



SIBOOR Trident [JUNE] ASSEMBLY

VERSION 2024/8/7



Important Note:

This assembly manual is exclusively designed for the SIBOOR Trident JUNE kit. For the official VORON Trident assembly manual, please refer to the following link:

<https://github.com/VoronDesign/Voron-Trident/tree/main/Manual>

Why the Change?

The SIBOOR Trident JUNE kit includes numerous modifications and significant electrical adjustments. Simply adding supplementary pages to the existing manual is no longer sufficient. You would have to navigate through many pages repeatedly.

To enhance user experience, SIBOOR has opted to create a new assembly guide from scratch, ensuring it closely matches the Trident JUNE kit. The assembly logic and the presentation of most steps in this manual are inspired by the original VORON manual.

Should you find an issue in the documentation or have a suggestion for an improvement please

consider opening an issue on GitHub

(<https://github.com/Lzhikai/SIBOOR-Voron-Trident-June/issues>).

When raising an issue please include the relevant page numbers and a short description; annotated

screenshots are also very welcome. We periodically update the manual based on the feed-

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Click on the title or page sequence to go directly to the page.

HOW TO GET HELP

If you need assistance with your build, we're here to help. Head on over to our Discord group and post your questions. This is our primary medium to help VORON Users and we have a great community that can help you out if you get stuck.



Voron Discord: <https://discord.gg/voron>

Siboor Discord: <https://discord.gg/BMJD4puJf6>

Here are some portals for your convenience:

- VORON Design: www.vorondesign.com
- SIBOOR DOCS: <https://docs.siboor.com>
- SIBOOR Trident [JUNE] Github: <https://github.com/Lzhikai/SIBOOR-Voron-Trident-June>

If you want to learn more about the mods included in this kit:

- CNC AWD Drive: <https://github.com/GKD-Team/Voron-Trident-CNC-Gantry>
- Cartographer Probe: <https://docs.cartographer3d.com>
- Fume pack V2: https://github.com/Exerqtor/Voron/tree/main/Mods/fume_pack
- Clickyclacky door: https://github.com/tanaes/whopping_Voron_mods/tree/main/-clickyclacky_door

Mods already included in the SIBOOR Trident [JUNE] GitHub are not listed separately.

PART PRINTING GUIDELINES

The Voron Team has provided the following print guidelines for you to follow in order to have the best chance at success with your parts. There are often questions about substituting materials or changing printing standards, but we recommend you follow these:

3D PRINTING PROCESS

Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)

INFILL TYPE

Grid, Gyroid, Honeycomb, Triangle or Cubic

MATERIAL

ABS

INFILL PERCENTAGE

Recommended: 40%

LAYER HEIGHT

Recommended: 0.2mm

WALL COUNT

Recommended: 4

EXTRUSION WIDTH

Recommended: Forced 0.4mm

SOLID TOP/BOTTOM LAYERS

Recommended: 5

FILE NAMING

By this time you should have already downloaded our STL files from the Voron GitHub. You might have noticed that we have used a unique naming convention for the files. This is how to use them.

PRIMARY COLOR

Example `z_joint_lower_x4.stl`

These files will have nothing at the start of the filename.

ACCENT COLOR

Example `[a]_tensioner_left.stl`

We have added "[a]" to the front of any STL file that is intended to be printed with accent color.

QUANTITY REQUIRED

Example `[a]_z_belt_clip_lower_x4.stl`

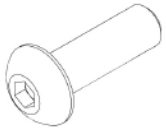
If any file ends with "_x#", that is telling you the quantity of that part required to build the machine.

*The suffix "`by_SIBOOR`" on some STL files indicates that these files differ from the original VORON design or the original MOD design and are specifically tailored for the SIBOOR Trident JUNE KIT.

*The prefix "`[Two-color]`" indicates that the STL file requires printing with two different colors of ABS filament.

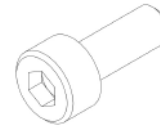


In this manual, parts marked with a red star indicate they are ACCENT COLOR.



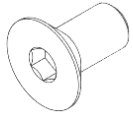
BUTTON HEAD CAP BOLT (BHCS)

Metric fastener with a domed shape head and hex drive. Most commonly found in locations where M5 fasteners are used.



SOCKET HEAD CAP BOLT (SHCS)

Metric fastener with a cylindrical head and hex drive. The most common fastener used on the Voron.



FLAT HEAD COUNTERSUNK BOLT (FHCS)

Metric fastener with a cone shaped head and a flat top.



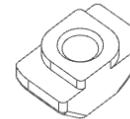
HEAT SET INSERT

Heat inserts with a soldering tip so that they melt the plastic when installed. As the plastic cools, it solidifies around the knurls and ridges on the insert for excellent resistance to both torque and pull-out.



HEX NUT

Hex nuts couple with bolts to create a tight, secure joint. You'll see these used in both M3 and M5 variants throughout this guide.



HAMMERHEAD NUT

Nut that can be inserted into the slot of an aluminium profile. Used exclusively for panel mounting, all other components use T-Slot nuts.



POST INSTALL T-SLOT NUT (T-NUT)

Nut that can be inserted into the slot of an aluminium profile. Used in both M3 and M5 variants throughout this guide. Often also called "roll-in t-nut".



FLANGE NUT

A flange nut is a nut with a wide edge that increases contact area, distributes pressure, and prevents loosening.



F695 BEARING

A ball bearing with a flange used in various gantry locations.



695 BEARING

Bearings are used to support and reduce friction between rotating parts in mechanical devices.



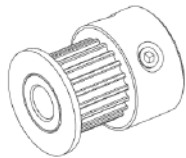
F623 BEARING

A ball bearing with a flange used . Used for drag chain brackets.



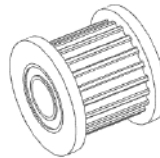
GE5C BEARING

A spherical bearing is a mechanical component enabling rotational movement and load transfer at various angles, comprising a spherical inner ring and a tilting outer ring.



PULLEY

GT2 pulley used on the motion system of the Voron.



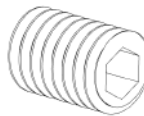
IDLER

GT2 idler used in the motion system of the Voron.



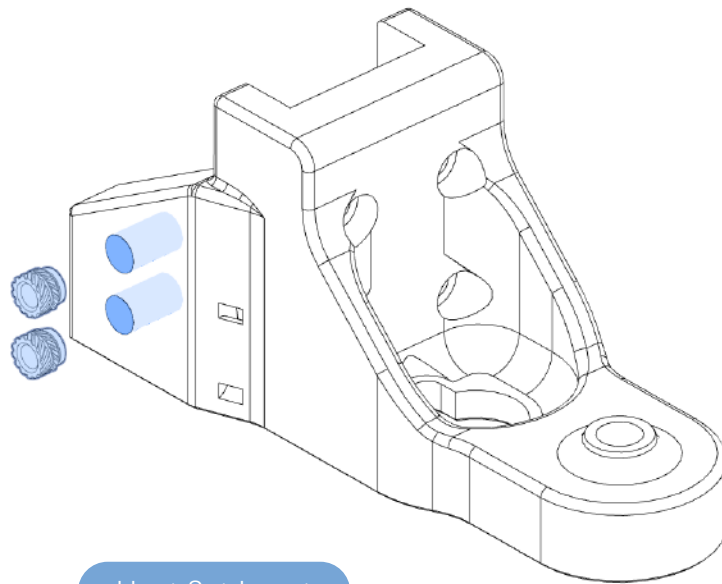
THUMB NUT

Used in the print bed as a spacer.

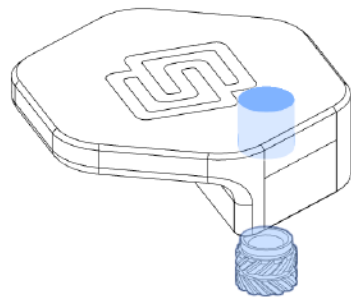


SET SCREW

Small headless fastener with an internal drive. Used in pulleys and other gears. Also called a grub screw.



Heat Set Insert



HEAT SET INSERTS

This design relies heavily on heat set inserts. Make sure you have the proper inserts (check the hardware reference for a close-up picture and the Sourcing Guide for dimensions).

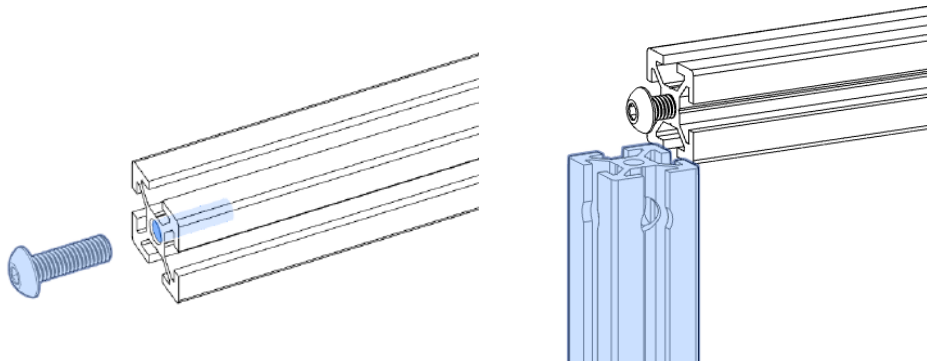
If you've never worked with heat set inserts before we recommend you watch the linked guide.

You can choose to complete all the heat set inserts at once.

They are located on pages
[76/93/125/126/199/](#)
[203/206/211/212/230](#)



<https://voron.link/m5ybt4d>

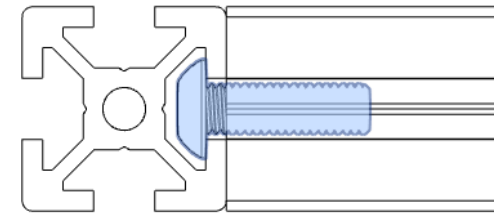
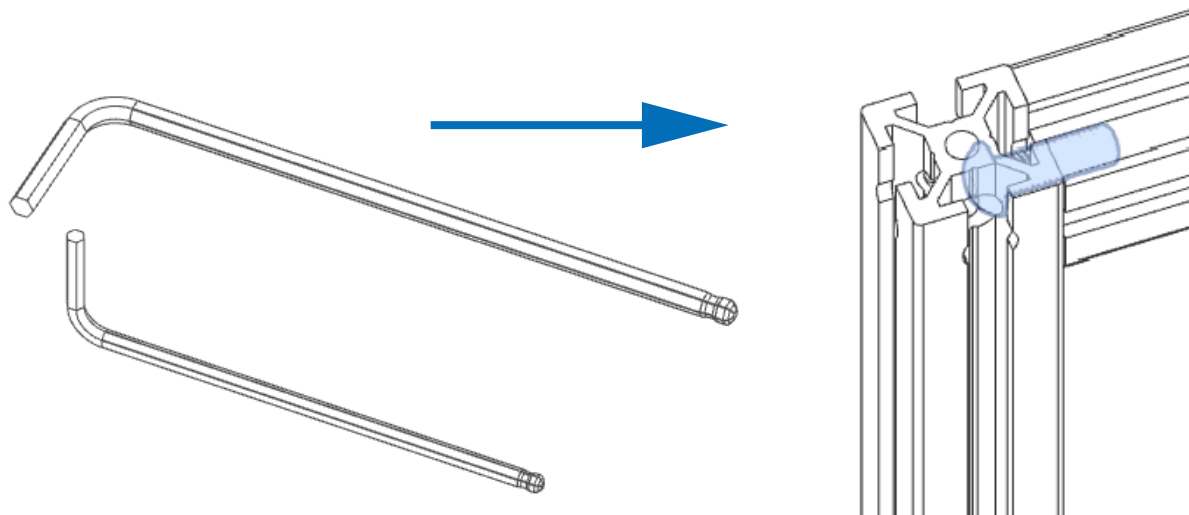


BLIND JOINT BASICS

Blind Joints provide a cost effective and rigid assembly method

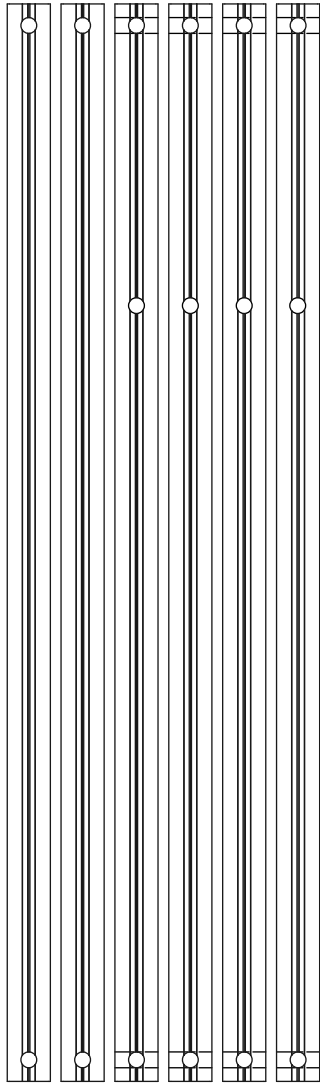
The head of the BHCS is slid into the channel of another extrusion and securely fastened through a small access hole in the extrusion.

If you've never assembled one before we recommend you watch the linked guide.



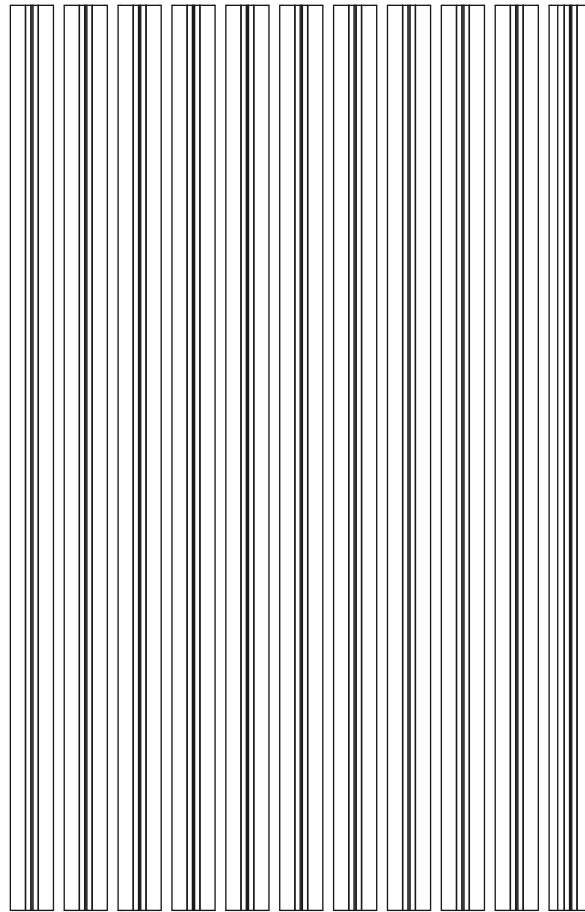
<https://voron.link/onjwmcd>





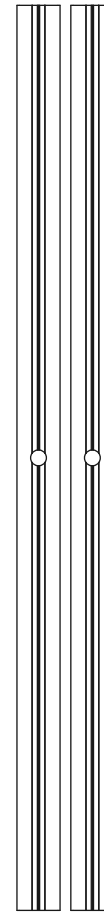
B Extrusion

500mm



A Extrusion

420mm / 470mm



C Extrusion

420mm / 470mm



H Extrusion

330mm



D Extrusion

290mm / 340mm



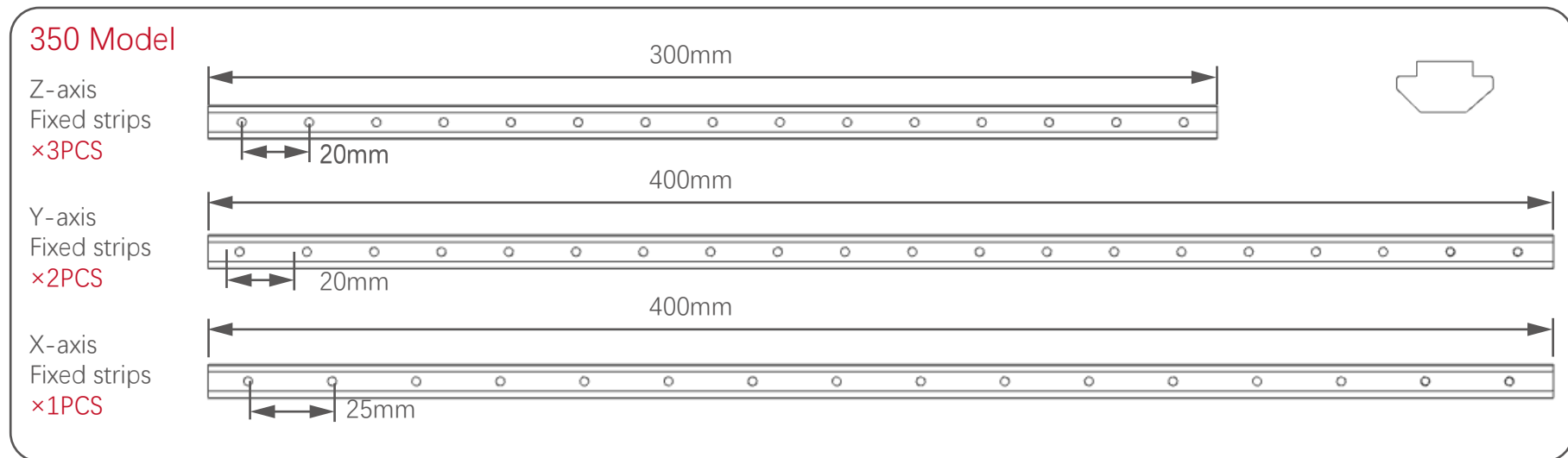
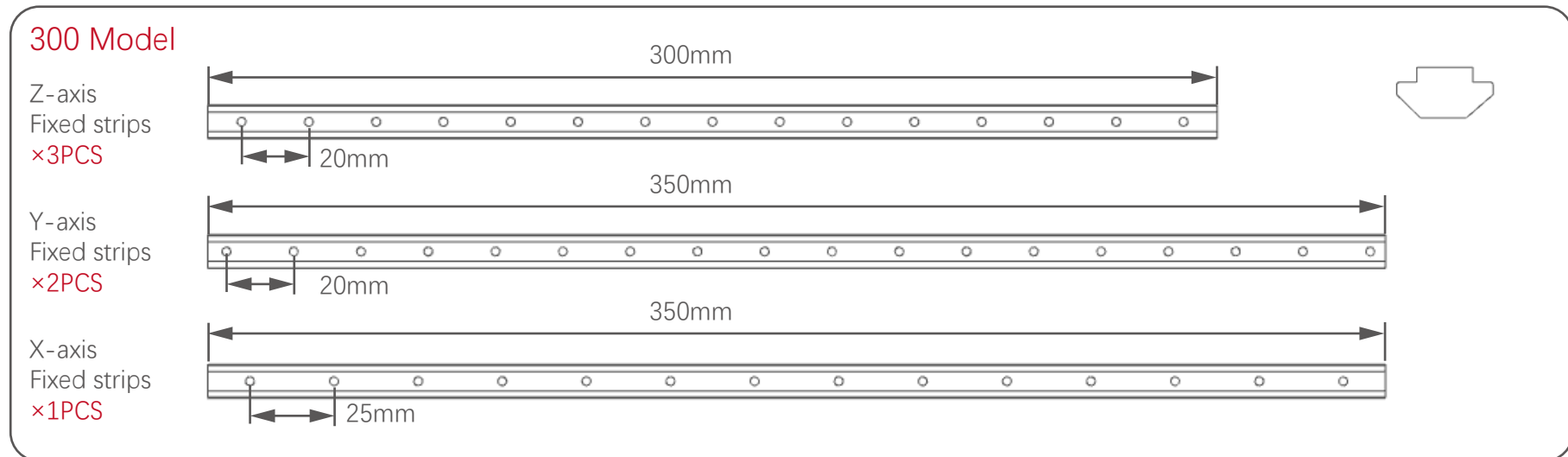
G Extrusion

282mm / 332mm

SORT EXTRUSIONS

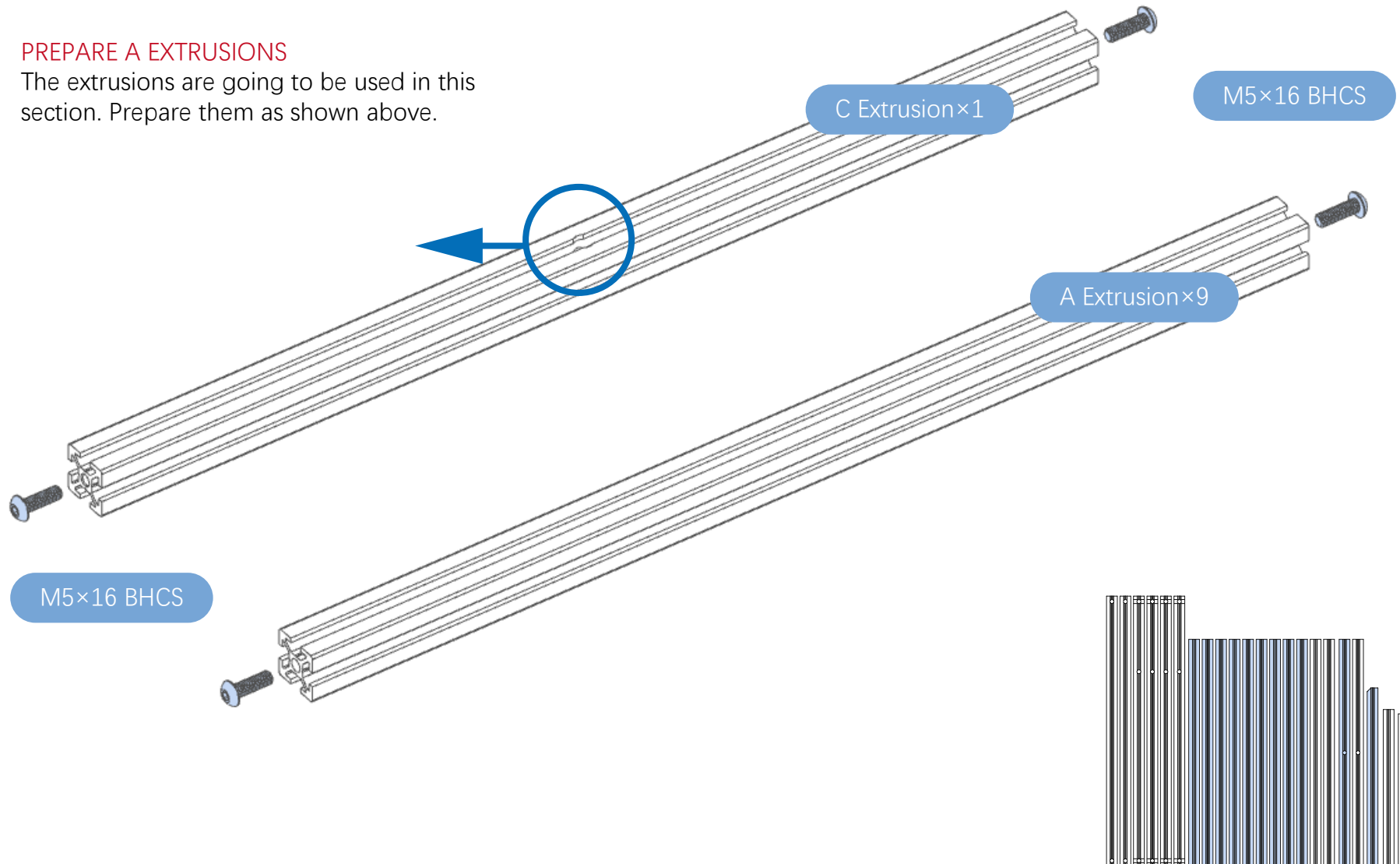
Collect your extrusions and sort them by length. We will highlight the extrusions used in each step and label them as shown on this page.

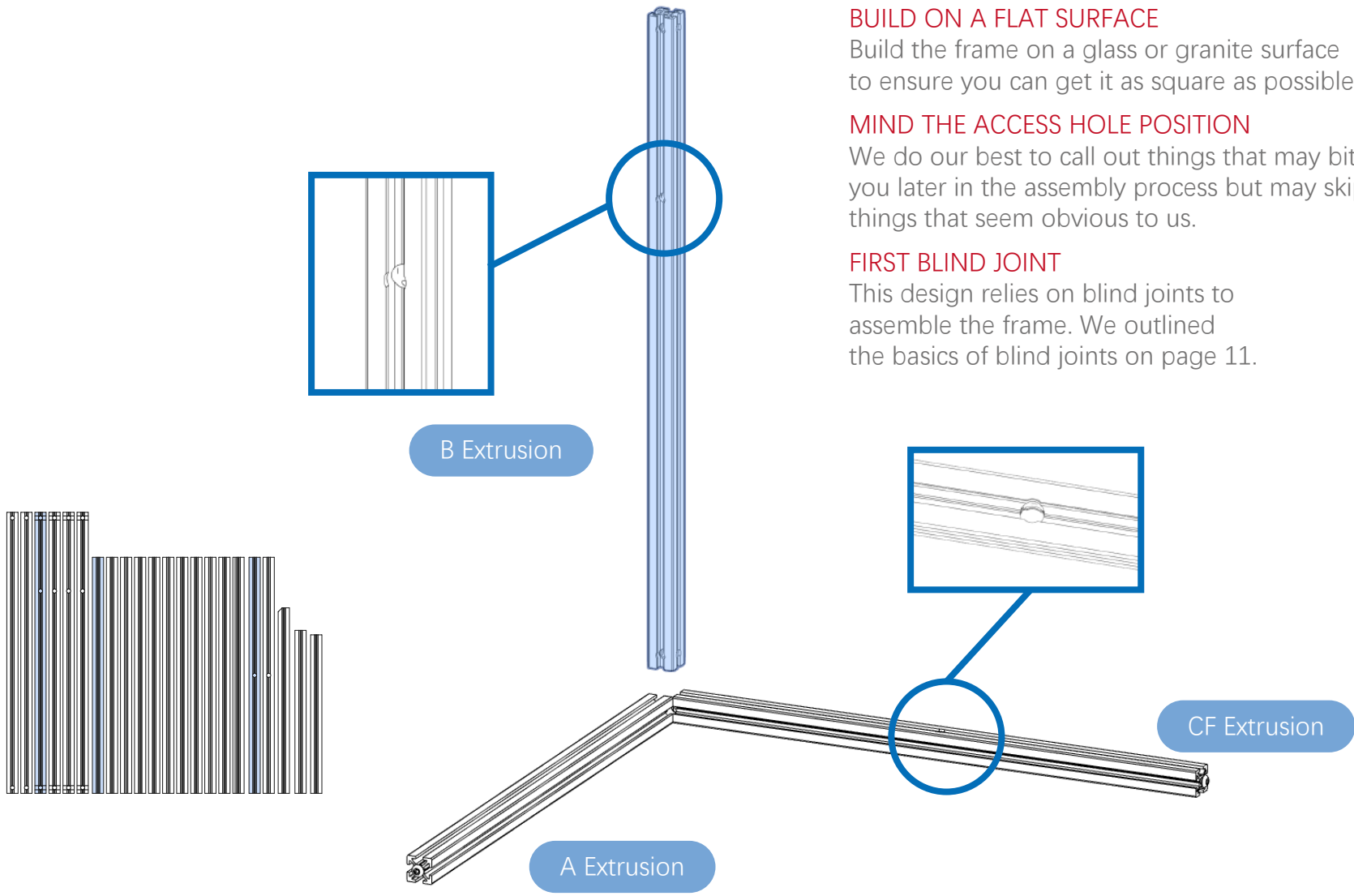
Please find these fixing strips and linear rails, and arrange them together. They will be needed soon.



PREPARE A EXTRUSIONS

The extrusions are going to be used in this section. Prepare them as shown above.





BUILD ON A FLAT SURFACE

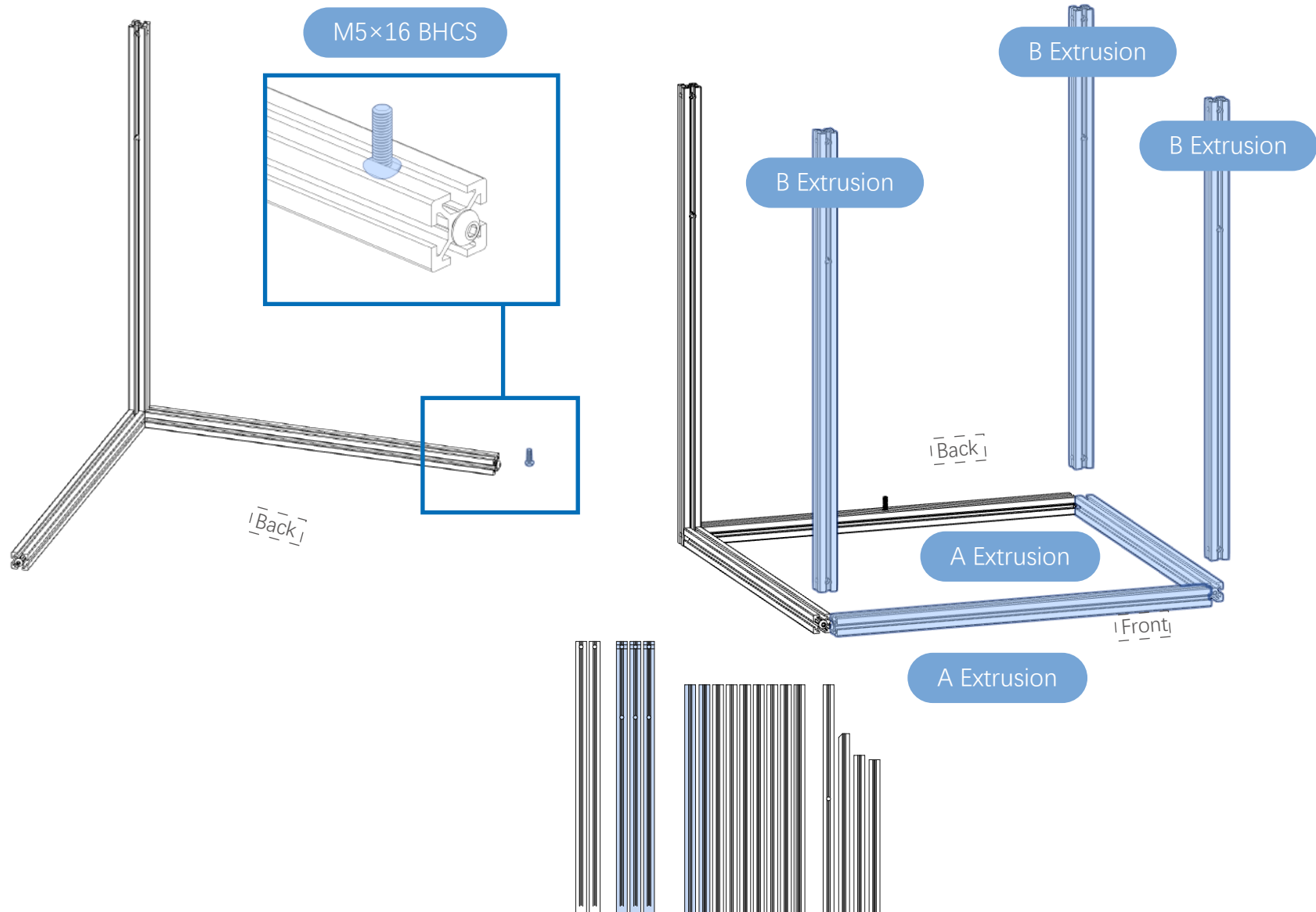
Build the frame on a glass or granite surface to ensure you can get it as square as possible.

MIND THE ACCESS HOLE POSITION

We do our best to call out things that may bite you later in the assembly process but may skip things that seem obvious to us.

FIRST BLIND JOINT

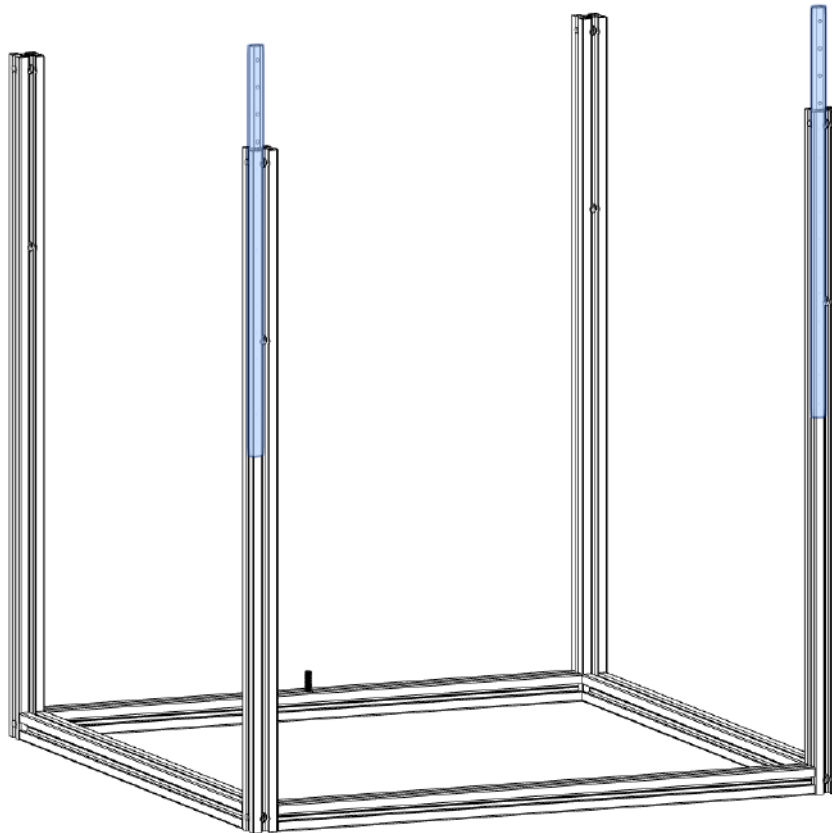
This design relies on blind joints to assemble the frame. We outlined the basics of blind joints on page 11.



INSERTION DIRECTION

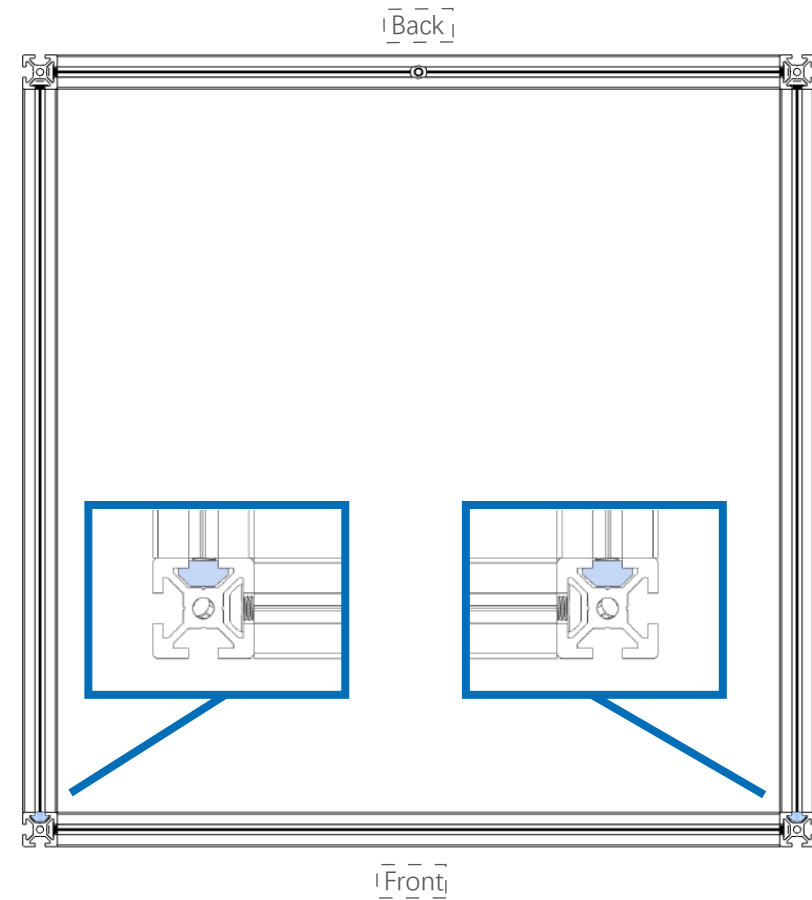
Insert the fixing strips into the profile, paying attention to the insertion direction.

Z-axis Fixed strips



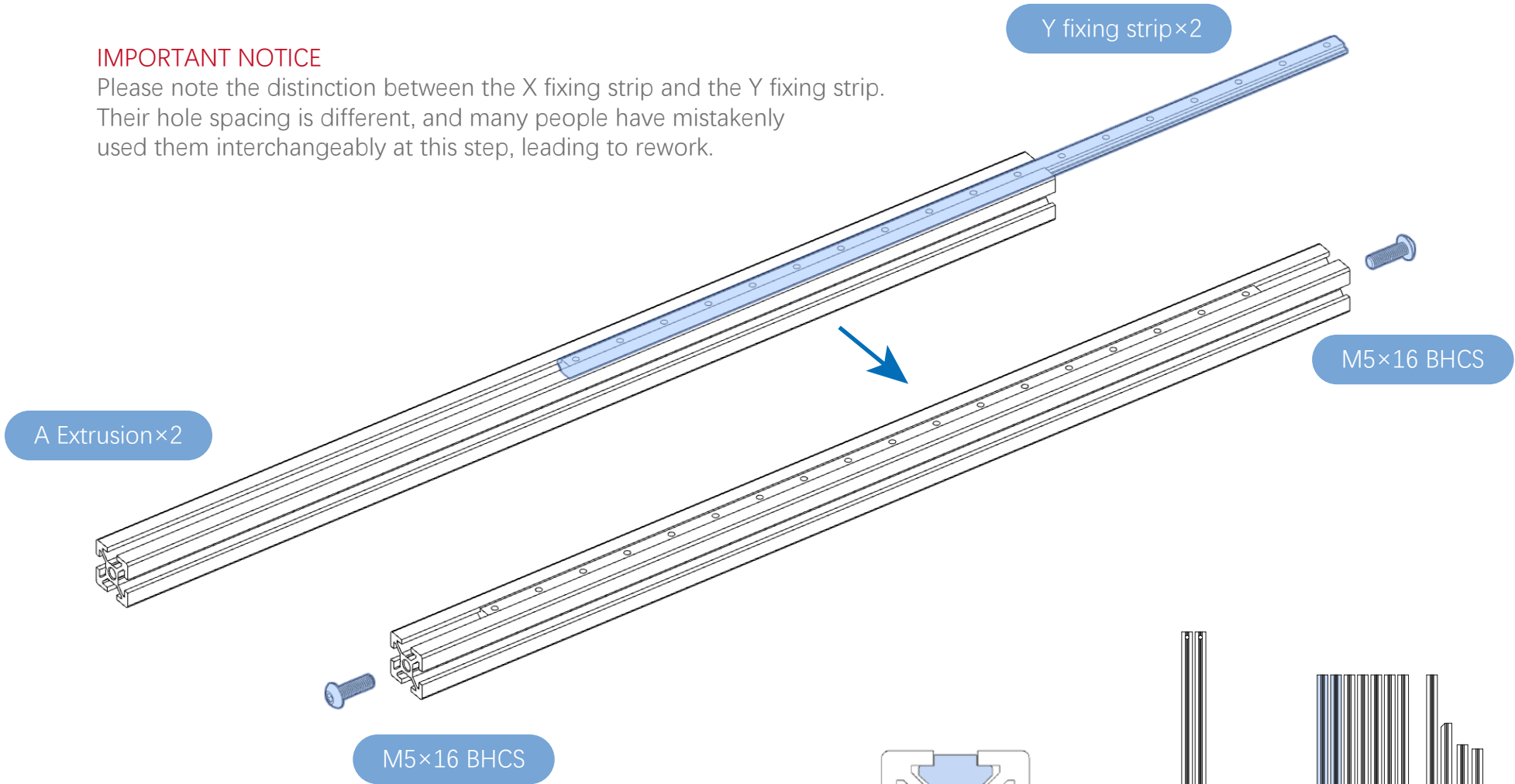
FIXED STRIPS

Push the two fixed strips into the deepest position and temporarily secure each with a screw to prevent the fixed strips from colliding with the aluminum extrusions when flipping the machine later.



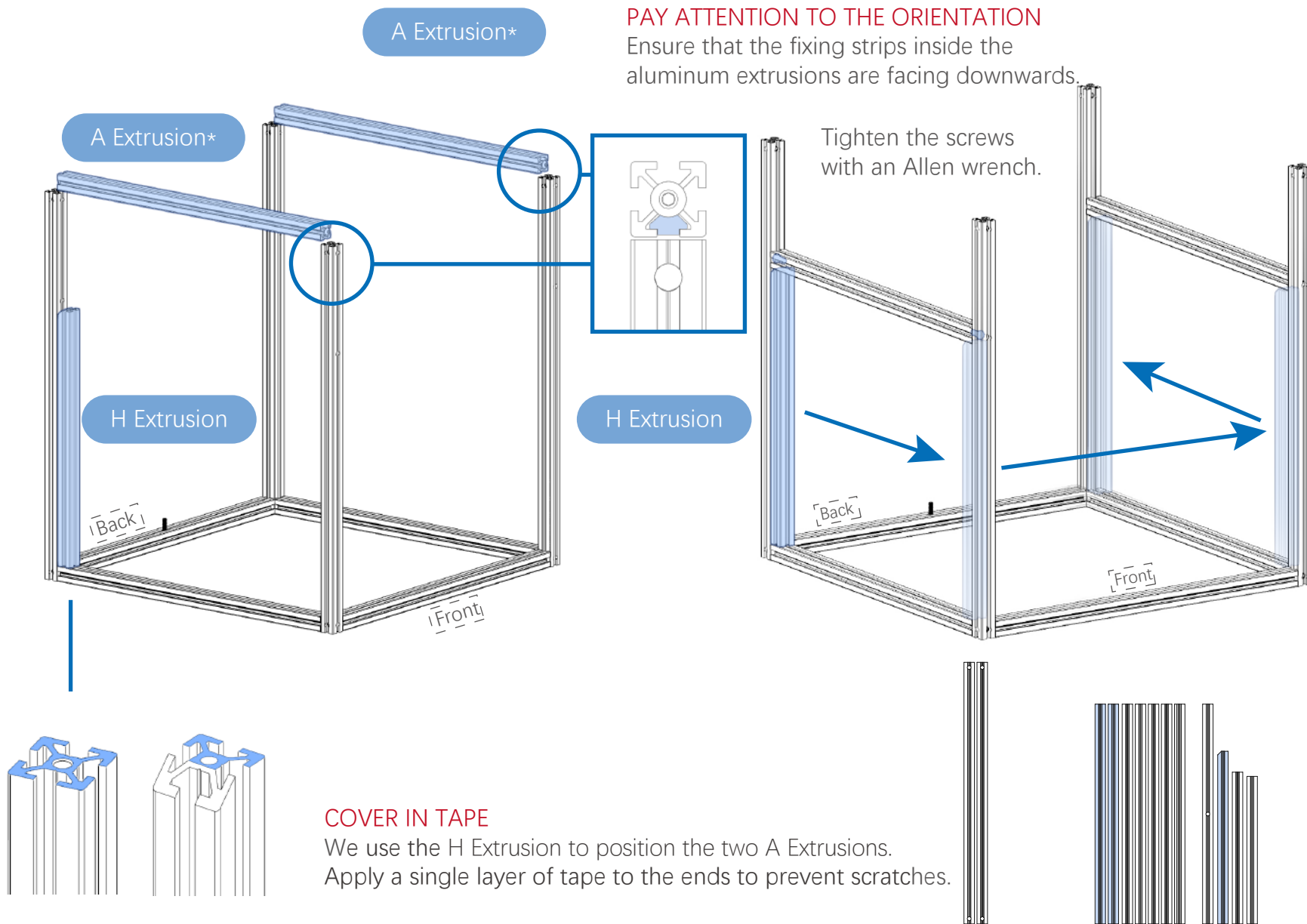
IMPORTANT NOTICE

Please note the distinction between the X fixing strip and the Y fixing strip. Their hole spacing is different, and many people have mistakenly used them interchangeably at this step, leading to rework.



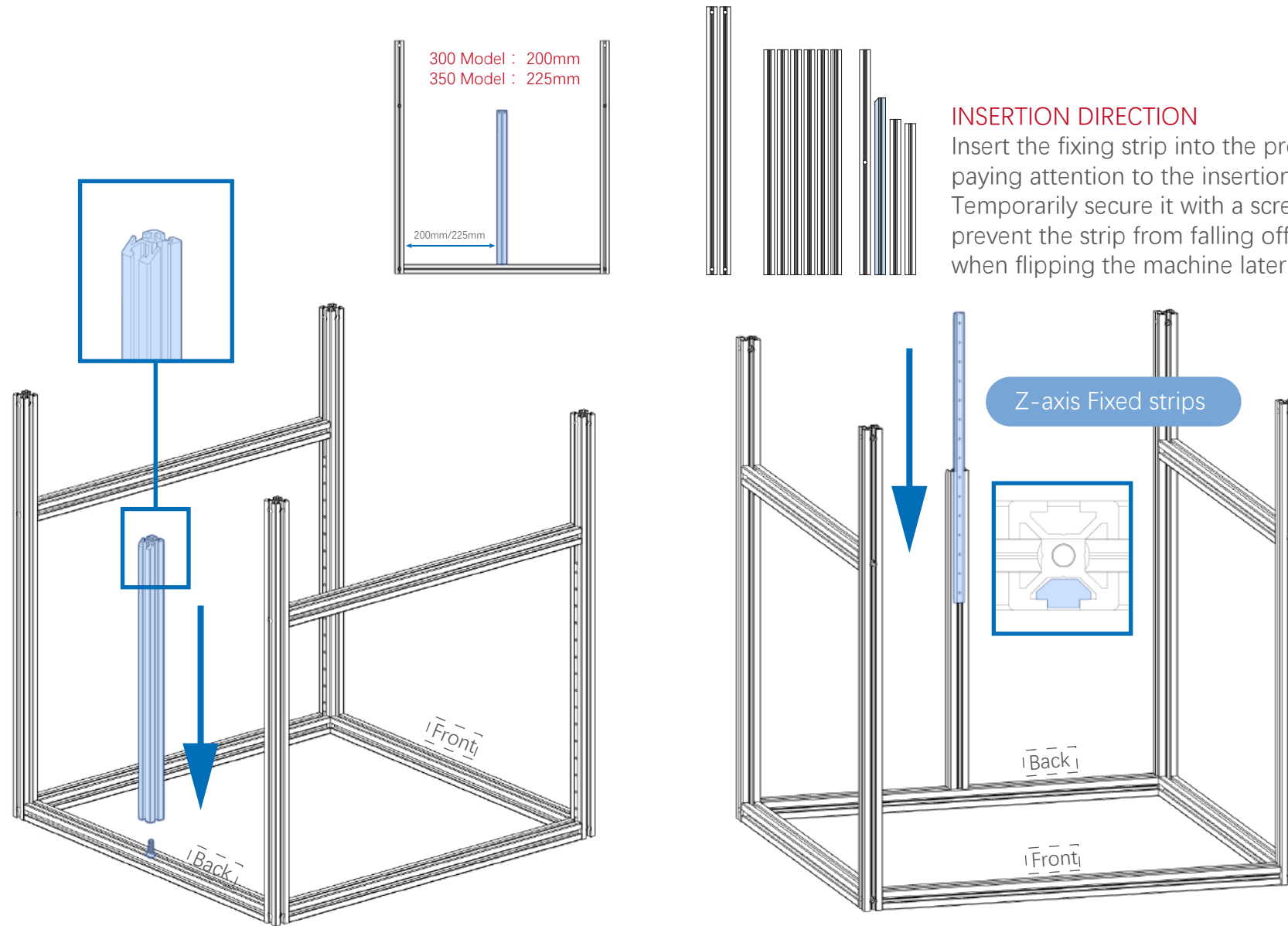
A EXTRUSION*

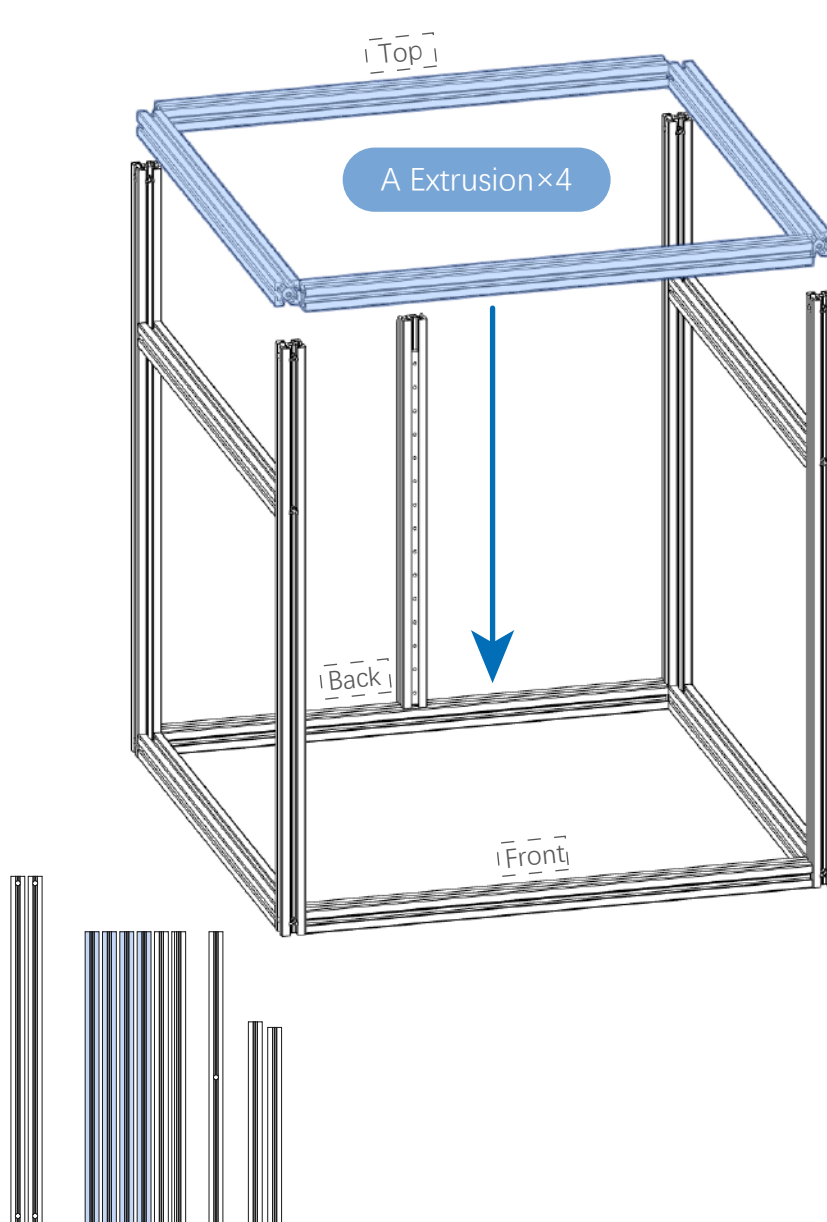
To facilitate differentiation, an asterisk (*) will be added in front of the two aluminum extrusions with fixed strips. They will be used for the Y-axis on page 20.



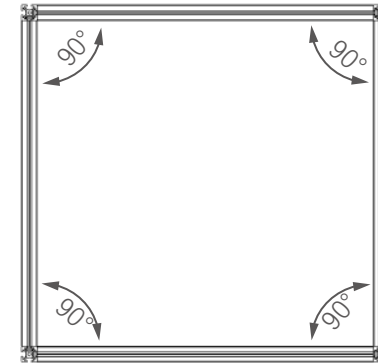
PAY ATTENTION TO THE ORIENTATION
 Ensure that the fixing strips inside the aluminum extrusions are facing downwards.

COVER IN TAPE
 We use the H Extrusion to position the two A Extrusions.
 Apply a single layer of tape to the ends to prevent scratches.

