 17.8 *C
Humidity: 41.1 %

...
```

## Library dependencies

- LowPower library for DHT22LowPower.ino.

## Library installation

Please refer to the [Wiki](#) page.

## Other Arduino Libraries and Sketches from Erriez

- [Erriez Libraries and Sketches](#)

# Chapter 2

## Class Index

### 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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DHT22 sensor class	.



# Chapter 3

## File Index

### 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">src/ErriezDHT22.cpp</a>		
<a href="#">DHT22</a>	(AM2302/AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino	13
<a href="#">src/ErriezDHT22.h</a>		
<a href="#">DHT22</a>	(AM2302/AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino	14



# Chapter 4

## Class Documentation

### 4.1 DHT22 Class Reference

DHT22 sensor class.

```
#include <ErriezDHT22.h>
```

#### Public Member Functions

- `DHT22 (uint8_t pin)`  
*Constructor DHT22 sensor.*
- `void begin (uint8_t numSamples=0)`  
*Initialize sensor.*
- `bool available ()`  
*Check if new temperature or humidity read is allowed.*
- `bool readSensorData ()`  
*Read data from sensor.*
- `int16_t readTemperature ()`  
*Read temperature from sensor.*
- `int16_t readHumidity ()`  
*Read humidity from sensor.*

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

DHT22 sensor class.

According to the datasheet, the AM2302/AM2303 is a low cost consumer temperature sensor. It may not be used in safety critical applications, emergency stop devices or any other occasion that failure of AM2302/AM2303 may cause personal injury.

The AM2302/AM2303 is factory calibrated. However, deviation may occur with aging.

The temperature/humidity read interval in this library is cached for 2 seconds to prevent heating-up the internal chip with continues reading.

Global interrupts are disabled during a synchronous sensor read transfer. This is required to sample the data bit lengths at maximum speed on low-end devices without any application interrupts. The read calls are protected with a timeout.

The application is responsible for checking  $\sim 0$  values after a read which means that the read failed or a timeout occurred. Multiple reads by the application with an average calculation is recommended.

Definition at line 80 of file ErriezDHT22.h.

## 4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.1.2.1 DHT22()

```
DHT22::DHT22 (
    uint8_t pin ) [explicit]
```

Constructor [DHT22](#) sensor.

#### Parameters

<i>pin</i>	Data pin sensor.
------------	------------------

Definition at line 39 of file ErriezDHT22.cpp.

## 4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.1.3.1 available()

```
bool DHT22::available ( )
```

Check if new temperature or humidity read is allowed.

The application should call this function and check if a new temperature and humidity can be read to prevent too fast sensor reads.

#### Return values

<i>true</i>	Available, interval between sensor reads $\geq$ 2000 ms and sensor read was successful.
<i>false</i>	Not available, interval between sensor reads too short, or read failed.

Definition at line 101 of file ErriezDHT22.cpp.

### 4.1.3.2 begin()

```
void DHT22::begin (
    uint8_t numSamples = 0 )
```

Initialize sensor.

**Parameters**

<i>numSamples</i>	Number of samples to calculate temperature and humidity average. This allocates sizeof(int16_t) * number of samples. Value 0 (default) will disable average calculation.
-------------------	--

Call this function from setup().

- Connect an external 3k3..10k pull-up resistor between the DAT and VCC pins only when:
  - using a AM2302/AM2303 sensor without a DT22 breakout PCB AND
  - the MCU IO pin has no built-in or external pull-up resistor.
- The [DHT22](#) breakout PCB contains a 3k3 pull-up resistor between DAT and VCC.
- Please refer to the MCU datasheet or board schematic for more information about IO pin pull-up resistors.

Definition at line 75 of file ErriezDHT22.cpp.

**4.1.3.3 `readHumidity()`**

