
Update on the Earth System Modeling Framework (ESMF)

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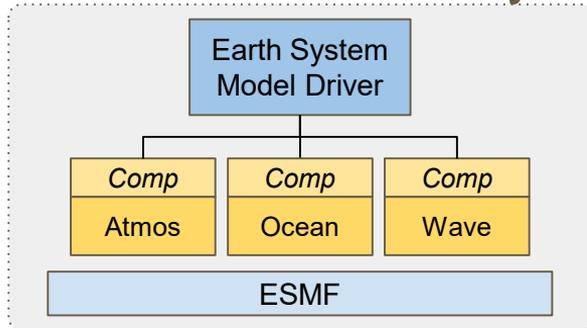
NCAR
CGD



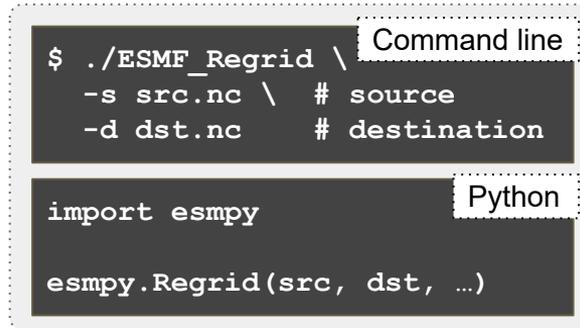
Overview of ESMF/NUOPC

The Earth System Modeling Framework (ESMF) is a **parallel high performance software infrastructure** used in coupled Earth science applications.

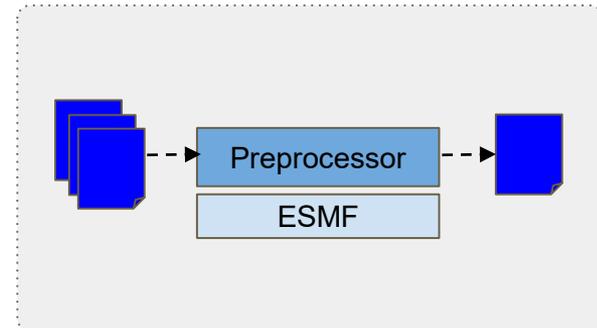
There are different ways to use ESMF:



Coupling infrastructure in a modeling system (includes the NUOPC Layer)



Offline tool for grid remapping and interpolation weight generation (command line and Python)



Library used to construct custom tools, such as preprocessor or postprocessor

Modeling Systems using ESMF/NUOPC



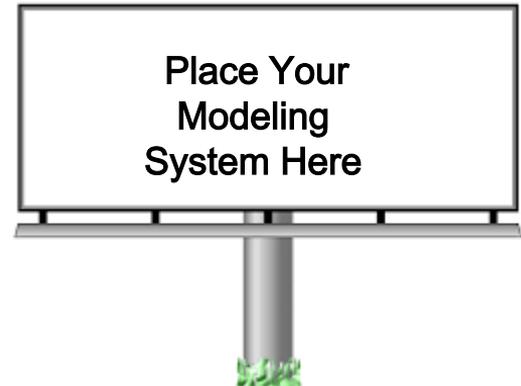
ICON
GETM



GEOS



ESPC



ESMF Software Process

ESMF Change Review Board



- multi -agency board - suggests, reviews, and accepts new developments

ESMF Support



- community driven product feedback (bugs, new features, performance)

Regular Releases (Most Current Release 8.4.0)

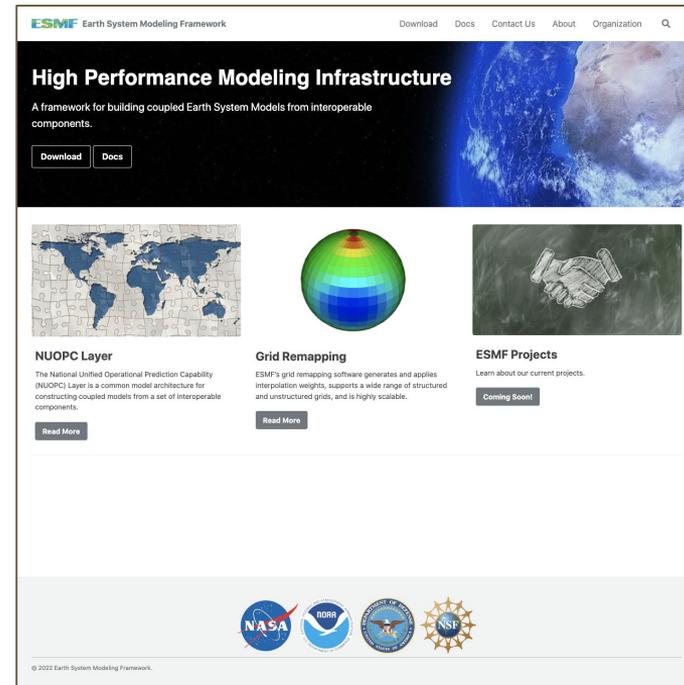


- semi-annual feature releases
- patches released as needed

Open Source on GitHub



- <https://github.com/esmf-org/esmf>



<https://earthsystemmodeling.org/>

Updates

- Performance & Scalability Improvements
- Enhanced Usability
- Framework Improvements
- I/O Capabilities
- Portability