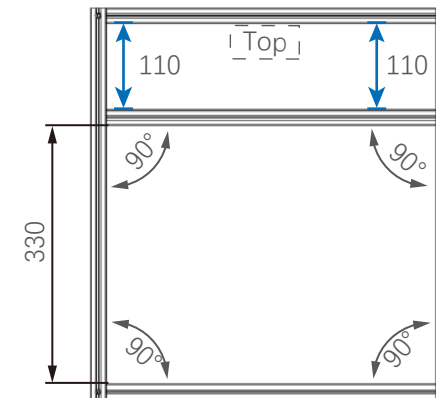




(TOP VIEW)

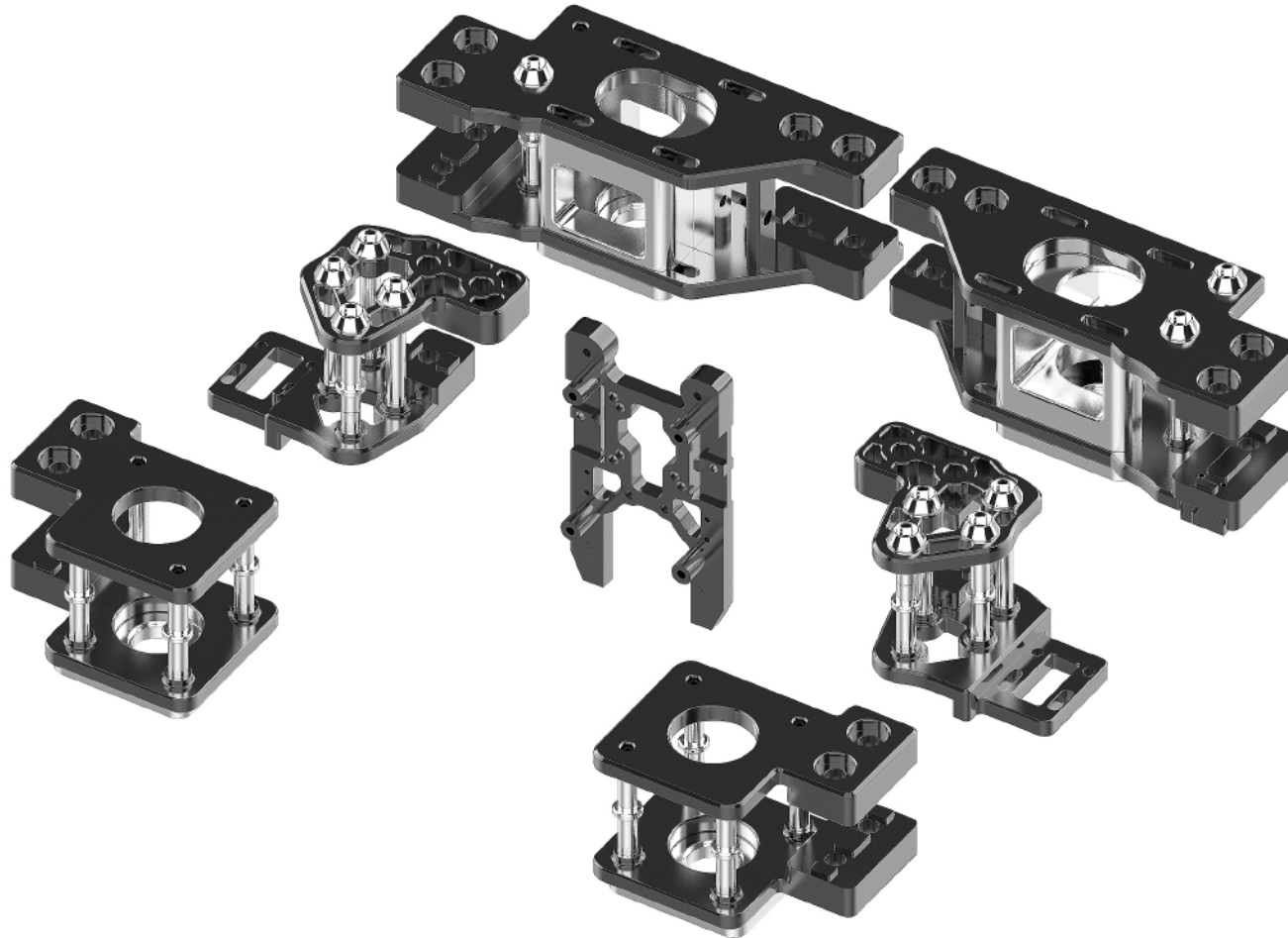


(SIDE VIEW)

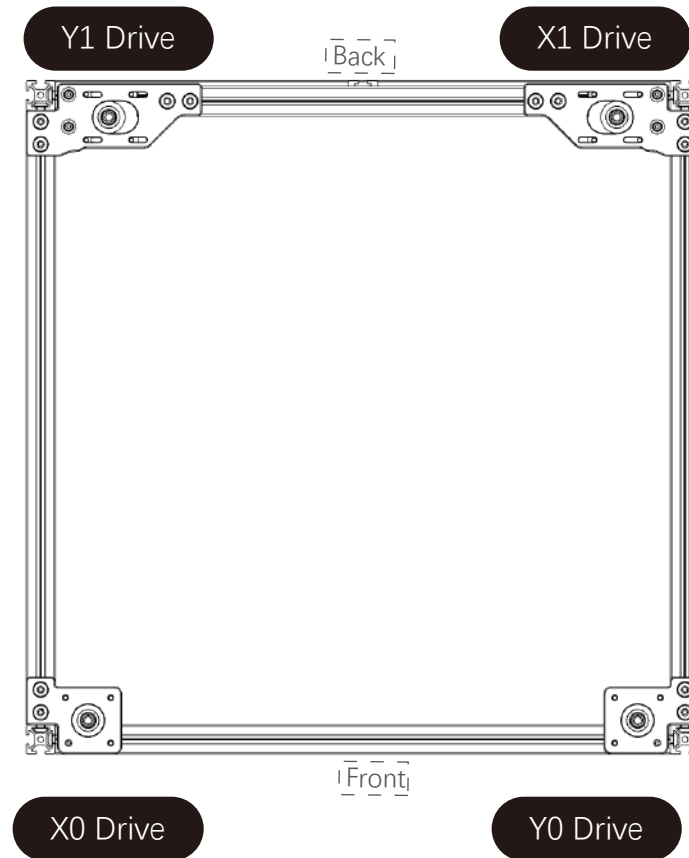
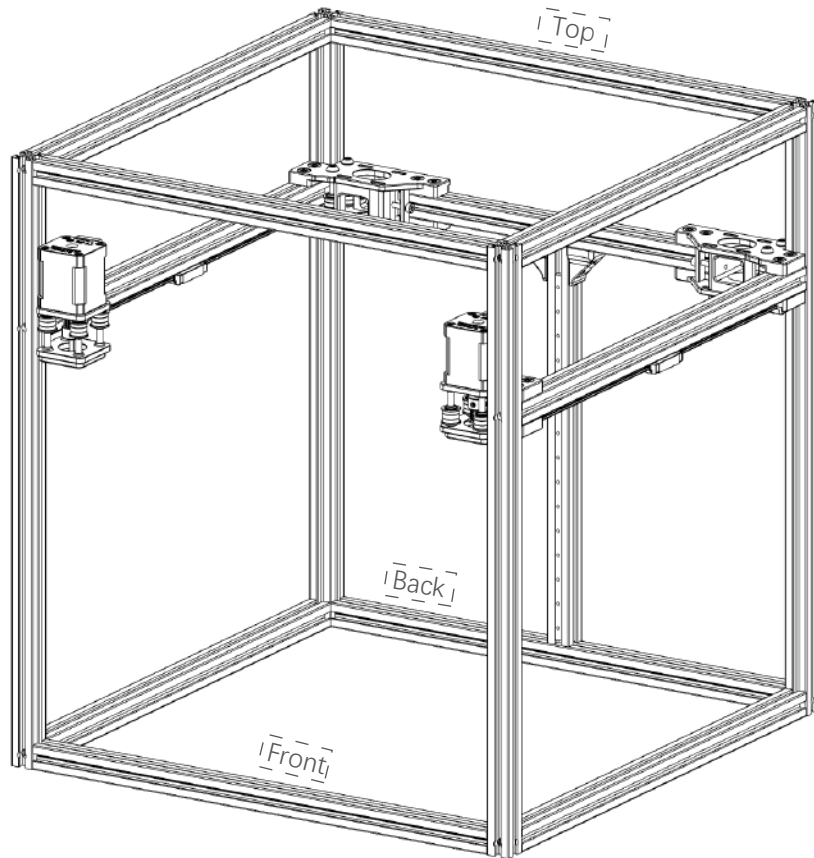


<https://voron.link/kdtpzam>

CHECK FOR SQUARENESS
Verify the angle of all corners and the overall squareness by measuring the diagonals. Refer to the second half of the linked video for additional information.





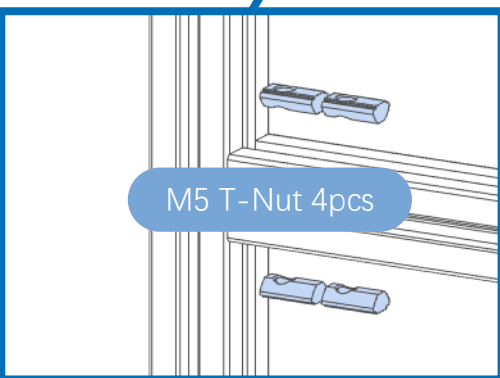
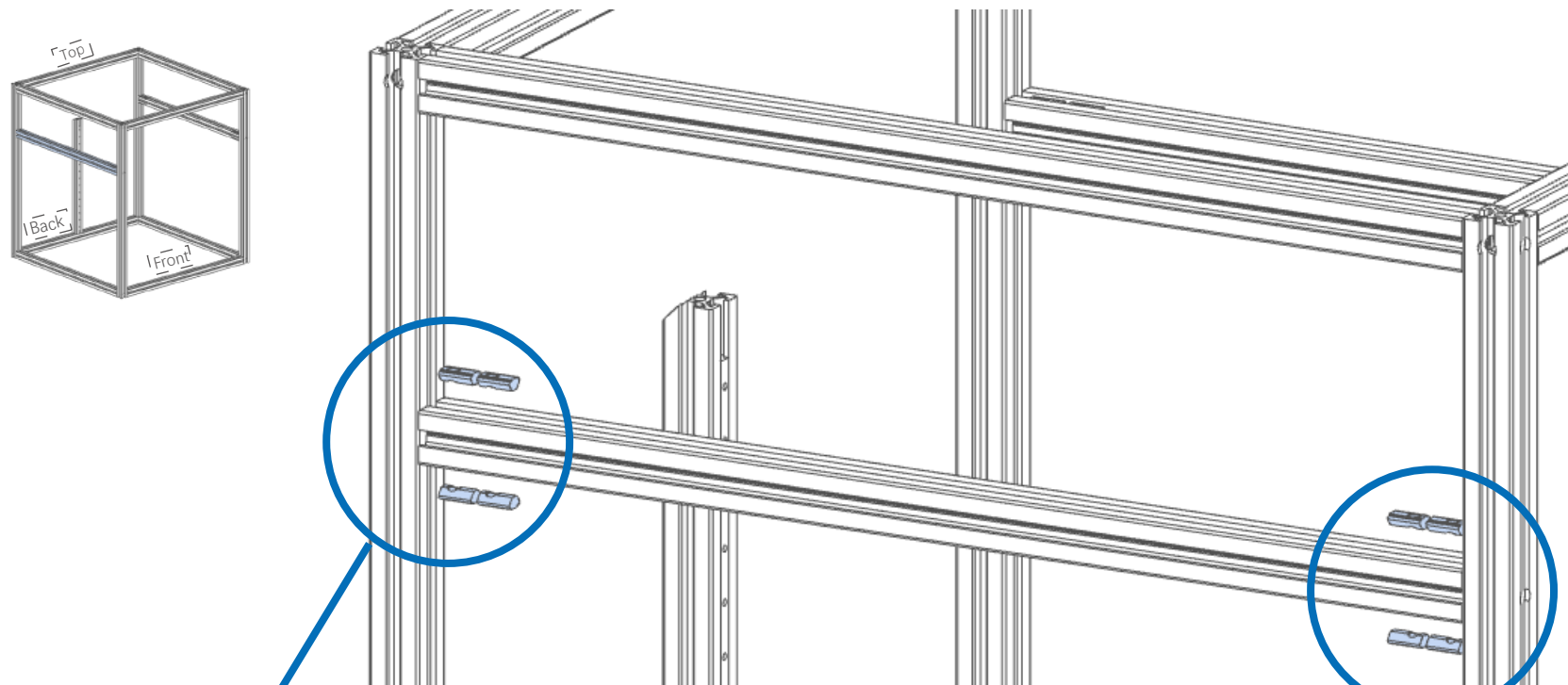


WHY IS THIS HERE?

As you likely skipped over the advice to flip through the entire manual we added graphics like these to assist you with the orientation of the part before you actually put them on the printer.

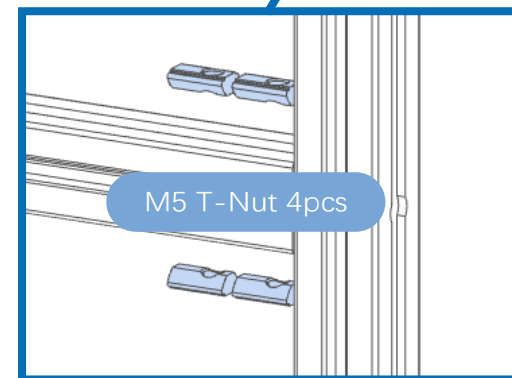
OVERVIEW

Individual chapters start with an overview of the components that will be built/added to the printer in the chapter.

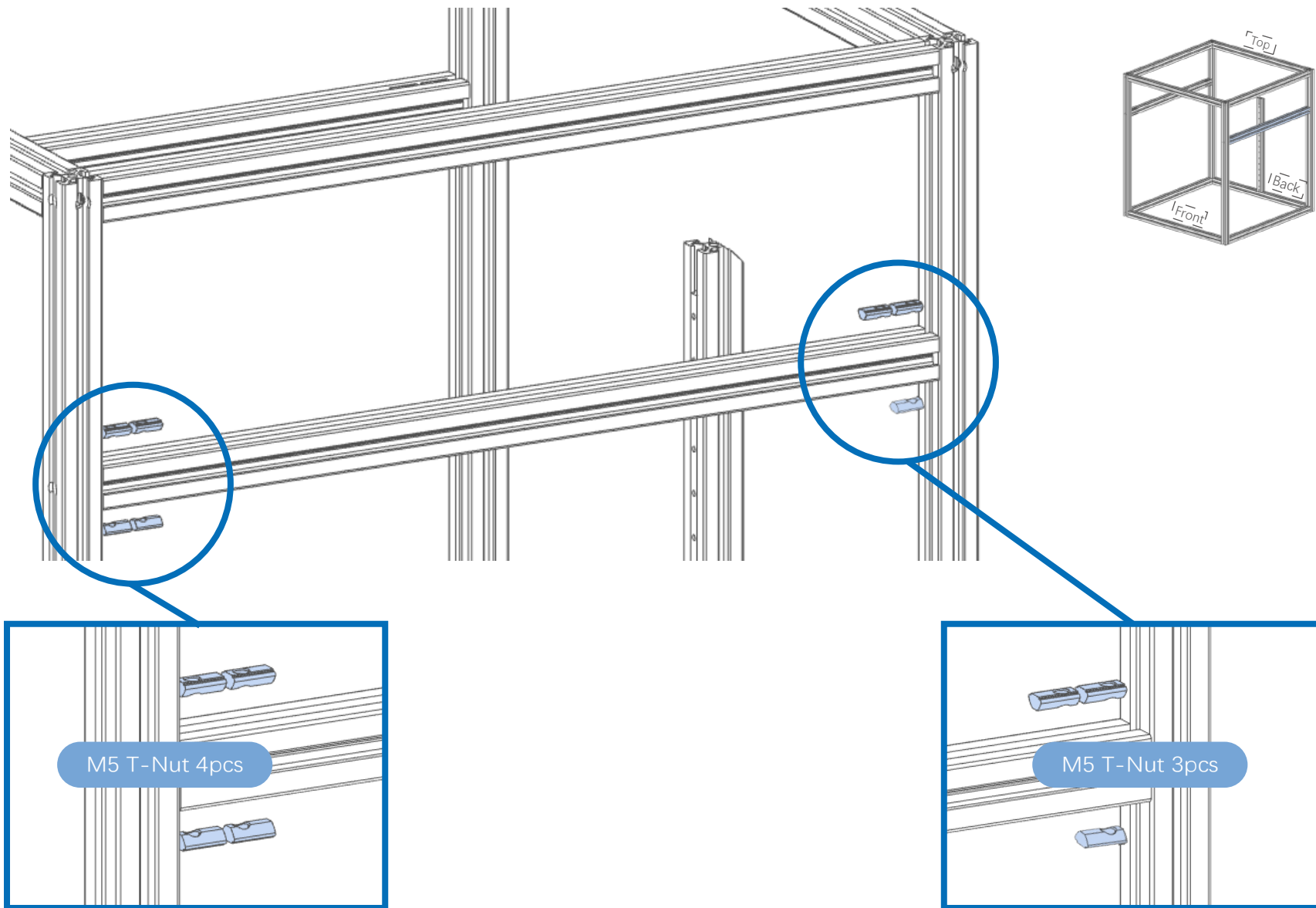


M5 T-Nut 4pcs

T-NUT ORIENTATION
Insert the t-nuts as shown in highlight.

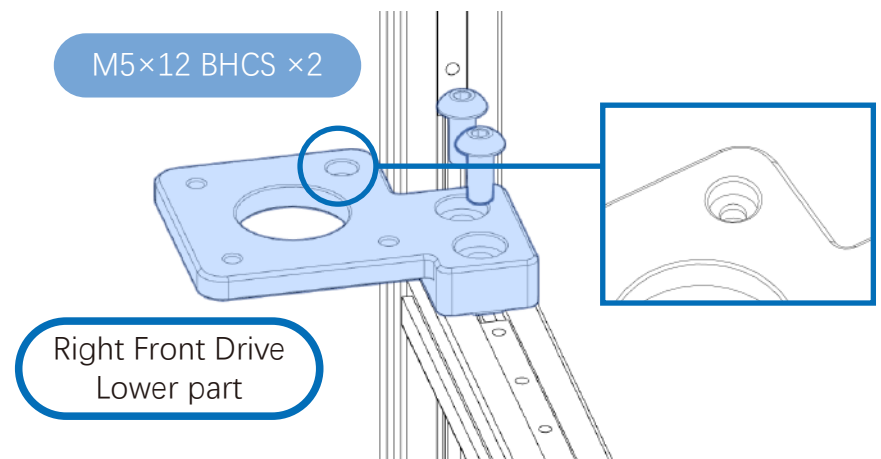
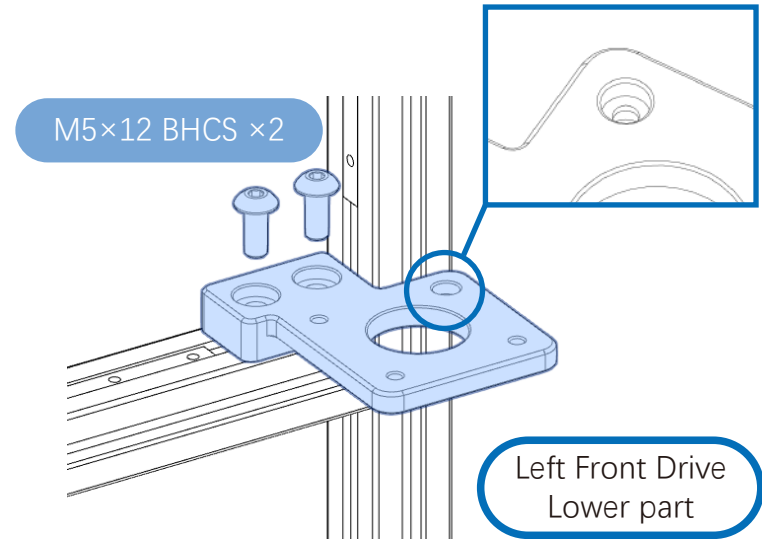
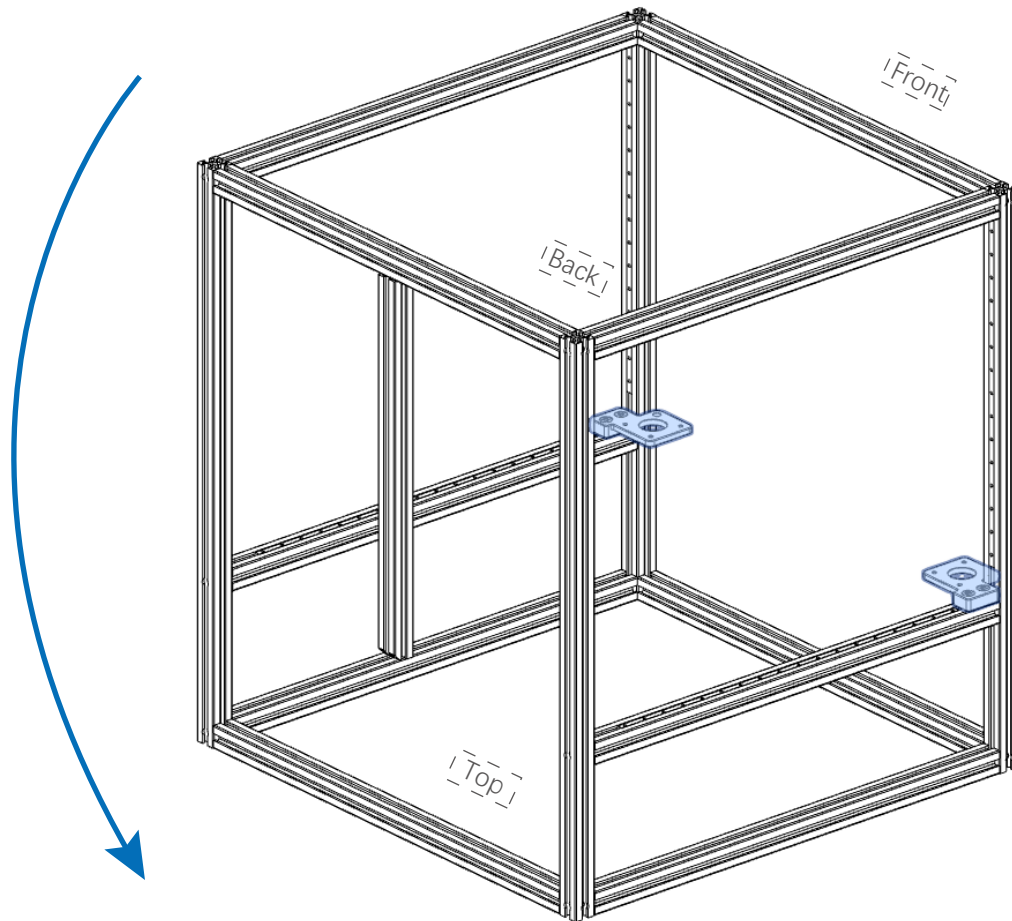


M5 T-Nut 4pcs

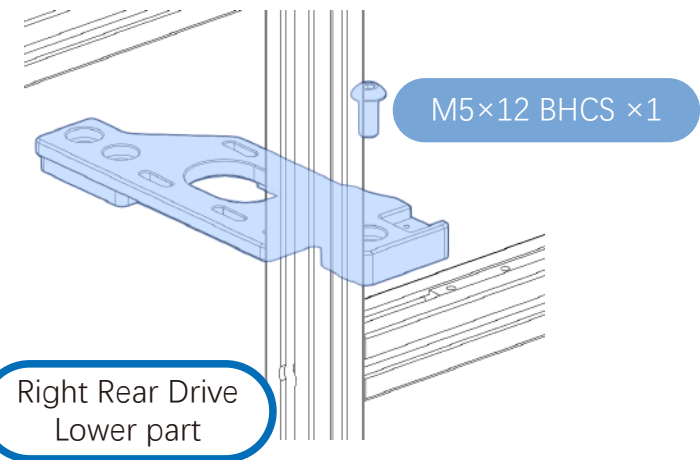
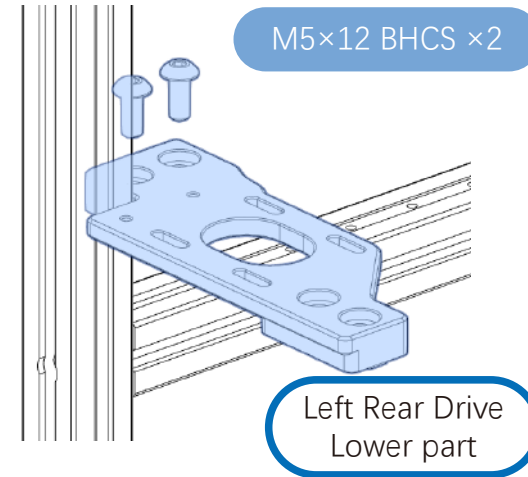
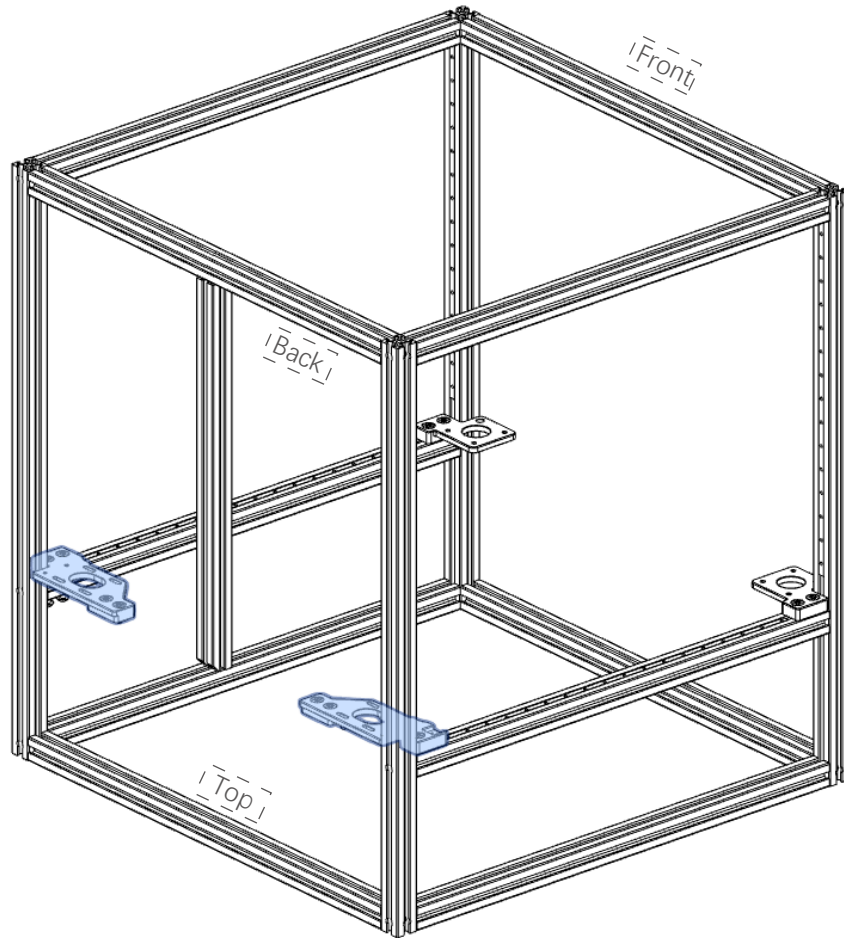


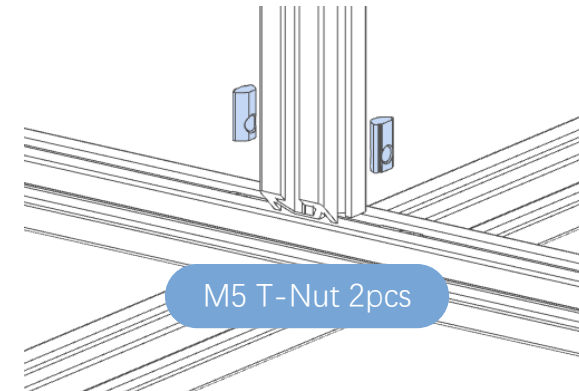
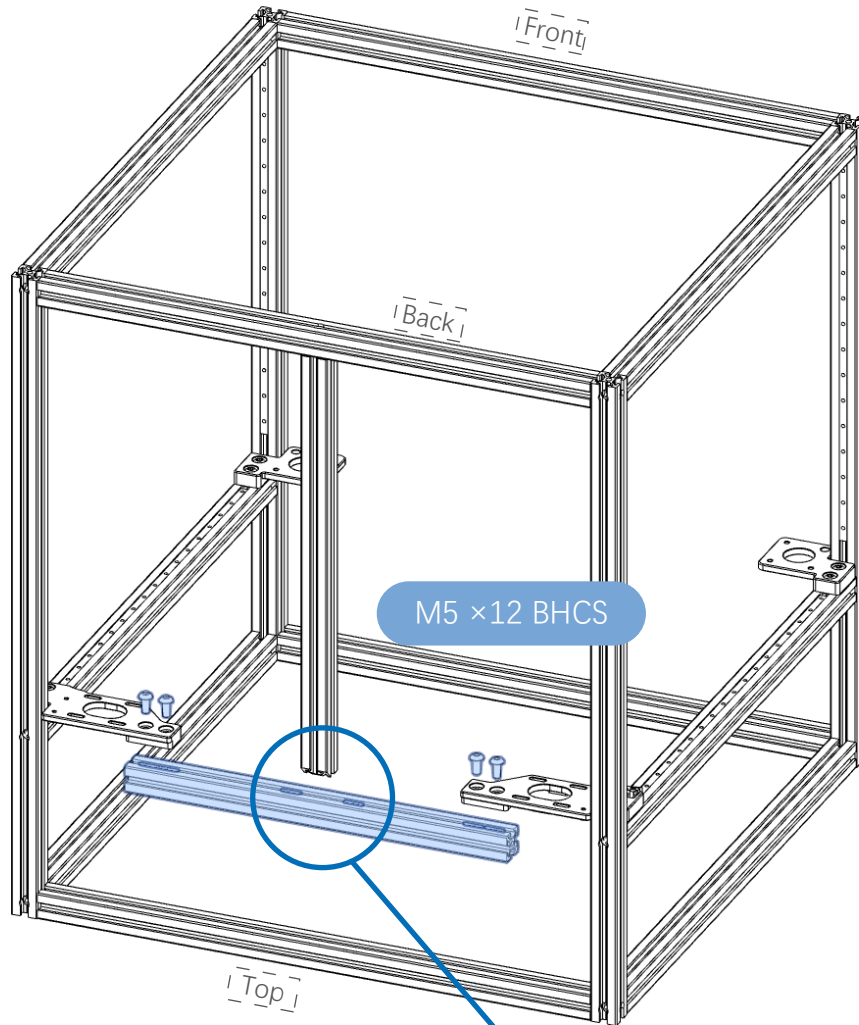
UPSIDE DOWN ASSEMBLY

For ease of assembly, it is recommended that the printer be turned upside down for ease of subsequent operation.

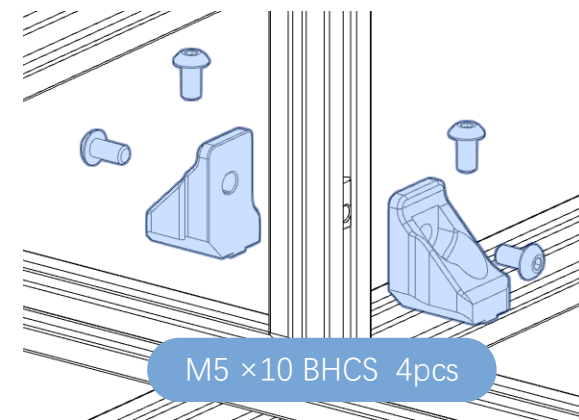


The front drive lower pieces each have a stepped hole, distinguishing them from the upper pieces.





NOTE THAT ABS PRINTS ARE USED HERE



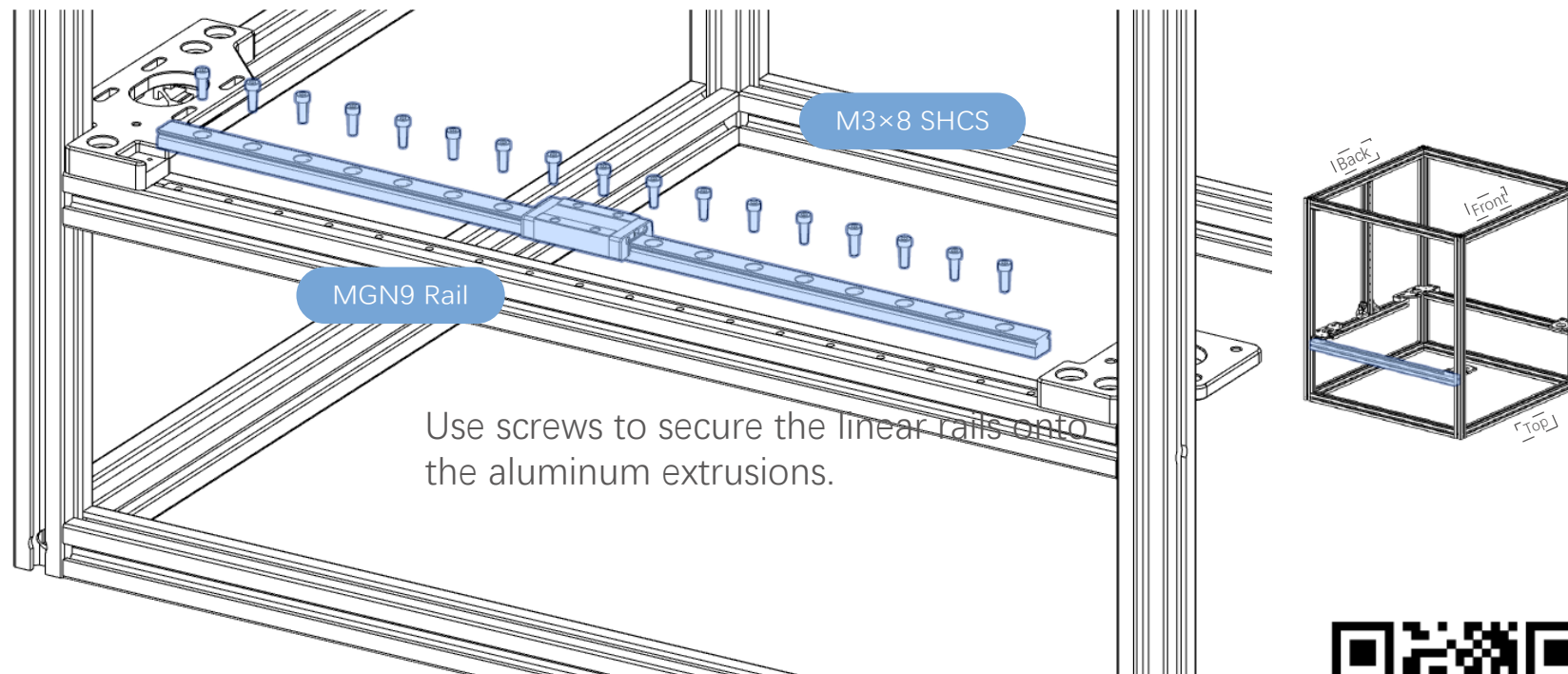
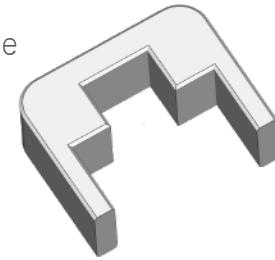
NOTE THE DIRECTION OF ALUMINUM EXTRUSION

RUBBER STOPPERS ON LINEAR RAIL

You may notice rubber stoppers on both sides of the carriage. These effectively prevent the carriage from accidentally dislodging, so do not attempt to remove them before installing the screws.

CENTRED RAIL INSTALLATION GUIDE

Use the MGN9 guides to position the rail in the centre of the extrusion prior to fastening the bolts.



LINEAR RAILS - PREPARATION AND MOUNTING

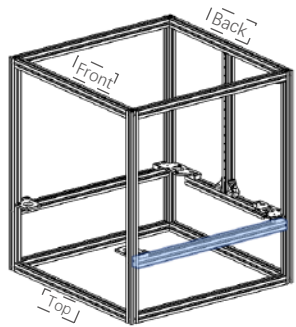
Most linear rails arrive with shipping oil. To ensure a smooth gliding motion and long service life, this oil needs to be removed and its rail carriage greased.

See the Voron sourcing guide for a recommended list of lubricants.

We attached a link to a video guide to get you started.

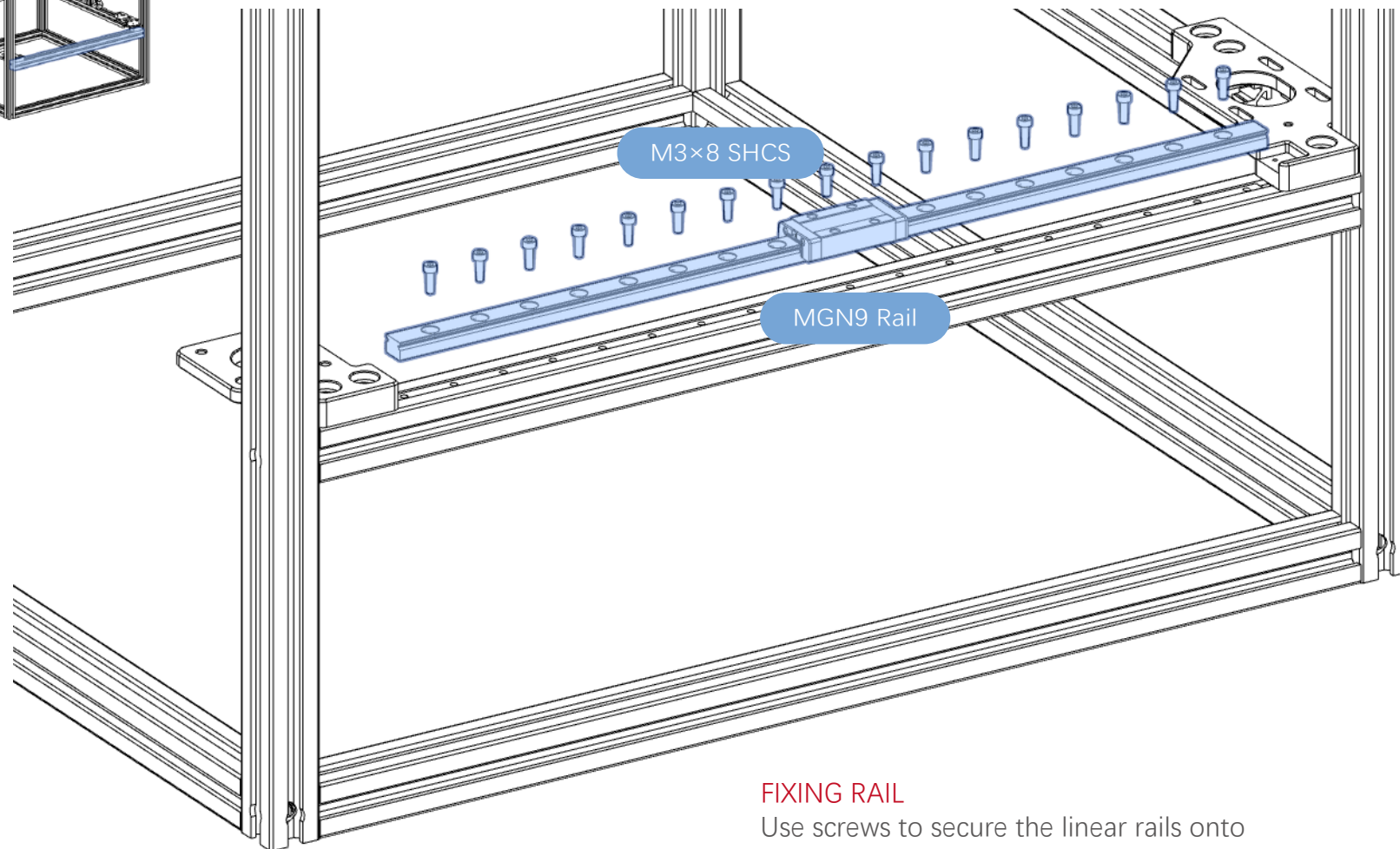


<https://voron.link/agu0nes>



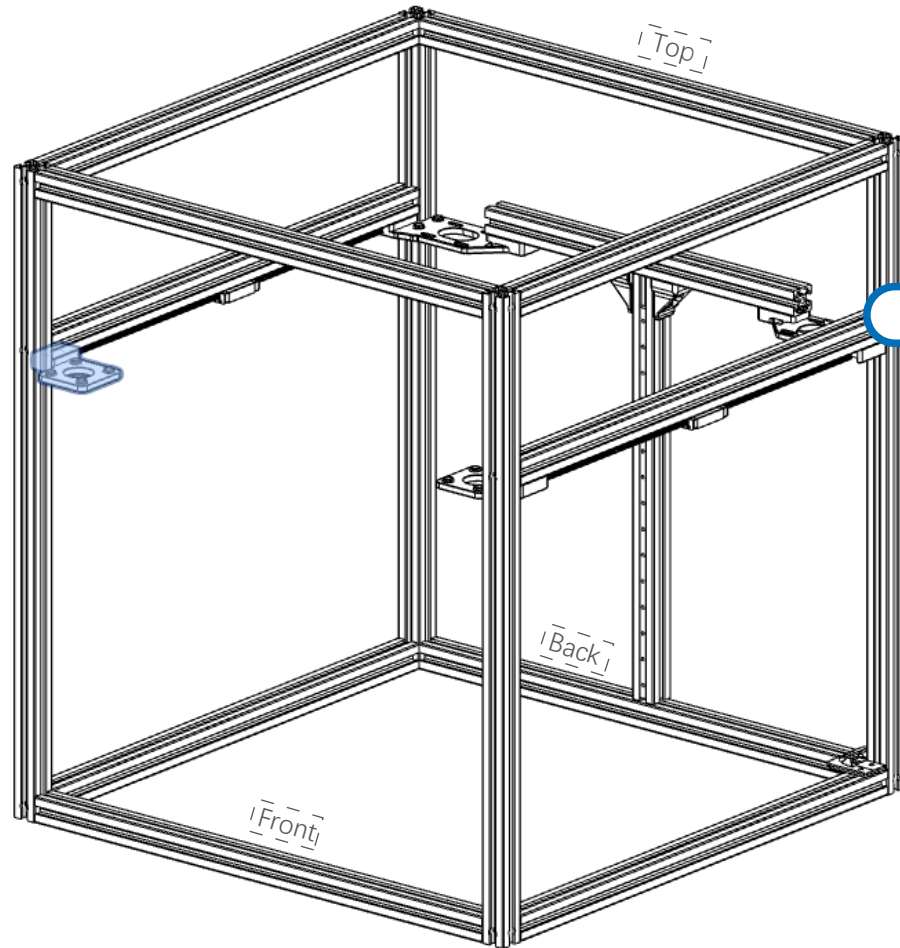
RUBBER PLUGS ON LINEAR RAIL

You may notice rubber plugs on both sides of the carriage. These effectively prevent the carriage from accidentally dislodging, so do not attempt to remove them before installing the screws.



FIXING RAIL

Use screws to secure the linear rails onto the aluminum extrusions.



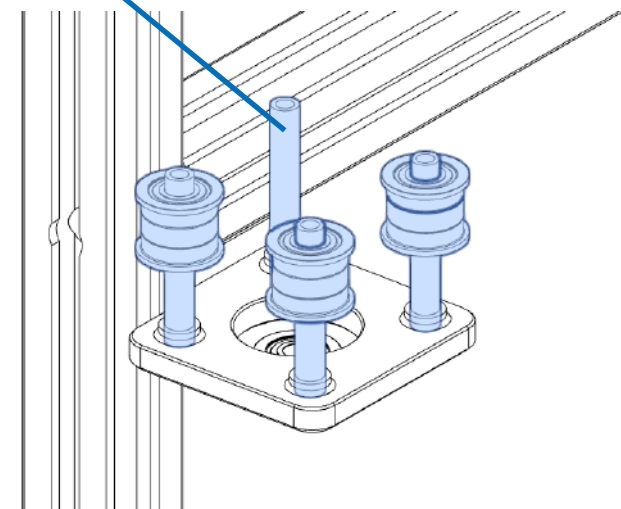
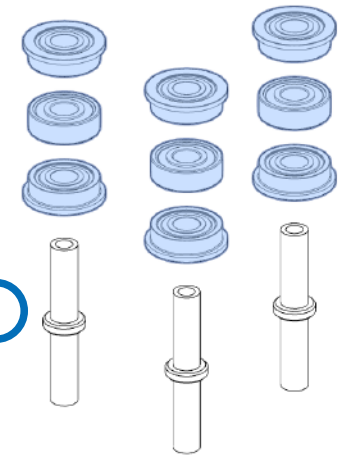
F695 Bearing×3

695 Bearing×3

F695 Bearing×3

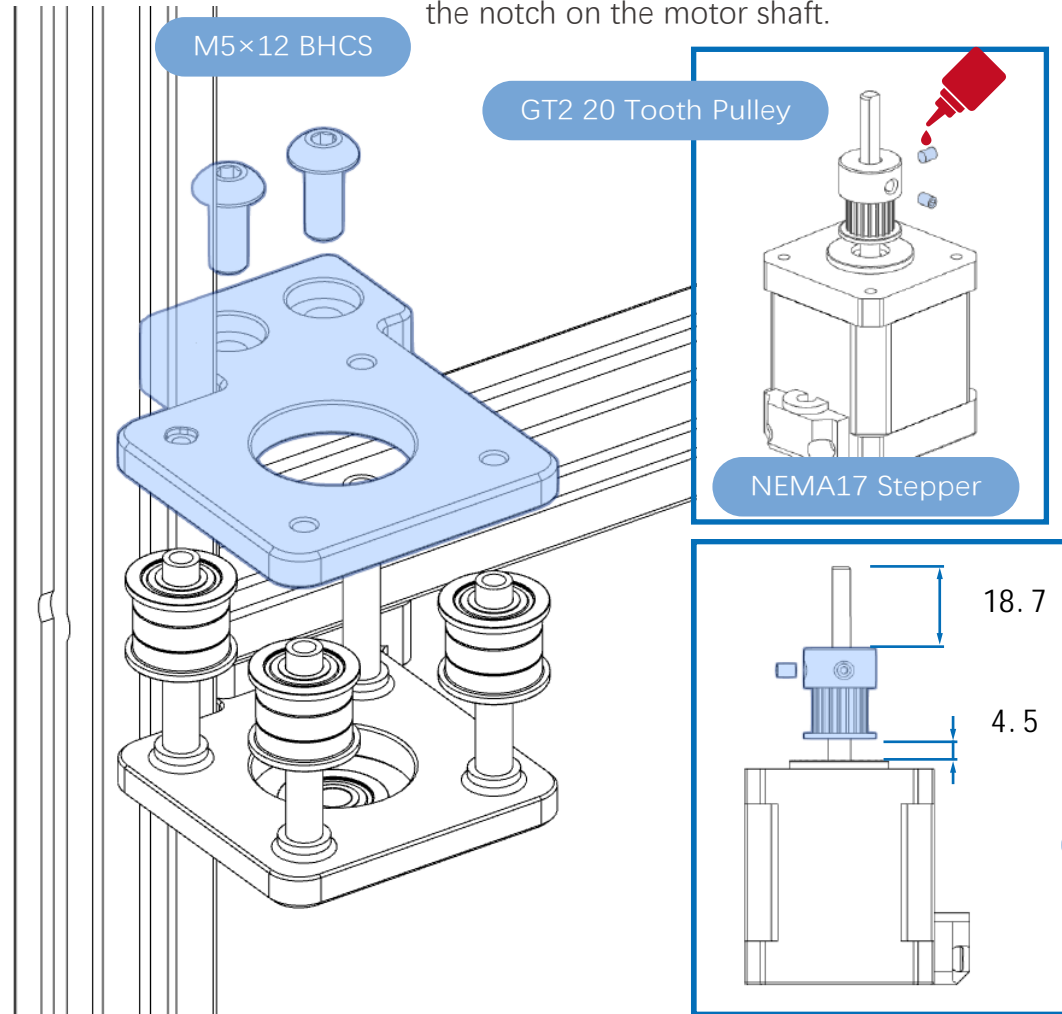
BEARING ISOLATION PILLAR

HOLLOW PILLAR



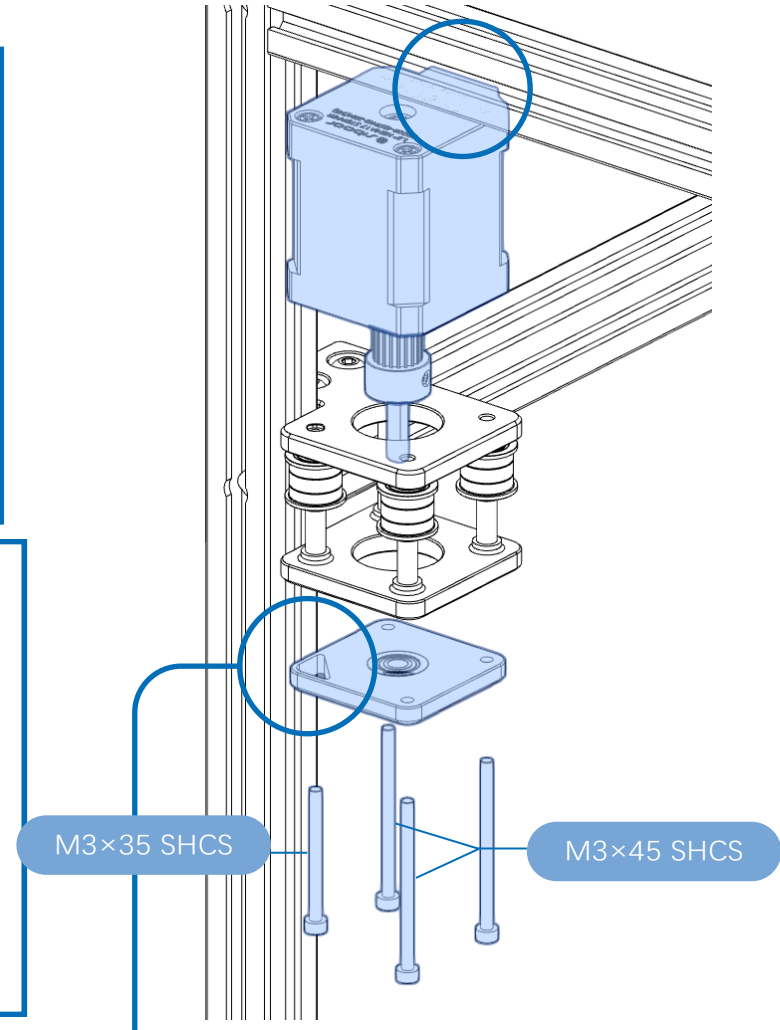
DIRECTION

The set screws should align with the notch on the motor shaft.



MOTOR ORIENTATION

Pay attention to the orientation of the cable exit.

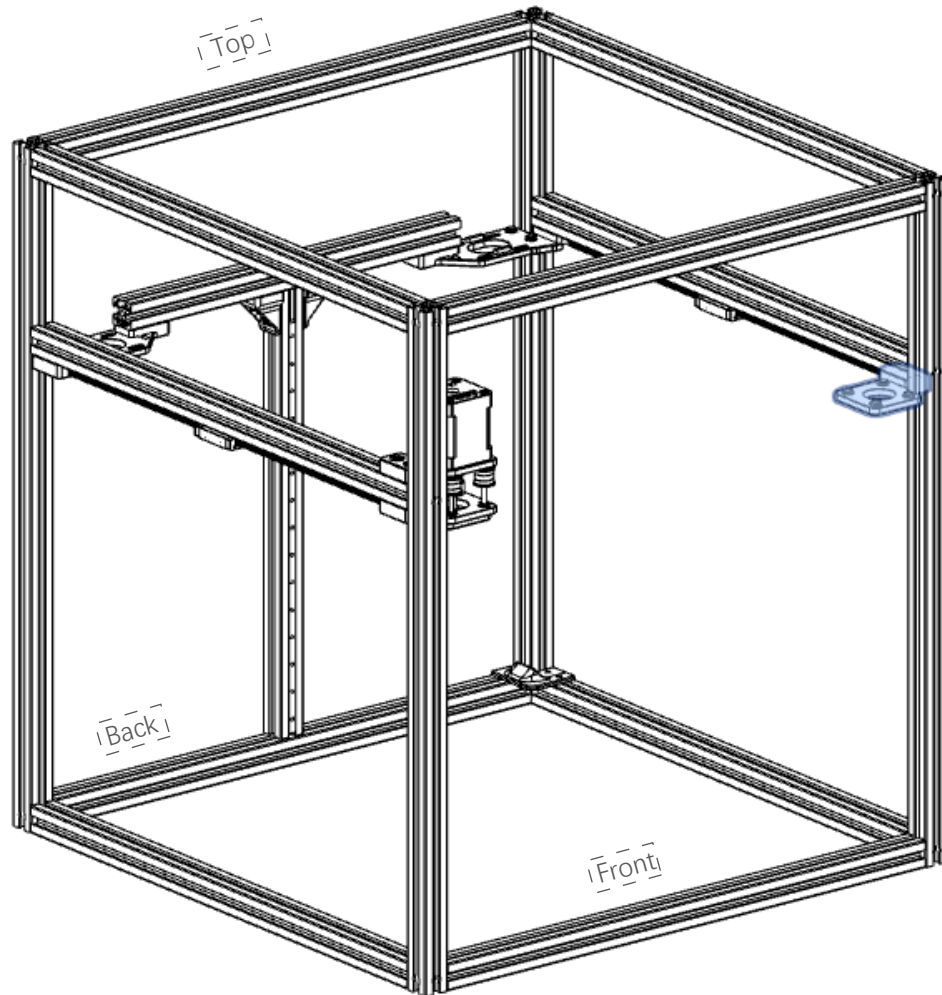


THREAD LOCKER

Consider adding threadlocker for the specific screw (e.g., the Voron motor mount screw). this screw often loosens and causes tension issues. Note that some threadlockers might lock too tightly for future adjustments. If threadlocker is unavailable, you can temporarily skip this step.

A bearing cap with a triangular notch is used in this instance.