```
int16_t DHT22::readHumidity ( )
```

Read humidity from sensor.

**Return values**

<i>Humidity</i>	Signed humidity with last digit after the point.
$\sim 0$	Invalid conversion: Sensor read error occurred.

Definition at line 164 of file ErriezDHT22.cpp.

**4.1.3.4 `readSensorData()`**

```
bool DHT22::readSensorData ( )
```

Read data from sensor.

5 Bytes data will be read when interval between previous read  $\geq$  2000 ms.

The sensor data is read until a valid conversion has been performed. A valid conversion consists of:

- A valid start condition
- A successful sensor read (5 Bytes data)
- A correct checksum

**Return values**

<i>true</i>	Last conversion was successful.
<i>false</i>	Last conversion was unsuccessful.

Definition at line 212 of file ErriezDHT22.cpp.

#### 4.1.3.5 `readTemperature()`

```
int16_t DHT22::readTemperature ( )
```

Read temperature from sensor.

Returns the actual temperature, or a cached temperature when read interval is too short.

**Return values**

<i>Temperature</i>	Signed temperature with last digit after the point.
$\sim 0$	Invalid conversion: Sensor read occurred.

Definition at line 121 of file ErriezDHT22.cpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/[ErriezDHT22.h](#)
- src/[ErriezDHT22.cpp](#)

# Chapter 5

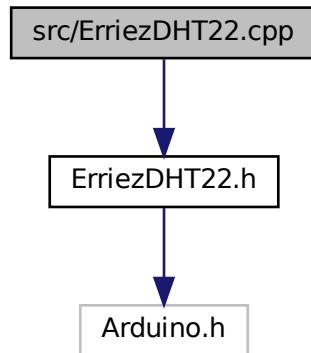
## File Documentation

### 5.1 src/ErriezDHT22.cpp File Reference

[DHT22](#) (AM2302/AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

```
#include "ErriezDHT22.h"
```

Include dependency graph for ErriezDHT22.cpp:



#### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

[DHT22](#) (AM2302/AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

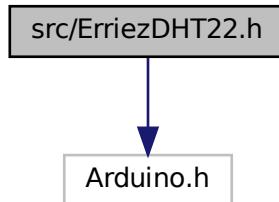
Source: <https://github.com/Erriez/ErriezDHT22> Documentation: <https://erriez.github.io/ErriezDHT22>

## 5.2 src/ErriezDHT22.h File Reference

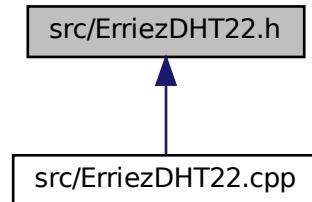
DHT22 (AM2302/AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

```
#include <Arduino.h>
```

Include dependency graph for ErriezDHT22.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### Classes

- class [DHT22](#)  
*DHT22 sensor class.*

### Macros

- `#define DHT22_MIN_READ_INTERVAL 2000`  
*Enable debug prints to Serial.*
- `#define DHT22_NUM_DATA_BITS (5 * 8)`
- `#define DEBUG_PRINTLN(...){}`  
*Debug print configuration.*

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

DHT22 (AM2302/AM2303) Humidity and Temperature sensor library for Arduino.

Source: <https://github.com/Erriez/ErriezDHT22> Documentation: <https://erriez.io/ErriezDHT22>

### 5.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 DHT22\_MIN\_READ\_INTERVAL

```
#define DHT22_MIN_READ_INTERVAL 2000
```

Enable debug prints to Serial.

Minimum interval between sensor reads in milli seconds

Definition at line 42 of file ErriezDHT22.h.

#### 5.2.2.2 DHT22\_NUM\_DATA\_BITS

```
#define DHT22_NUM_DATA_BITS (5 * 8)
```

Number of data bits is 5 Bytes \* 8 bits: 1 Byte: Humidity high 1 Byte: Humidity low 1 Byte: Temperature high 1 Byte: Temperature low 1 Byte: Parity

Definition at line 50 of file ErriezDHT22.h.



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