Earth System Modeling eXecutable (ESMX)

Brand New Component Coupling Application Layer

- provides an executable
- provides a NUOPC-based coupled system driver
- uses CMake to embed components into a system



Motivations:

- **Accelerate development** of new NUOPC-based systems.
- Introduce mechanism for **testing** model components and coupling systems.
- **Reduce maintenance cost** for established NUOPC-based systems.
- **Standardize processes** for NUOPC-based systems. (configuration files, build procedures, etc.)
- **Accelerate new feature roll-out** for NUOPC/ESMF.

Configuration Files

Build configuration (YAML)

```

components:
  tawas:
    cmake_config: TaWaS/tawas.cmake
    fort_module: TaWaS/tawas.mod
  lumo:
    cmake_config: Lumo/lumo.cmake
  
```

with new build configuration options in development

Run configuration (ESMF Config)

```

logKindFlag:      ESMF_LOGKIND_MULTI
ESMX_component_list: ATM OCN
ATM_model:        tawas
ATM_omp_num_threads: 4
OCN_model:        lumo
OCN_petlist:      1 3

startTime: 2012 - 10-24T18:00:00
stopTime: 2012 - 10-24T19:00:00
runSeq::
  @900
  ATM -> OCN
  OCN -> ATM
  ATM
  OCN
  @
  ::
  
```

YAML run configuration coming soon

Build System

ESMX is CMake based

```
cmake -S$ESMF_ESMXML- Bbuild
cmake -- build build
```

ESMX uses <Model>.cmake file to link model libraries for each model

ESMX Driver creates model components and registers the SetServices routine from each model cap

Future release will build model components from source with or without <Model>.cmake

Executable

The Unified ESMX Executable (esmx)

ESMX provides a standard application file

- reads configuration: esmxRun.config
- configures log settings
- initializes field dictionary
- creates driver
- loads driver attributes

Driver

The Unified ESMX Driver

ESMX provides a standard NUOPC-compatible driver

- reads configuration: esmxRun.config
- initializes application clock
- creates model set
- loads model attributes
- sets up run sequence

Model

Model Cap(s)

User provided NUOPC-compatible models (caps)

- caps provide SetServices
- label_Advertise, label_ModifyAdvertised, label_RealizeProvided, label_AcceptTransfer, label_RealizeAccepted, label_SetClock, label_DataInitialize, label_Advance, label_AdvanceClock, label_CheckImport, label_SetRunClock, label_TimestampExport, label_Finalize

NUOPC Resource Control

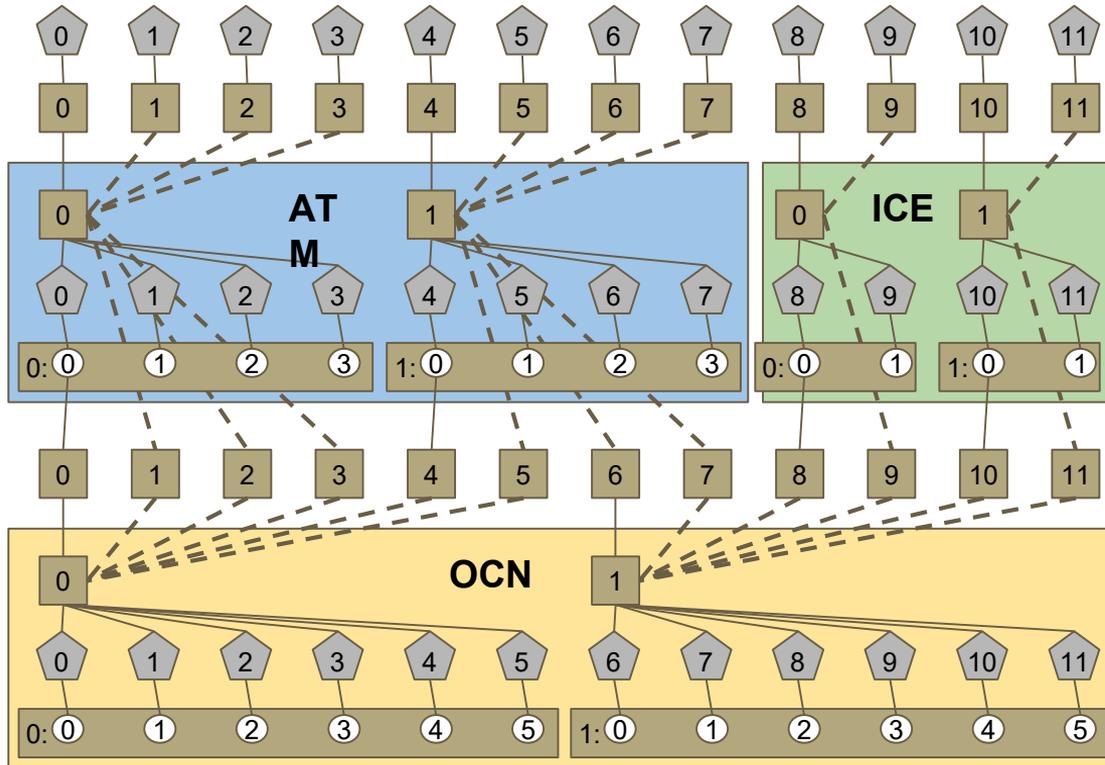
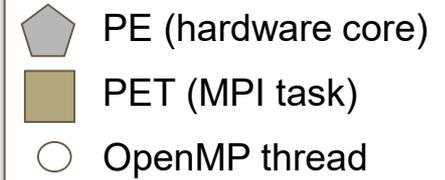
Motivation