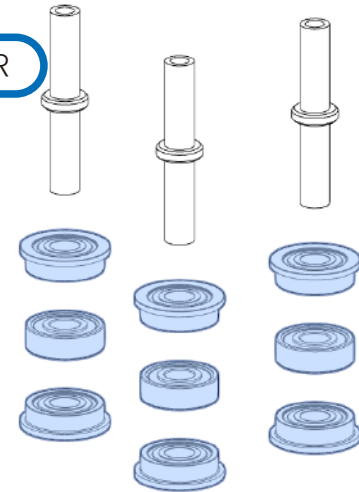


BEARING ISOLATION PILLAR

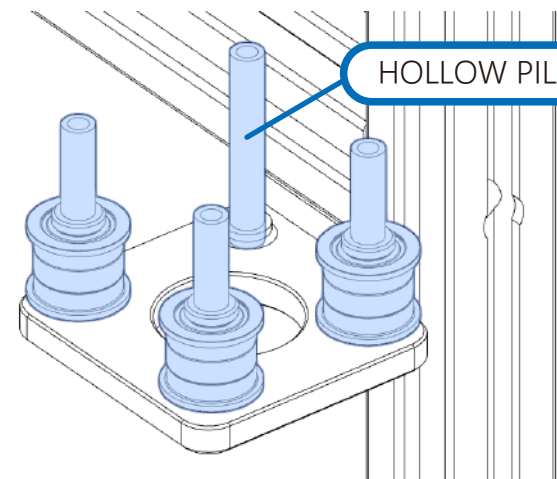
F695 Bearing×3

695 Bearing×3

F695 Bearing×3

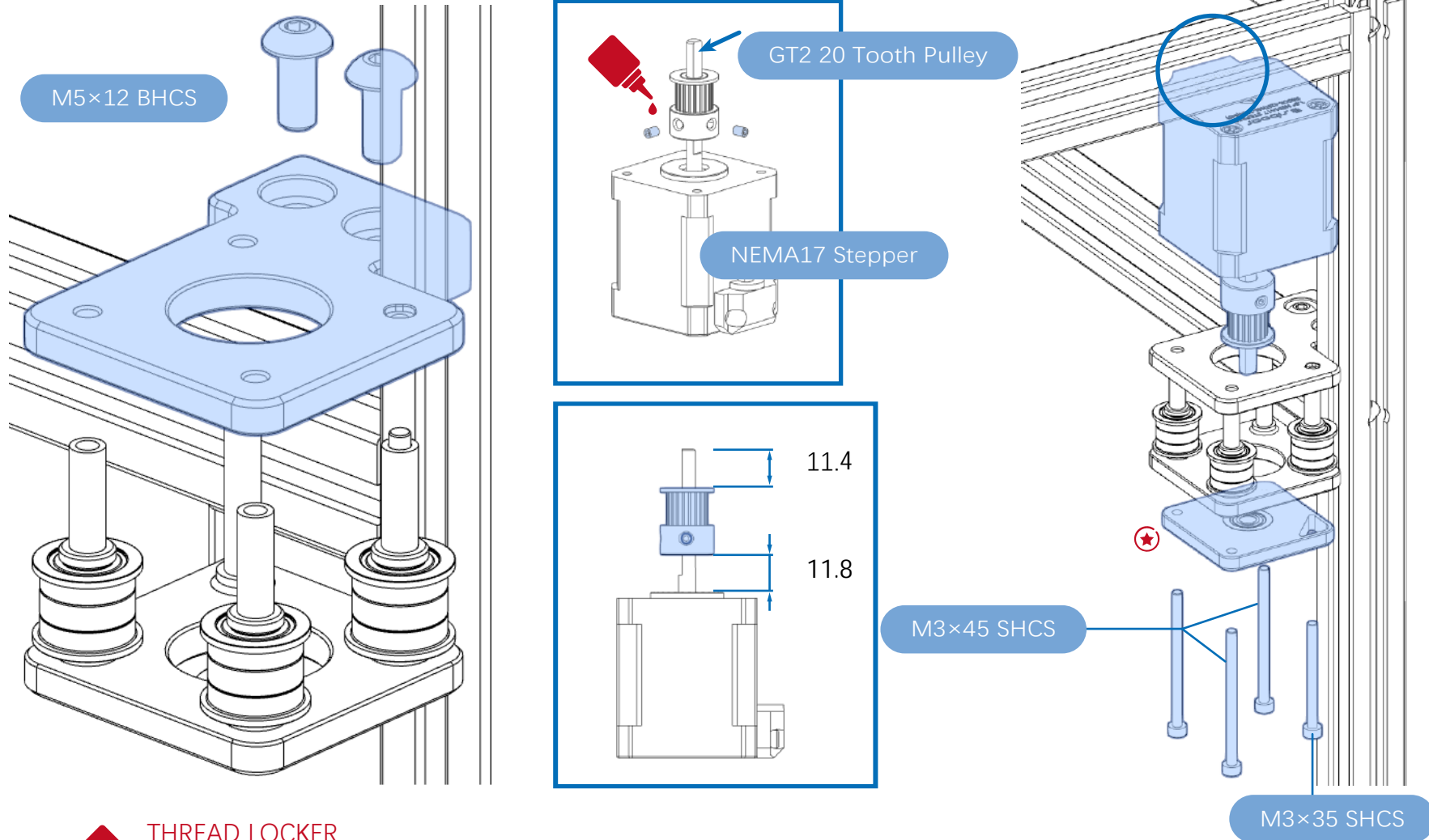


HOLLOW PILLAR



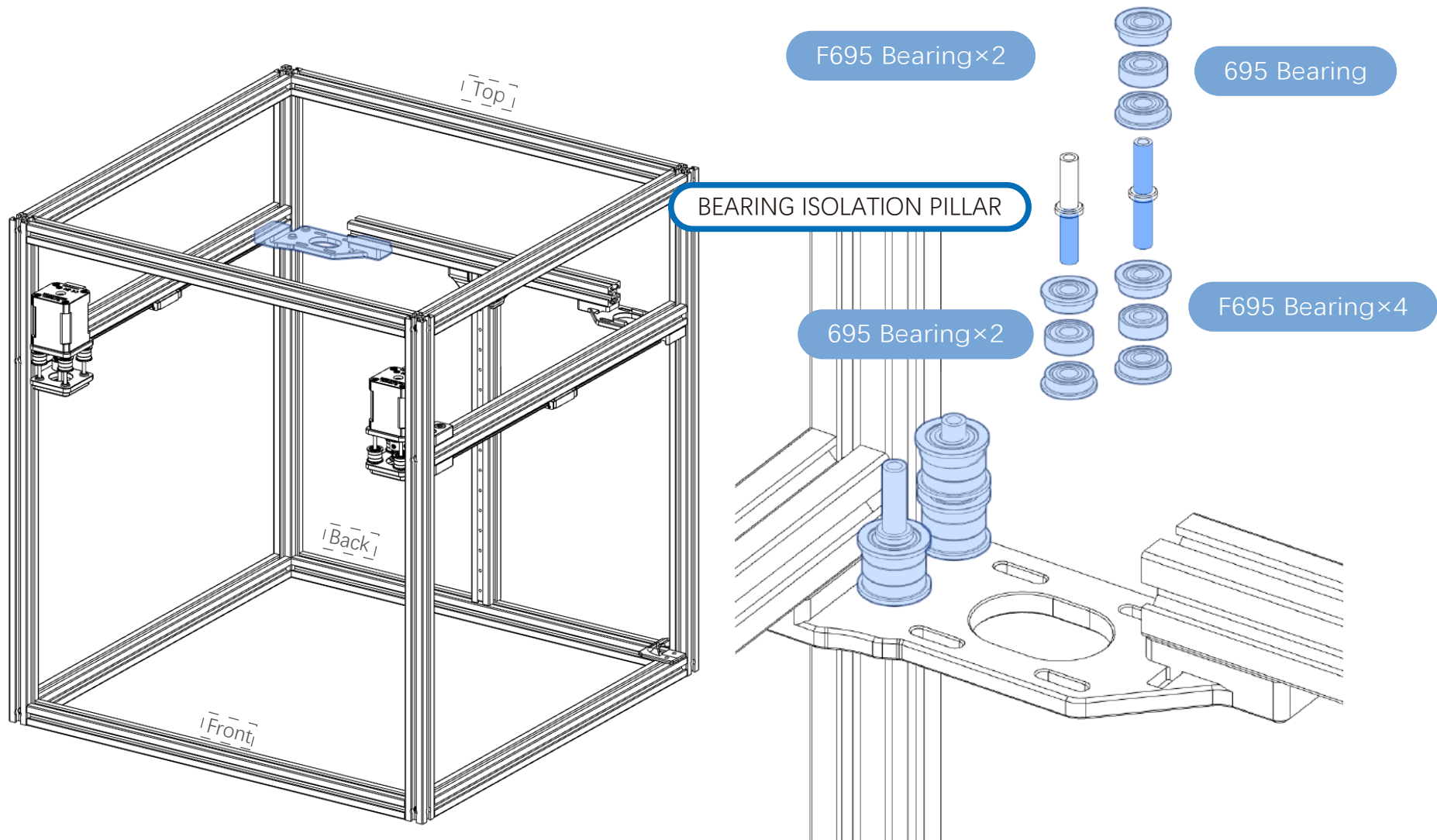
DIRECTION

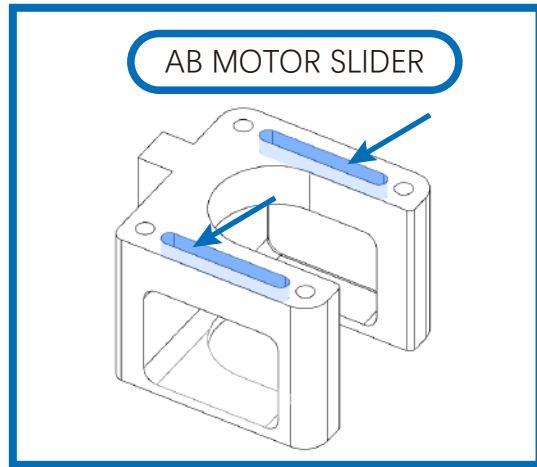
The set screws should align with the notch on the motor shaft.



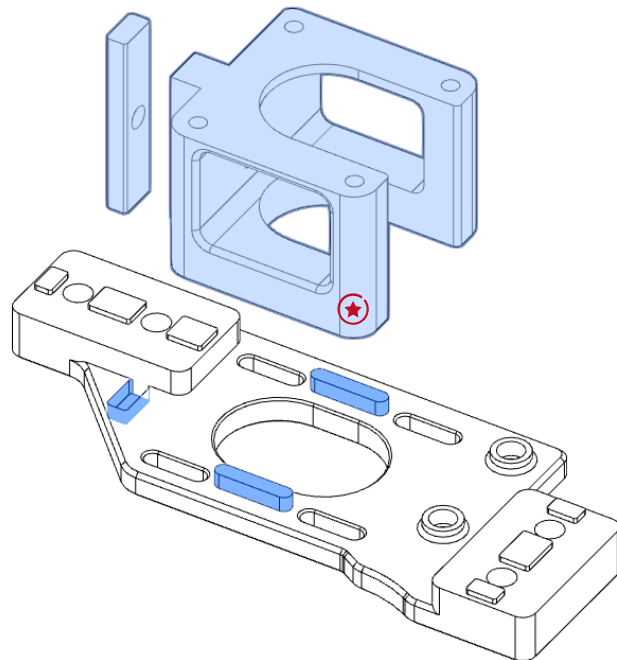
THREAD LOCKER

Consider adding threadlocker for the specific screw (e.g., the Voron motor mount screw). this screw often loosens and causes tension issues. Note that some threadlockers might lock too tightly for future adjustments. If threadlocker is unavailable, you can temporarily skip this step.



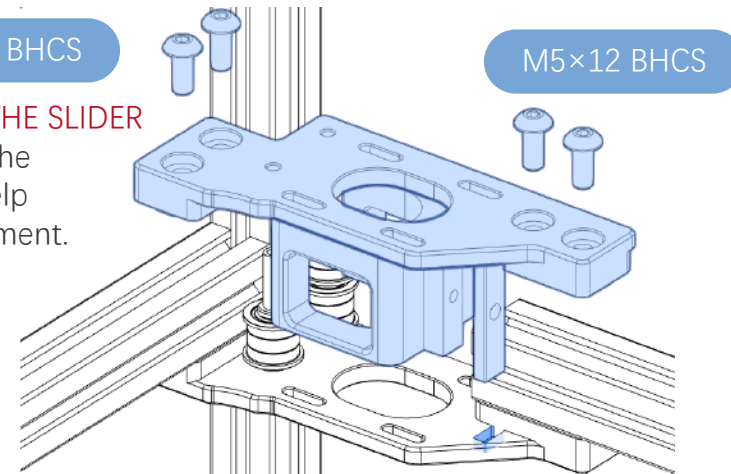


TENSIONING ALUMINUM BAR



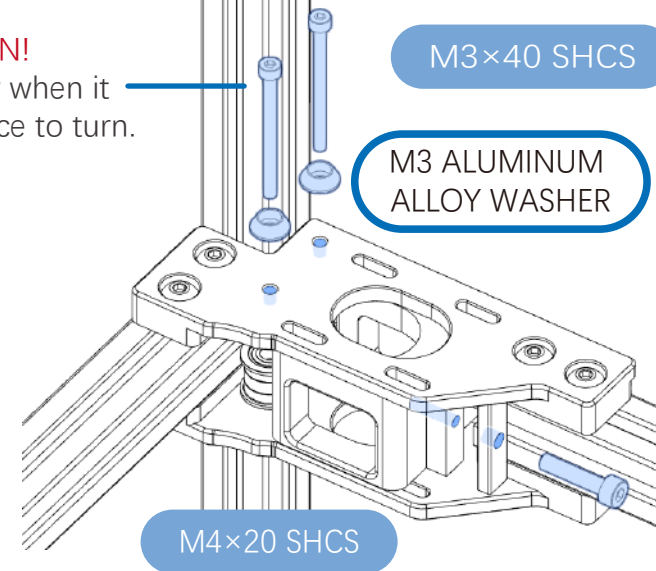
ADDING LUBRICANT TO THE SLIDER

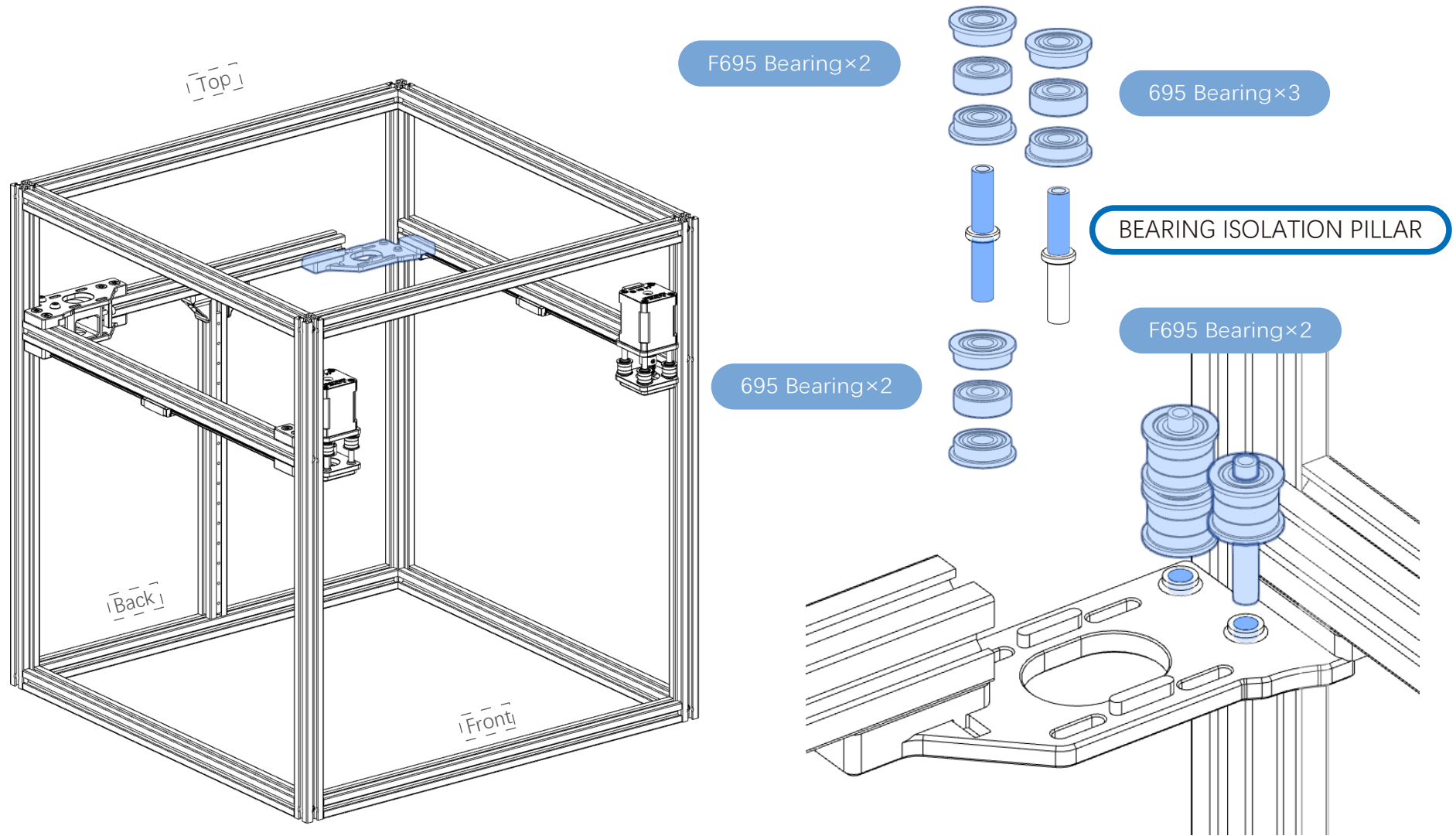
Applying some grease in the groove of the slider will help facilitate its smooth movement.

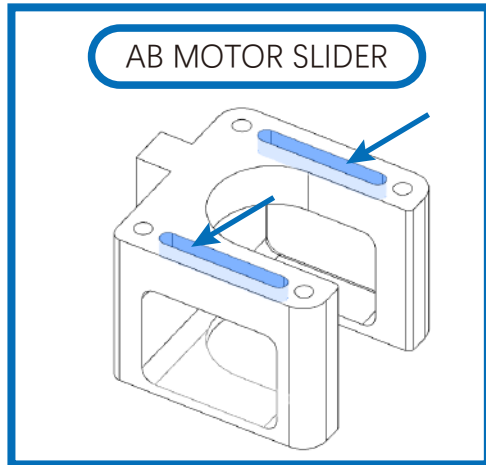


DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN!

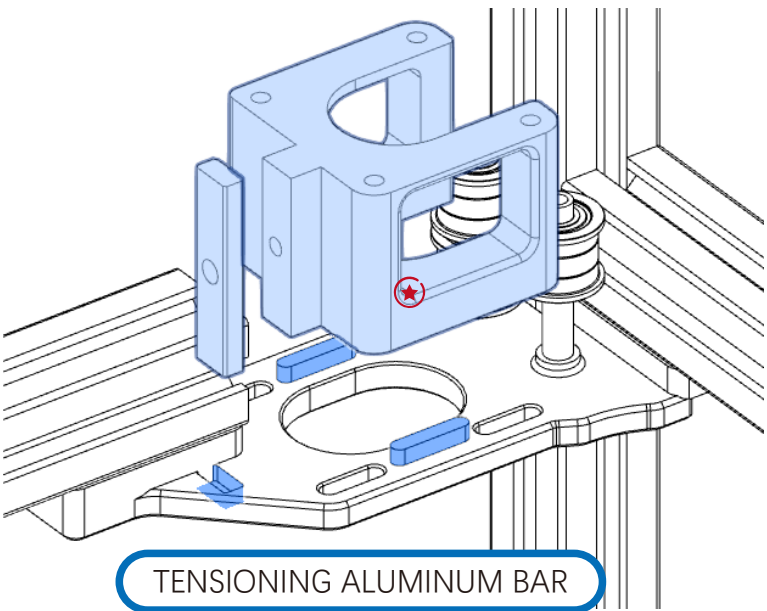
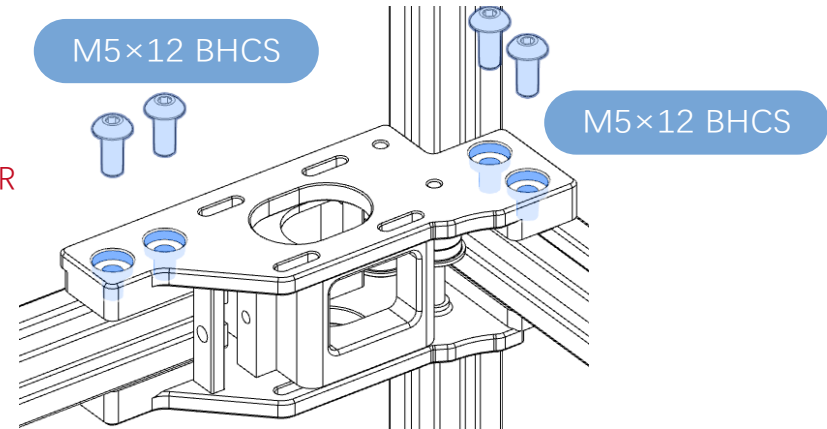
Stop turning the screw when it requires significant force to turn.



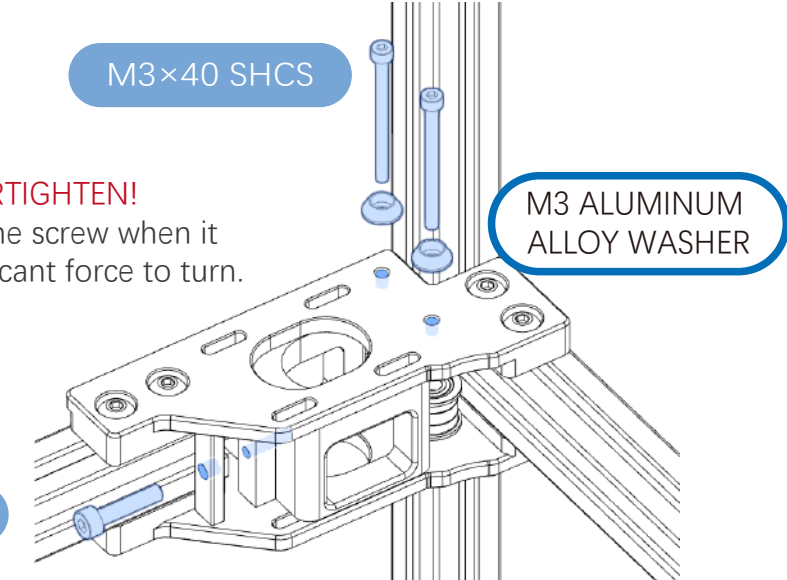




ADDING LUBRICANT TO THE SLIDER
Applying some grease in the groove of the slider will help facilitate its smooth movement.



DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN!
Stop turning the screw when it requires significant force to turn.

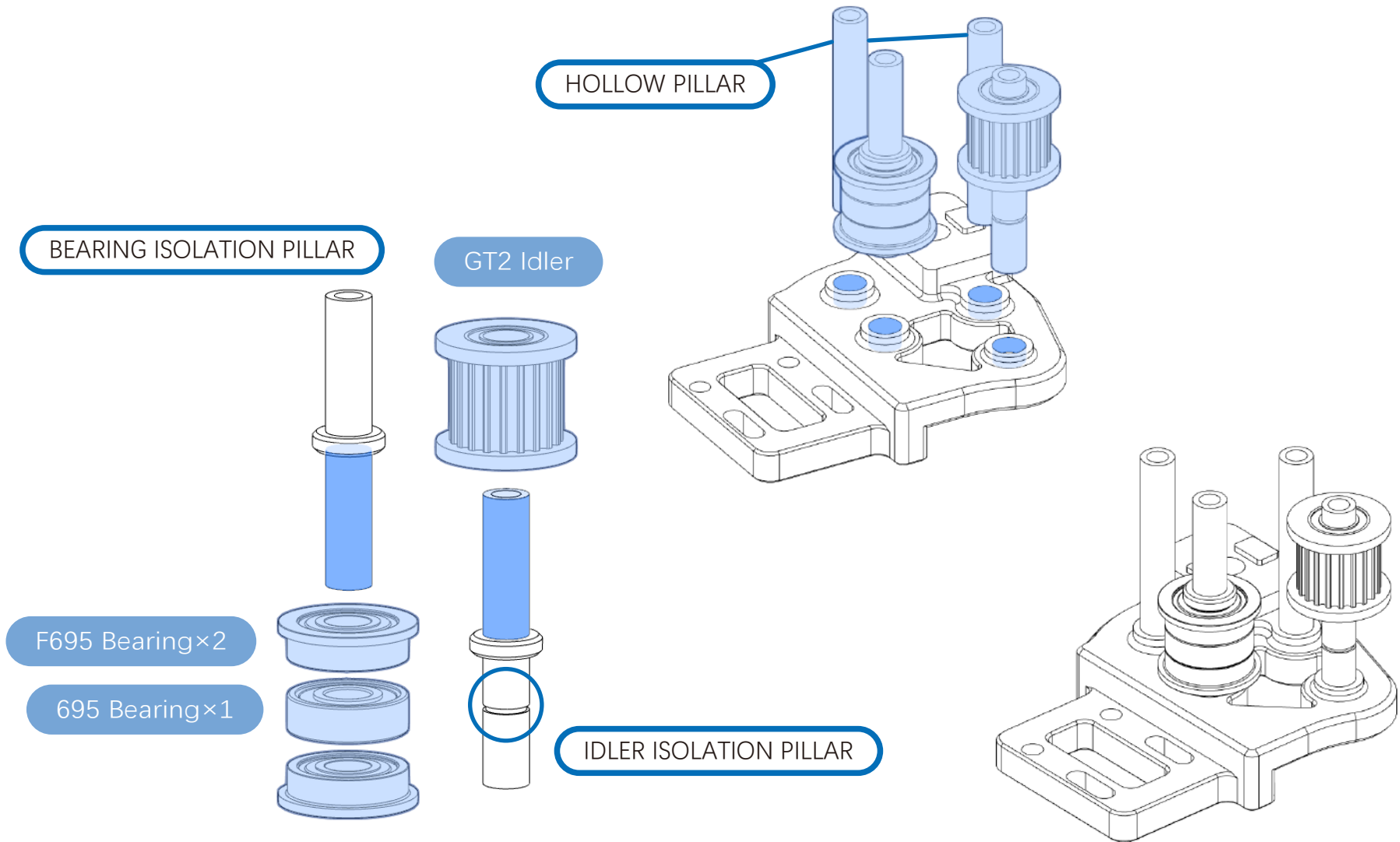


M4×20 SHCS

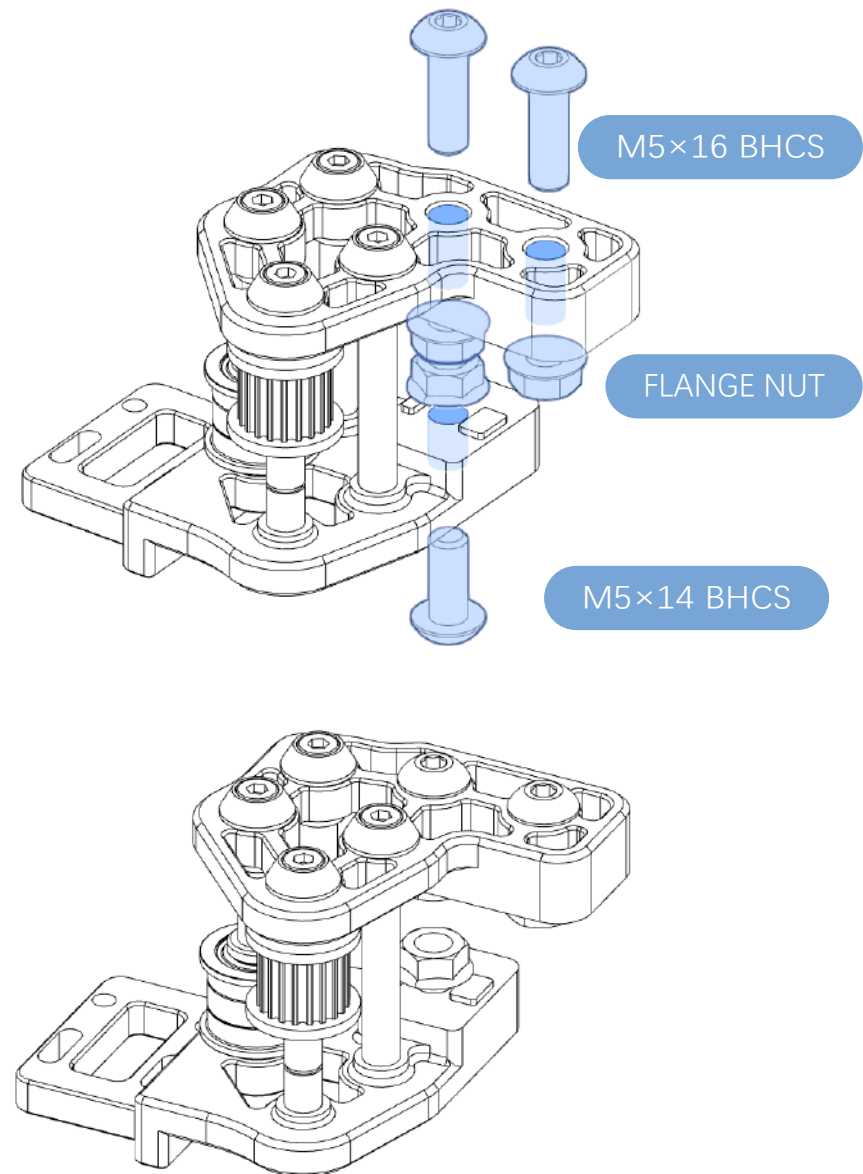
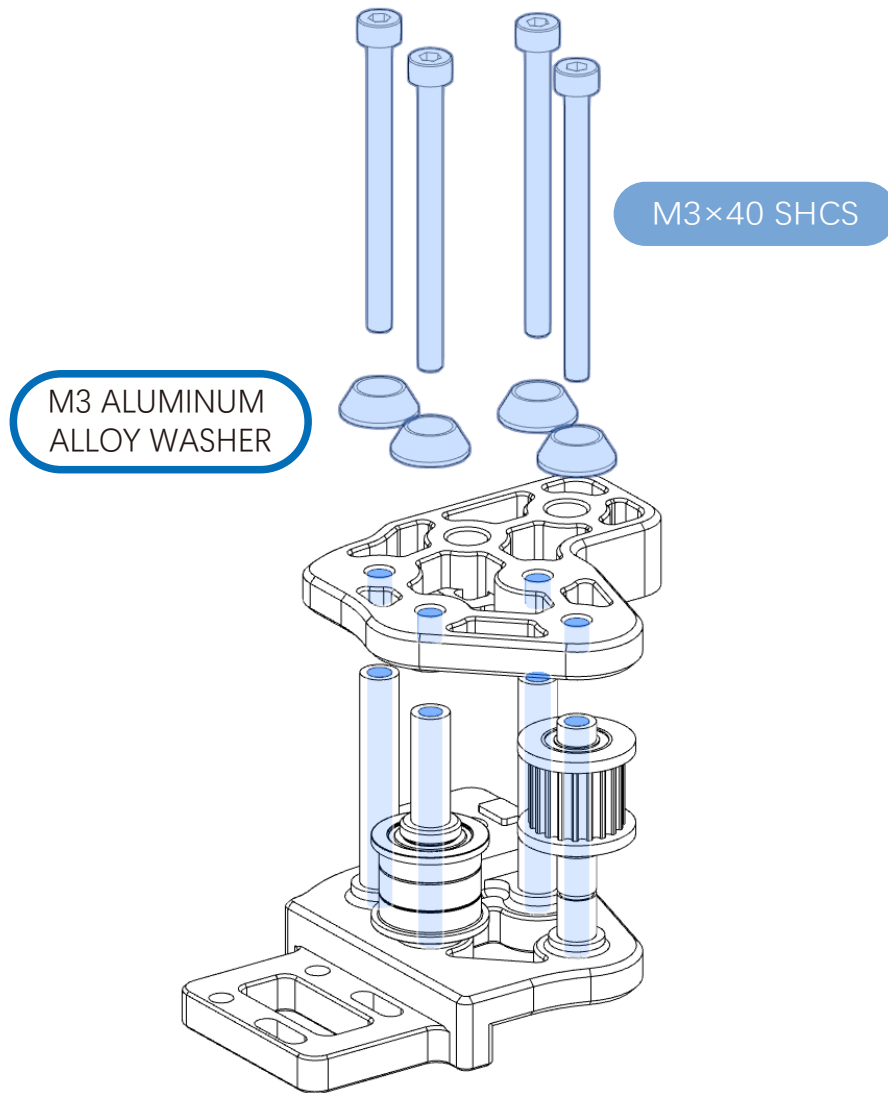
M4×20 SHCS only need to be threaded in 2-3 turns to facilitate subsequent belt tensioning.

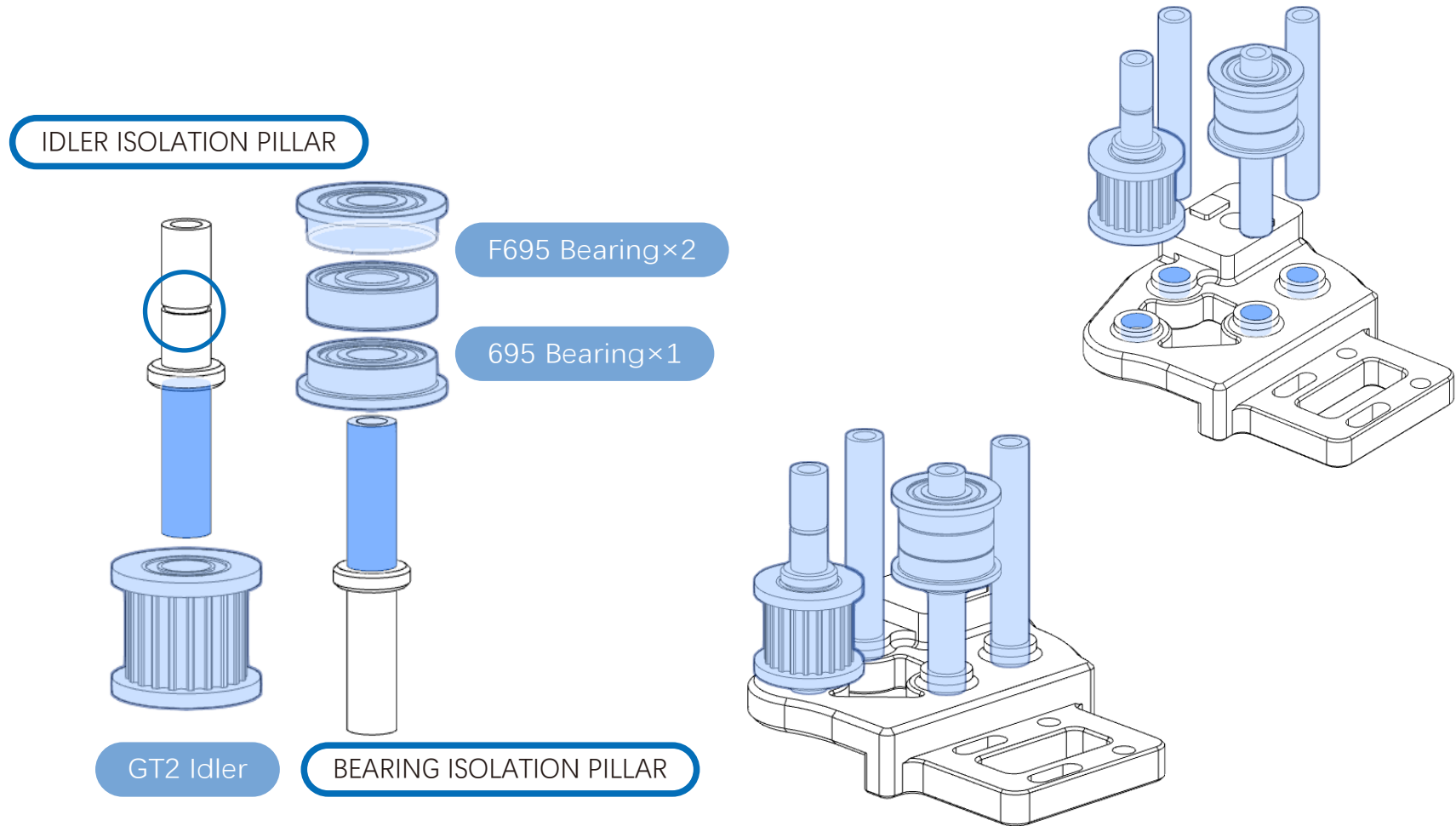
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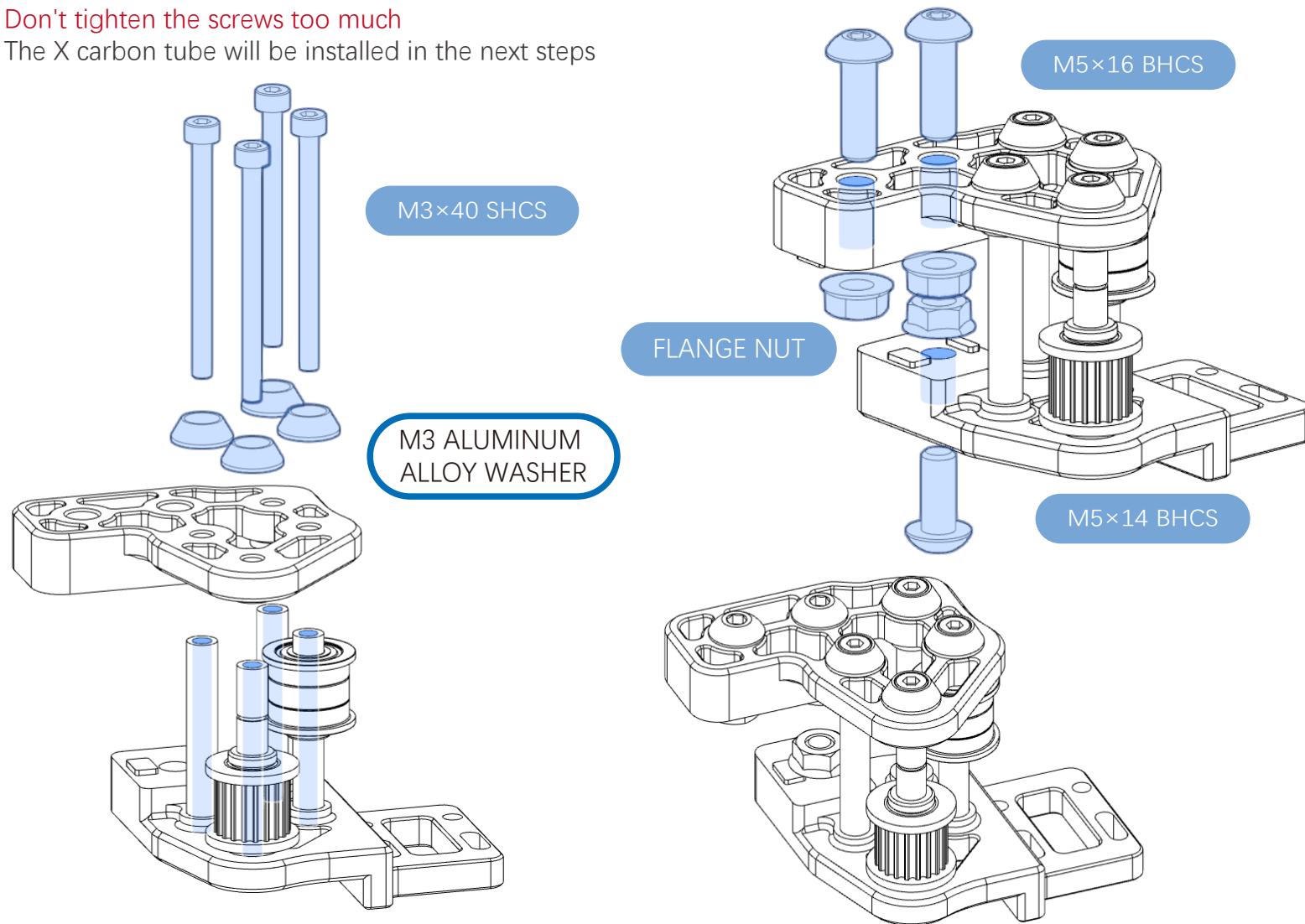


DON'T TIGHTEN THE SCREWS TOO MUCH
The X carbon tube will be installed in the next steps



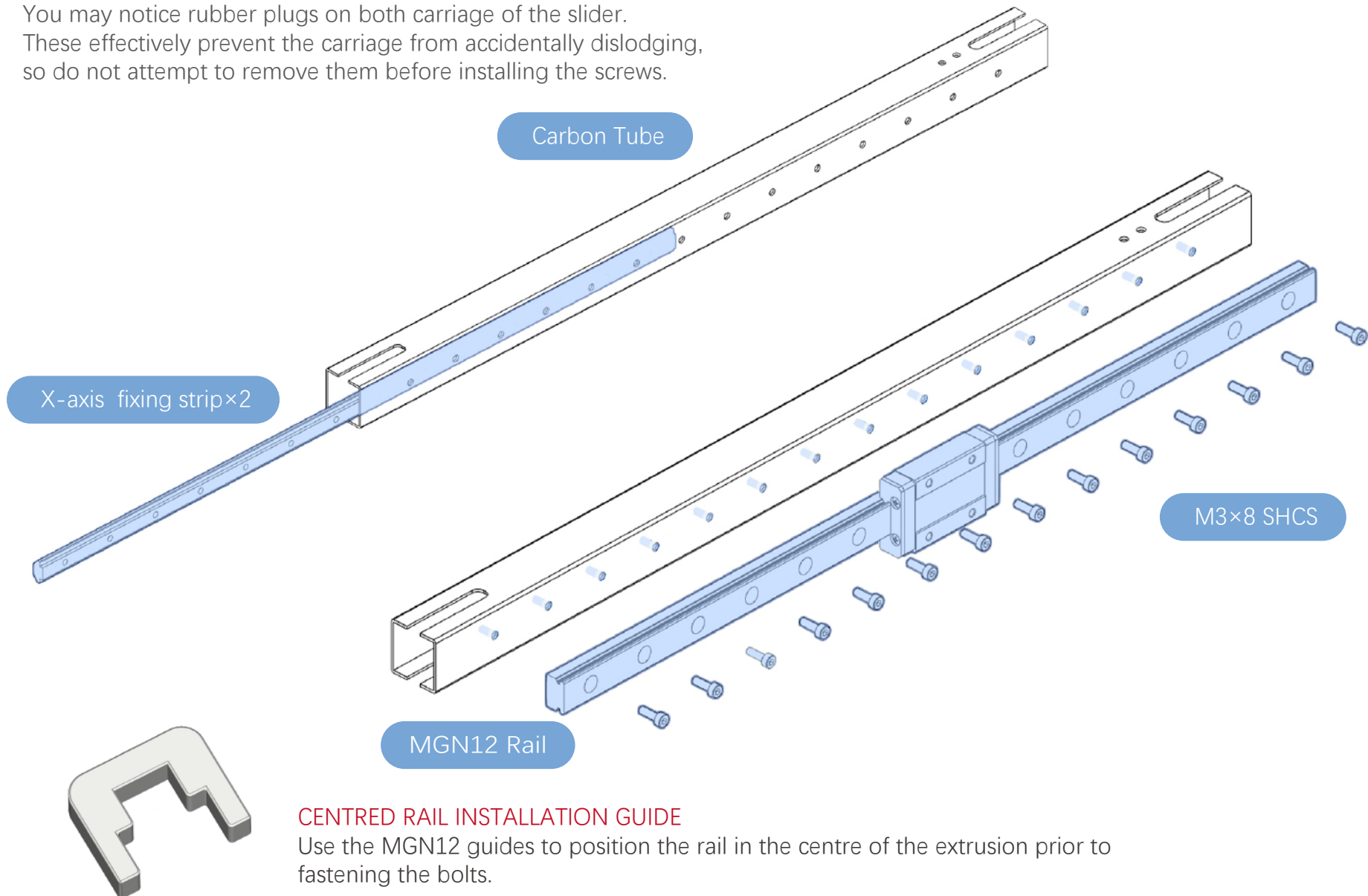


Don't tighten the screws too much
The X carbon tube will be installed in the next steps



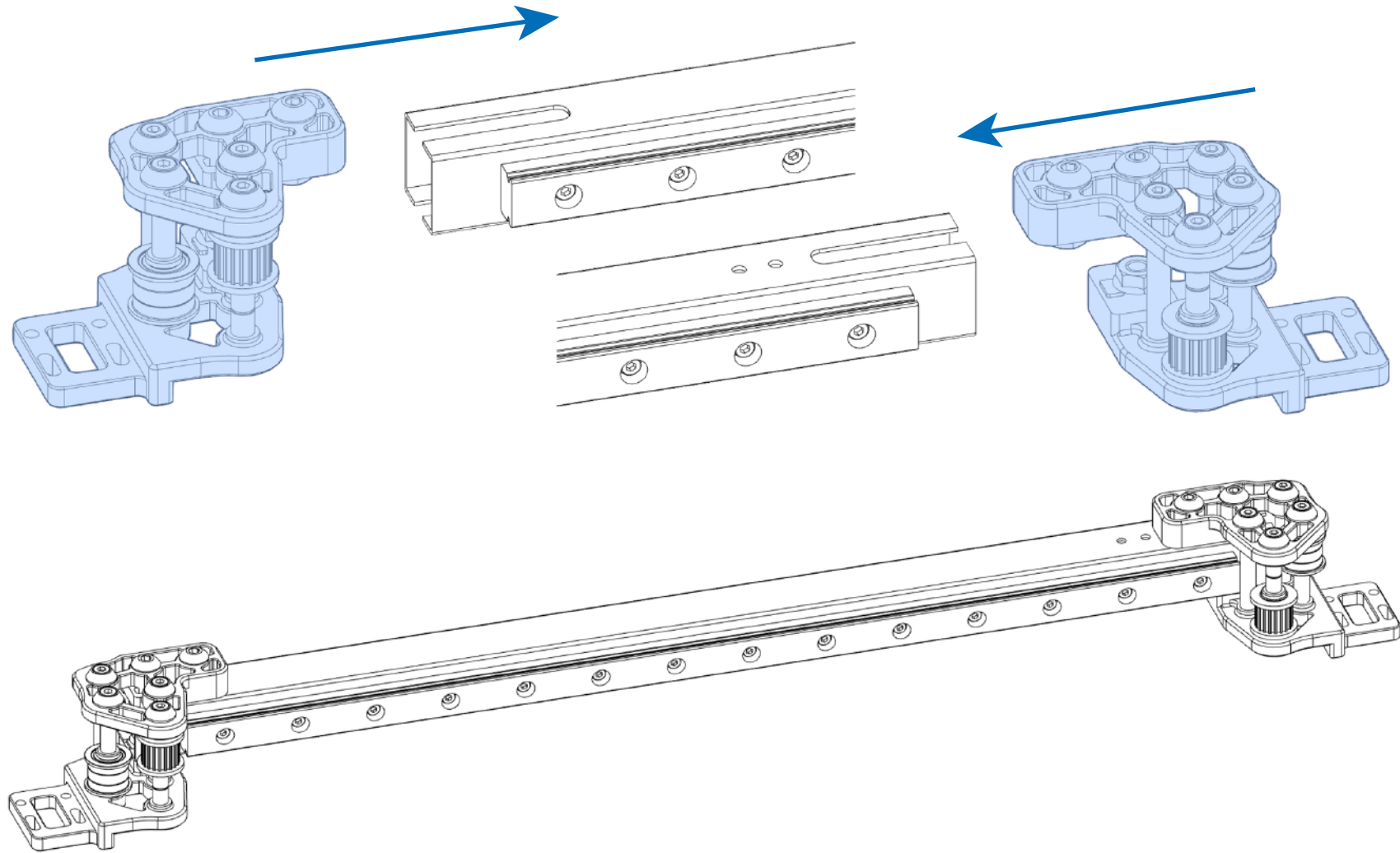
RUBBER PLUGS ON LINEAR RAIL

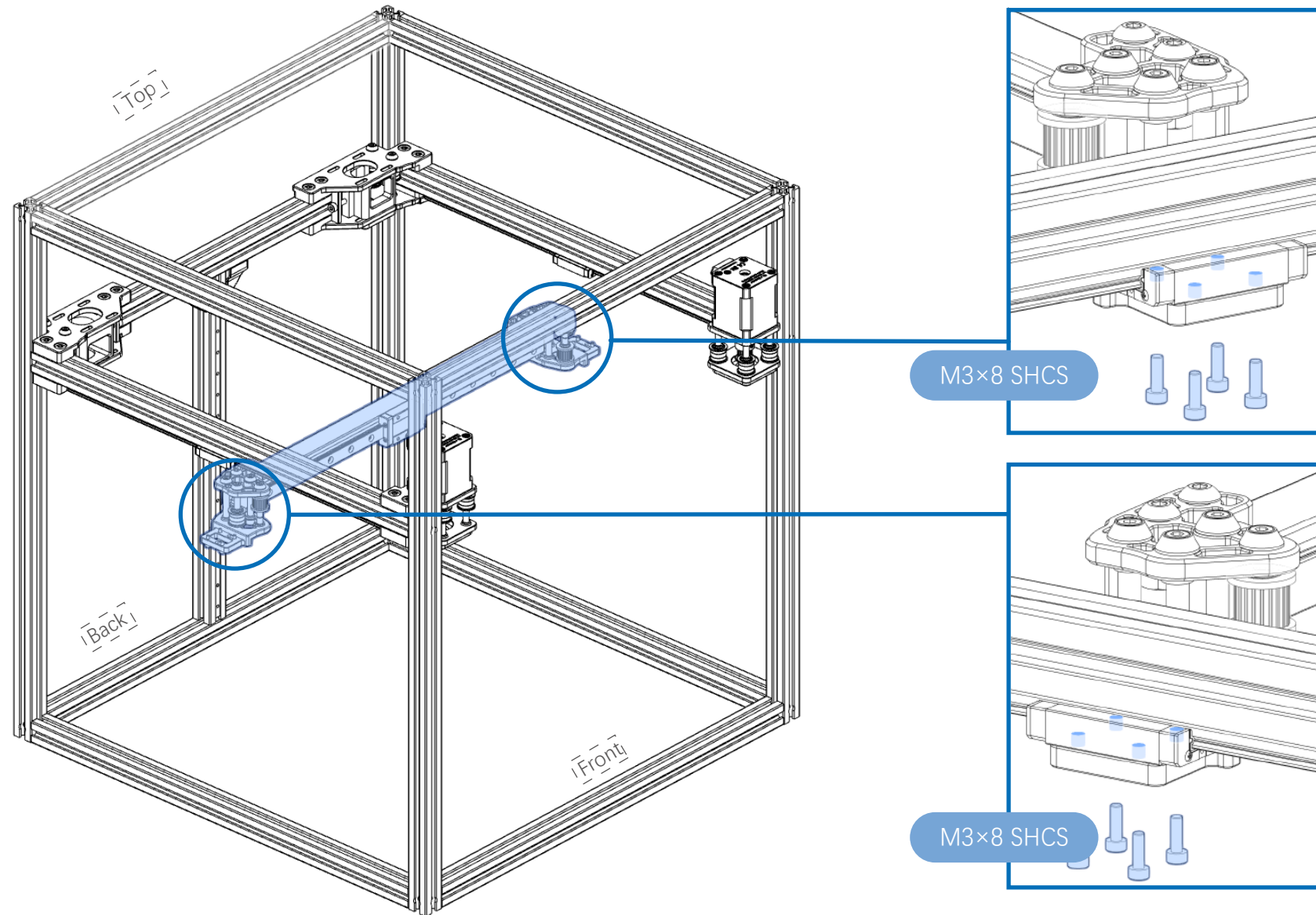
You may notice rubber plugs on both carriage of the slider. These effectively prevent the carriage from accidentally dislodging, so do not attempt to remove them before installing the screws.



CENTRED RAIL INSTALLATION GUIDE

Use the MGN12 guides to position the rail in the centre of the extrusion prior to fastening the bolts.

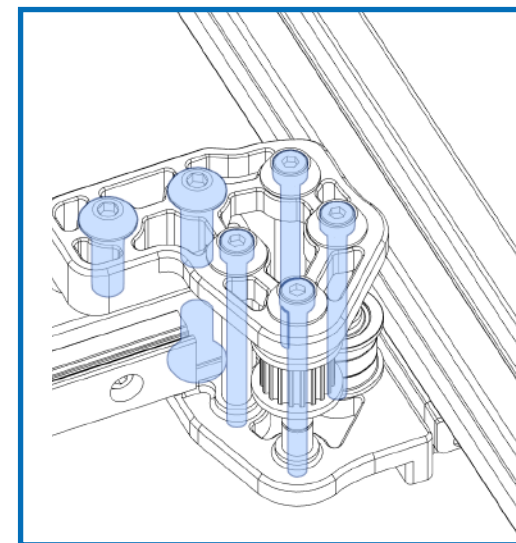
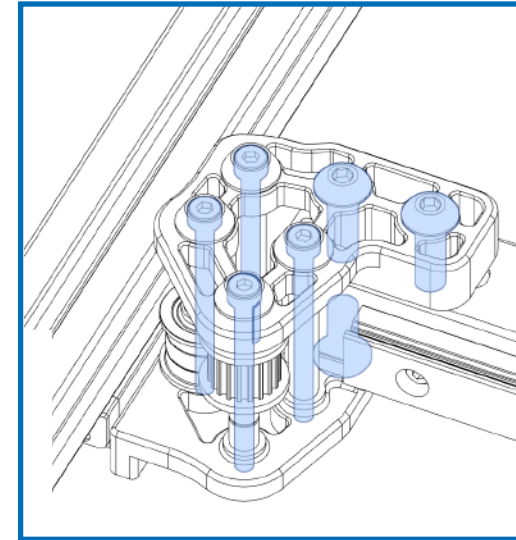
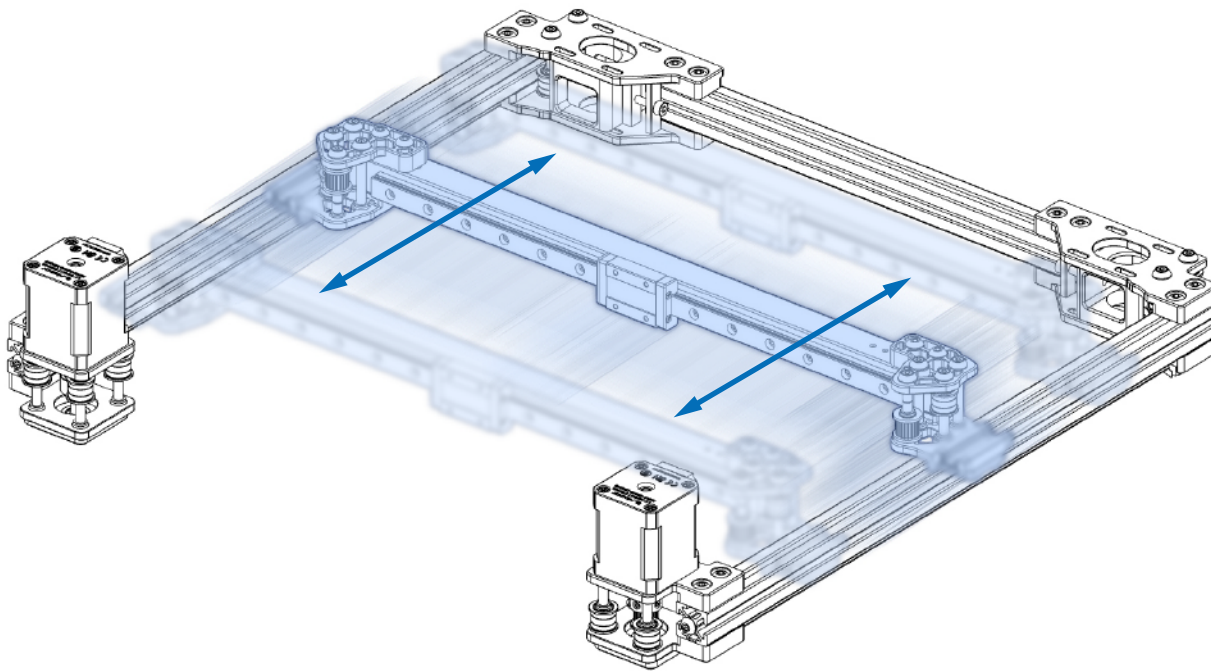


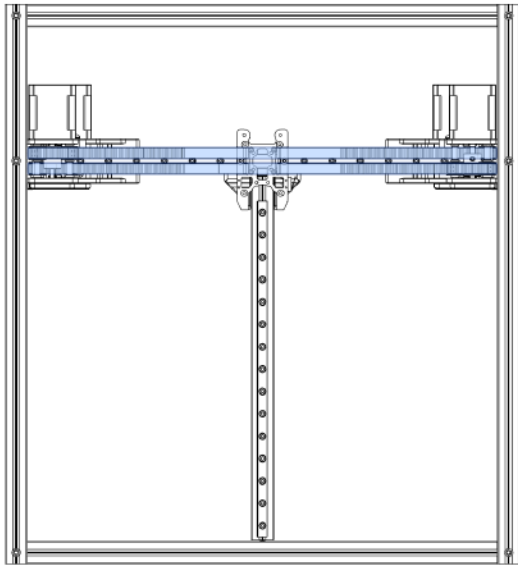
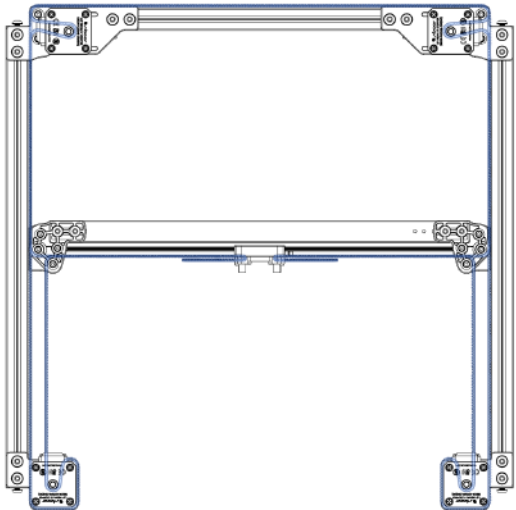
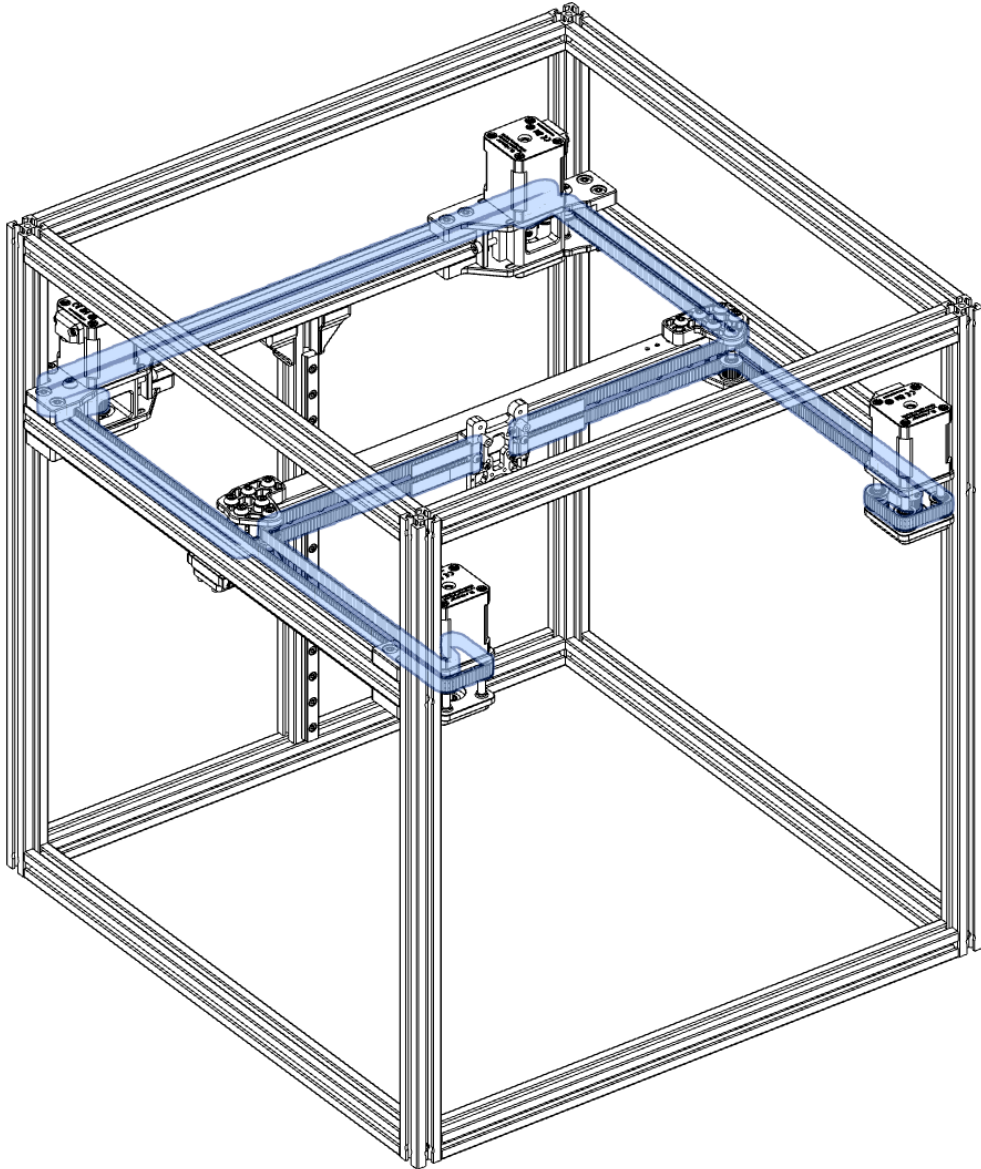


ADJUSTING THE X-AXIS JOINTS

Slide the X-axis part quickly along the Y-axis. Since the screws on both sides of the X-axis joints are not fully tightened, the joints will automatically adjust their positions on the carbon tubes during the sliding process. Once you feel the movement is very smooth and without any resistance, you can fully tighten the screws on both sides of the X-axis joints.

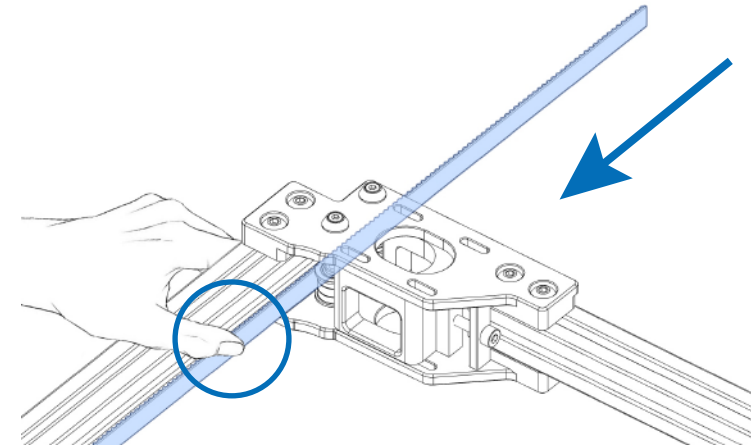
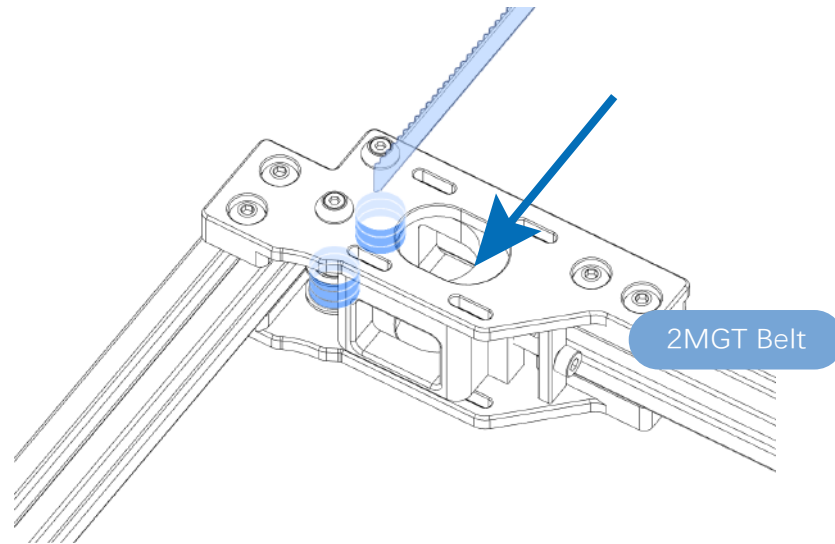
Don't forget to tighten the M5×12 BHCS screws at the bottom; otherwise, they may become loose and fall off during high-speed machine operation.





INSTRUCTION

Cut the timing belt in the kit into two equal parts.

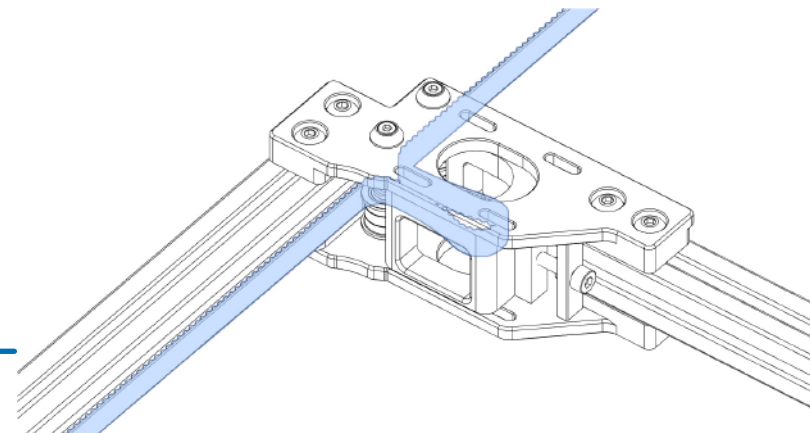
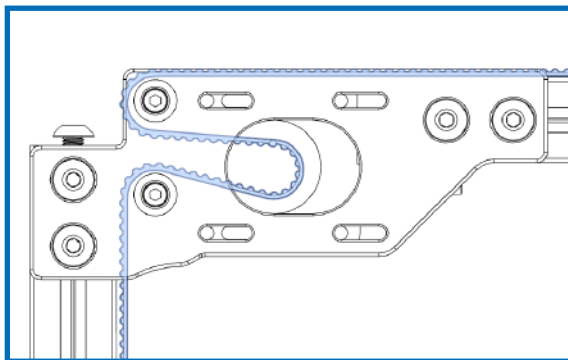


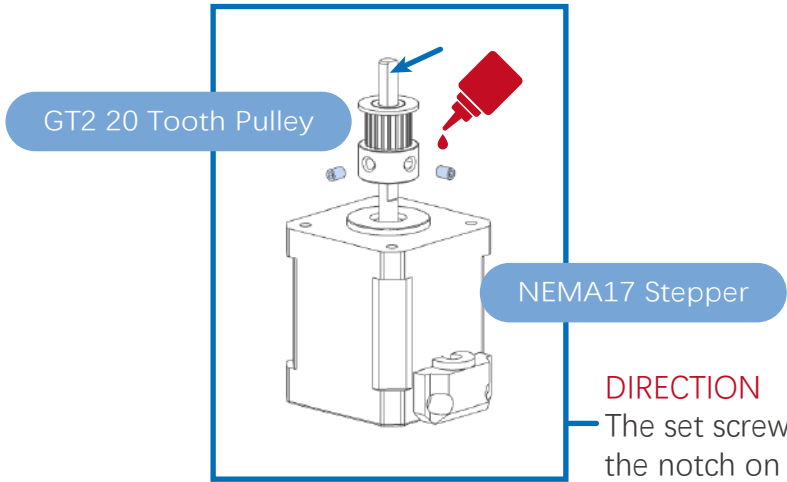
FEEDING THE TIMING BELT

Hold the timing belt at the exit point and continue feeding it until the belt is forced into place between the two sets of bearings under pressure.

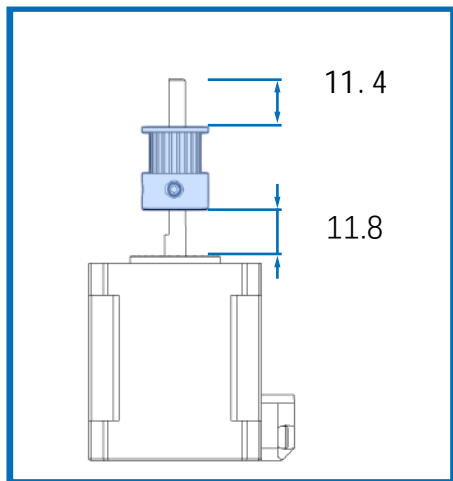
TEMPORARILY HIDING THE FRAME EXTRUSION

To provide a clear demonstration of the timing belt installation steps, we will temporarily hide the frame extrusion in the subsequent sections.

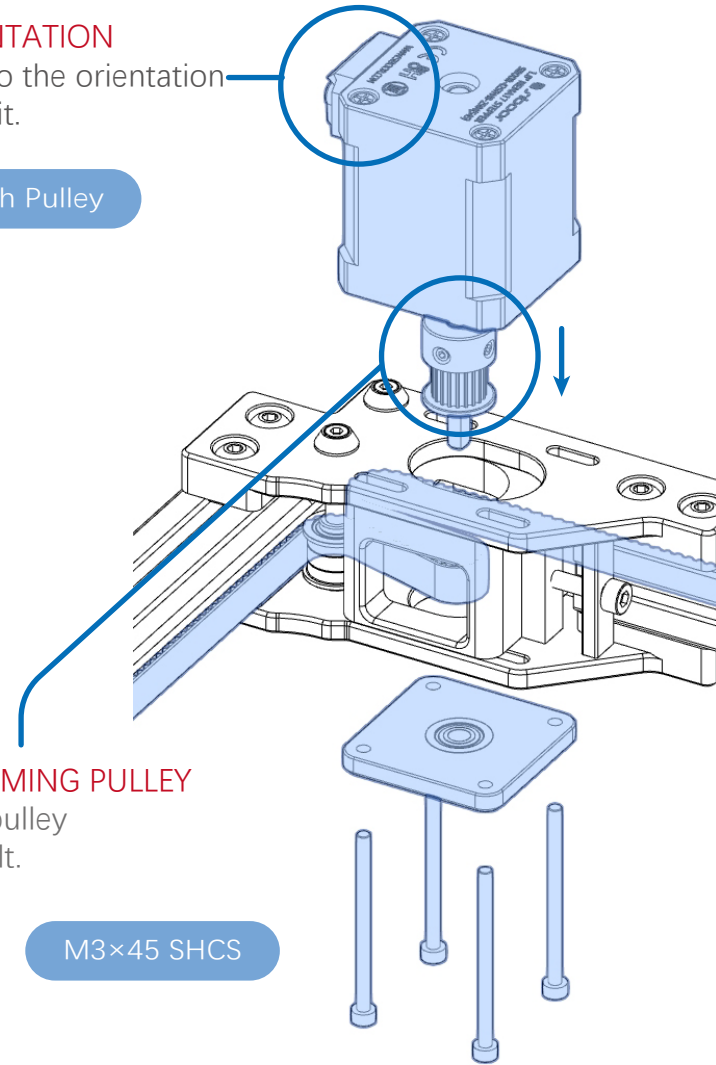




DIRECTION
The set screws should align with the notch on the motor shaft.



MOTOR ORIENTATION
Pay attention to the orientation of the cable exit.

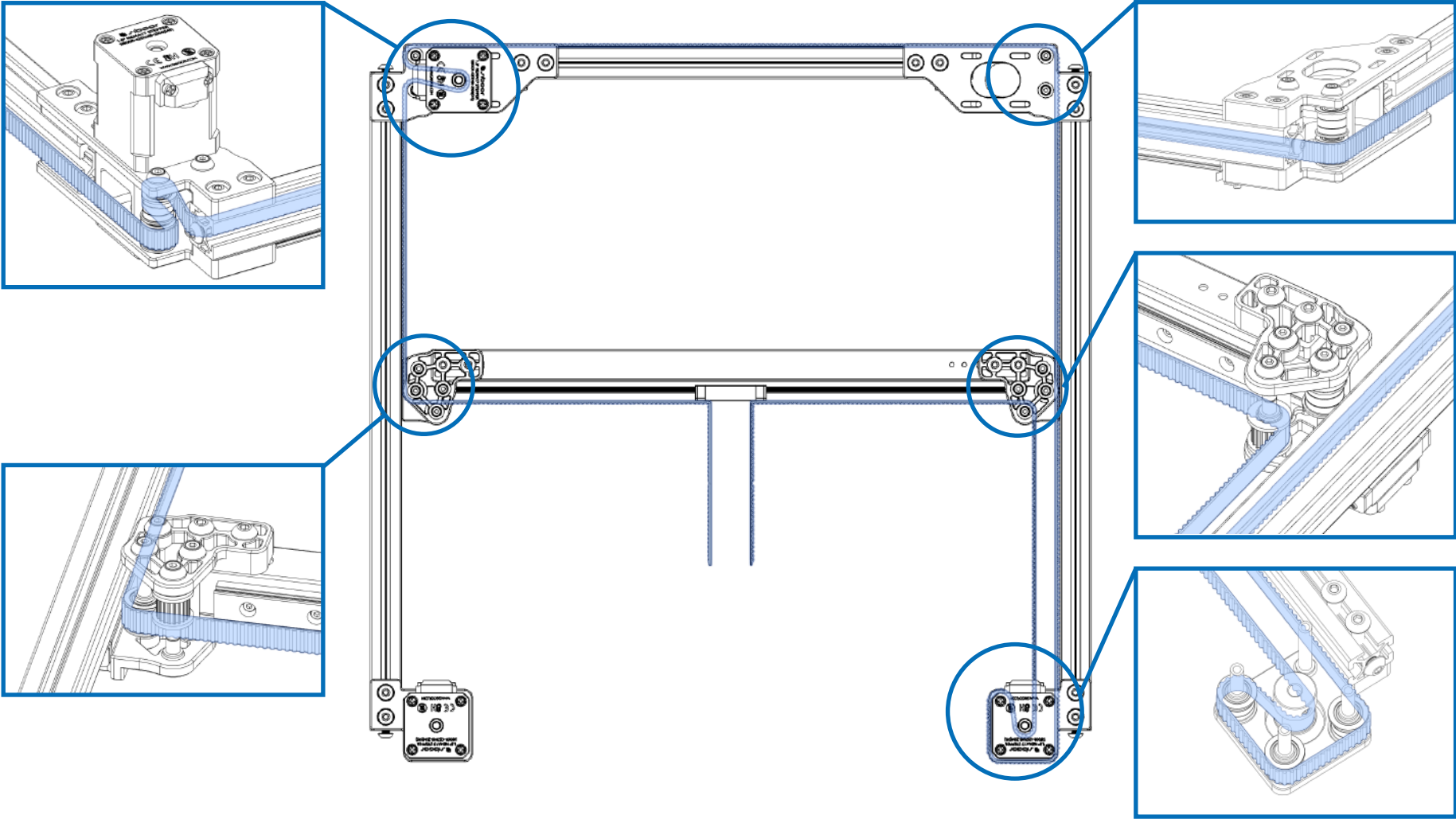


INSERTING THE TIMING PULLEY
Insert the timing pulley into the timing belt.



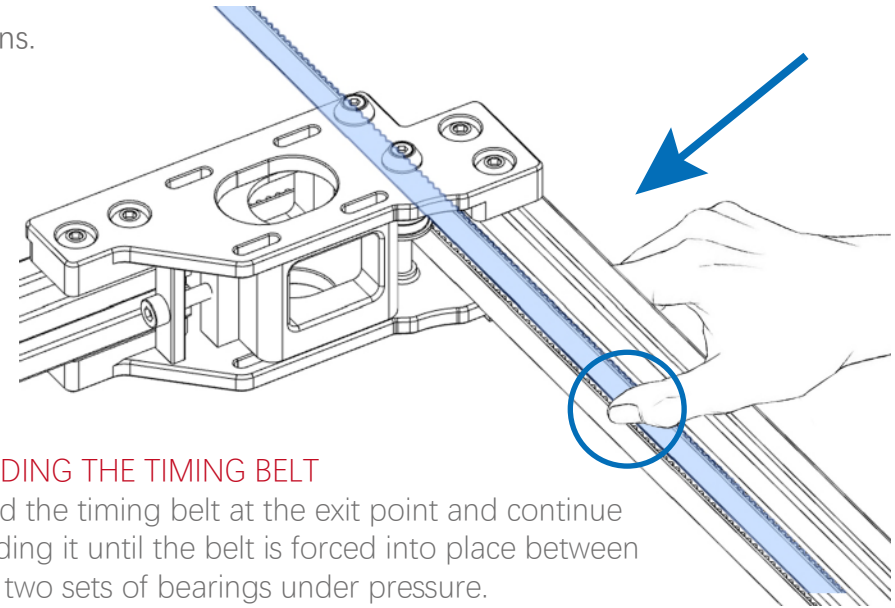
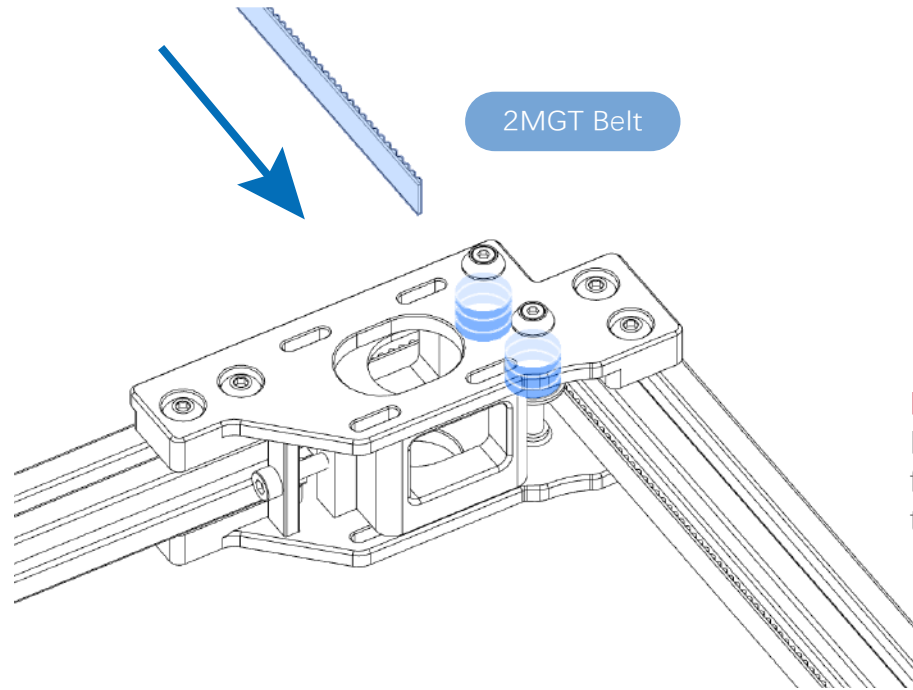
THREAD LOCKER

Consider adding threadlocker for the specific screw (e.g., the Voron motor mount screw). this screw often loosens and causes tension issues. Note that some threadlockers might lock too tightly for future adjustments. If threadlocker is unavailable, you can temporarily skip this step.



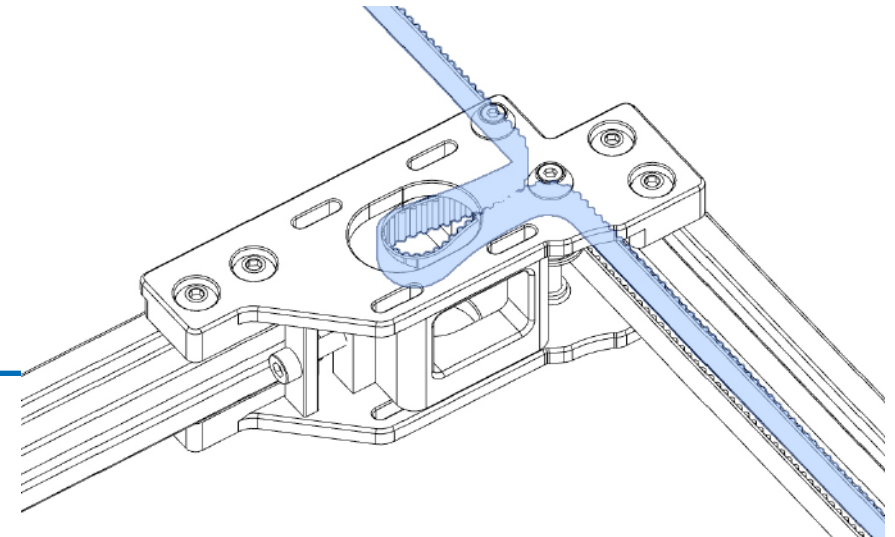
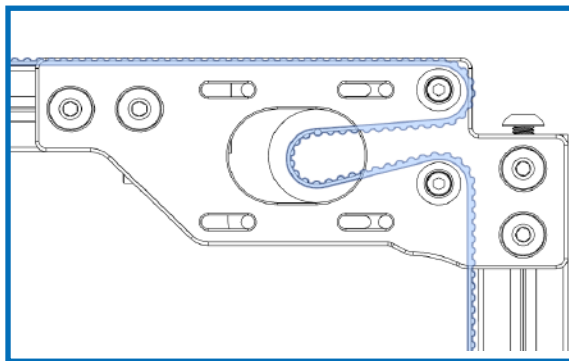
TEMPORARILY HIDING THE FRAME EXTRUSION

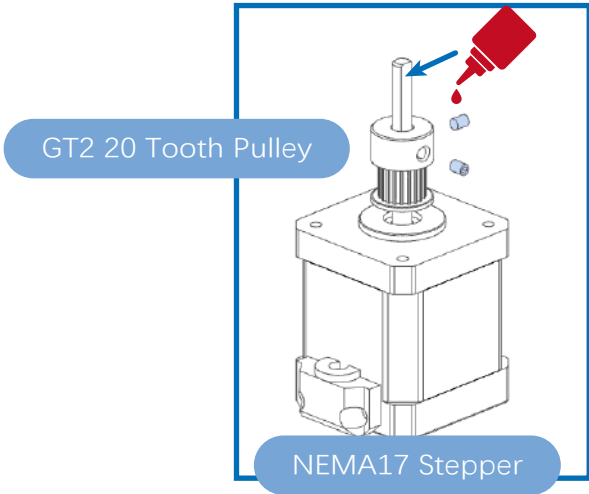
To provide a clear demonstration of the timing belt installation steps, we will temporarily hide the frame extrusion in the subsequent sections.



FEEDING THE TIMING BELT

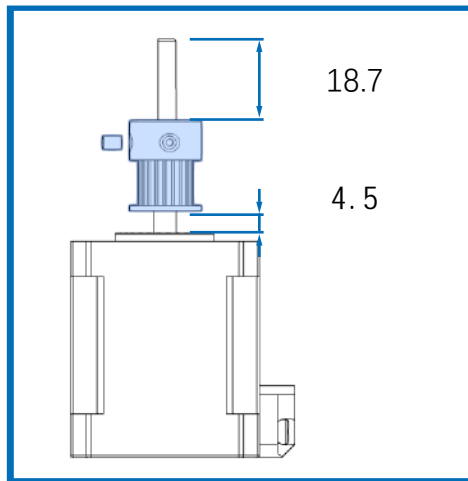
Hold the timing belt at the exit point and continue feeding it until the belt is forced into place between the two sets of bearings under pressure.





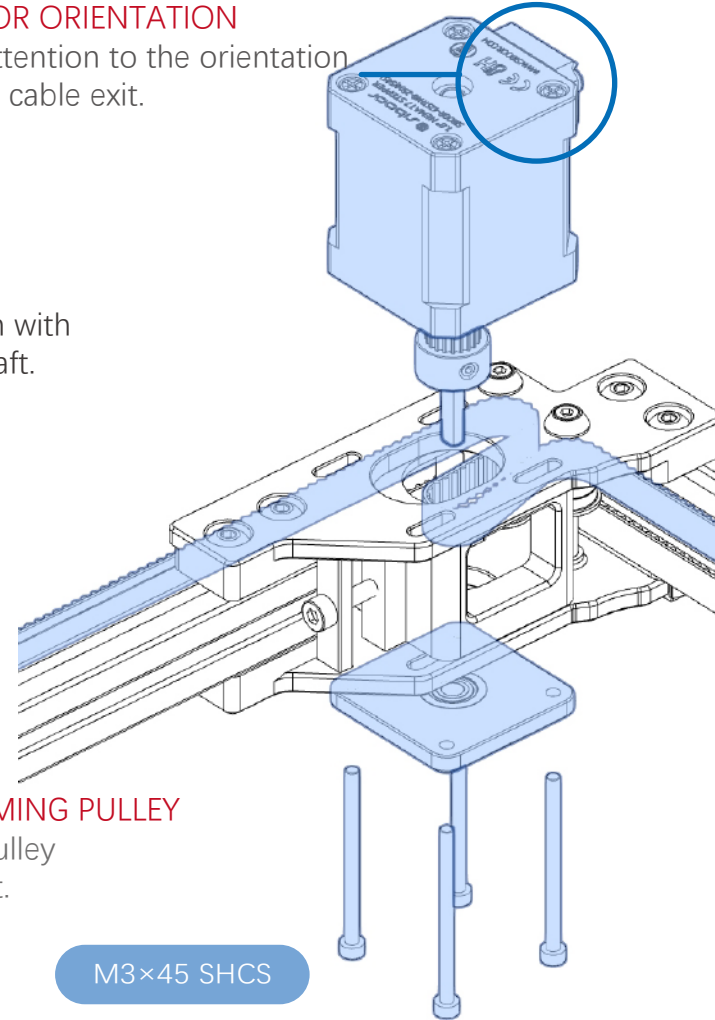
DIRECTION

The set screws should align with the notch on the motor shaft.



MOTOR ORIENTATION

Pay attention to the orientation of the cable exit.



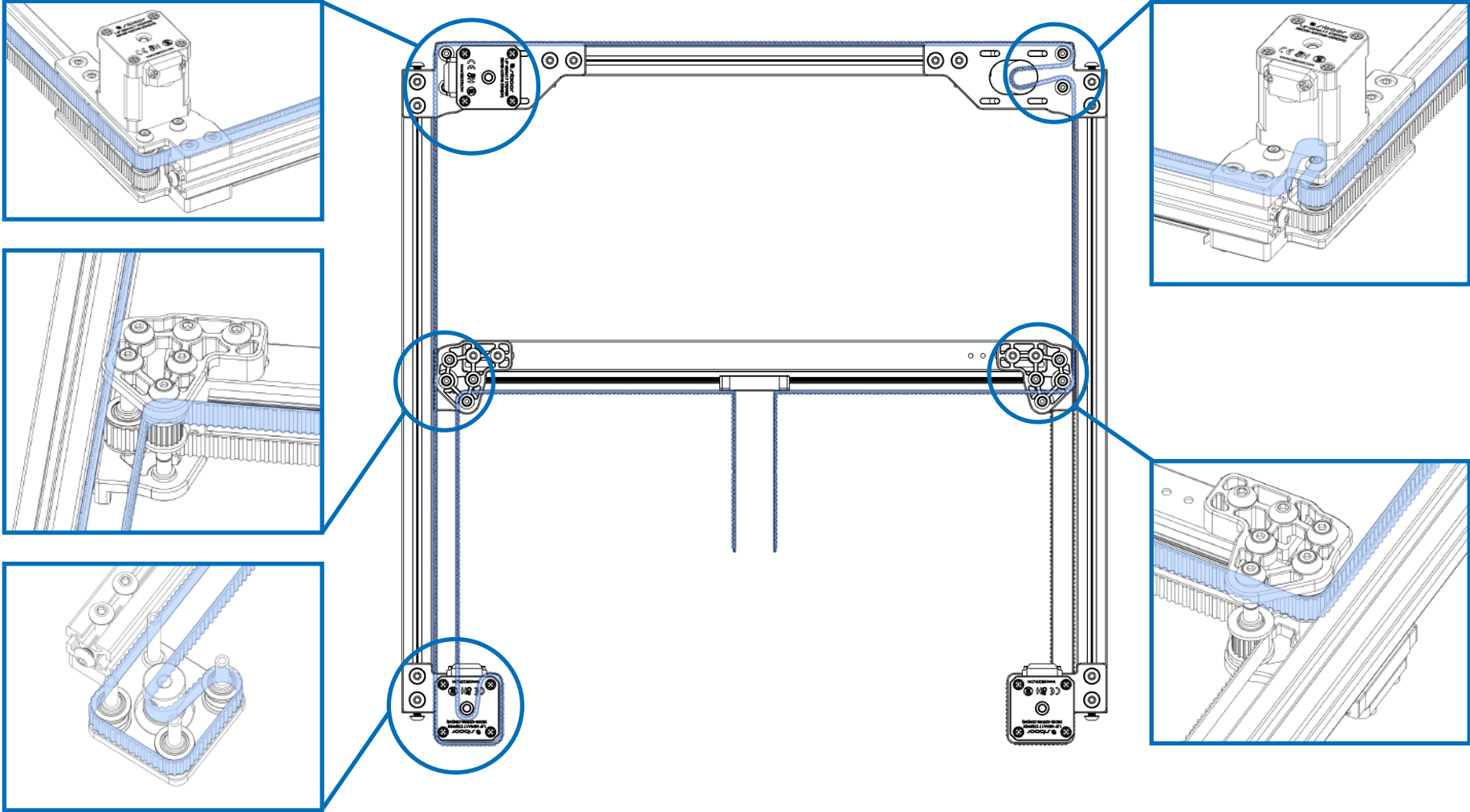
INSERTING THE TIMING PULLEY

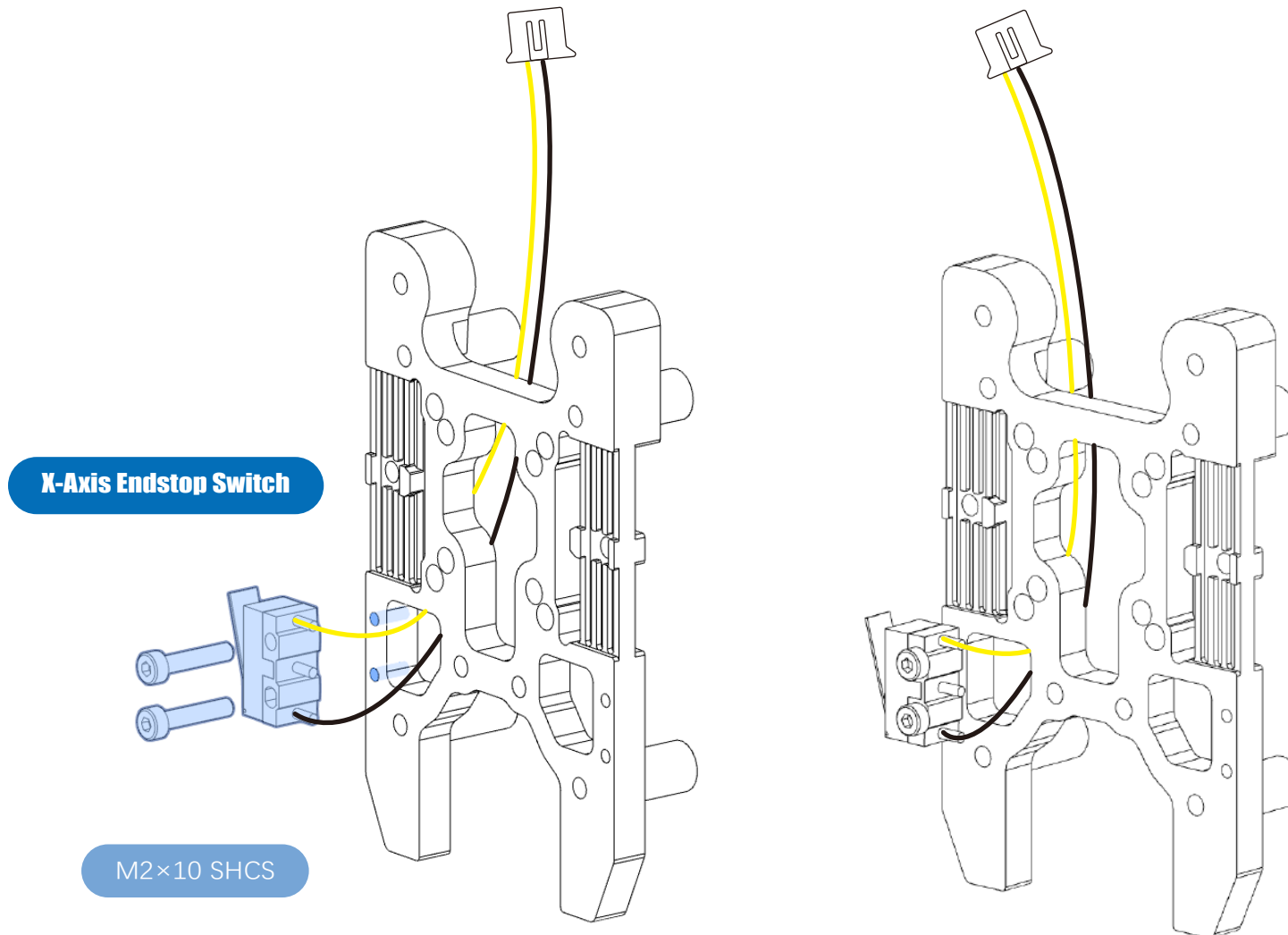
Insert the timing pulley into the timing belt.

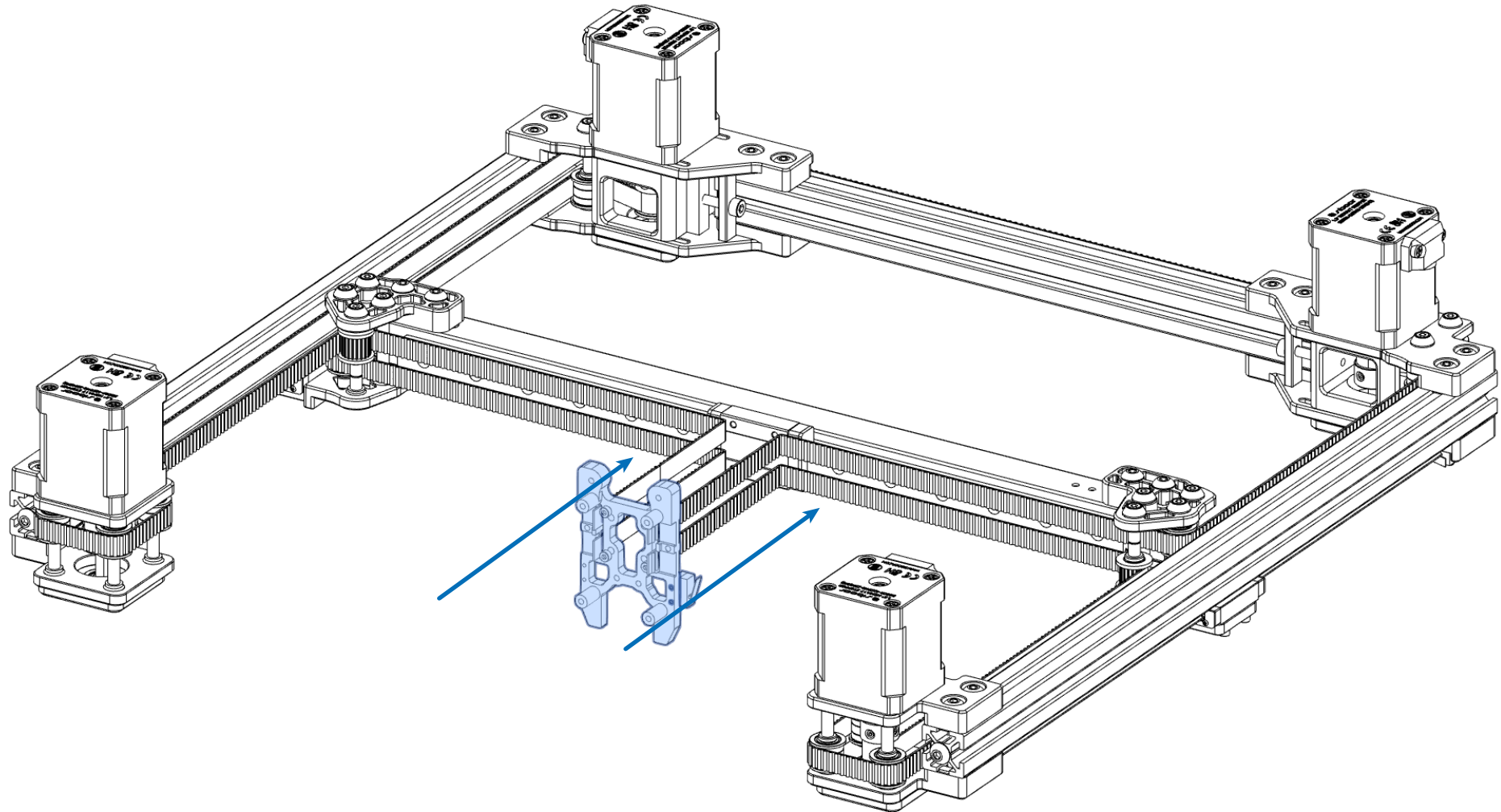


THREAD LOCKER

Consider adding threadlocker for the specific screw (e.g., the Voron motor mount screw). this screw often loosens and causes tension issues. Note that some threadlockers might lock too tightly for future adjustments. If threadlocker is unavailable, you can temporarily skip this step.

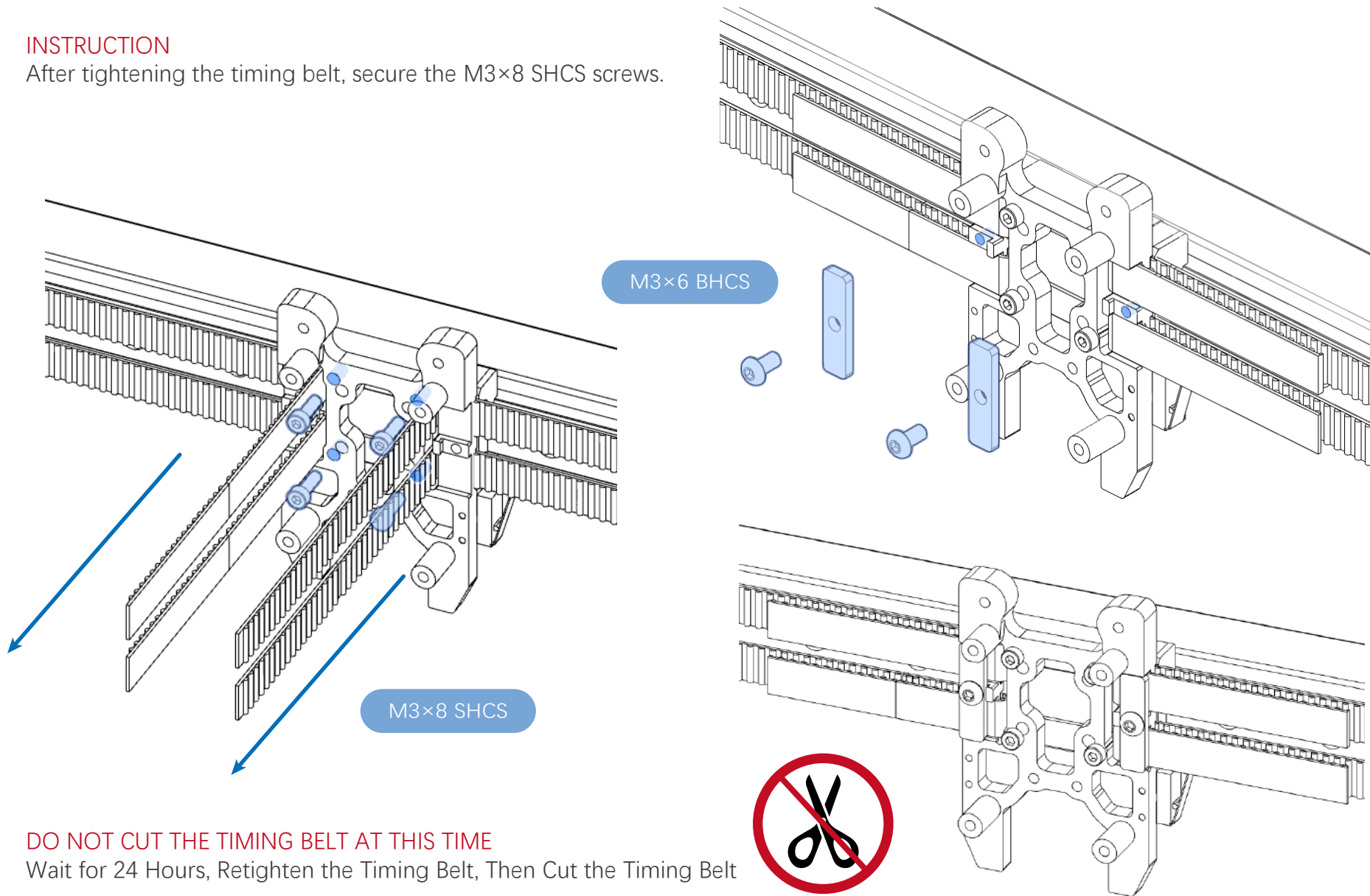






INSTRUCTION

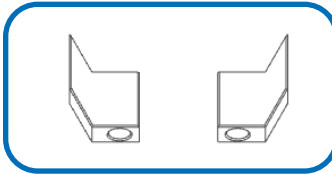
After tightening the timing belt, secure the M3×8 SHCS screws.



DO NOT CUT THE TIMING BELT AT THIS TIME

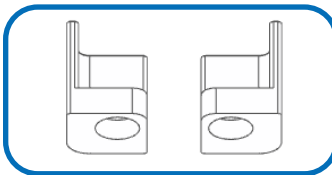
Wait for 24 Hours, Retighten the Timing Belt, Then Cut the Timing Belt

Before sitting down for a cup of coffee, check what's left in the CNC KIT to prevent it from disappearing as scrap.



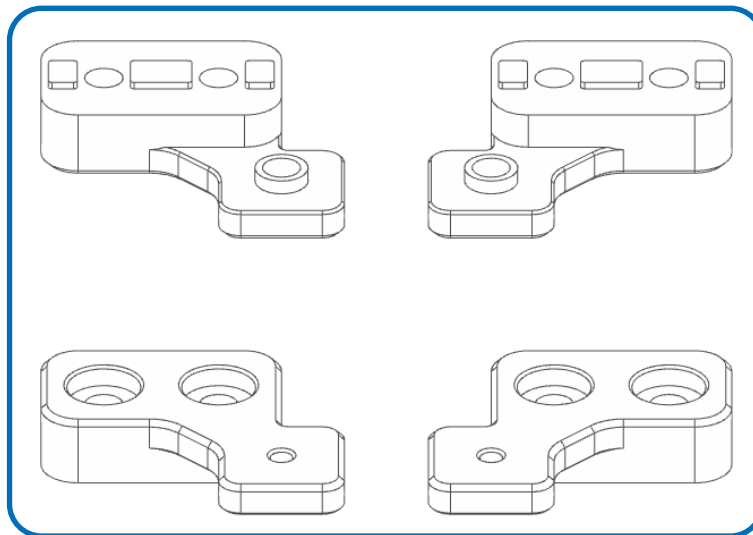
UHF EXTENSION BLOCK

This is the X-carriage extension block, an essential component required when using the Rapido V2.0 hotend.



PEI PRINT BED LOCATOR

This is installed on the heated bed's aluminum plate and is used to position the PEI print bed.