- MPI scaling limit reached at different number of MPI tasks.
- Many components implement hybrid parallelism via MPI+OpenMP to extend their scalability.
- The optimal mix of OpenMP threads per MPI task is model-, problem-, and hardware- dependent.

Resolution

- Implement per component resource control through NUOPC interface.

Resource Control for Coupled Hybrid Parallelism



ATM and ICE run concurrently on different PEs with different threading levels.

OCN runs sequentially on the same PEs as ATM and ICE, but with different threading level.

NUOPC Resource Control Configuration

driver configuration

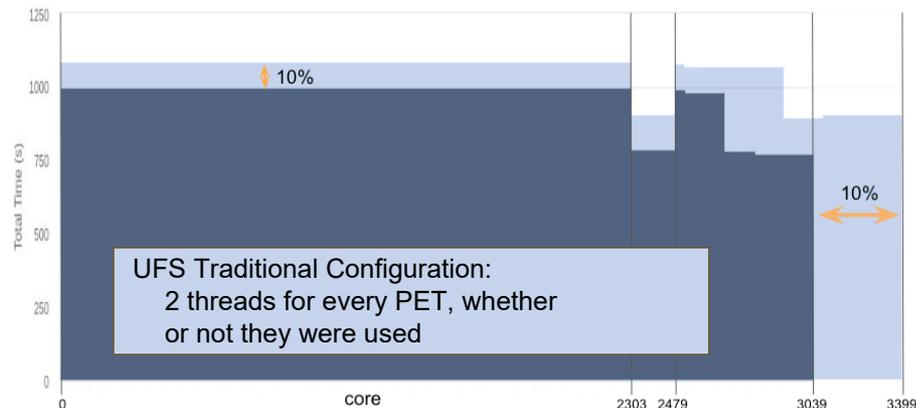
MED_petlist_bounds:	0 2303	
MED_omp_num_threads:		8
ATM_petlist_bounds:	0 2479	
ATM_omp_num_threads:		2
OCN_petlist_bounds:	2480 2679	
OCN_omp_num_threads:		1
ICE_petlist_bounds:	2680 2799	
ICE_omp_num_threads:		1
WAV_petlist_bounds:	2800 3039	
WAV_omp_num_threads:		2

- 288 tasks on 2304 cores, overlapping with FCST
- 2304 FCST threads + 176 WRT threads on **2480** cores
- 200 OCN tasks on **200** cores
- 120 ICE tasks on **120** cores
- 240 WAV threads on **240** cores