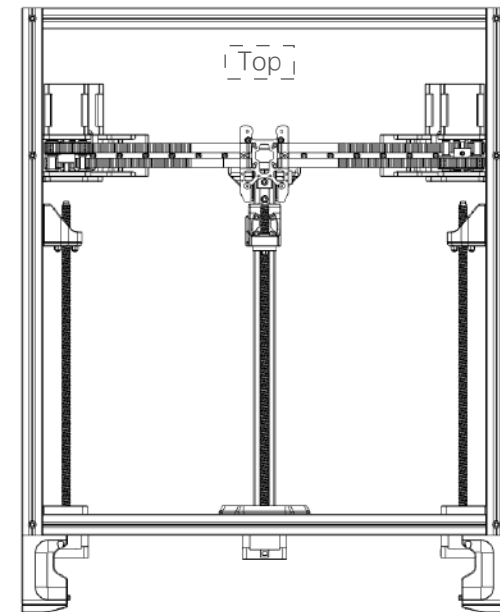
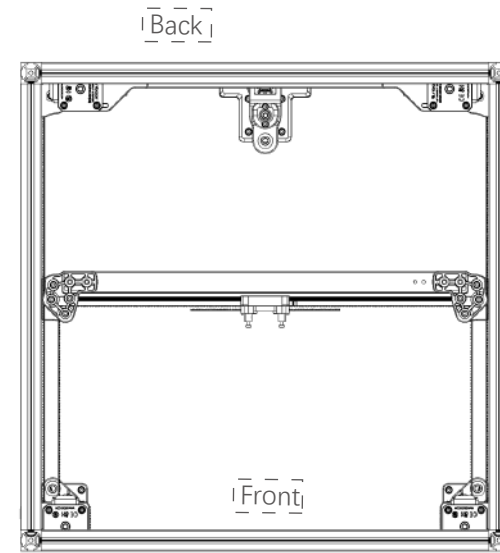
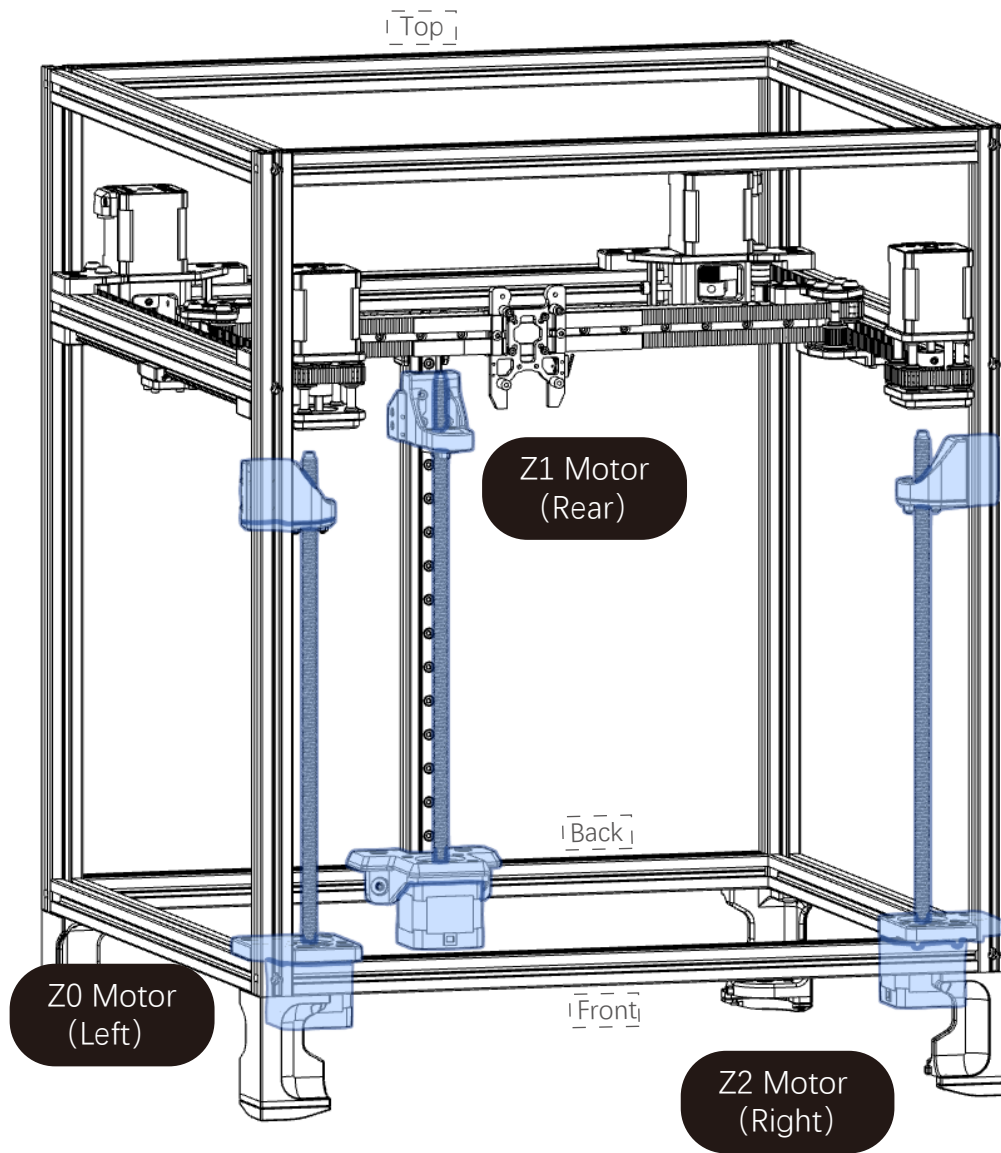
FRONT IDLER BRACKET FOR 2WD

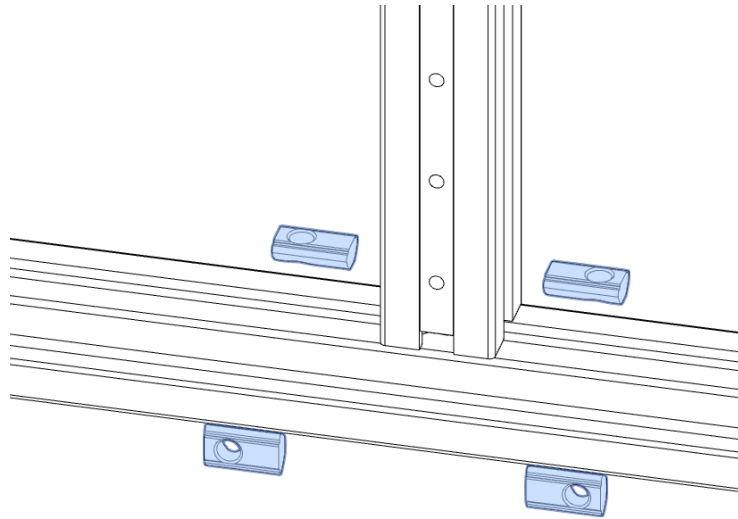
This is the front idler bracket for the 2WD system. These parts aren't used when building AWD motion system

TAKE A BREAK

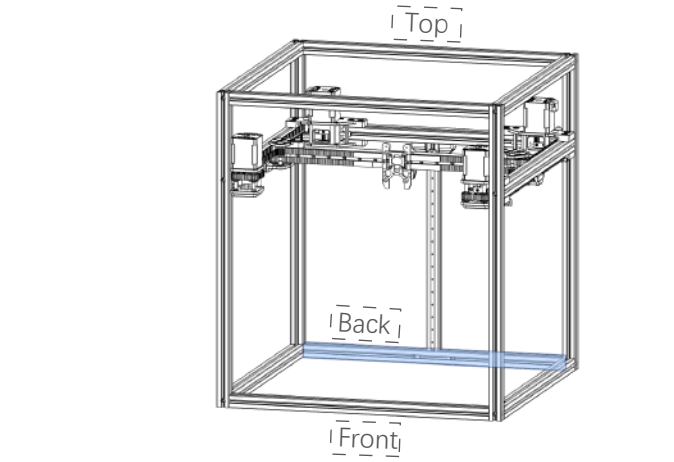
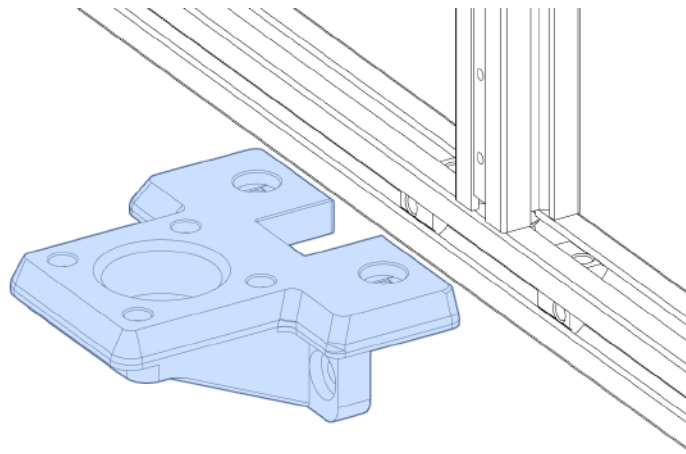
Stop and listen to a song, have a cup of coffee. Alternatively, organize the remaining parts and tidy up your workspace. Then start fresh.



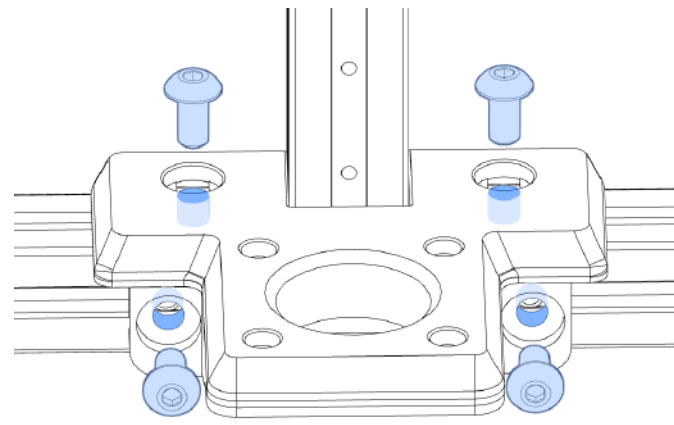




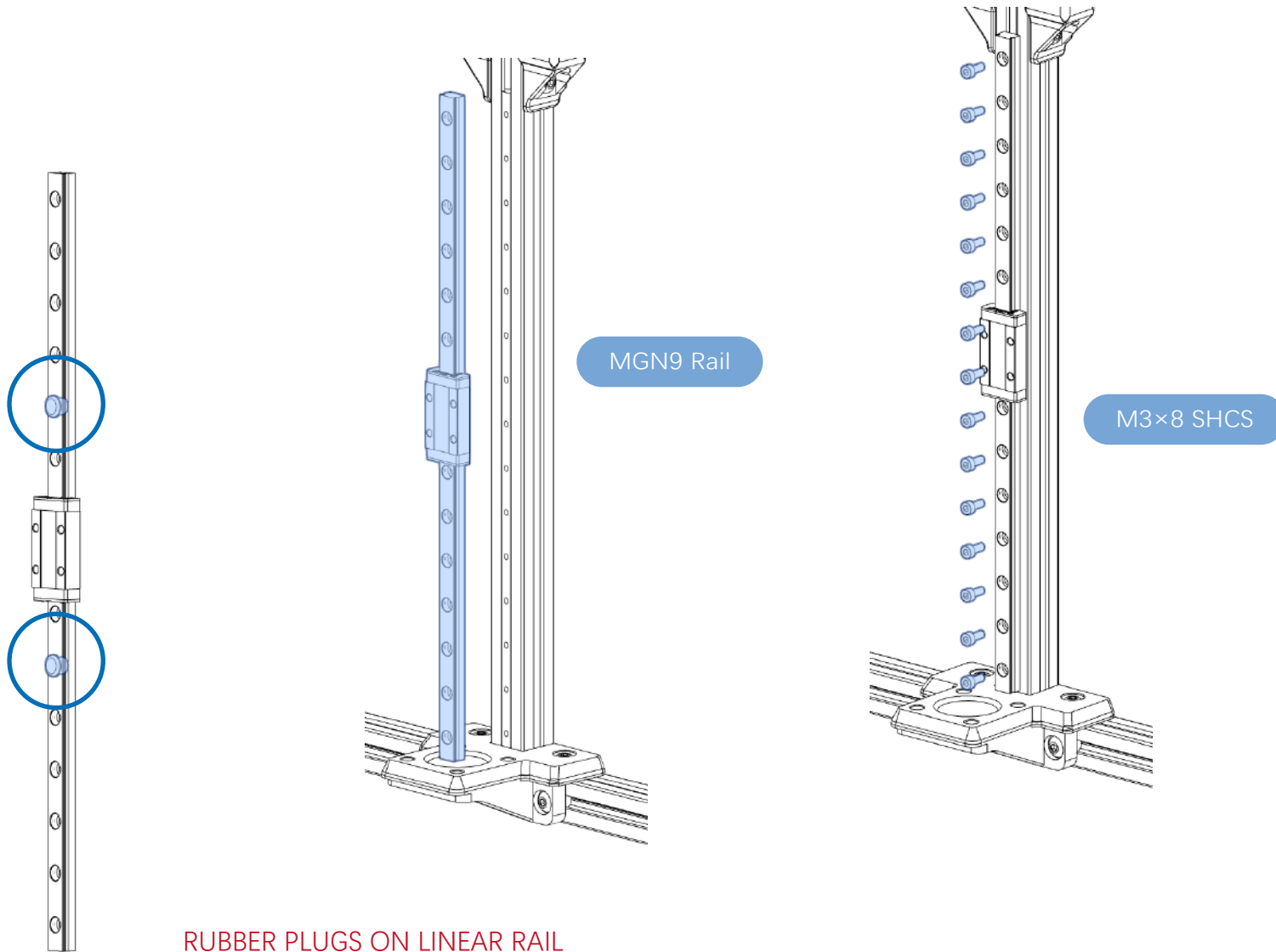
M5 T-Nut



M5×10 BHCS

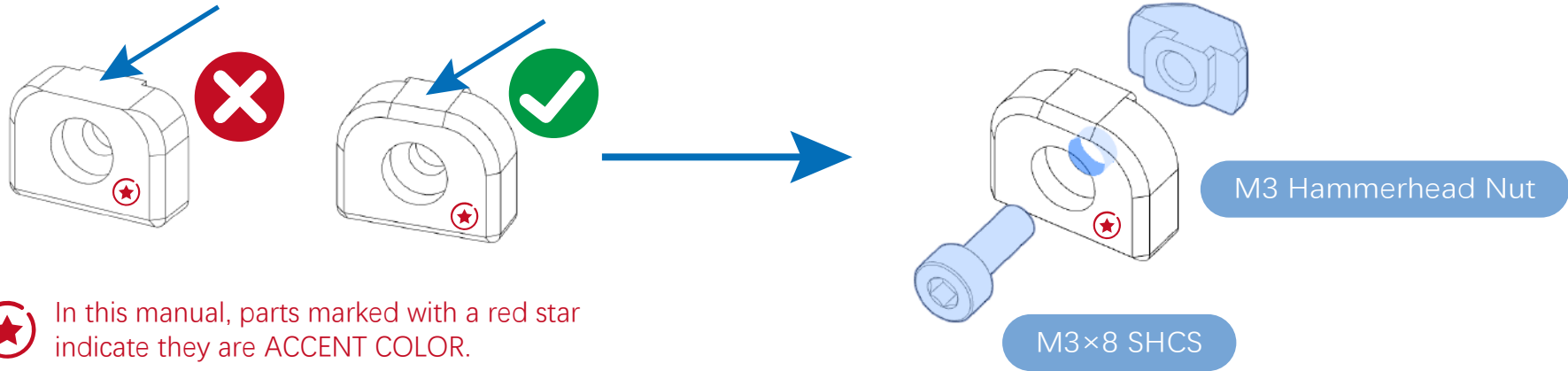


M5×10 BHCS

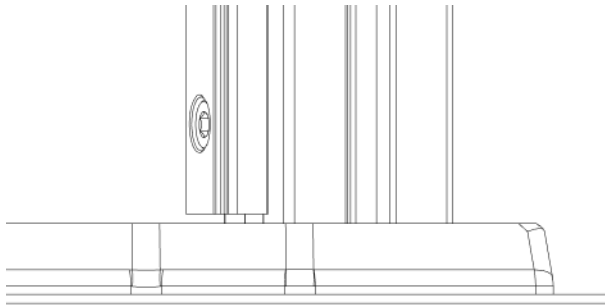


RUBBER PLUGS ON LINEAR RAIL

You may notice rubber plugs on both carriage of the slider. These effectively prevent the carriage from accidentally dislodging, so do not attempt to remove them before installing the screws.

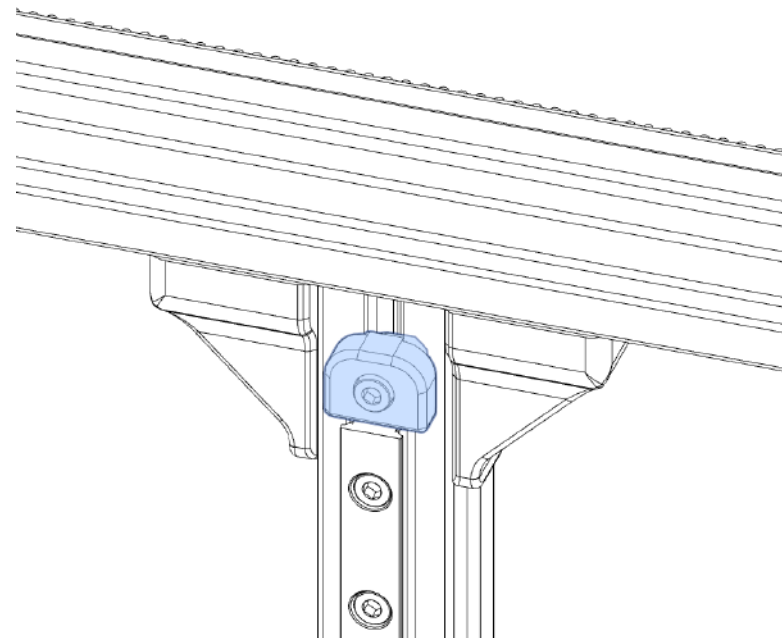


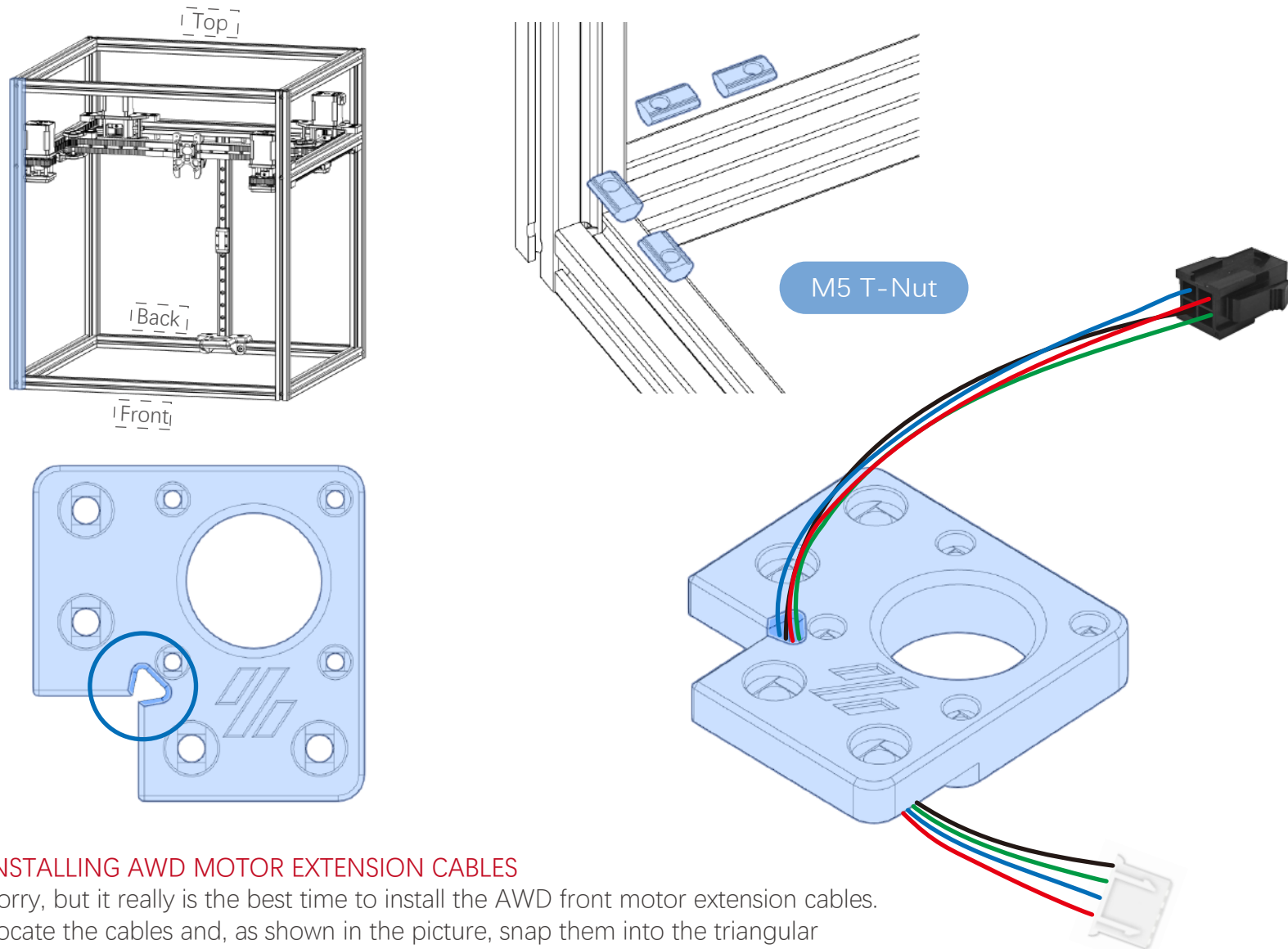
 In this manual, parts marked with a red star indicate they are ACCENT COLOR.



BOTTOM GAP

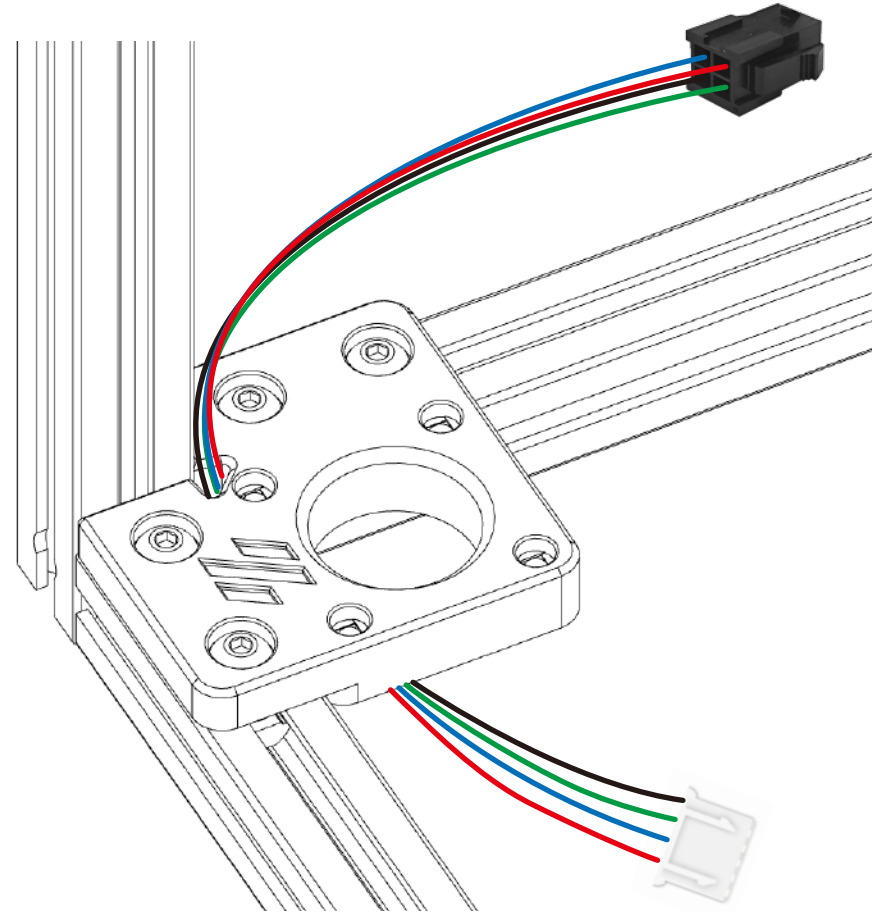
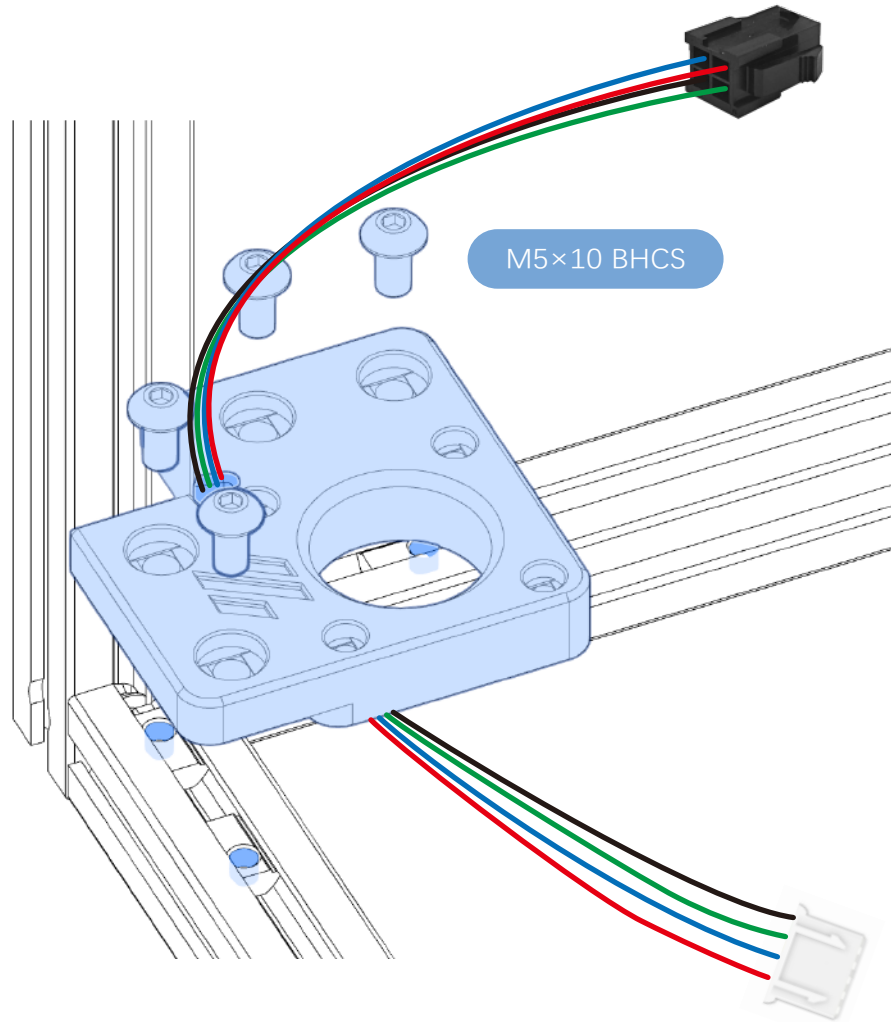
Leave a small gap between the printed part and the rail. 1-2mm is fine.

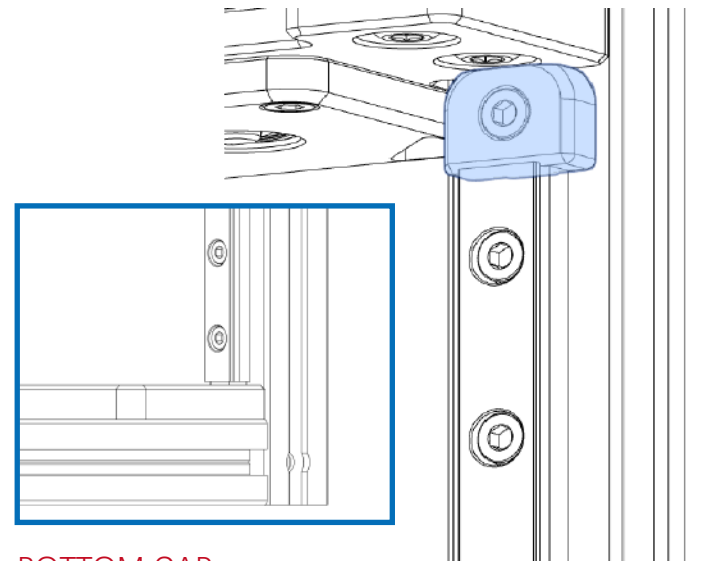
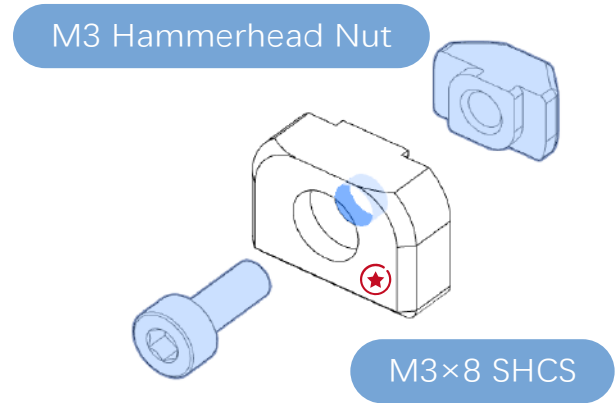
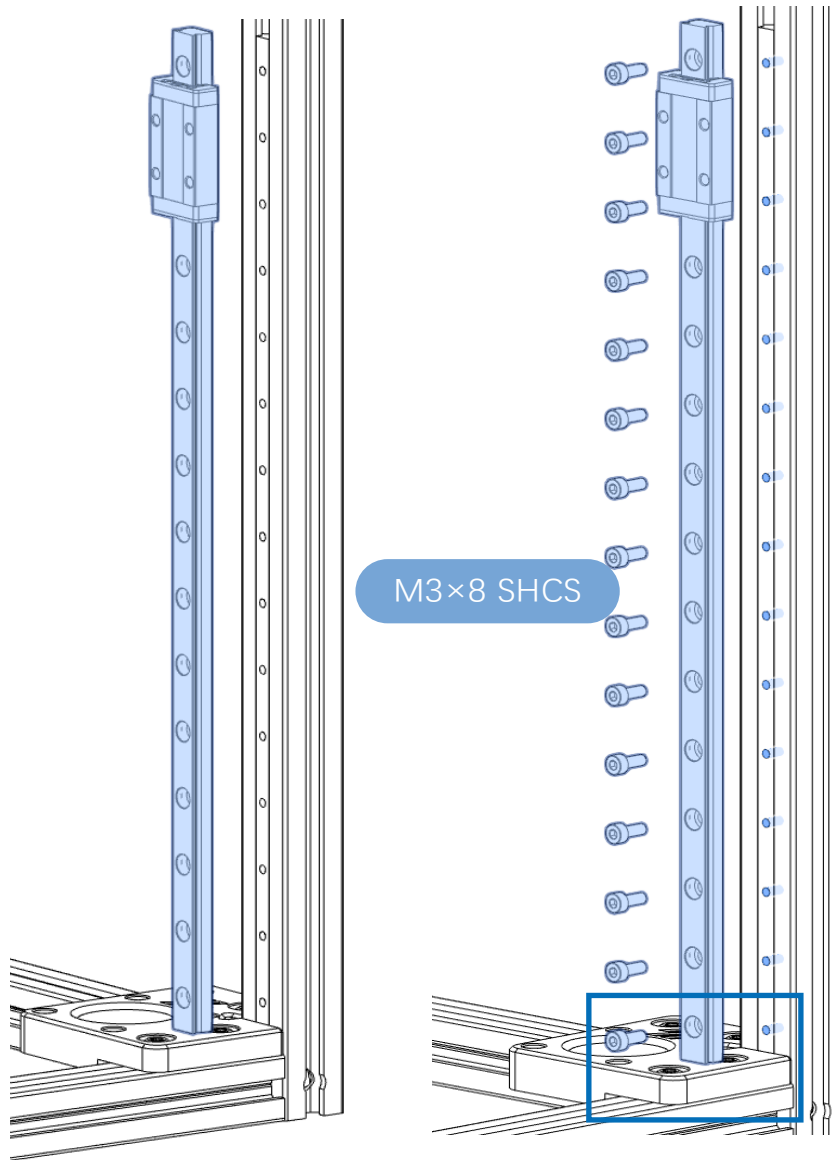


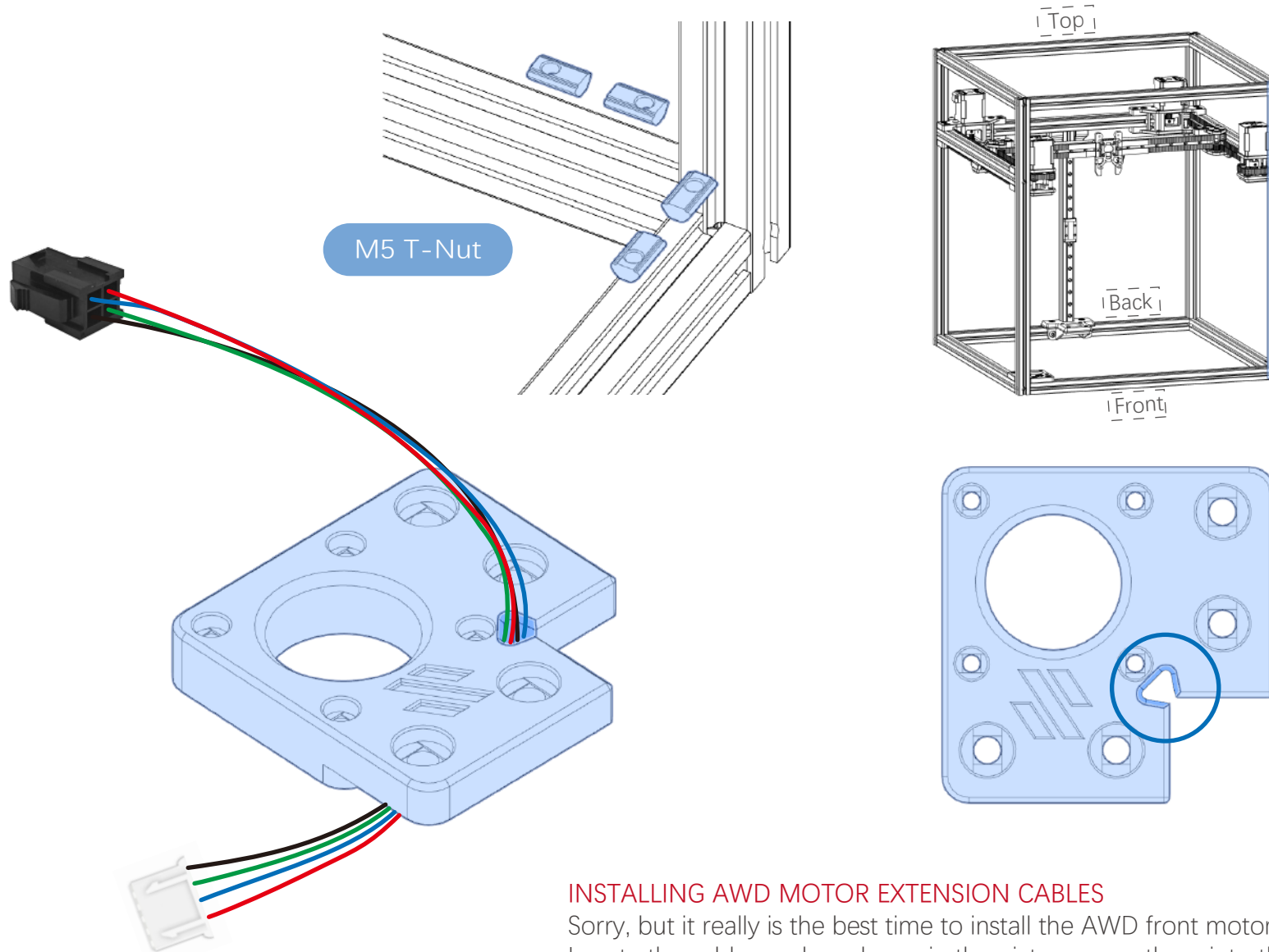


INSTALLING AWD MOTOR EXTENSION CABLES

Sorry, but it really is the best time to install the AWD front motor extension cables. Locate the cables and, as shown in the picture, snap them into the triangular notch in the motor mount.

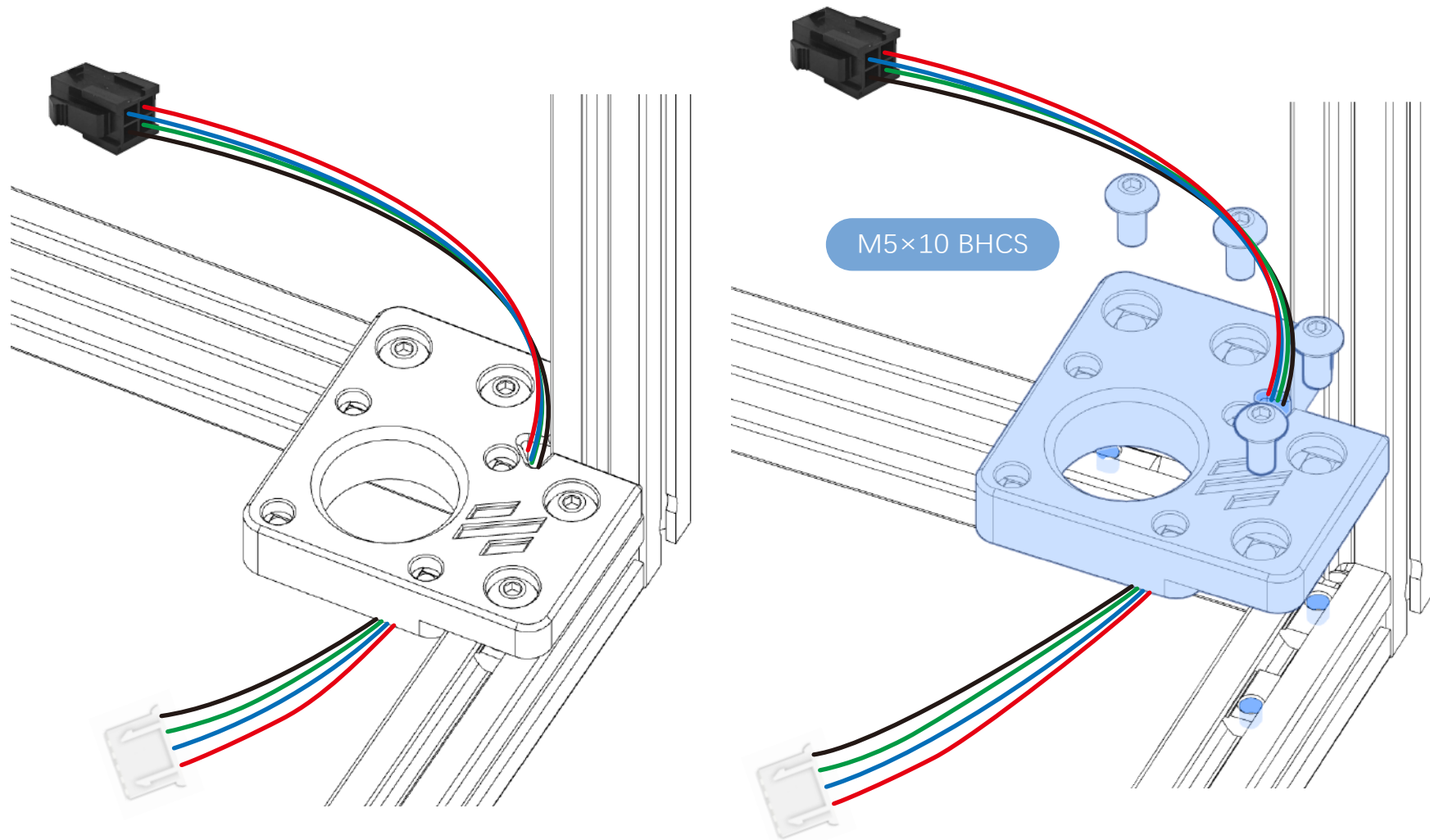


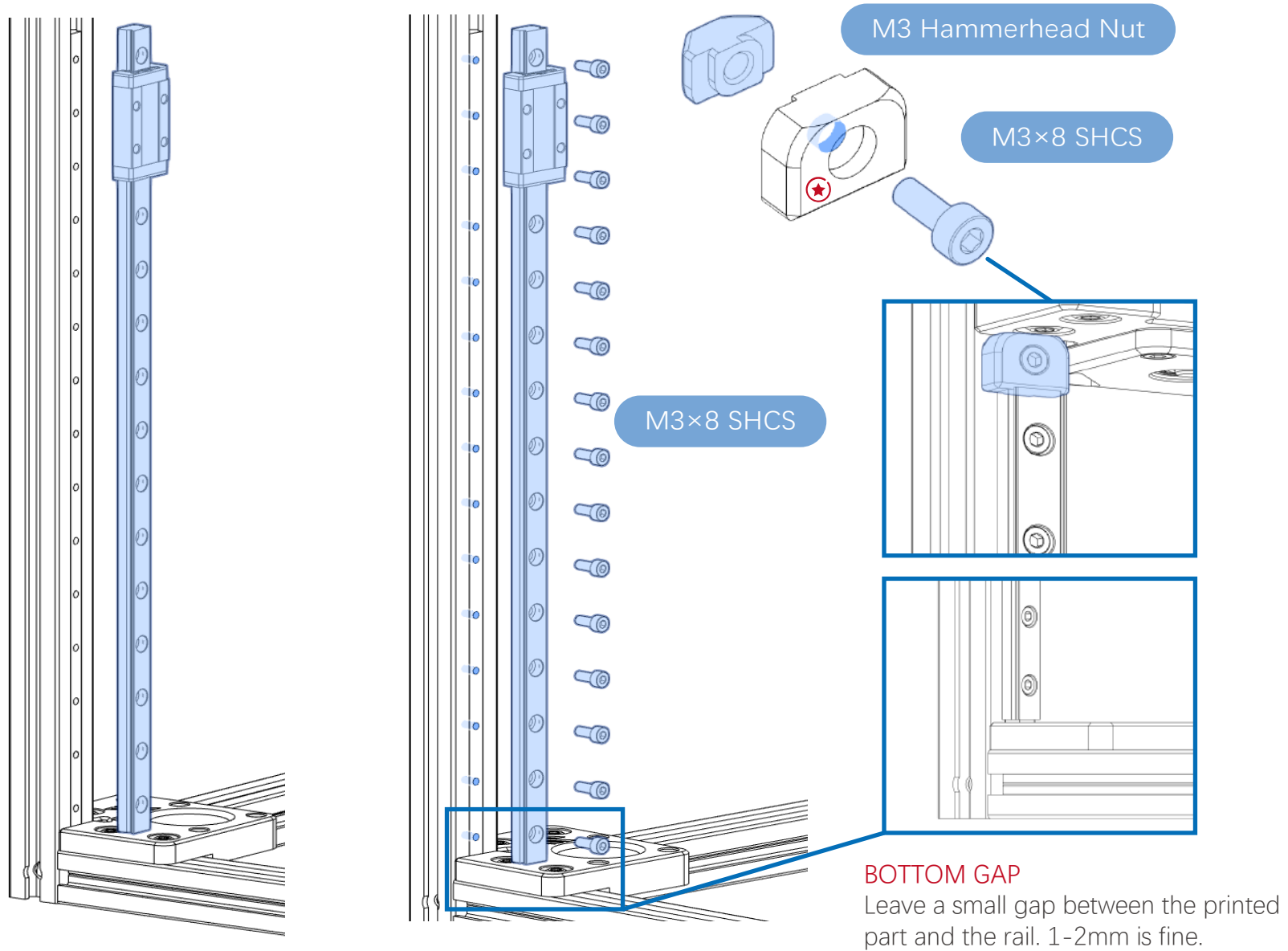




INSTALLING AWD MOTOR EXTENSION CABLES

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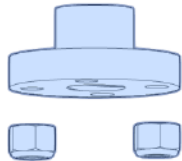
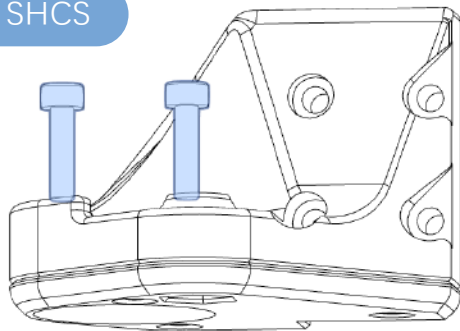




DON'T FULLY TIGHTEN

For best results do not tighten fully.

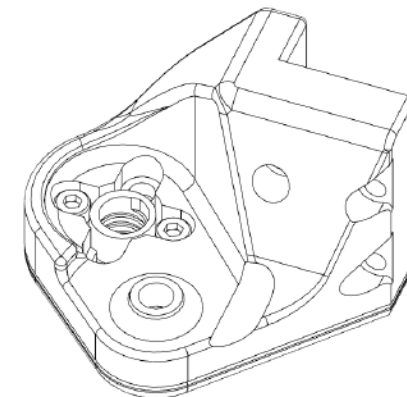
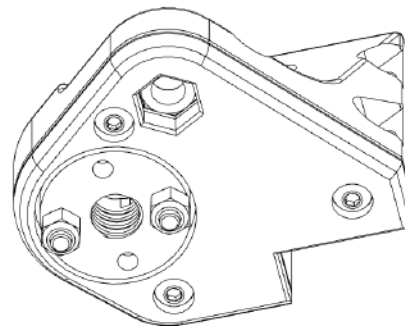
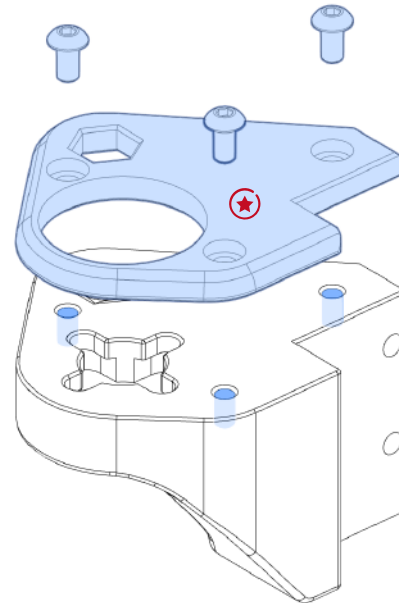
M3×12 SHCS



lead screw Nut

M3 Lock Nut

M3×6 BHCS

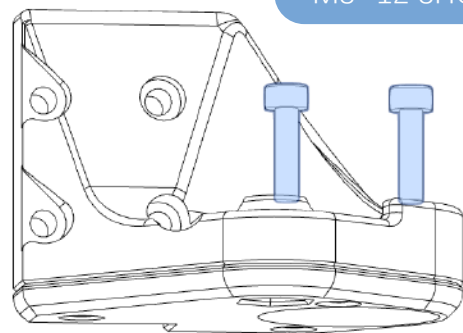


LEAD SCREW NUT?

Where is the lead screw nut? It is installed on the lead screw motor and can be removed by unscrewing it from the lead screw.

DON'T FULLY TIGHTEN

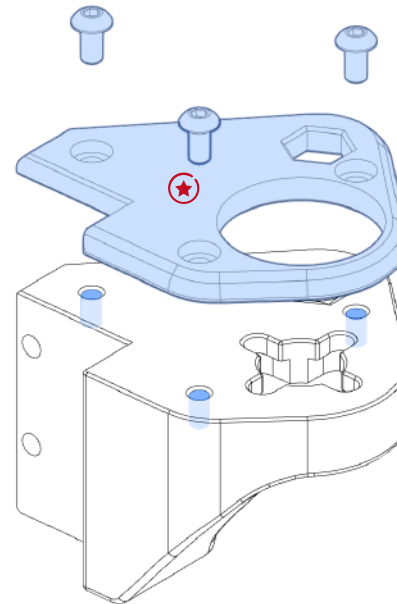
For best results do not tighten fully.



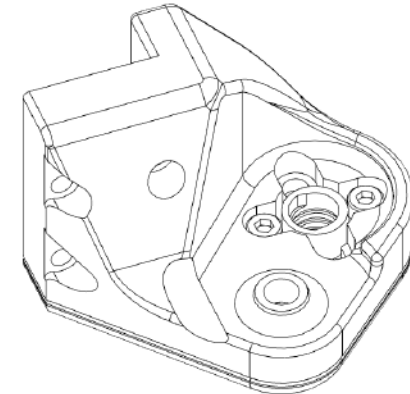
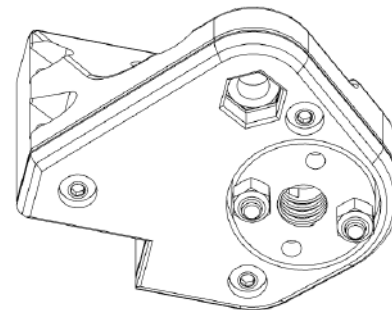
M3×12 SHCS

lead screw Nut

M3 Lock Nut

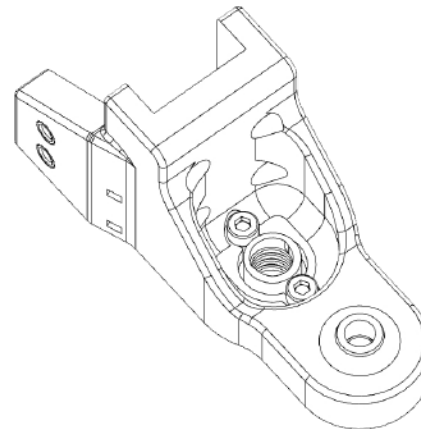
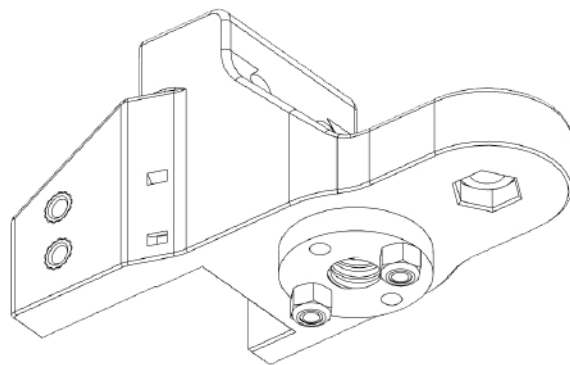
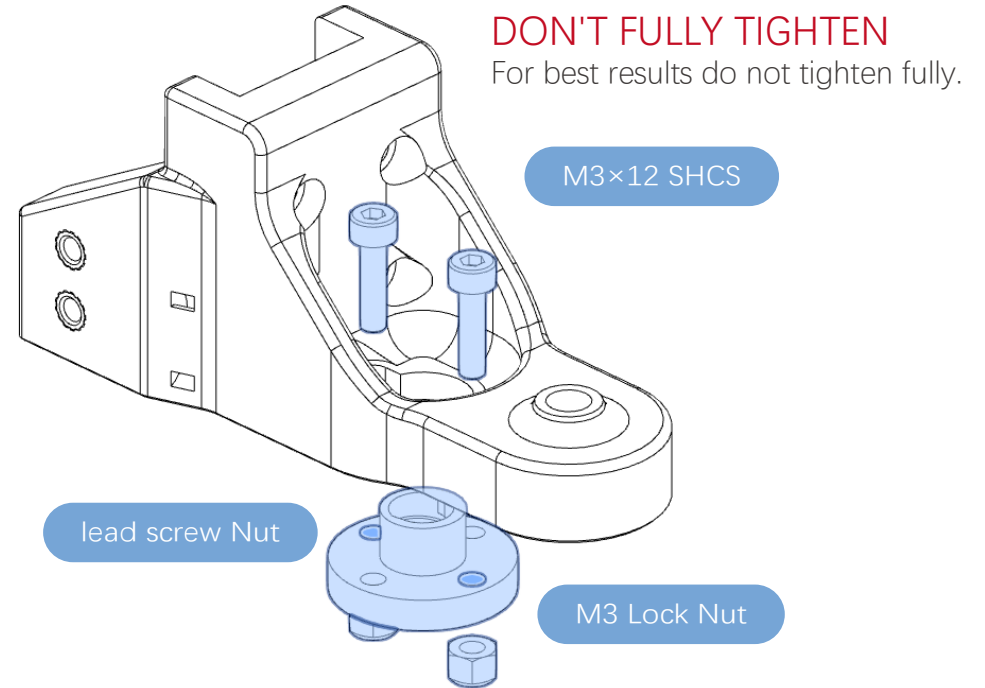
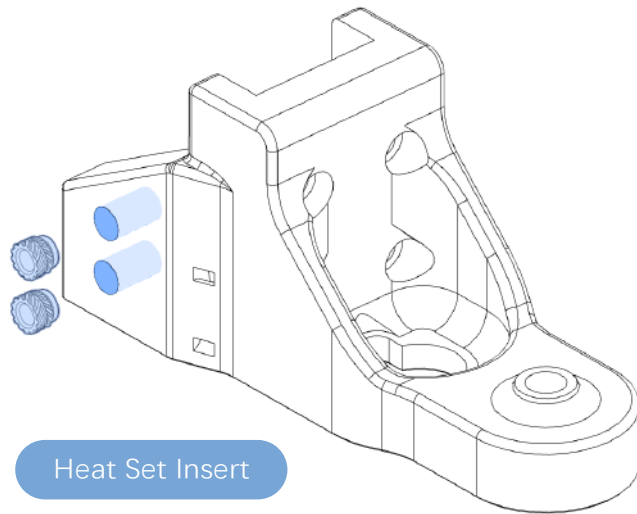


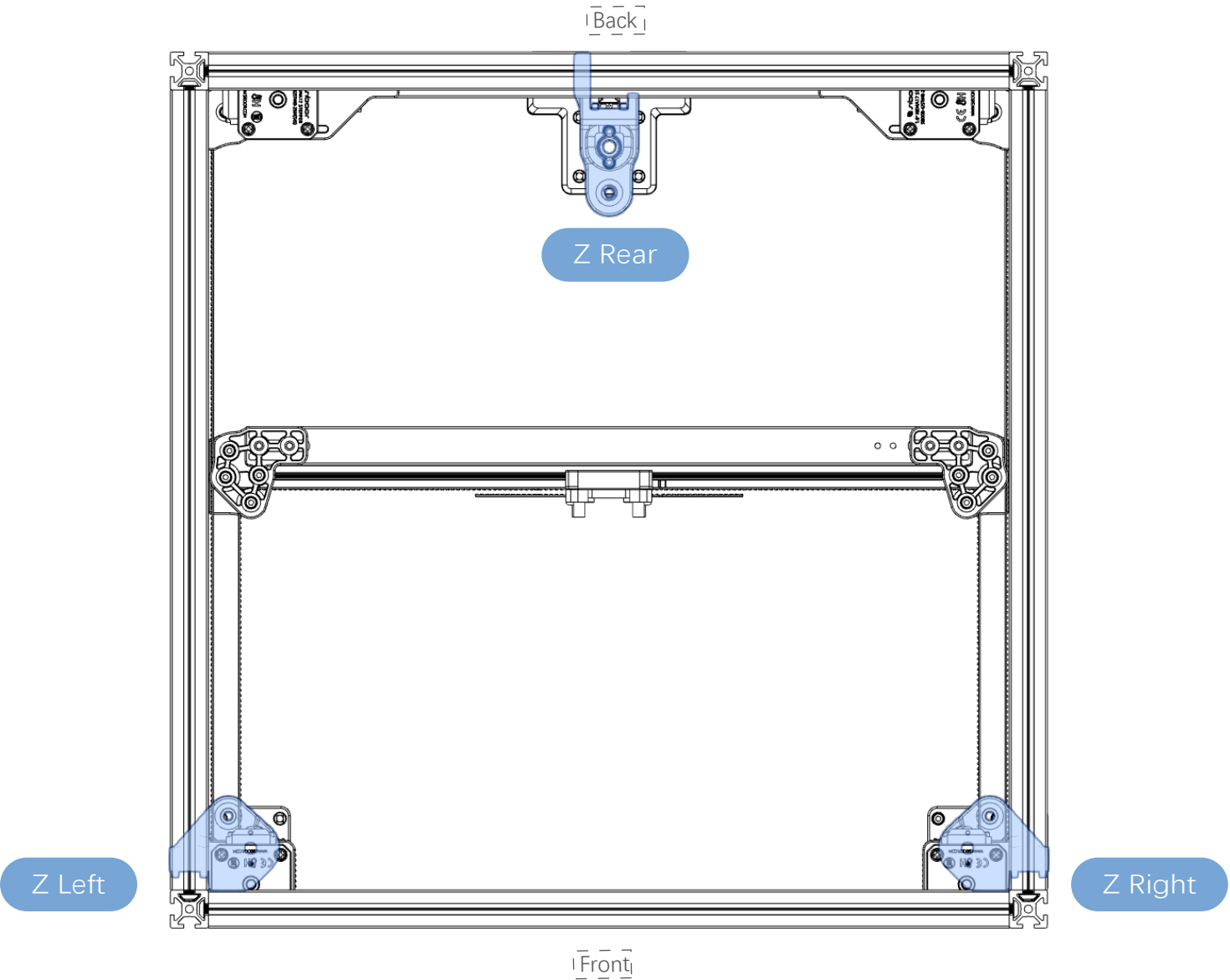
M3×6 BHCS

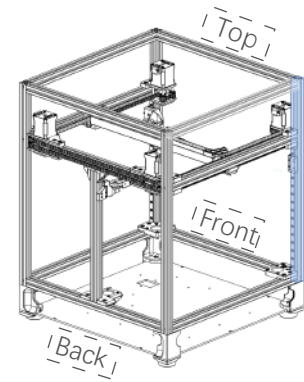
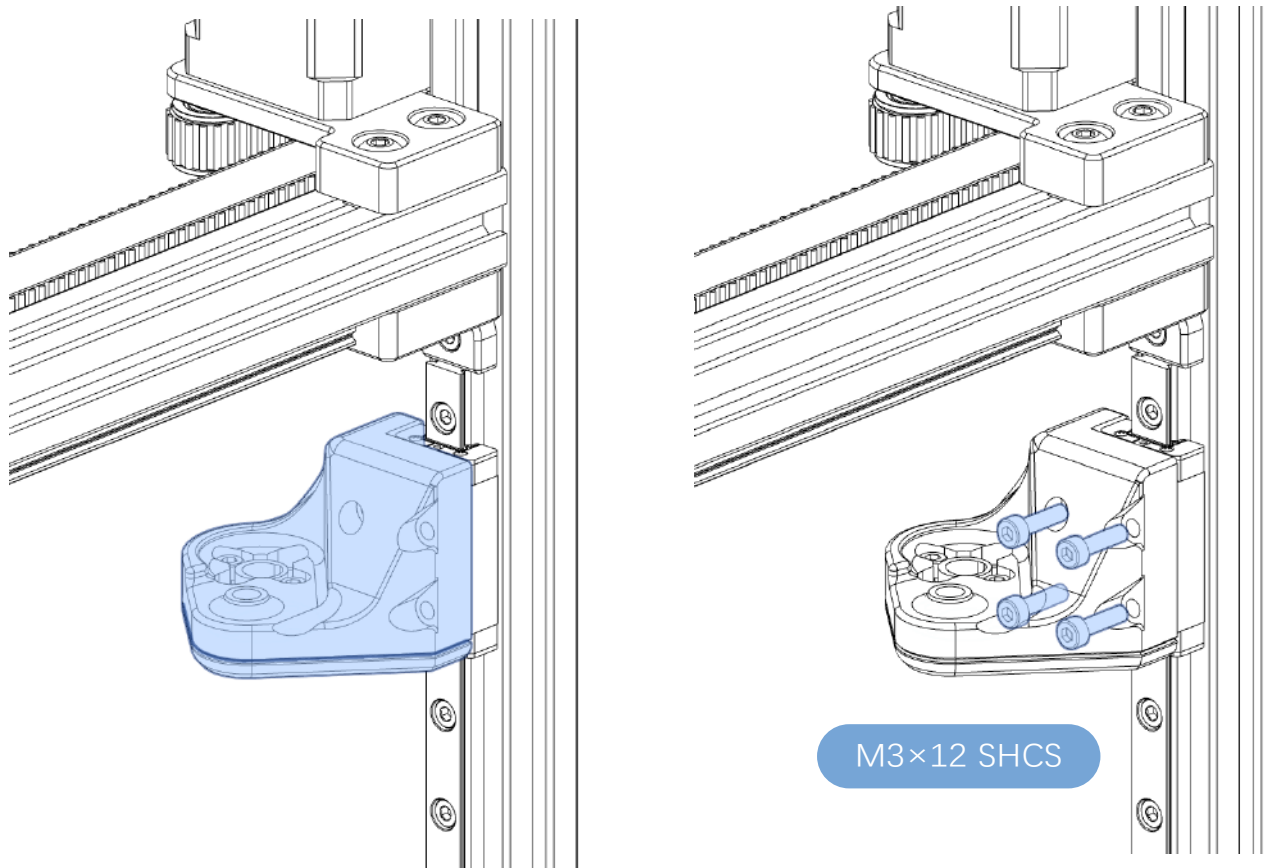


LEAD SCREW NUT?

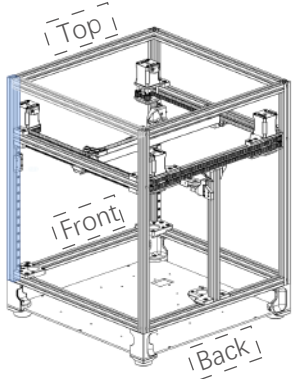
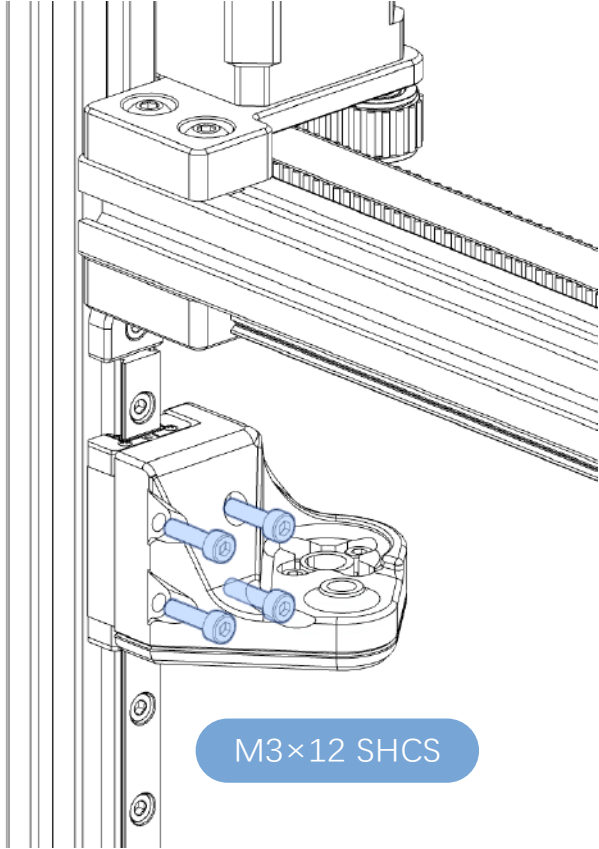
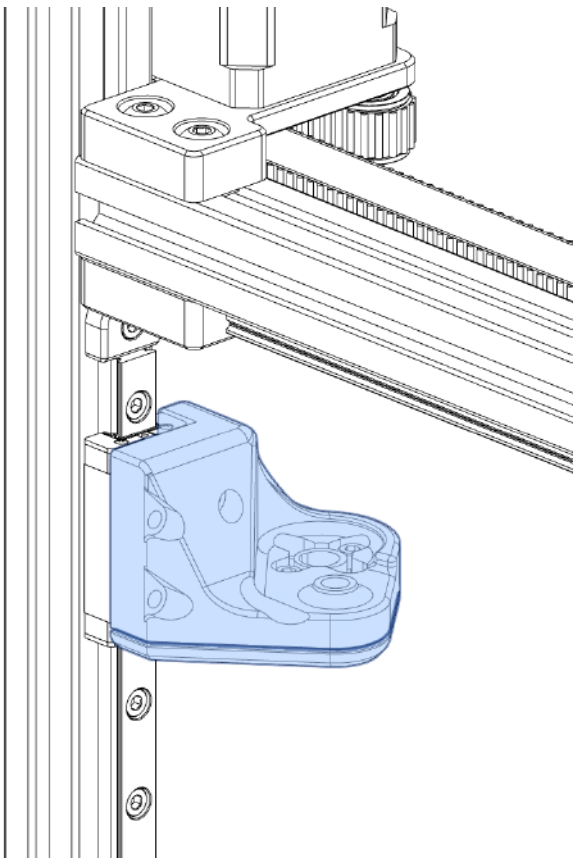
Where is the lead screw nut? It is installed on the lead screw motor and can be removed by unscrewing it from the lead screw.

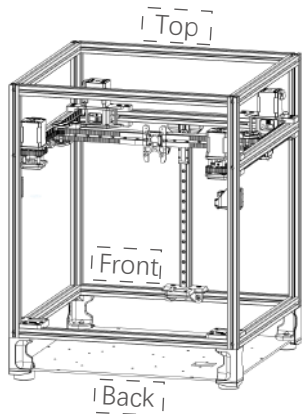
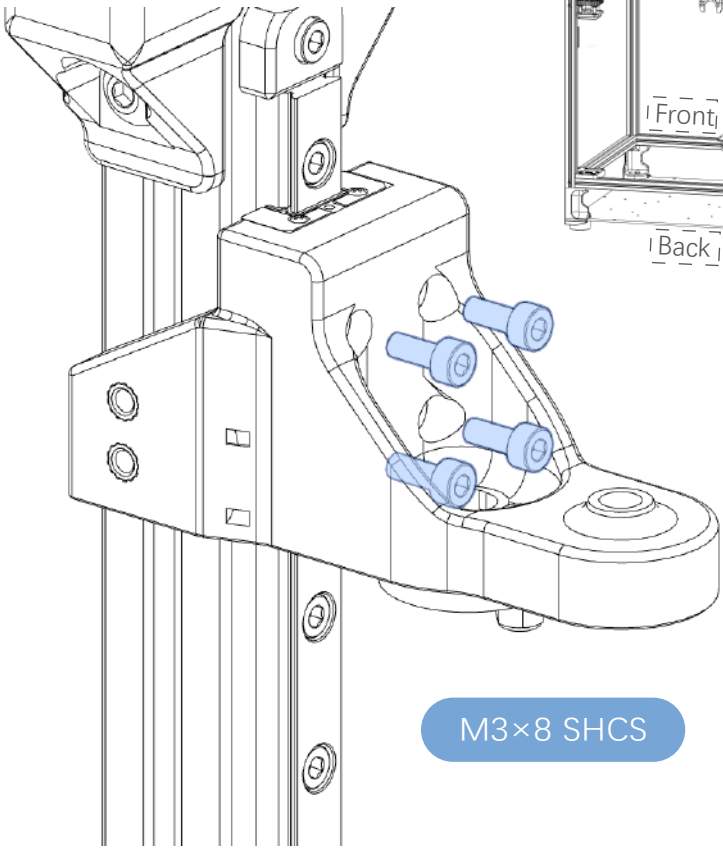
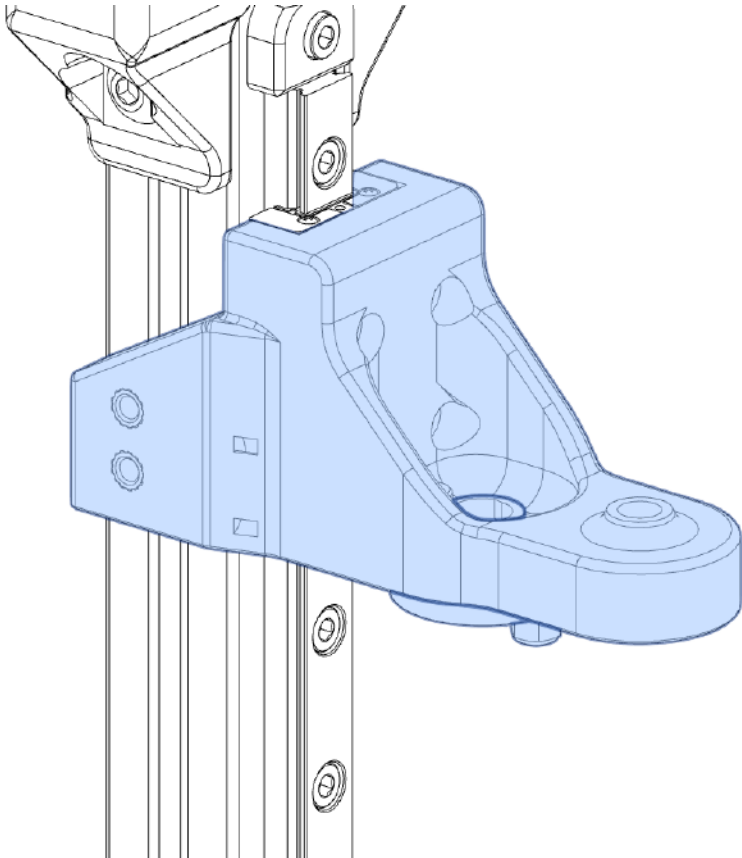




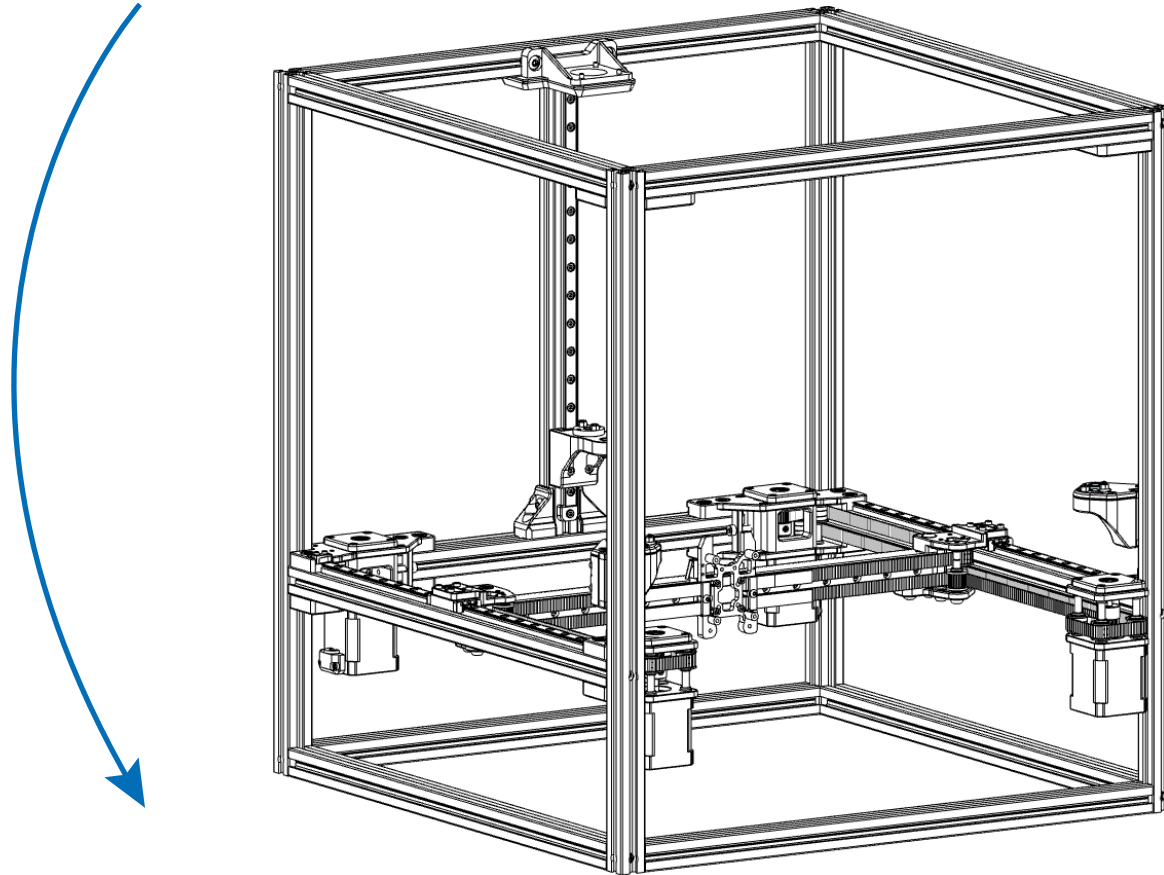


RIGHT Z JOINT



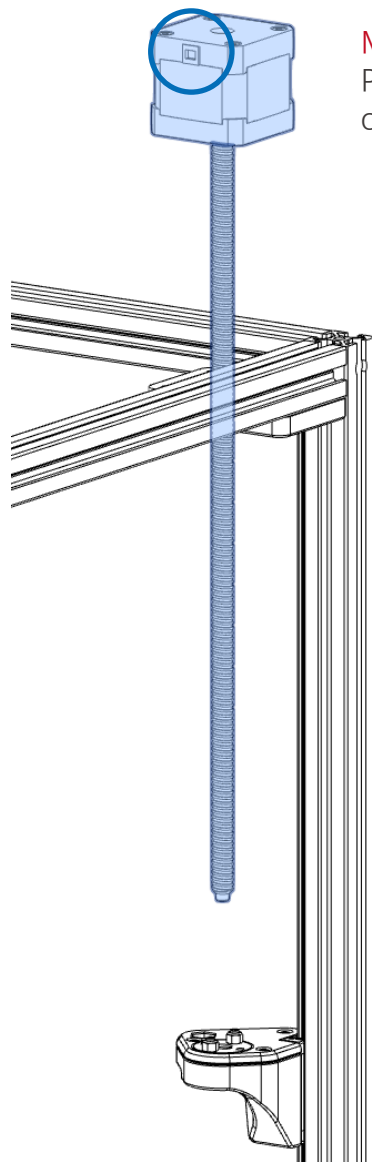


M3×8 SHCS



FLIP UPSIDE DOWN

Turn the printer upside down for the next assembly steps.

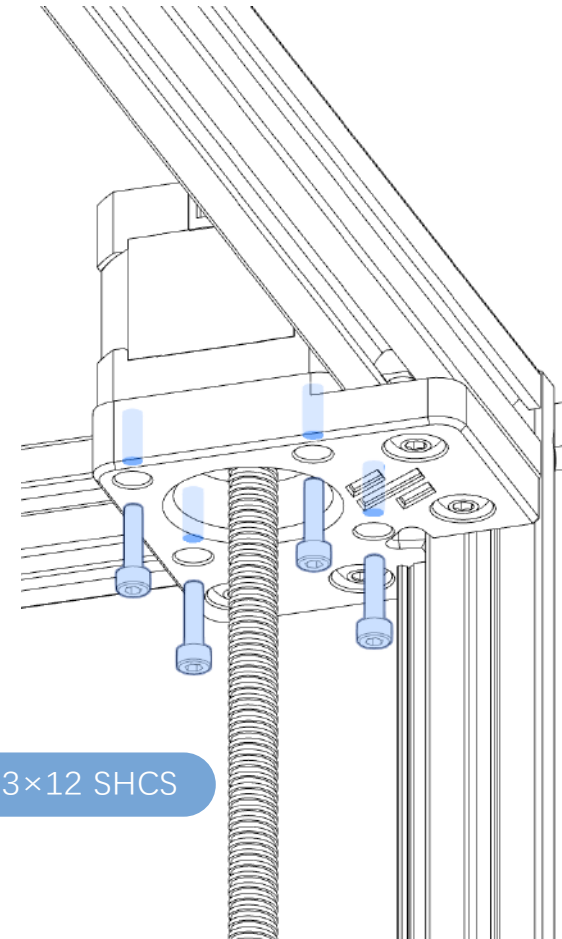


MOTOR ORIENTATION

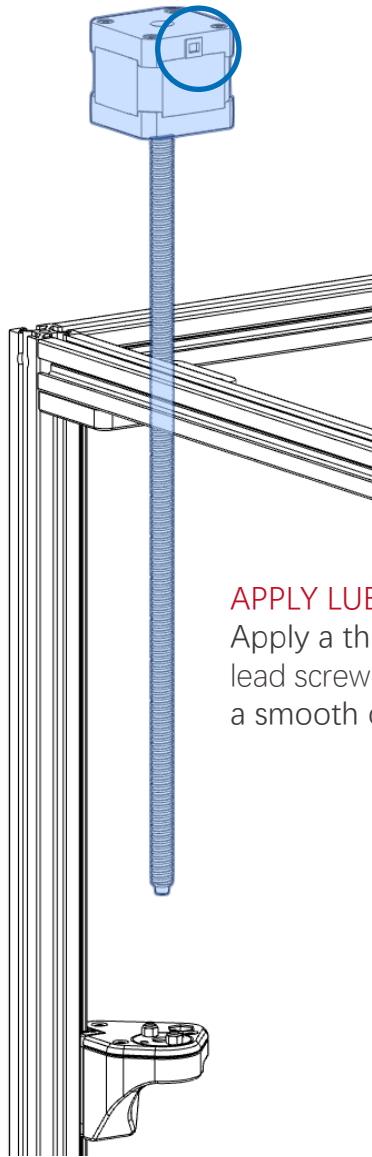
Pay attention to the orientation of the cable exit.

APPLY LUBRICATION

Apply a thin layer of grease to the lead screw to prevent rust and ensure a smooth operation.



M3×12 SHCS

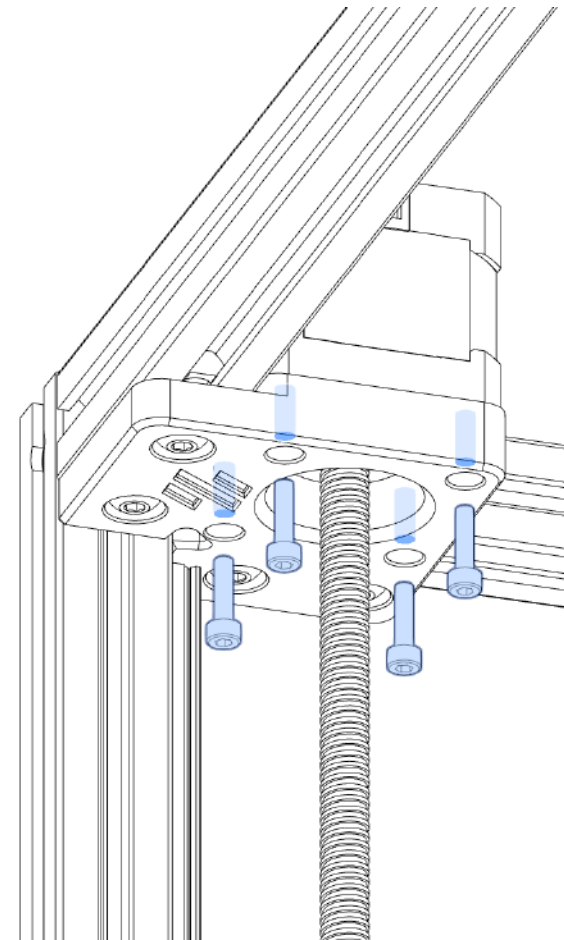


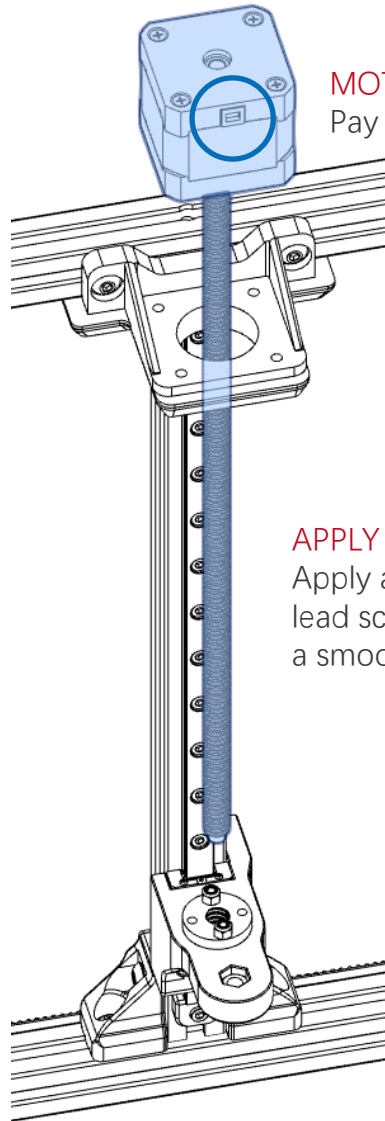
MOTOR ORIENTATION

Pay attention to the orientation of the cable exit.

APPLY LUBRICATION

Apply a thin layer of grease to the lead screw to prevent rust and ensure a smooth operation.



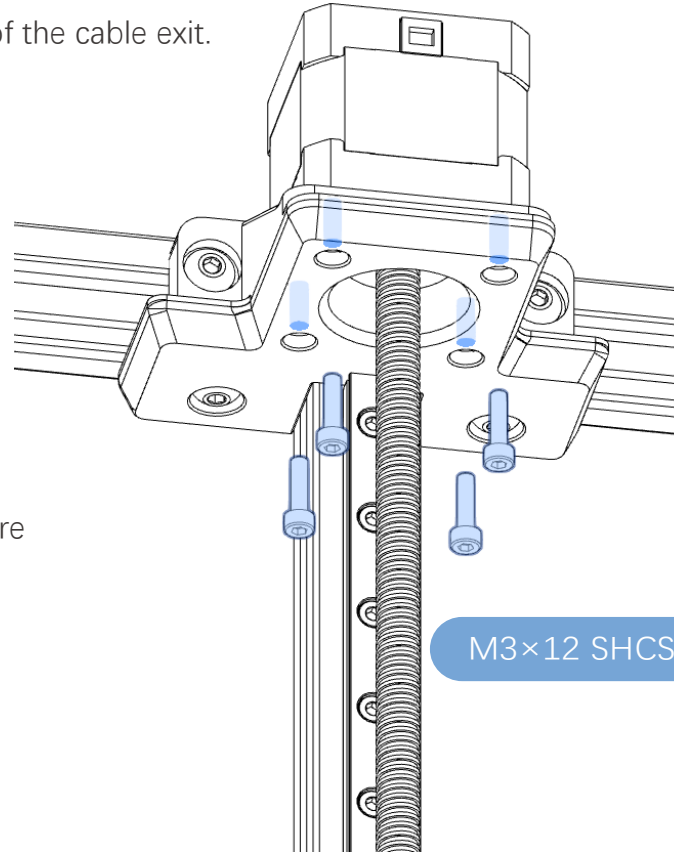


MOTOR ORIENTATION

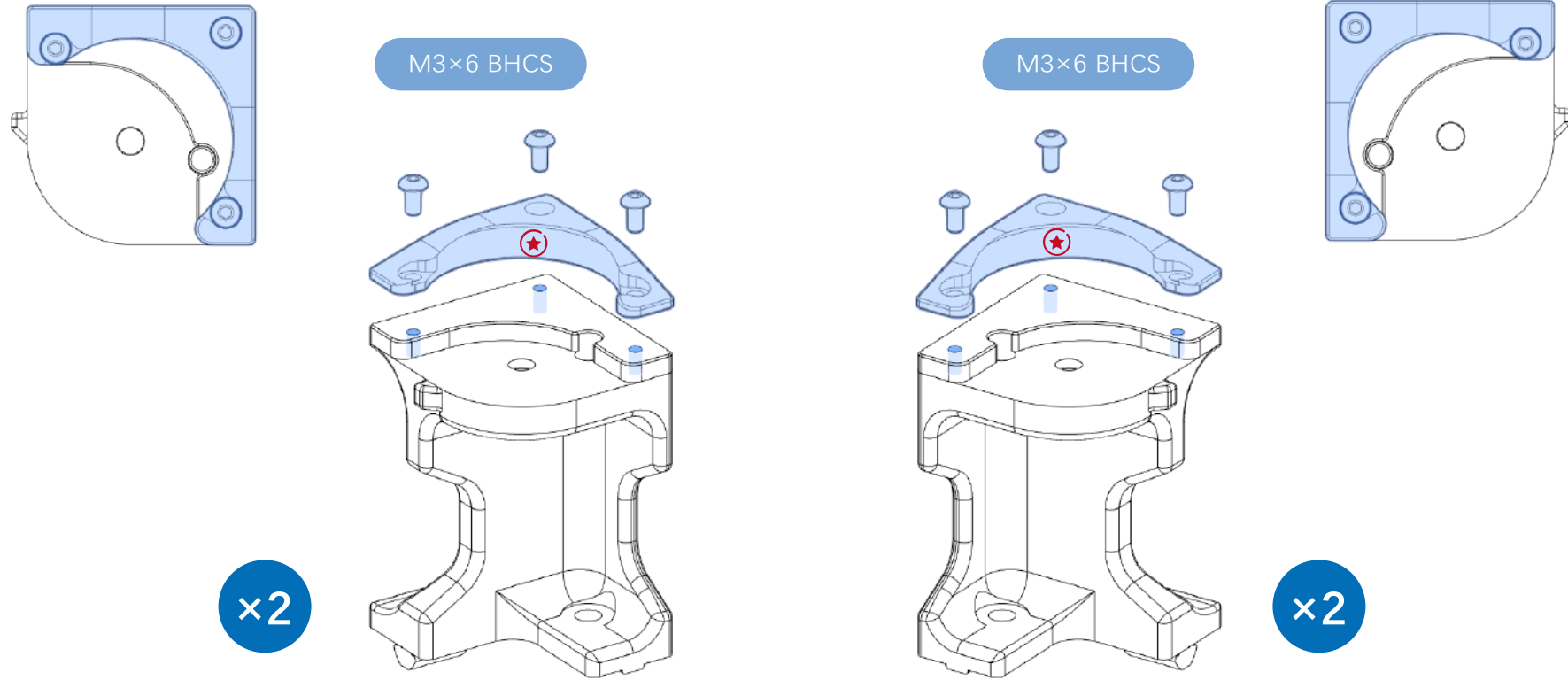
Pay attention to the orientation of the cable exit.

APPLY LUBRICATION

Apply a thin layer of grease to the lead screw to prevent rust and ensure a smooth operation.

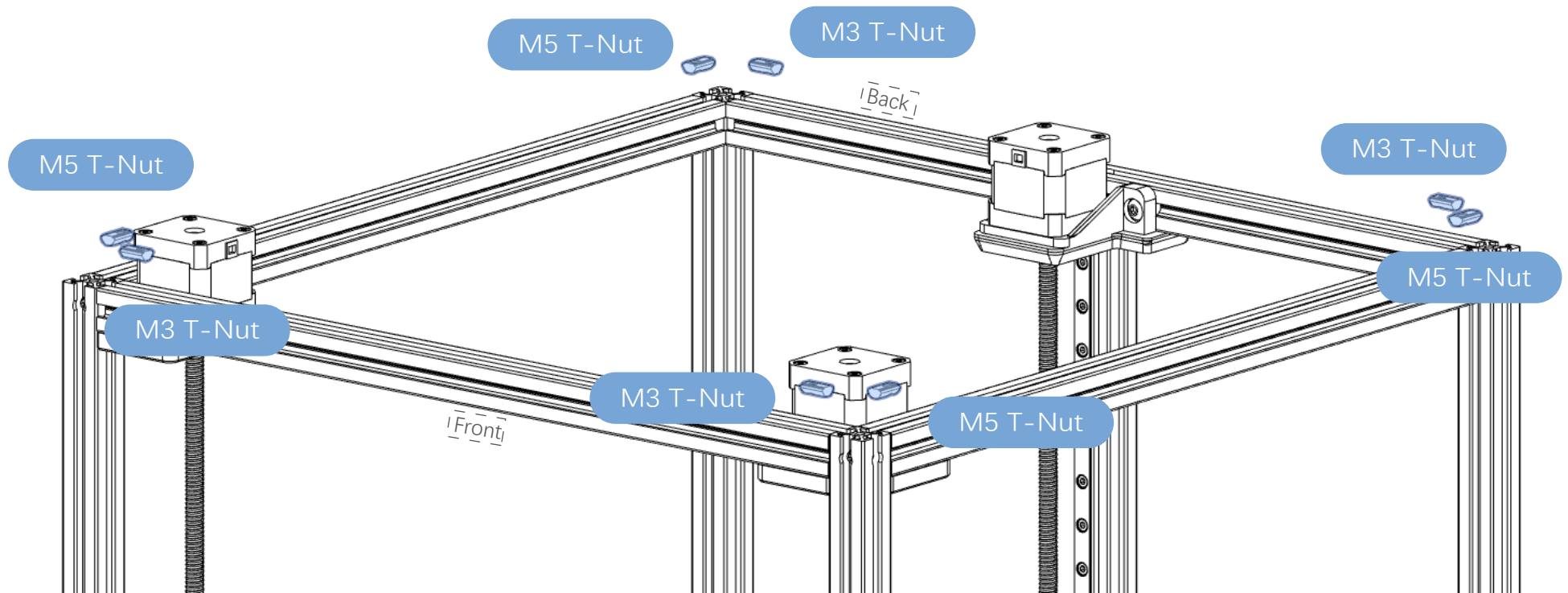


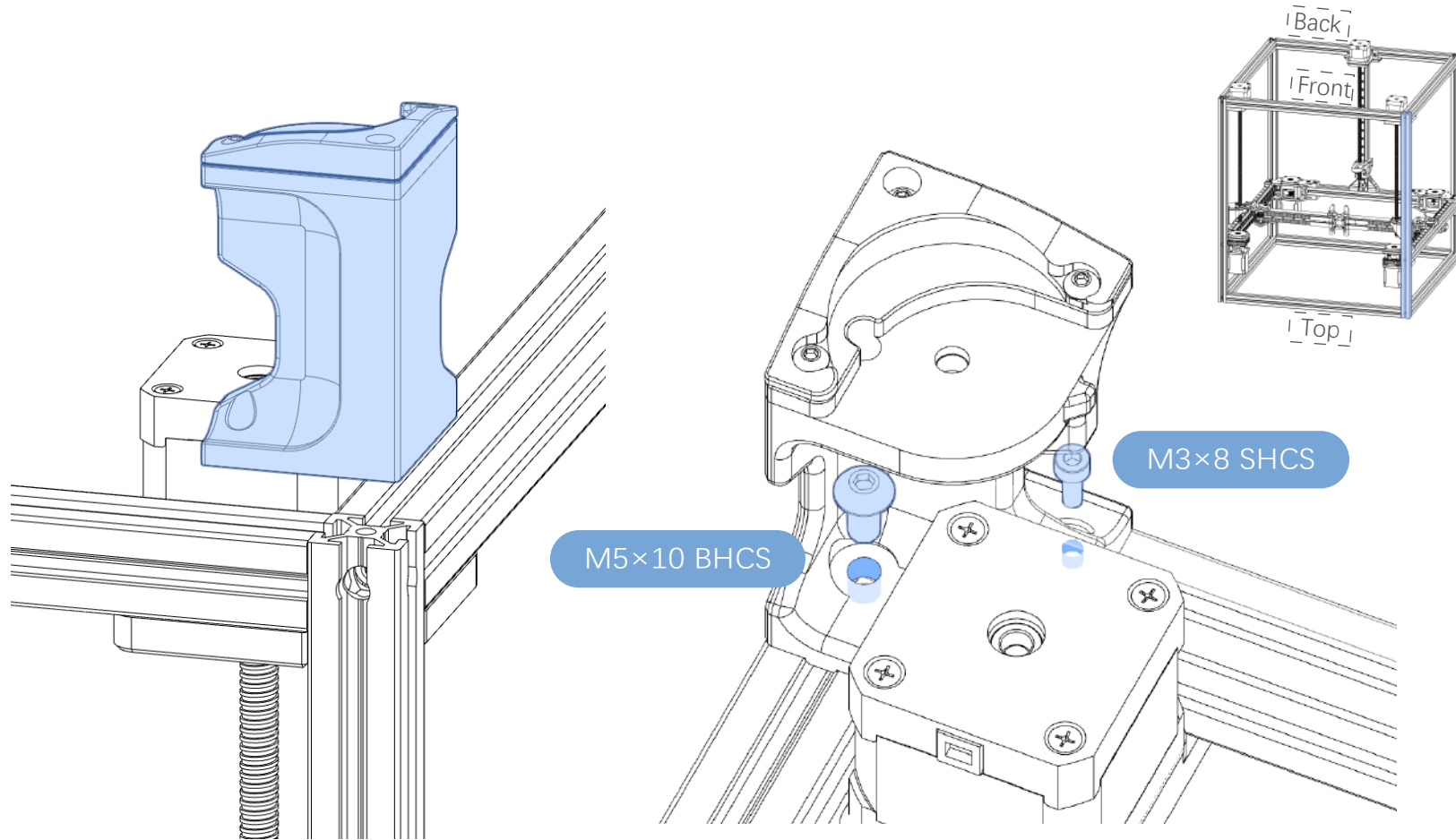
M3×12 SHCS

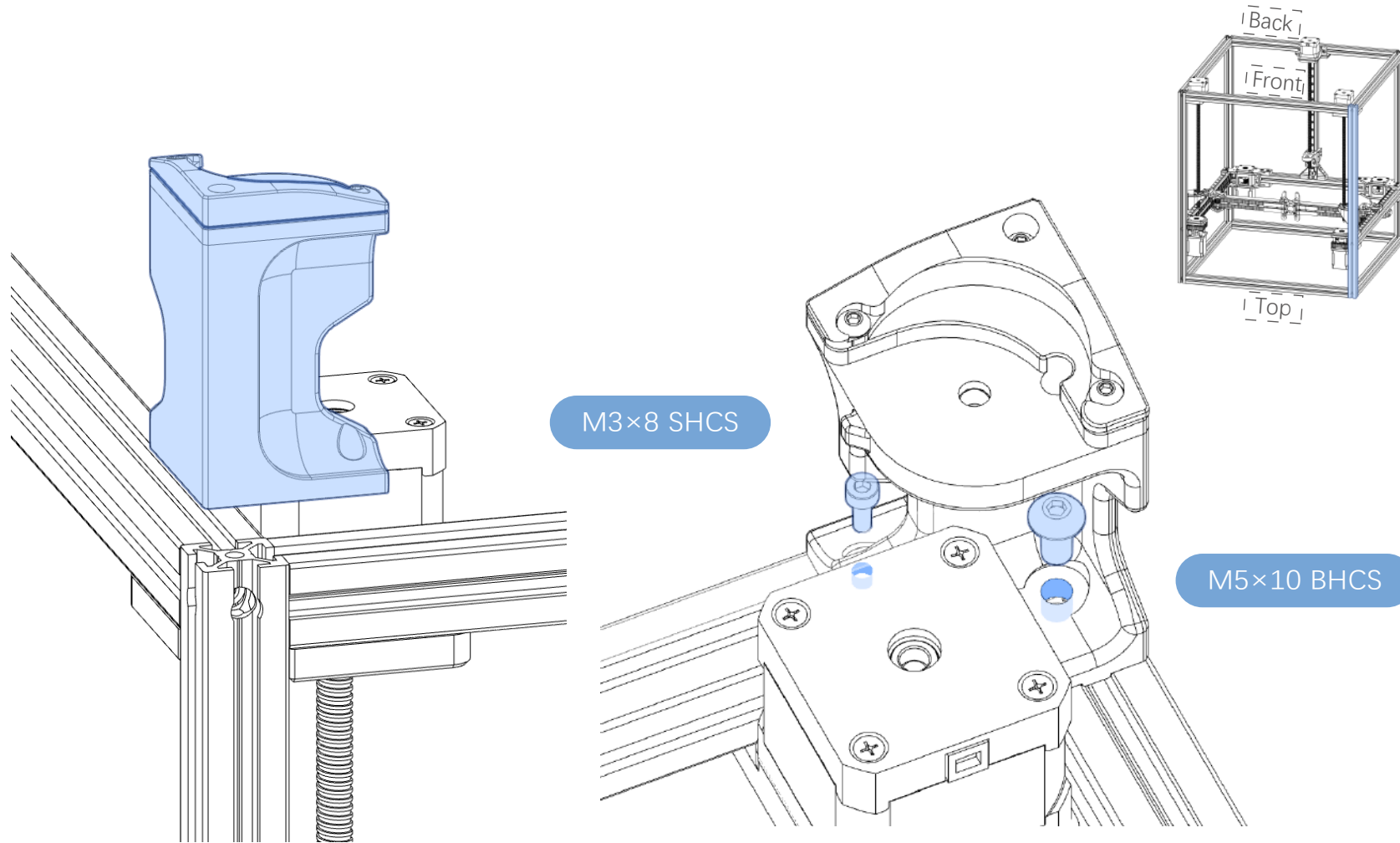


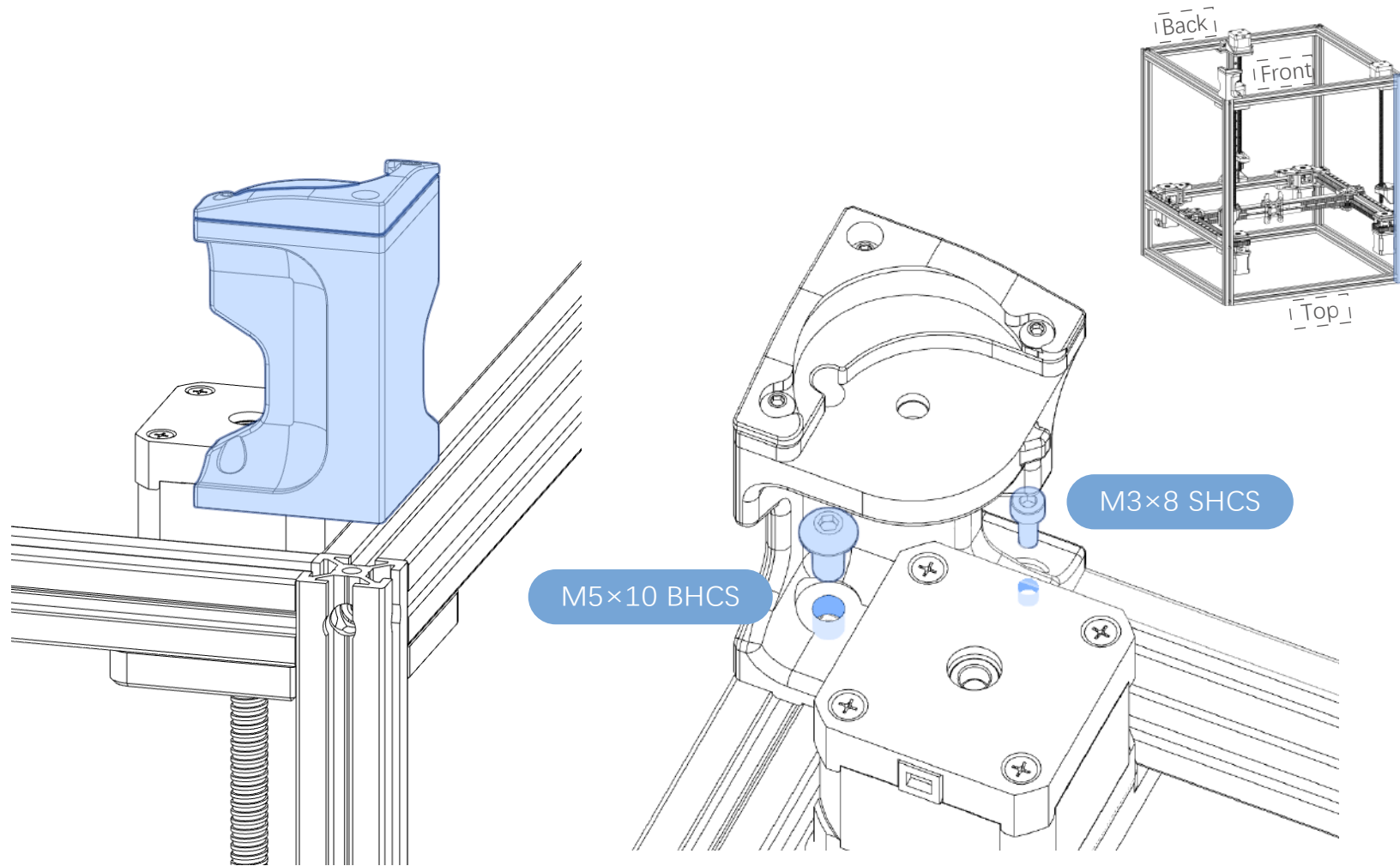
ASSEMBLE FOUR FEET

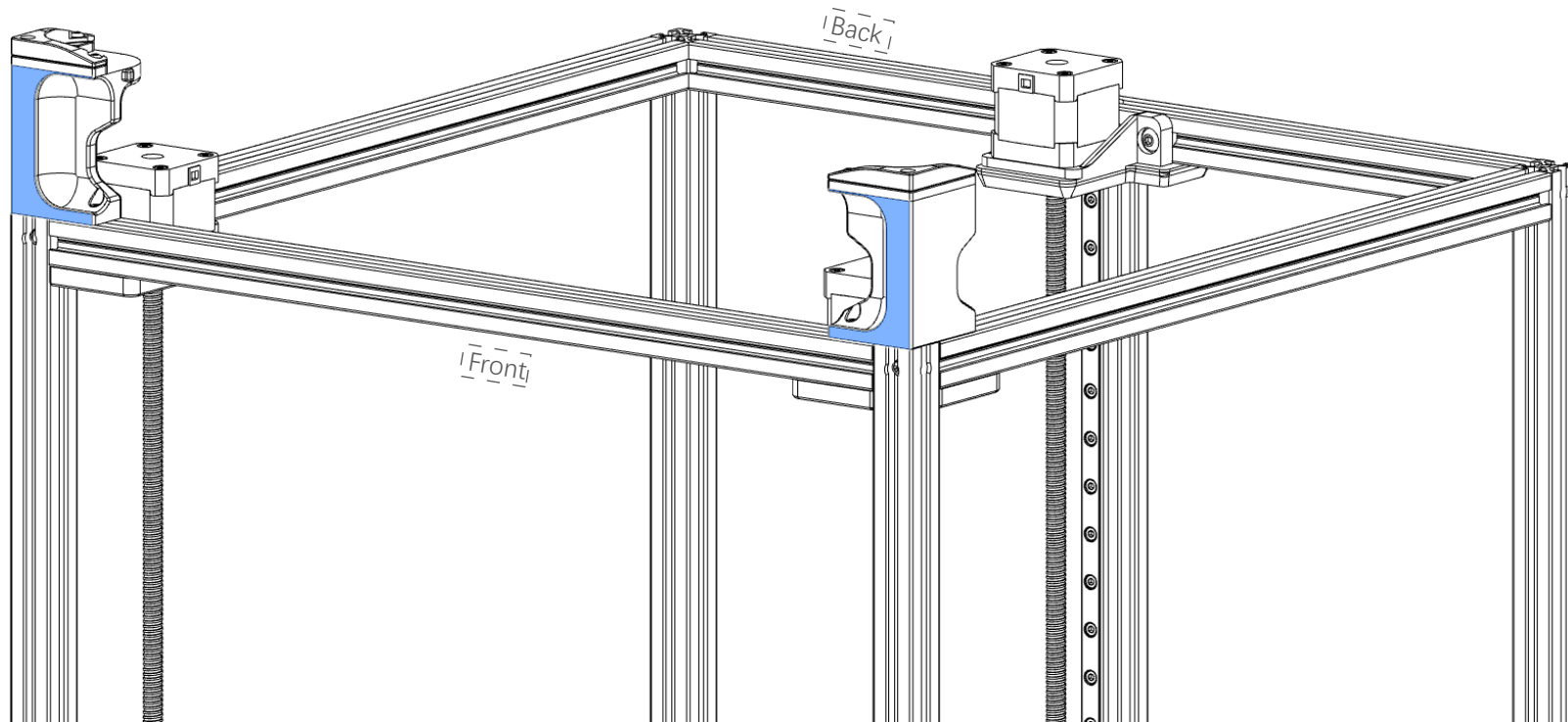
Repeat the instructions and assemble all four feet.