job card

```
#SBATCH -- nodes=76
#SBATCH -- ntasks - per - node= 40
```

Total Run Cycle Time: Traditional vs ESMF-managed



XGrid Introduction

Exchange grids were originally developed at GFDL ¹

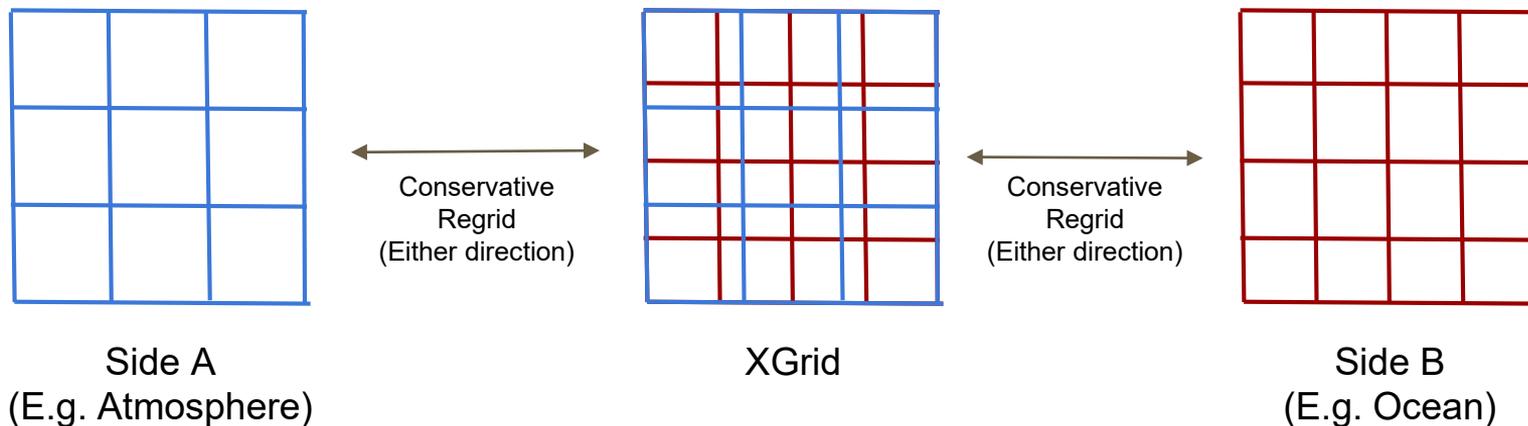
The ESMF XGrid was introduced into ESMF many releases ago

In recent years ESMF XGrid usage has increased

- CESM uses XGrids in their mediator for flux conservation between atmosphere and ocean by default.
- UFS is running experiments using XGrids in their applications.
- ESMF core team is working with NASA to try using ESMF XGrids in GEOS.

¹Balaji, V., Anderson, J., Held, I., Winton, M., Durachta, J., Malyshev, S., & Stouffer, R. J. (2006). The exchange grid. A mechanism for data exchange between earth system components on independent grids. In *Parallel Computational Fluid Dynamics 2005* (pp. 179-186) 12

eXchange Grid Example



XGrid:

- Intersection of side A and side B
- Each cell corresponds to exactly one* cell in one grid on side A and one cell in one grid on side B
- Can build ESMF Field/store data/do calculations on
- Can move data conservatively to/from each grid on each side to XGrid
- Can have any number of Grids and Meshes (or a mix) on each side

* However, it may correspond to only part of that cell.

XGrid Recent Developments

- ESMF XGrid support for meshes containing elements with **>4 sides** .
- XGrid creation has been improved to be **more accurate and quicker** .
- Fields created on XGrids can now be used as **source, destination, or both** in regridding enabling the use of any regrid method or option on them
- ESMF can now return the **cell areas** for an XGrid in *ESMF_FieldRegridGetArea()*
- Bug and interface consistency fixes

Further Updates Since CW2020

Performance & Scalability Improvements

- ESMF_Info replaced ESMF_Attribute
- VMEpoch improvements
- ***NUOPC Resource Control***
- DE-sharing between PETs
- Further MOAB adoption for the internal ESMF_Mesh representation
- Some 32-bit limits addressed

Enhanced Usability

- ***Earth System Modeling eExecutable***
- NUOPC Semantic Specialization labels
- NUOPC RunSequence Alarm syntax
- ESMF Profiling available under NUOPC

Framework Improvements

- ***Improved XGrid support***
- Improved LocStream support
- Named Alias feature
- Optional auto calculation of Mesh node owners
- ESMF_GridRedist() API for moving grid support

I/O Capabilities

- Multi-tile I/O capabilities
- More scalable MeshCreate() from file
- Switched to using PIO2 internally

Portability

- Darwin (Mac OS) support for Gfortran/Clang combination

Detailed Release Notes on GitHub:

<https://github.com/esmf-org/esmf/releases>

Future Work

- Improvements to ESMX: Extend the CMake based build mechanism to allow seamless integration with multi-component application builds. Move to a YAML based run configuration.
- Improved multi-tile I/O support: Allow ungridded dimensions and cases other than 1 DE/PET. Support meta-data.
- Mesh write capability. Field on Mesh read/write capability.
- Spherical vector regridding support by regridding system via 3D Cartesian space.
- Monotonic 2nd order conservative regridding.
- Complete the MOAB integration effort.
- Support of dynamically changing grids.
- Explore approaches to mitigate the impact of models residing in GPU memory and other non-uniform memory architectures on coupling performance.
- NUOPC run sequence features: restart at any point of nested, resource re-balancing
- Time Manager Alarm extensions: irregular alarm time, external trigger signals.
- Field operations: simple arithmetic, merging with blending.