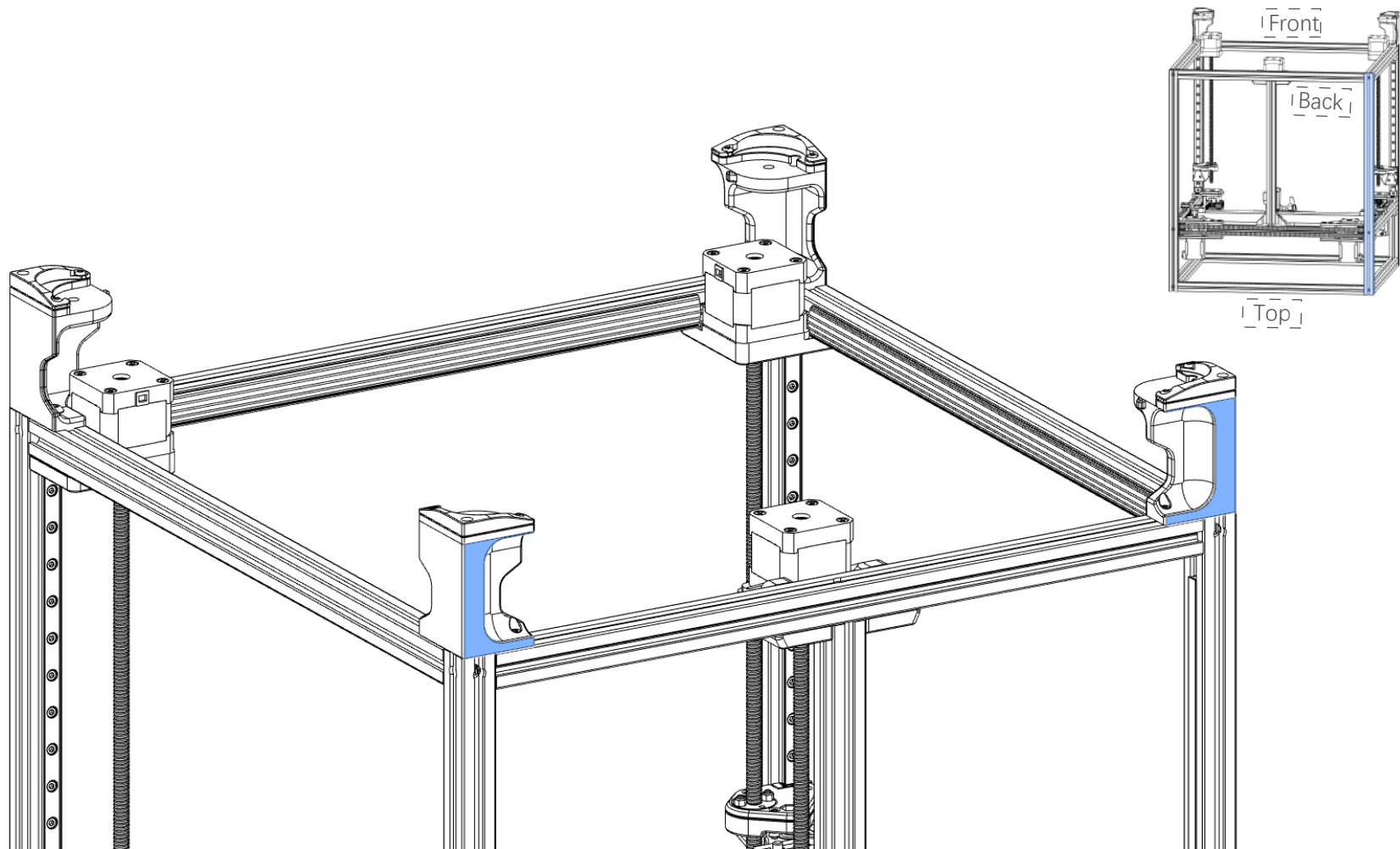






MIND THE PART ORIENTATION

The faces highlighted above are towards the front and rear of the printer

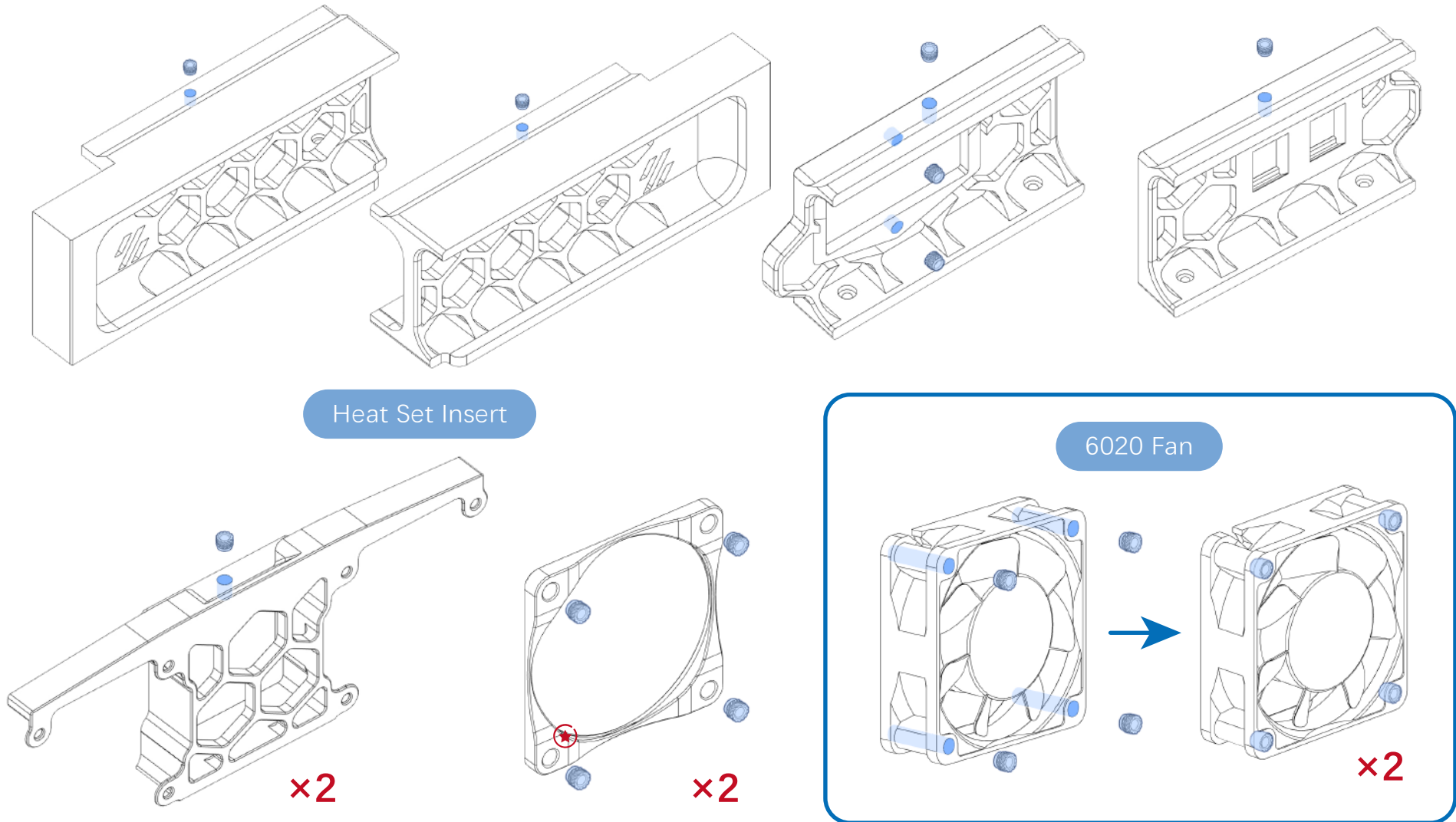


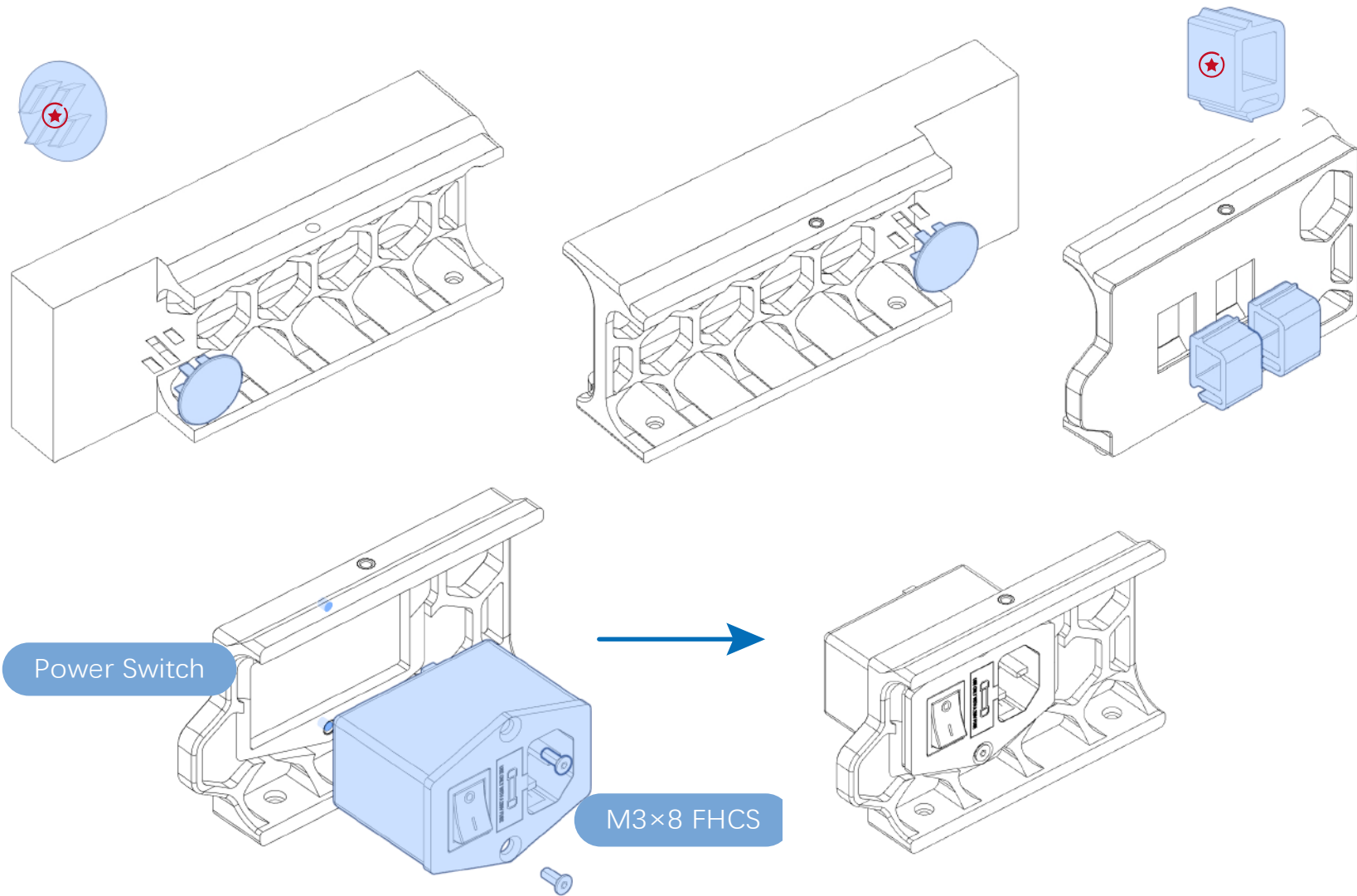
MIND THE PART ORIENTATION

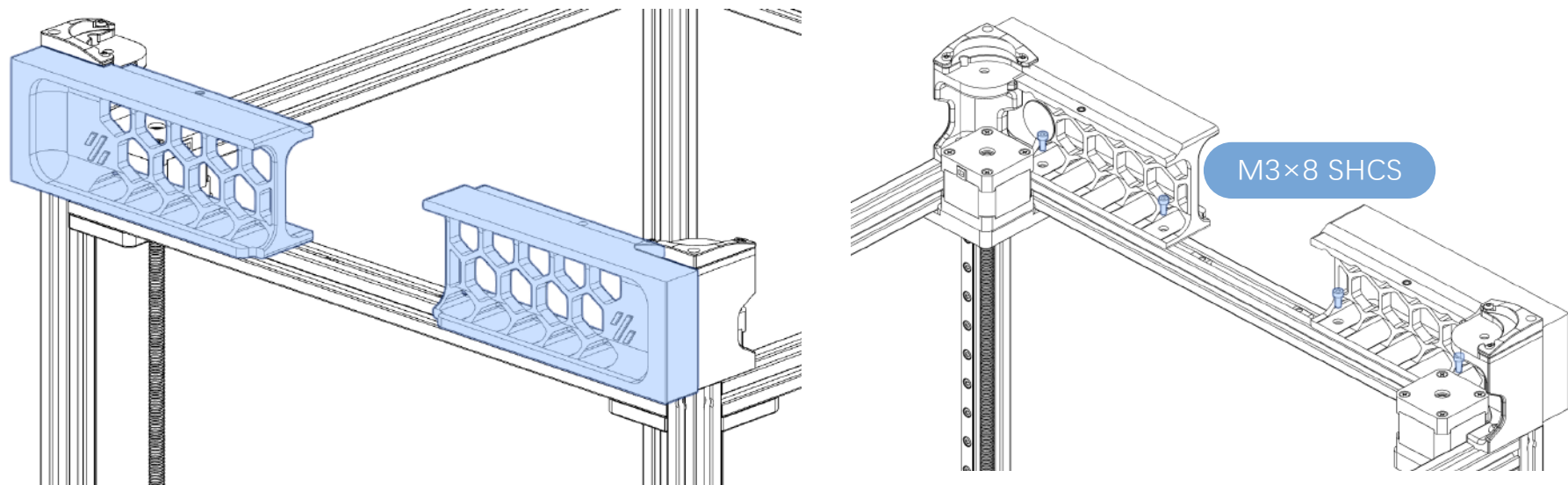
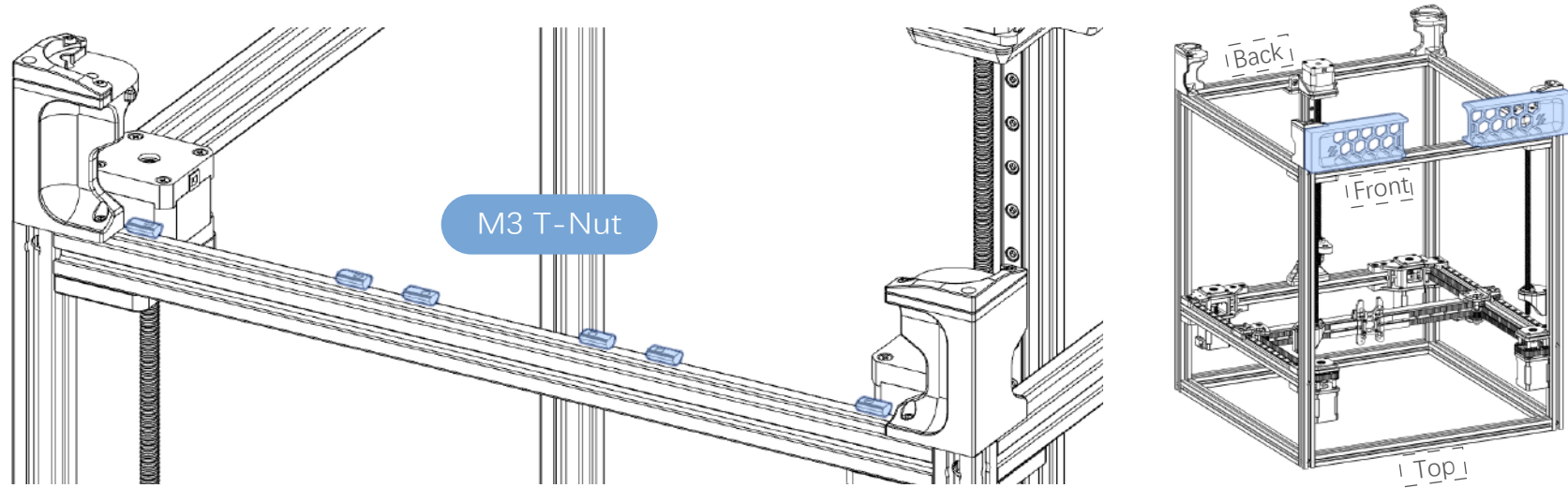
The faces highlighted above are towards the front and rear of the printer



Report, Commander,
we have discovered a batch of ABS printed parts that require heat set inserts...



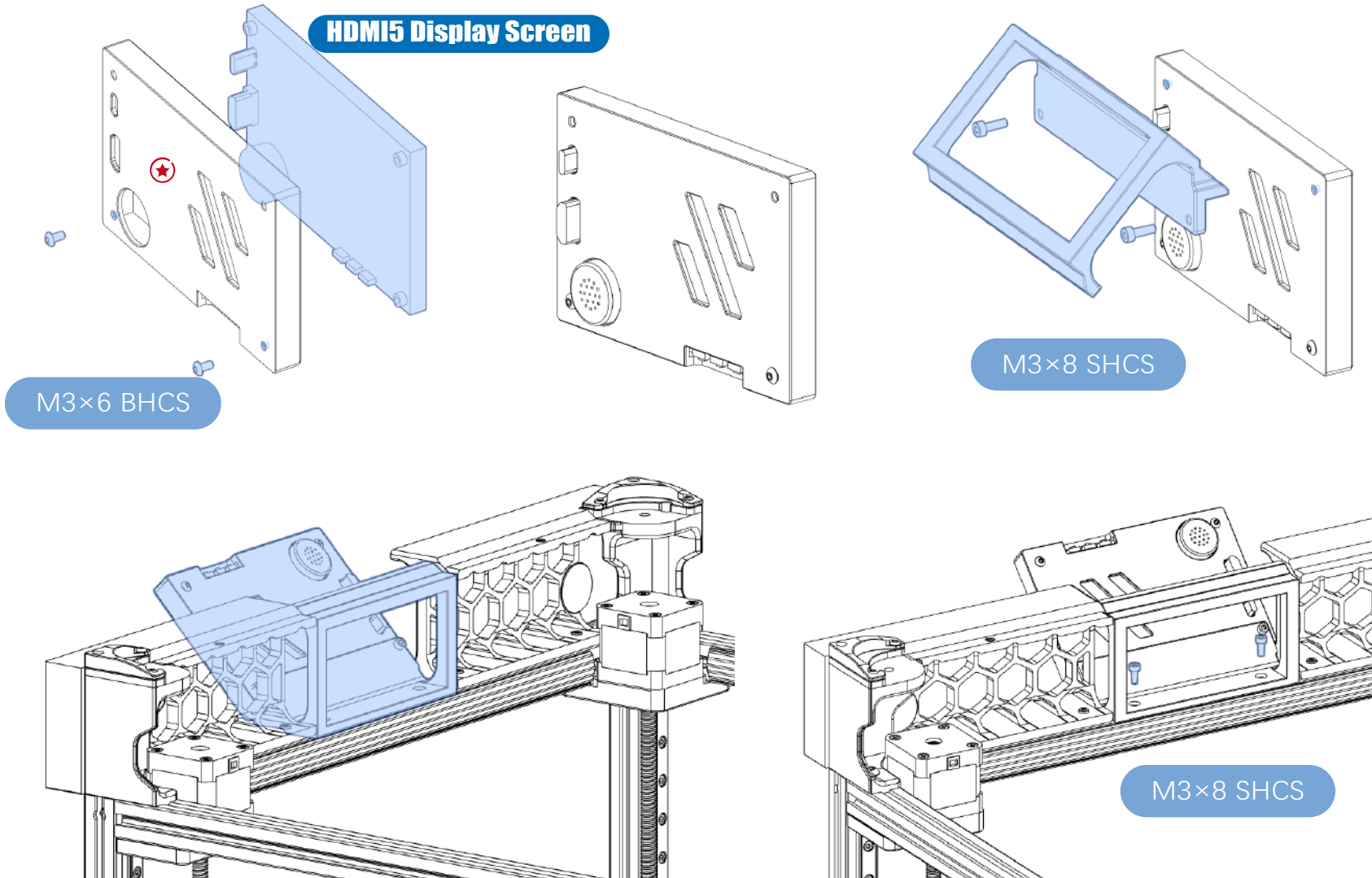


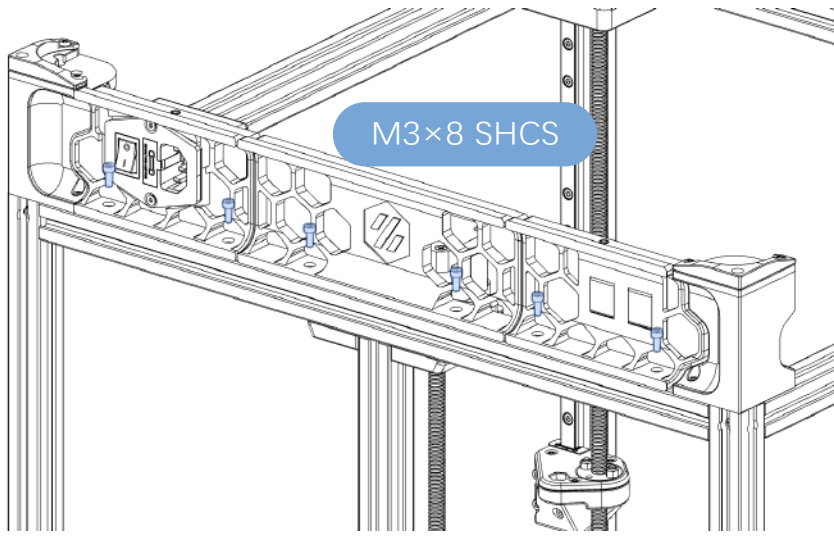
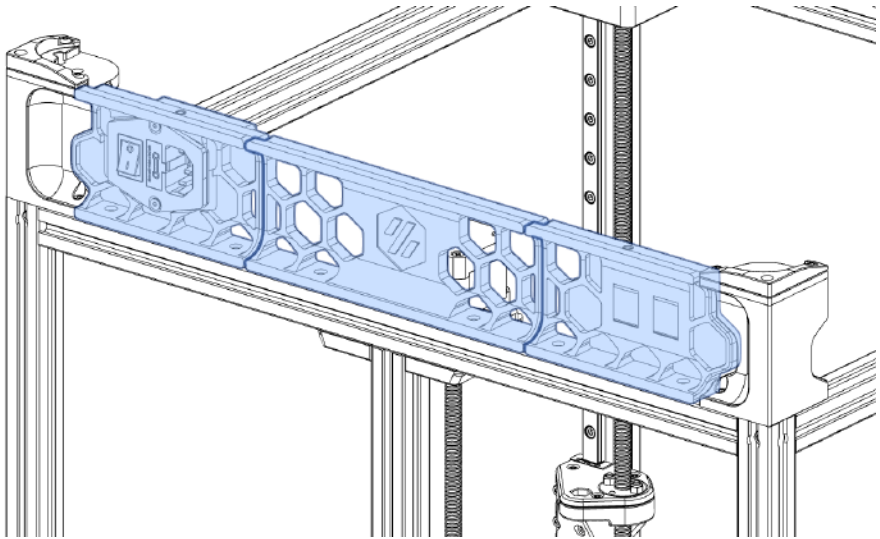
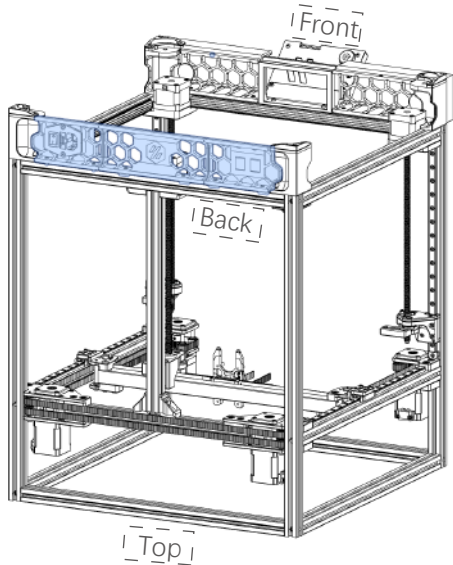
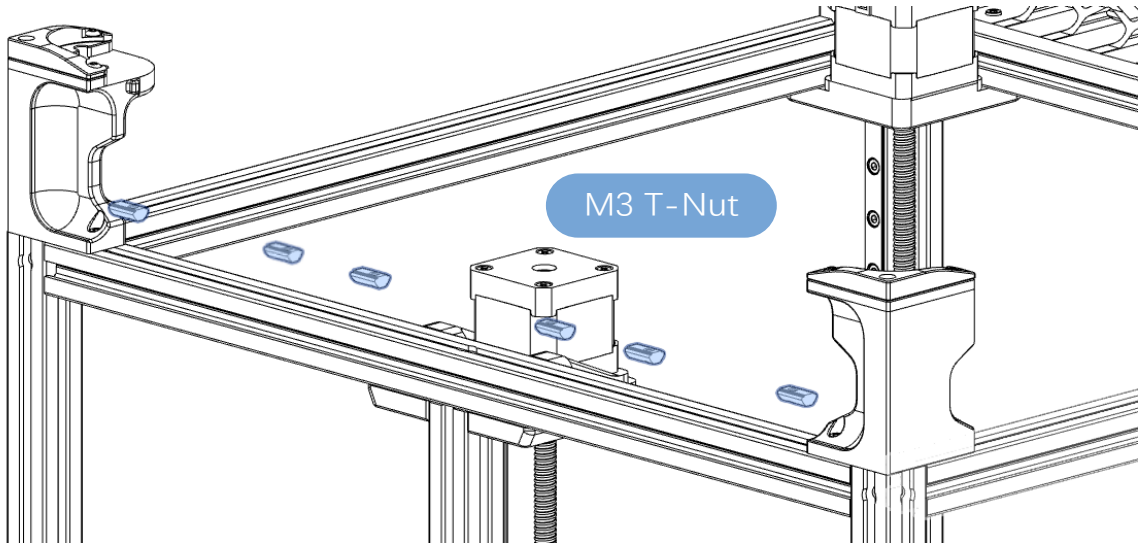


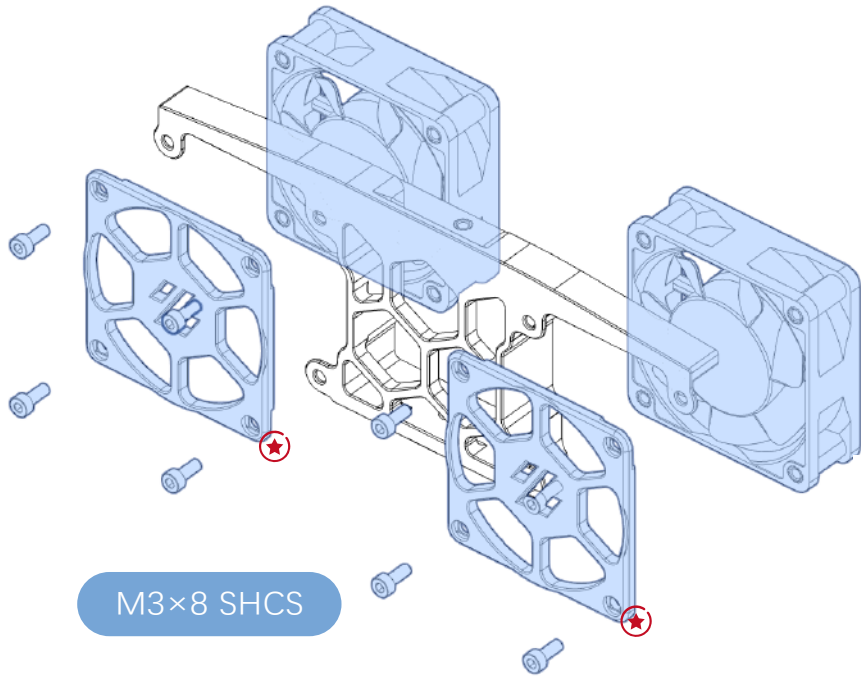
Important Installation Note

After installing the touch screen bracket, avoid turning the printer with its front facing down towards the desk, as this may damage both the touch screen and the bracket.

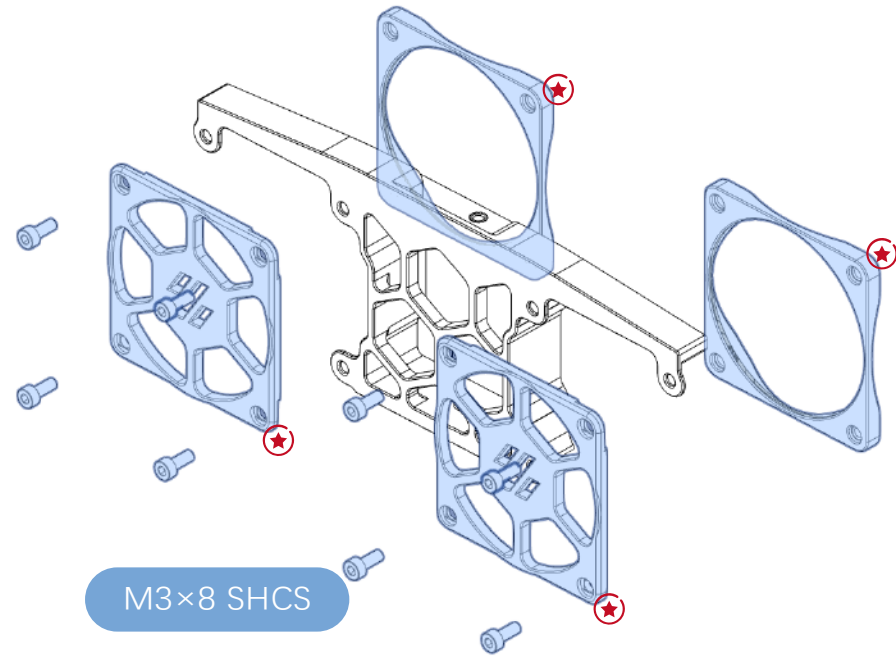
Alternatively, you can install the touch screen on the bracket without securing the bracket to the printer.



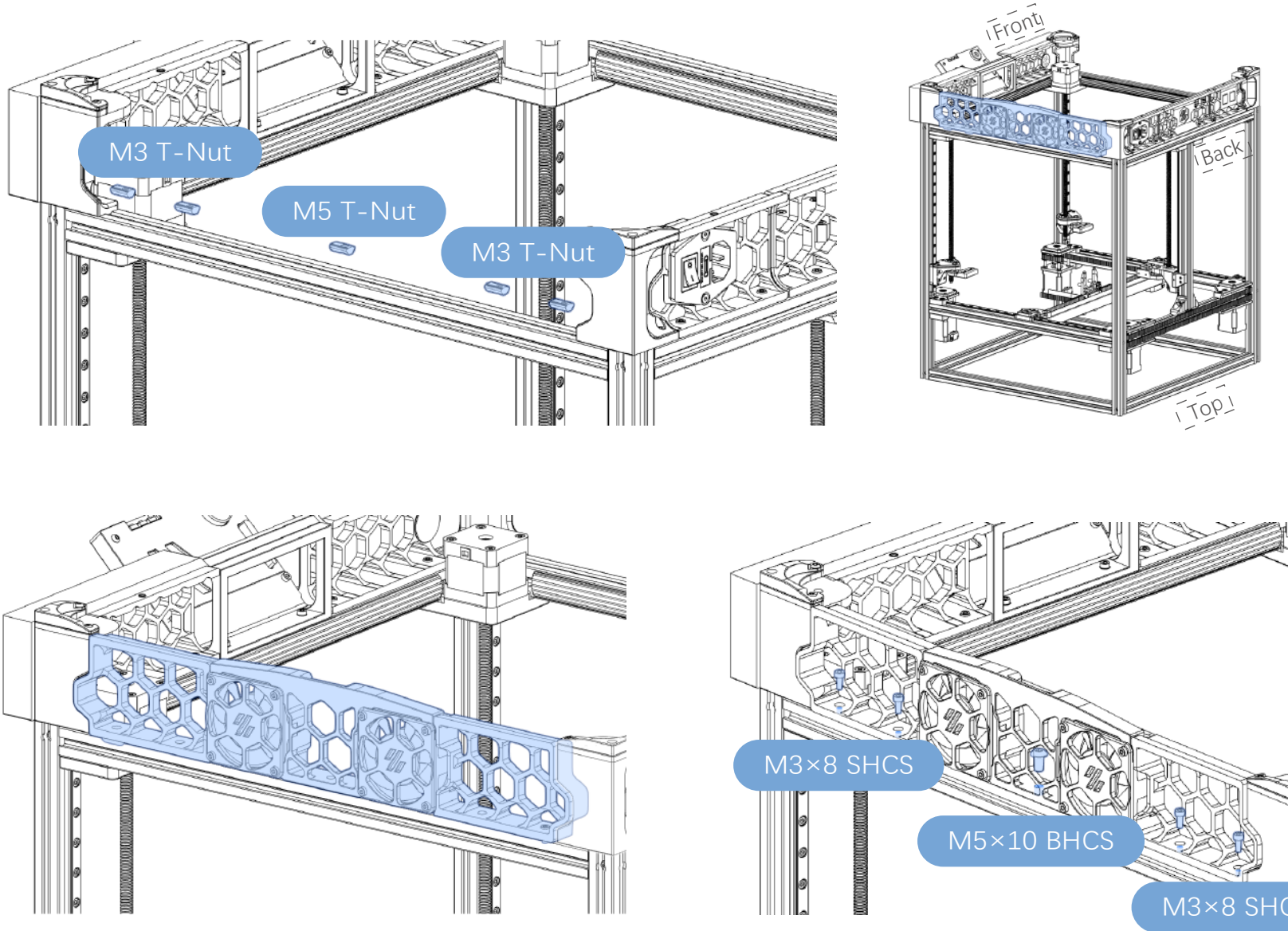


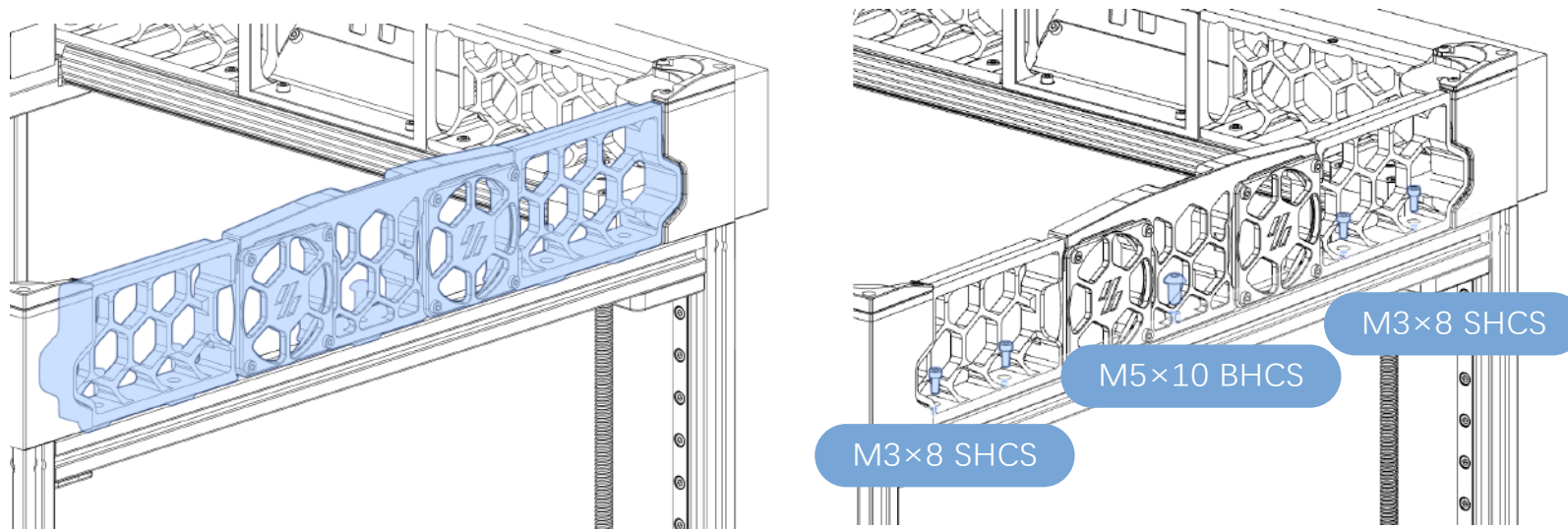
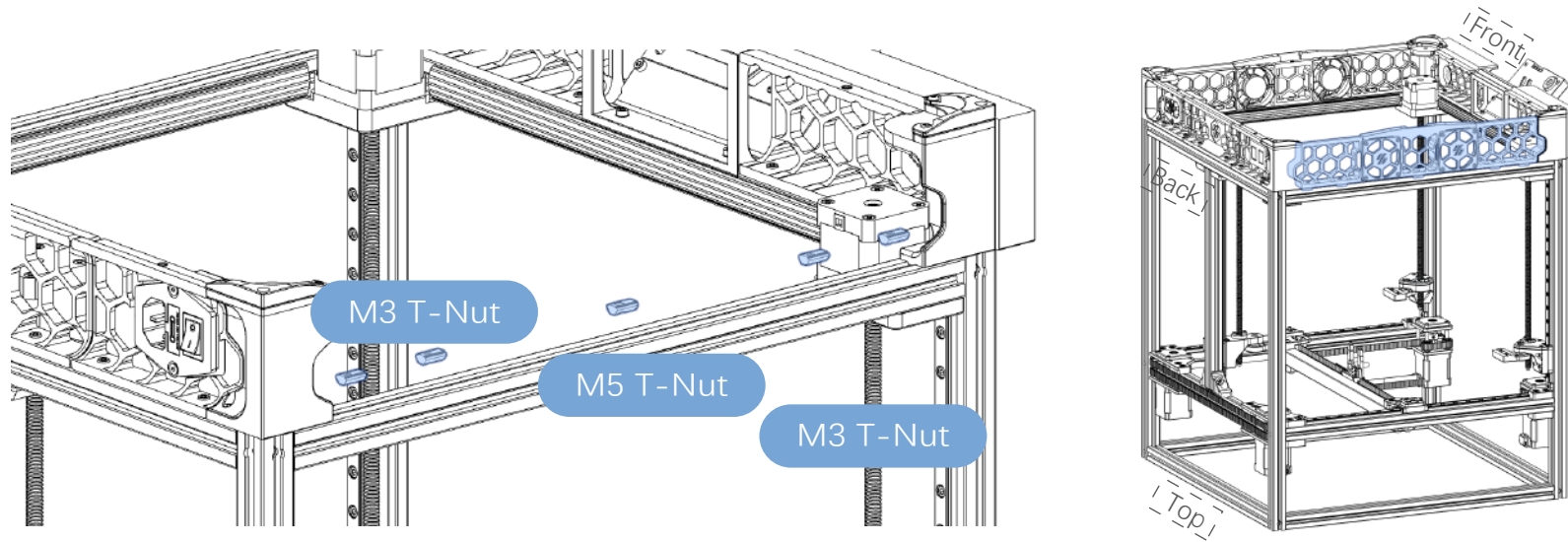


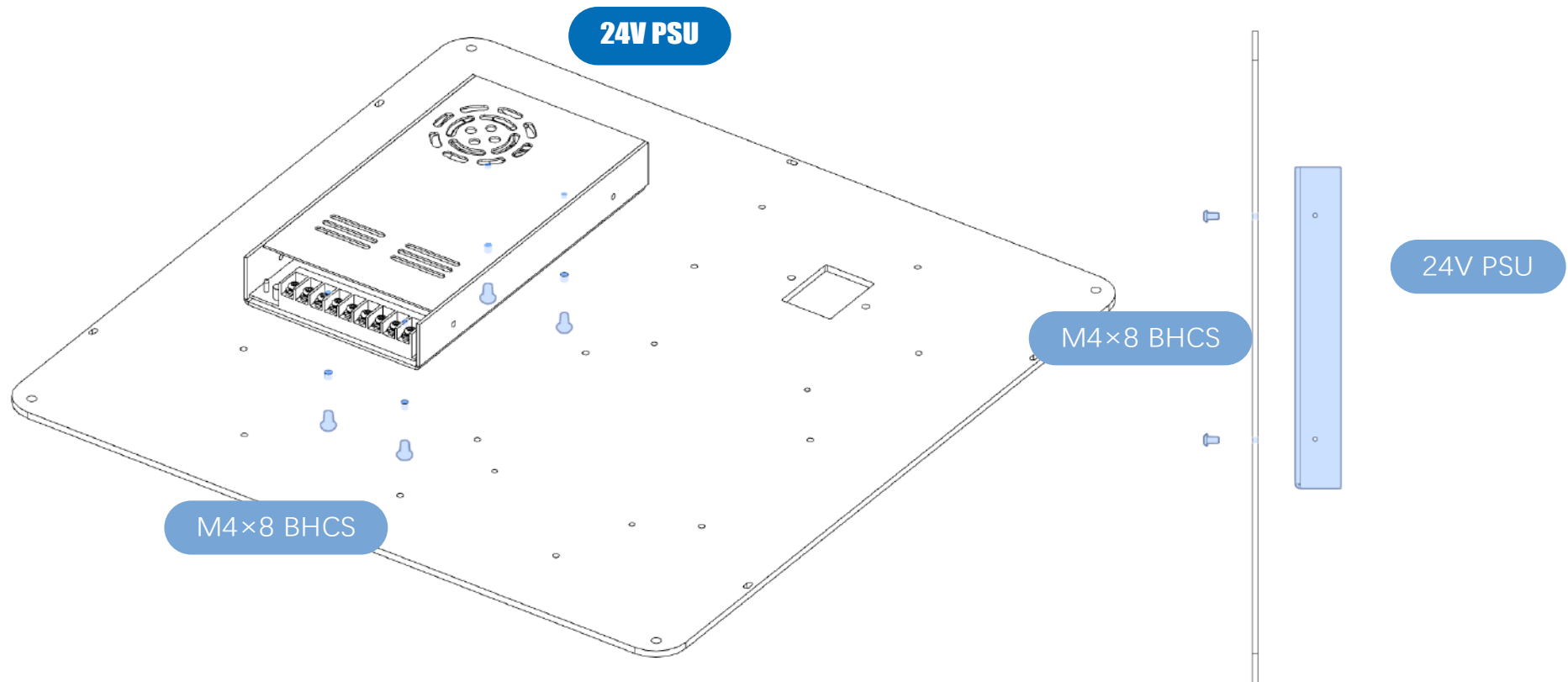
M3×8 SHCS



M3×8 SHCS

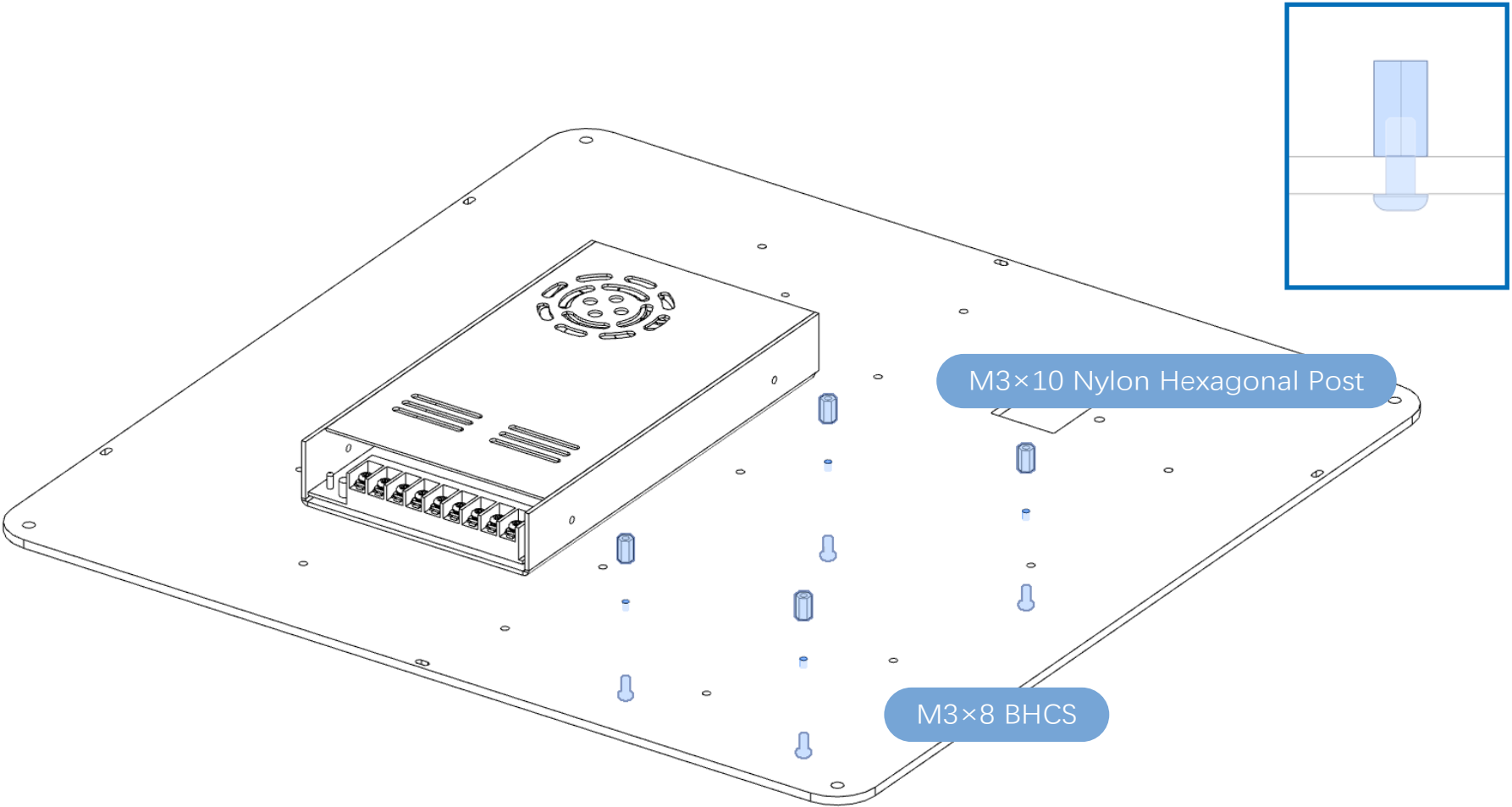






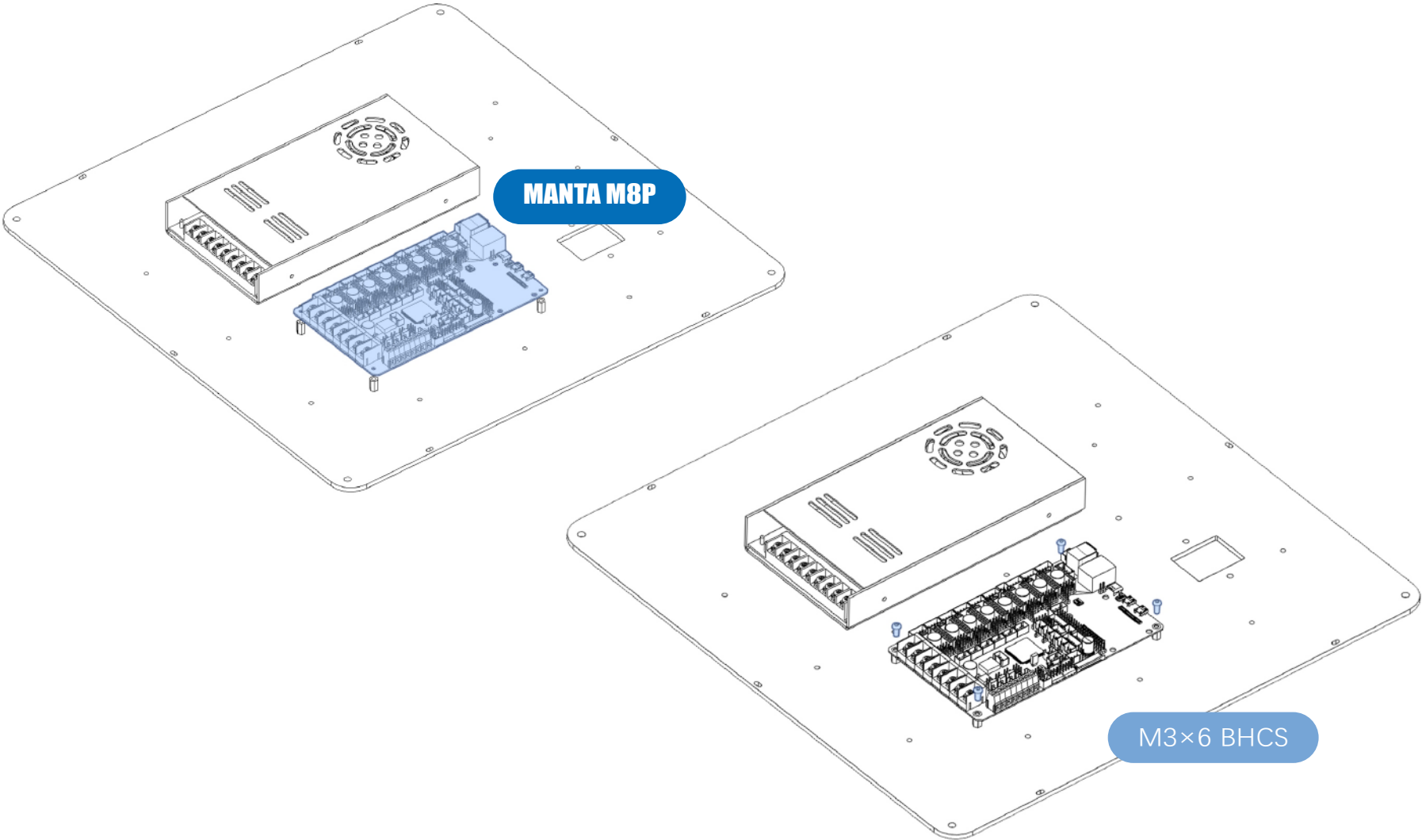
Securing the 24V PSU

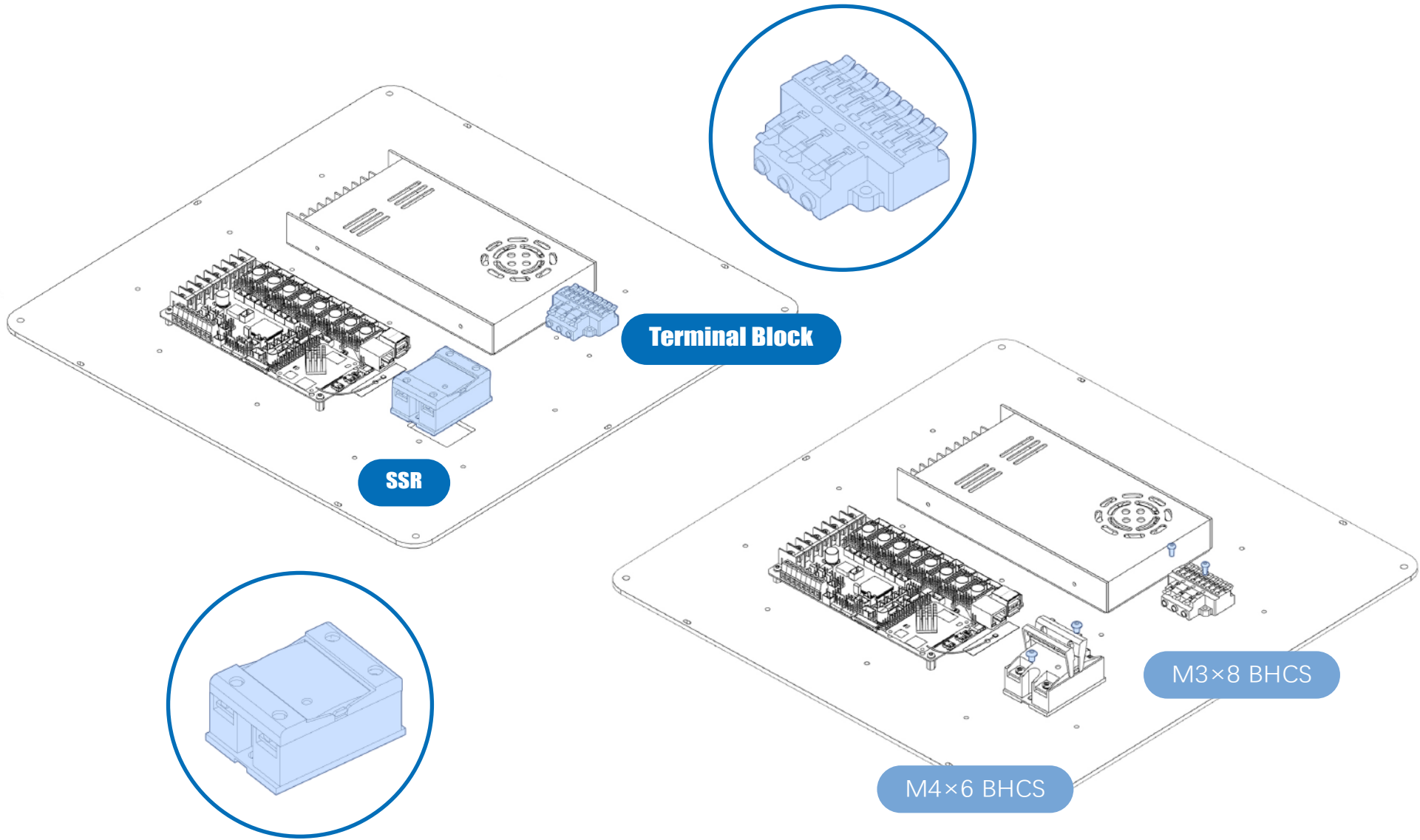
Use M4x8 BHCS screws to secure the 24V PSU to the black base plate.

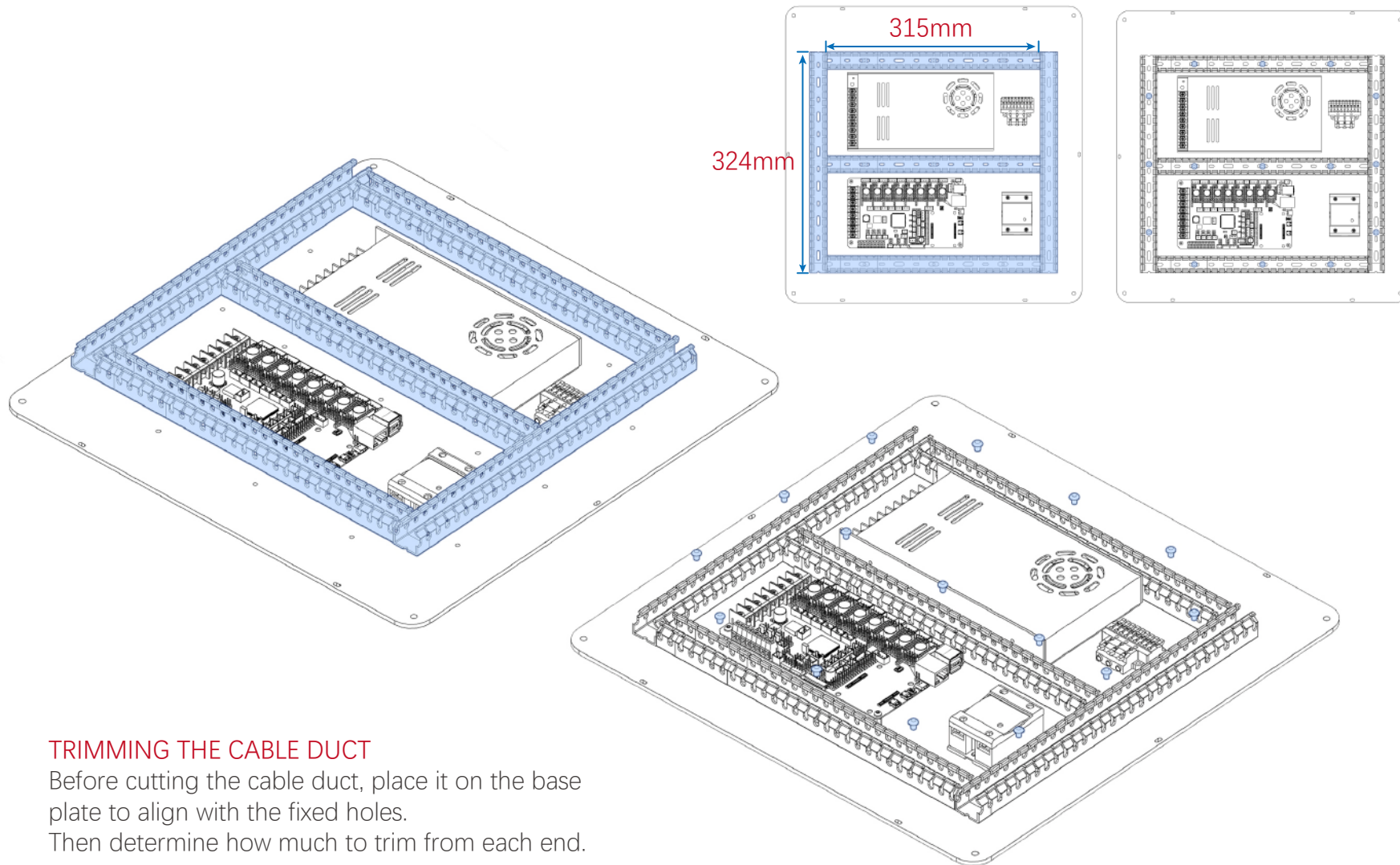


M3×10 Nylon Hexagonal Post

M3×8 BHCS







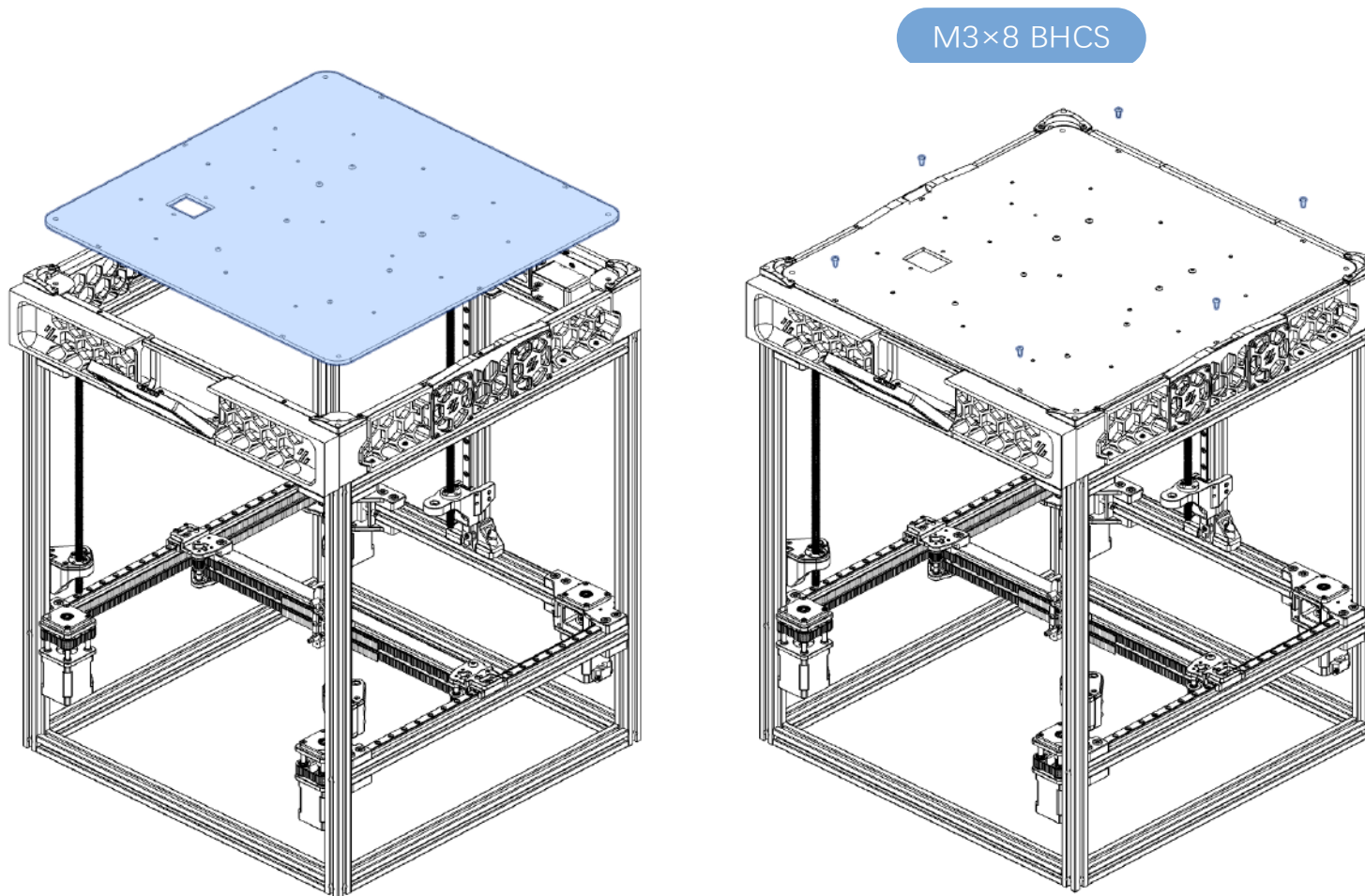
TRIMMING THE CABLE DUCT

Before cutting the cable duct, place it on the base plate to align with the fixed holes. Then determine how much to trim from each end.

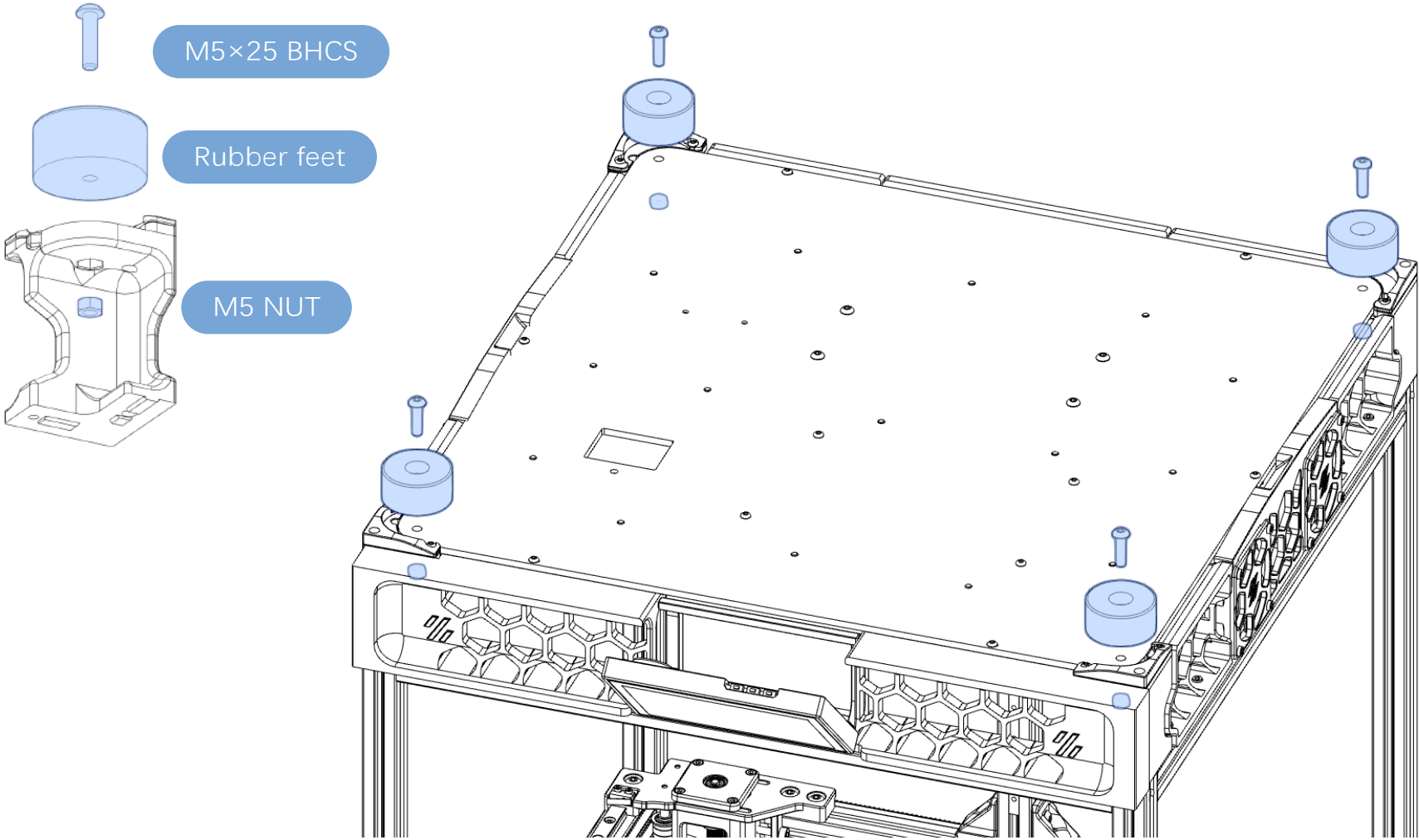
M4×6 BHCS

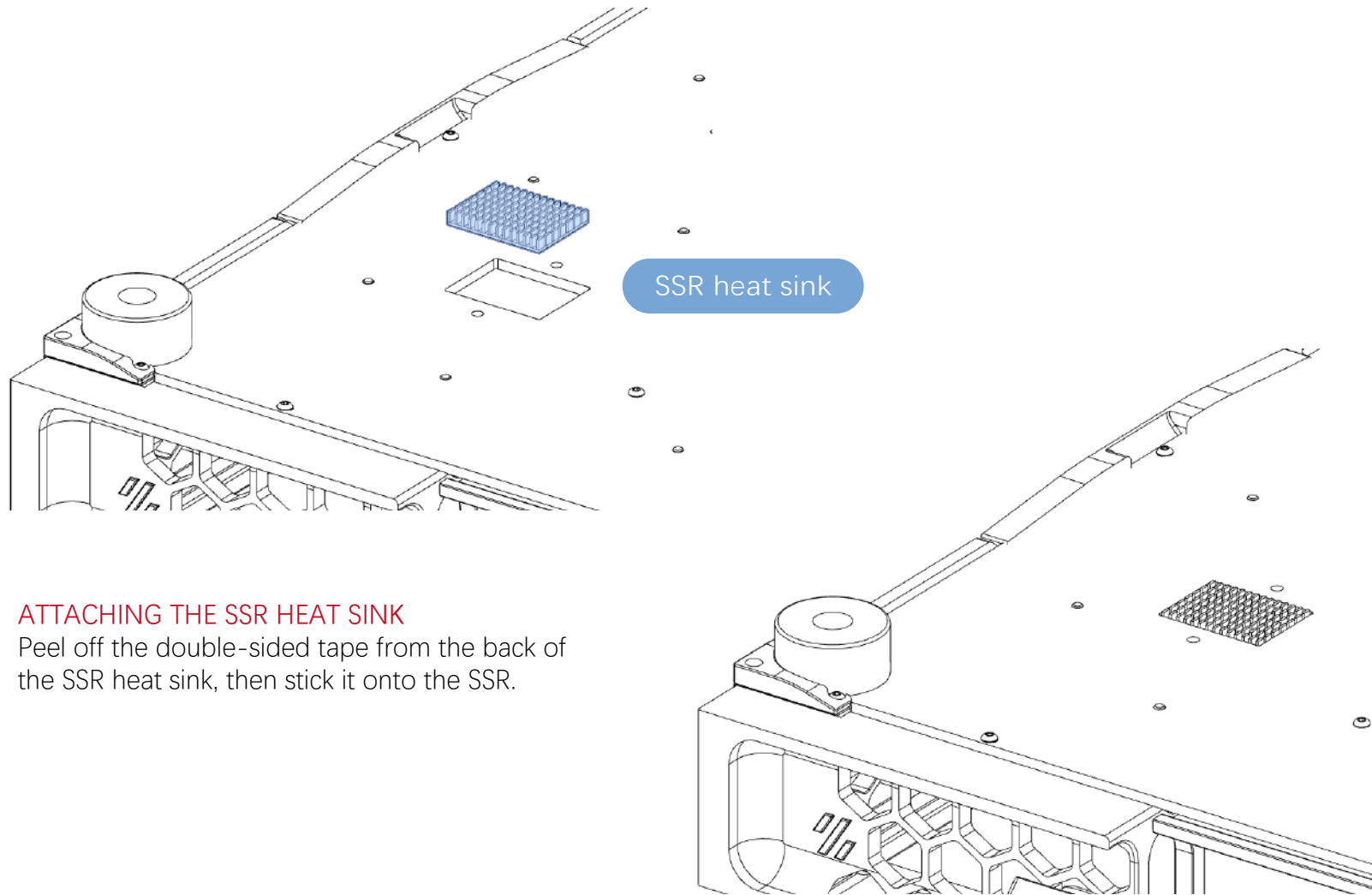
PARTIAL WIRING BEFORE INSTALLING THE BASE PLATE

Before installing the base plate, you can start some of the wiring first. The benefit is that you won't be confined to working within the space of the printer, allowing you to work easily on a desk and save a lot of time. If needed, please refer to pages 187-192.



BASE PLATE

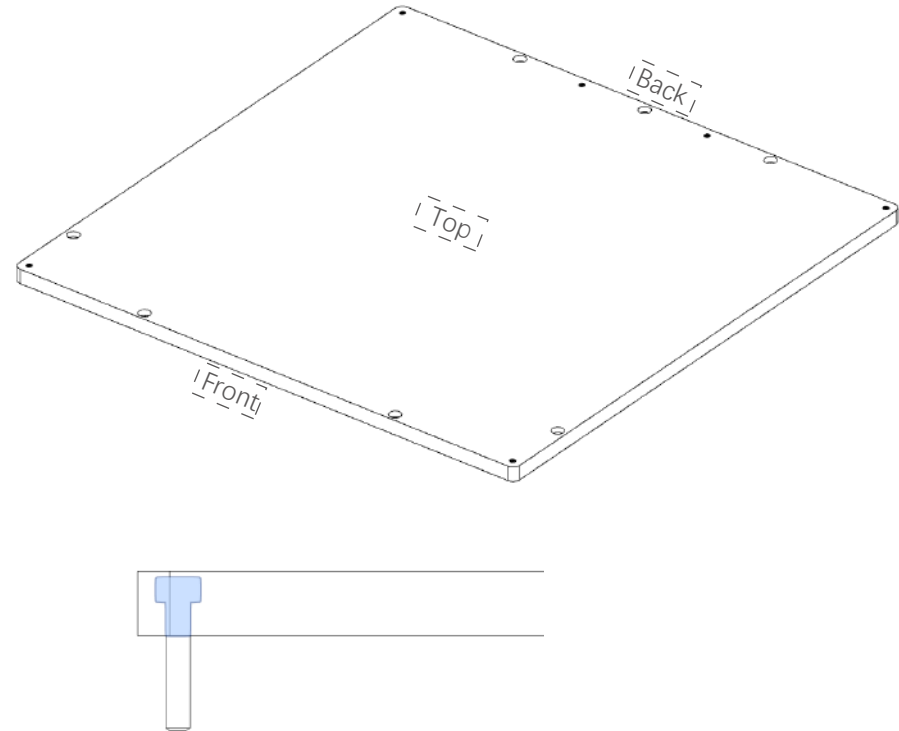
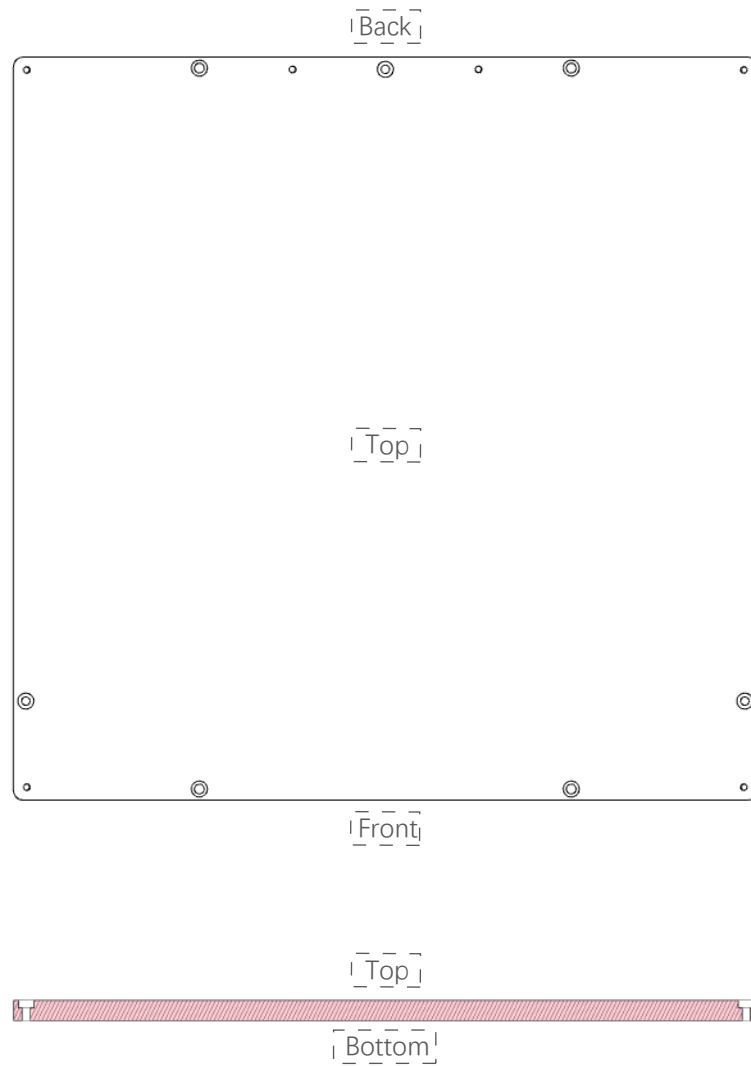




ATTACHING THE SSR HEAT SINK

Peel off the double-sided tape from the back of the SSR heat sink, then stick it onto the SSR.

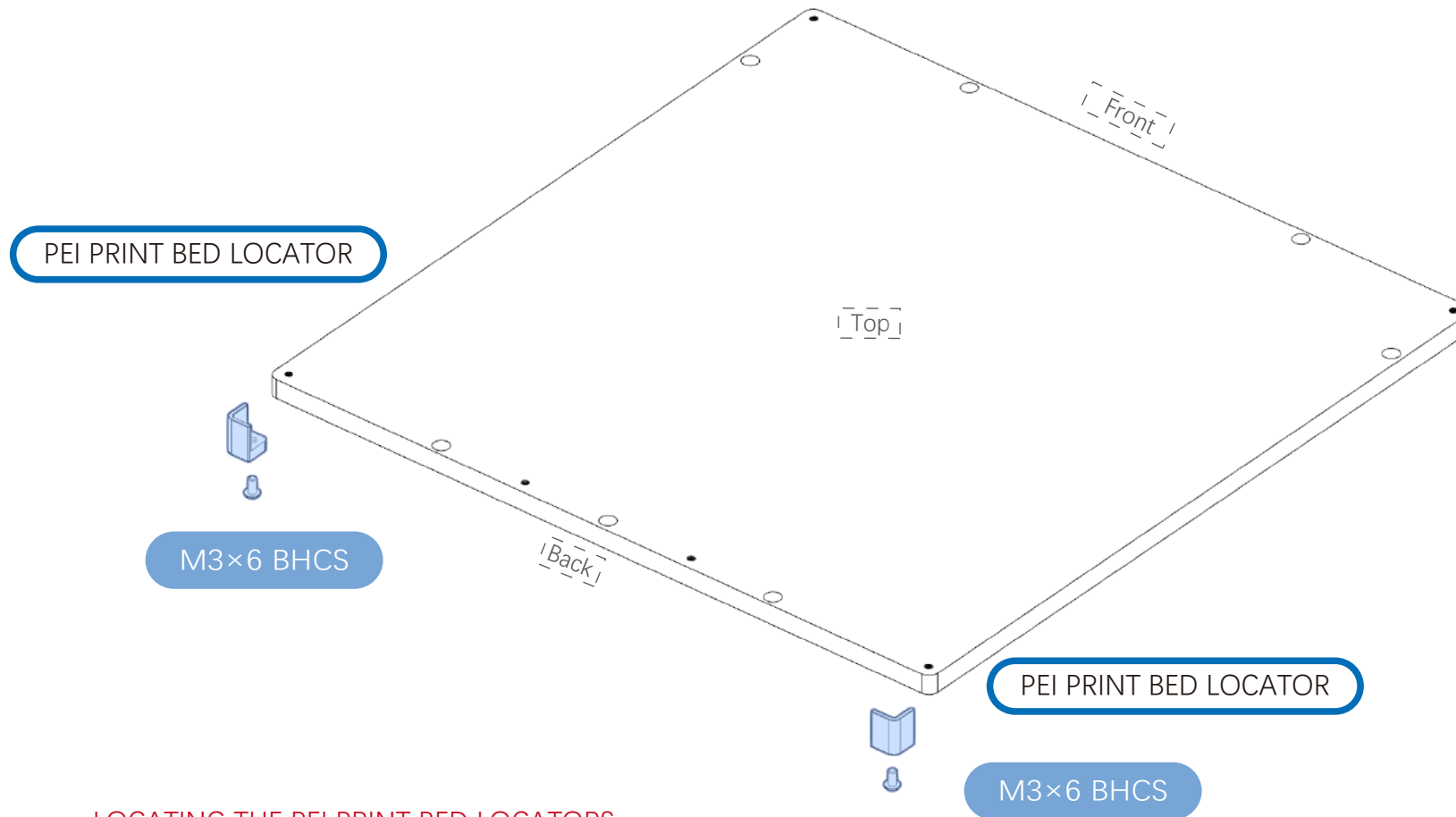




WHICH SIDE IS WHICH?

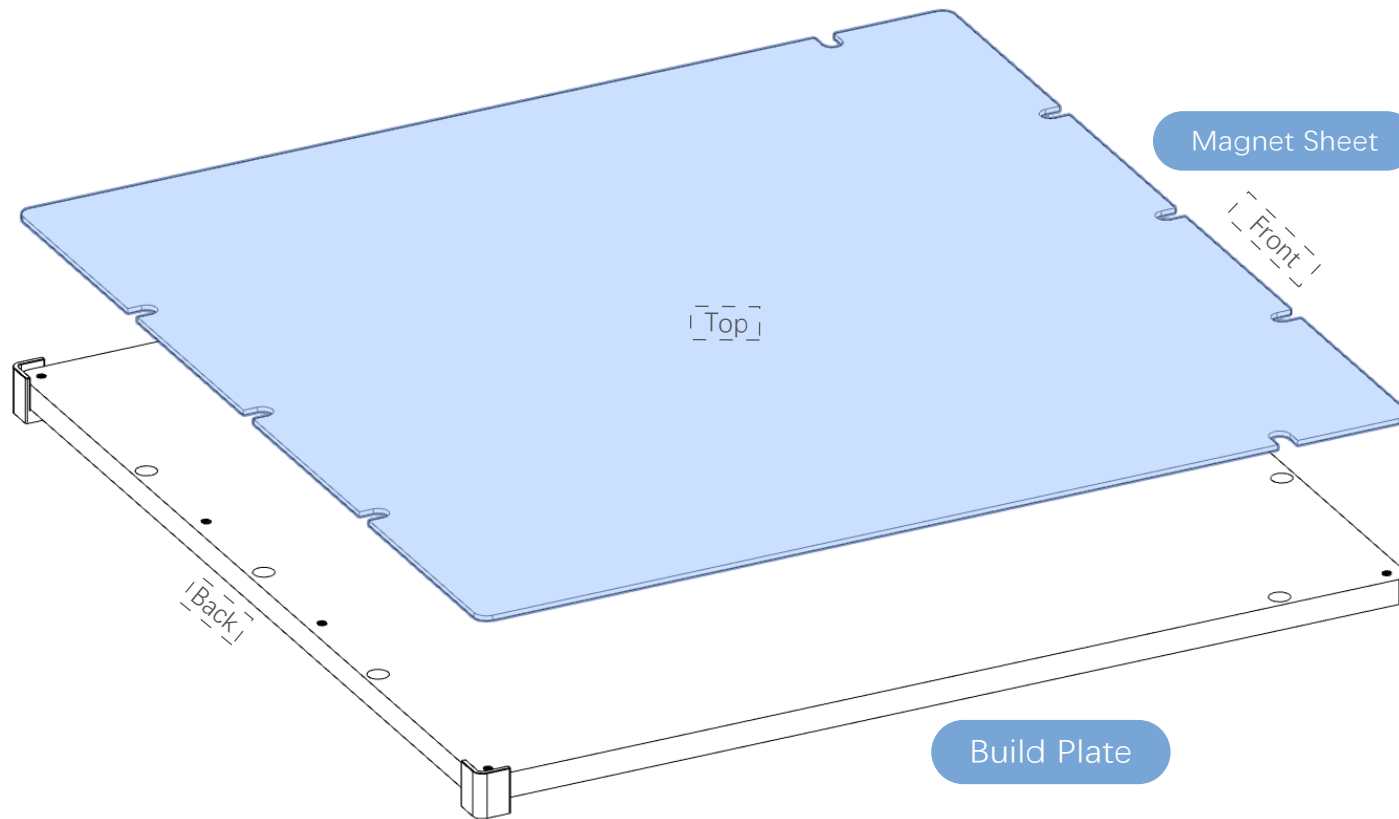
The top of the plate has mounting holes with bores that allow boltheads to sit flush/below the surface.

The plate has additional tapped holes to secure the PE connection and a thermal fuse, those are on the back side of the plate.



LOCATING THE PEI PRINT BED LOCATORS

The PEI Print Bed Locators are in the CNC AWD box, as mentioned on page 72.



<https://voron.link/rm6tpld>

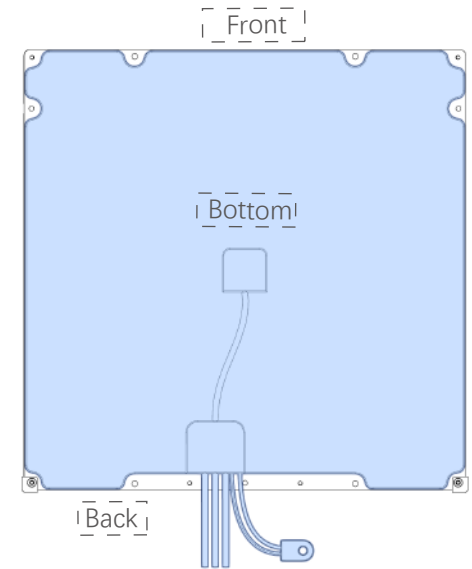
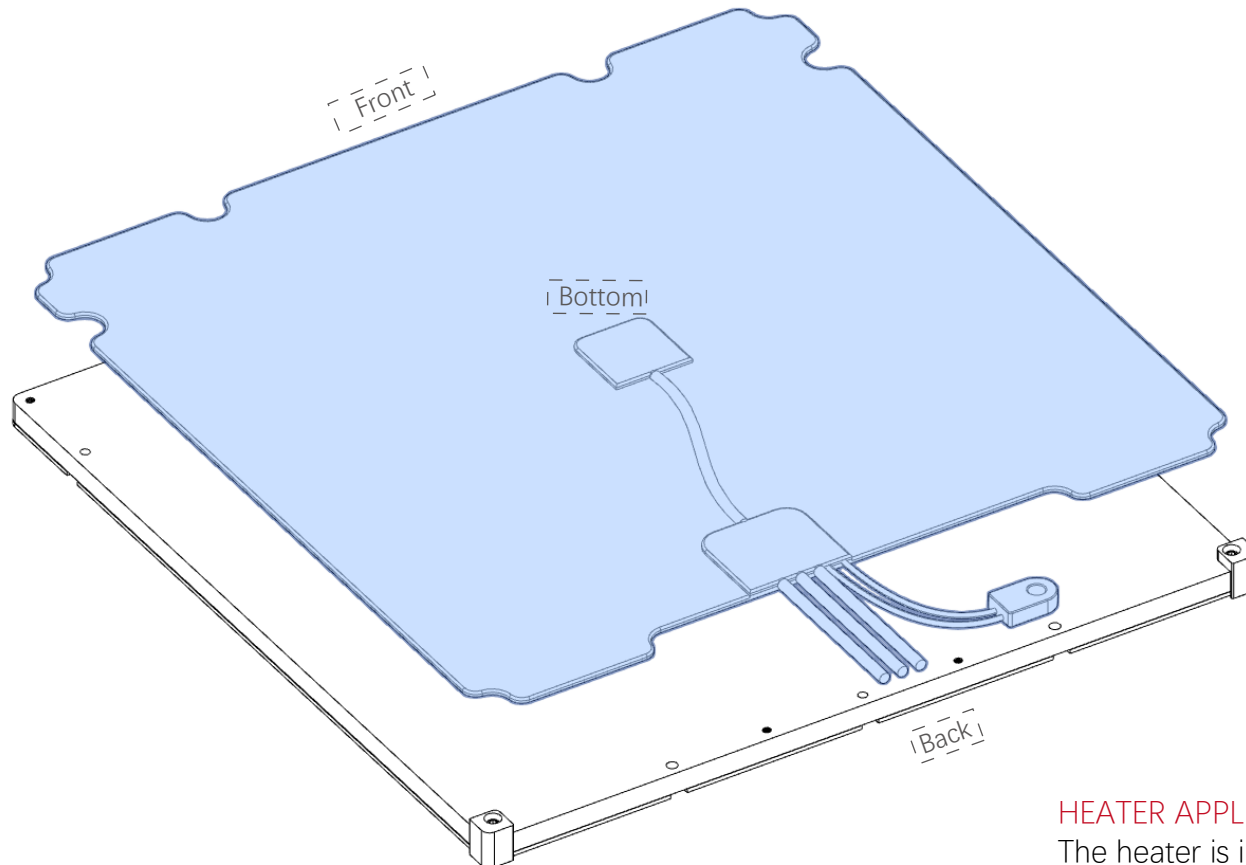
MAGNET APPLICATION

Clean the plate with isopropyl alcohol or similar cleaner prior to applying the magnet. Use the edge of a plastic object or a small roller to firmly press the magnet on the plate to get a good bond. If you have never done this before we recommend you watch the linked guide.



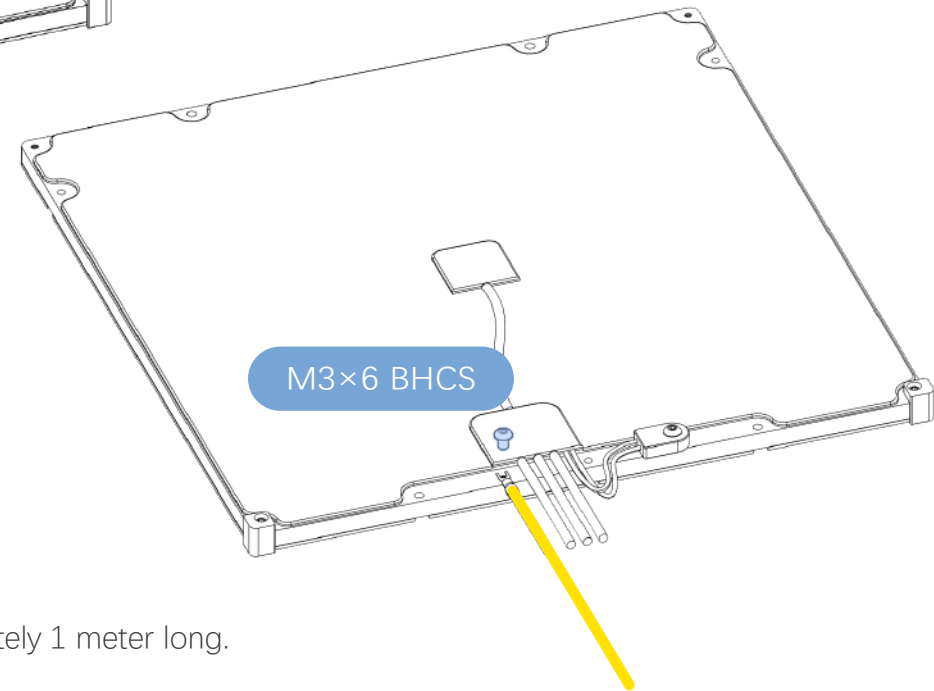
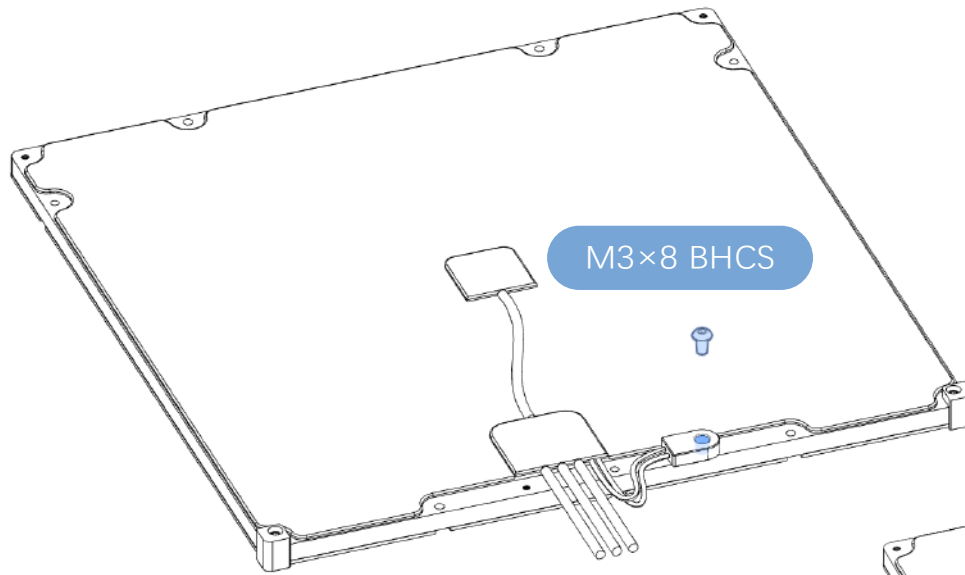
CHECKING SPECIFICATIONS BEFORE INSTALLING THE BED HEATER

Before installing the Bed Heater, be sure to check the specification information on the surface silkscreen to ensure the voltage matches the power supply voltage in your area!



HEATER APPLICATION

The heater is installed in the same fashion as the magnet. Centre it on the underside of the build plate and make sure to firmly press it on the build plate.

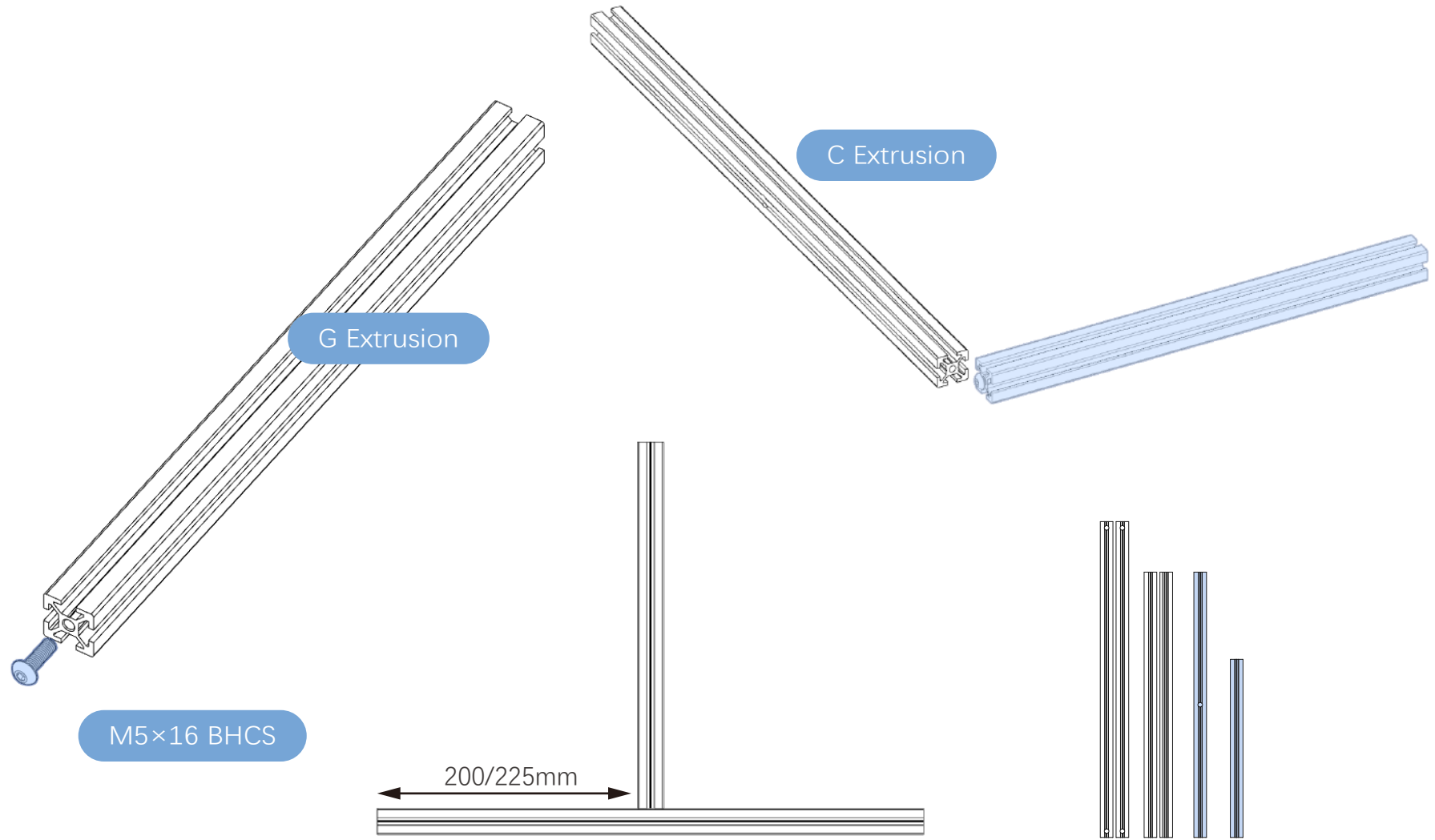


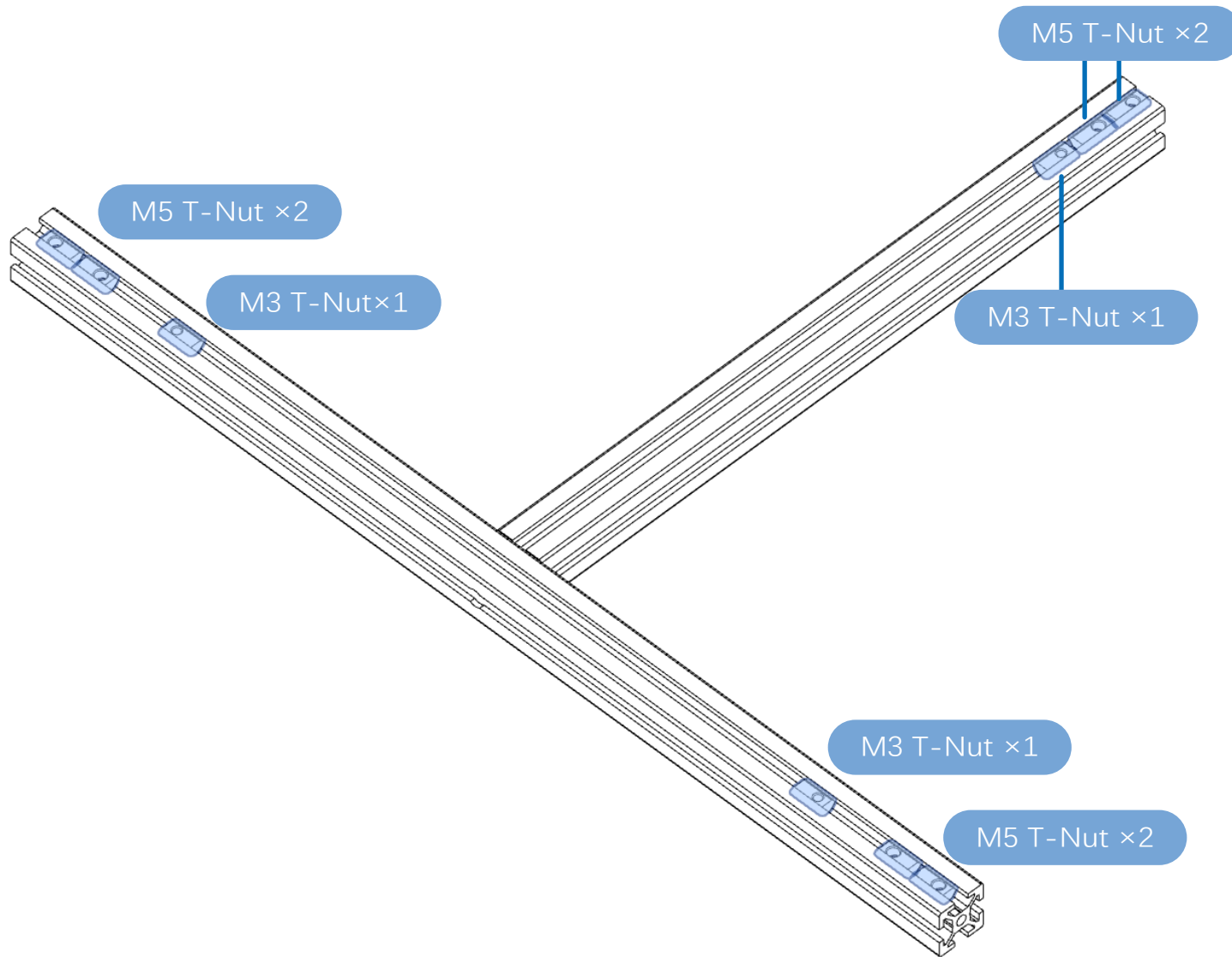
THERMAL FUSE

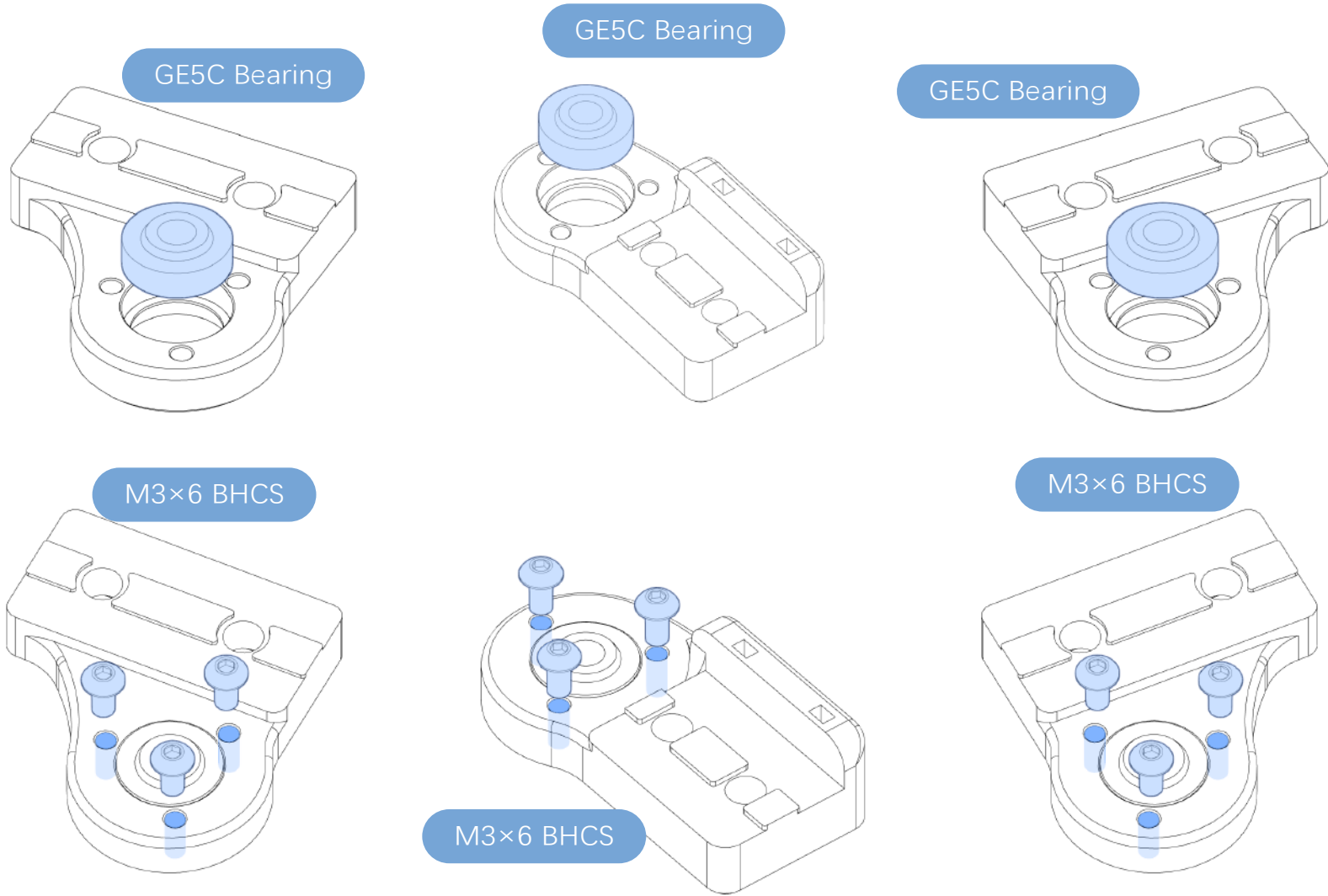
While not required to operate the printer, a thermal fuse attached to the build plate adds an additional layer of protection against potentially dangerous malfunctions.

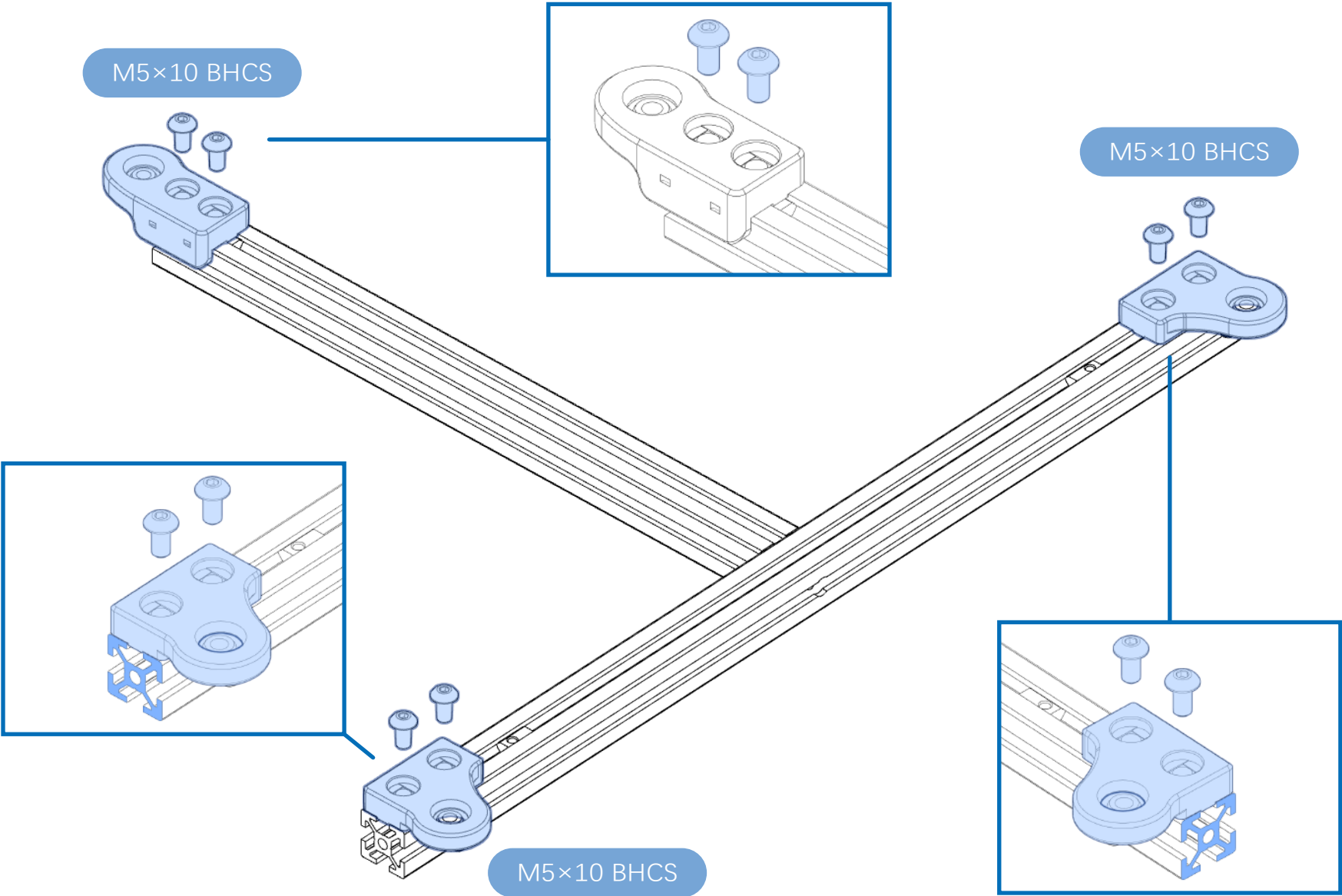
PROTECTIVE EARTH (PE)

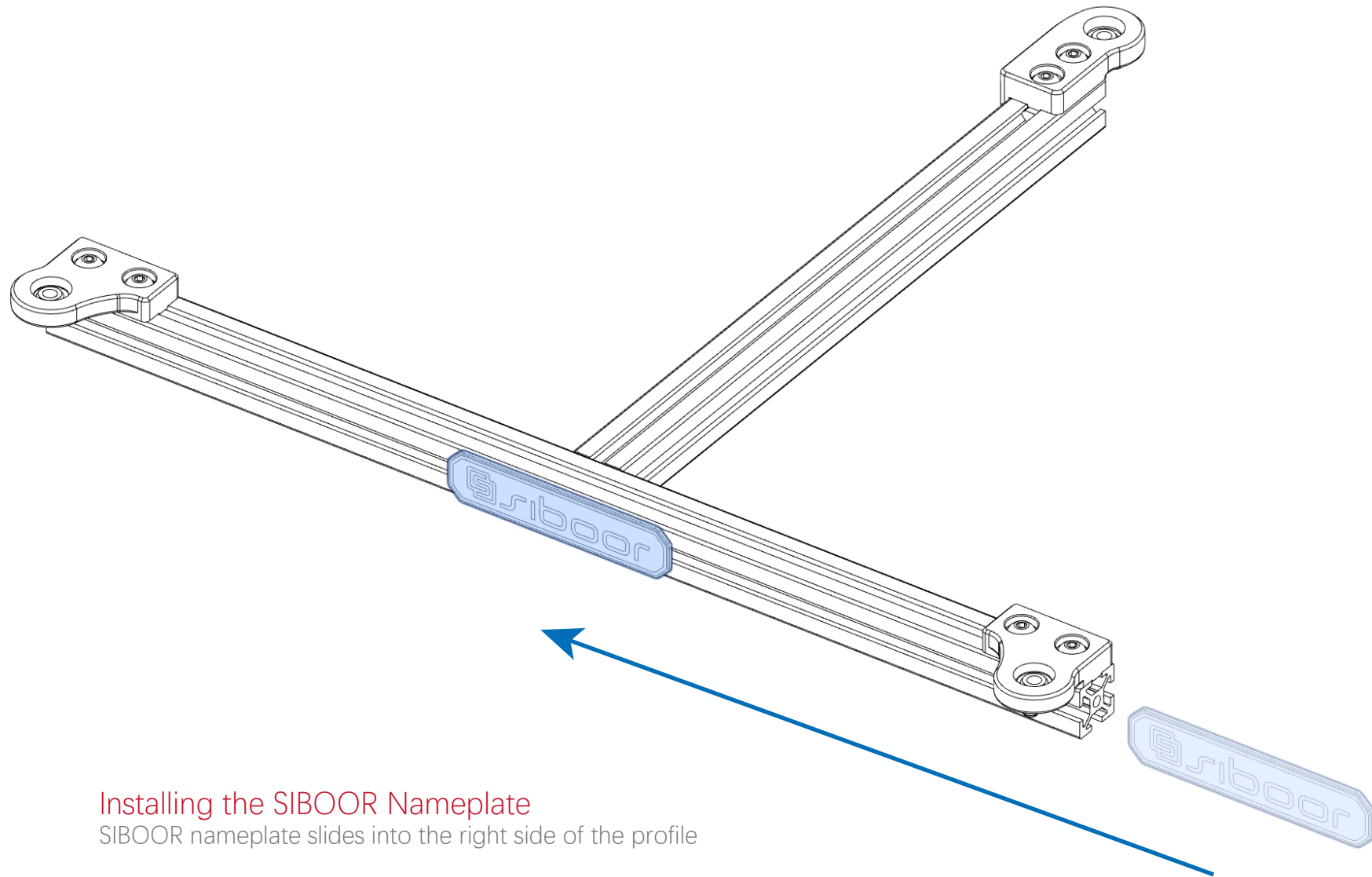
This is a yellow lead approximately 1 meter long. Please find it in the KIT.



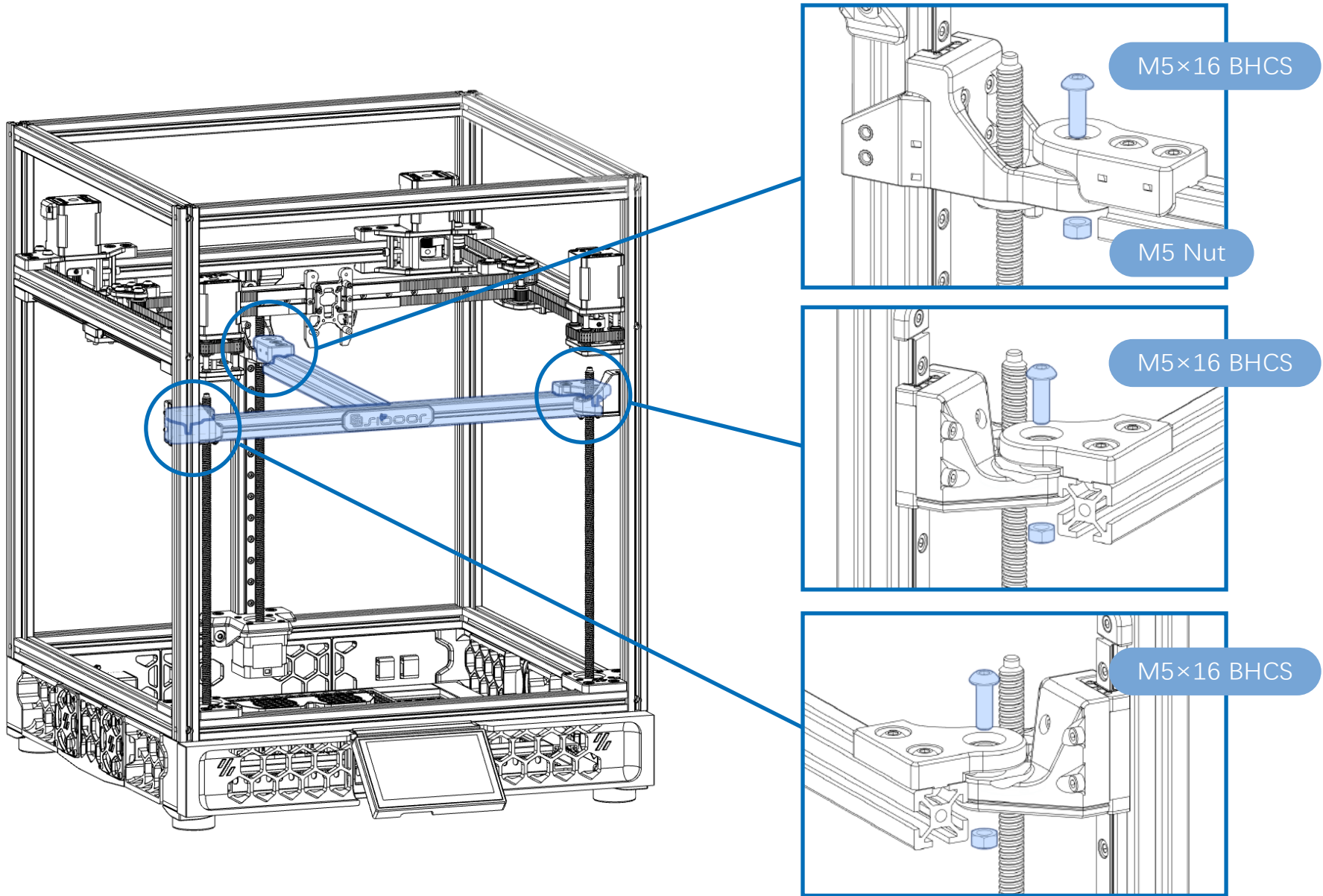


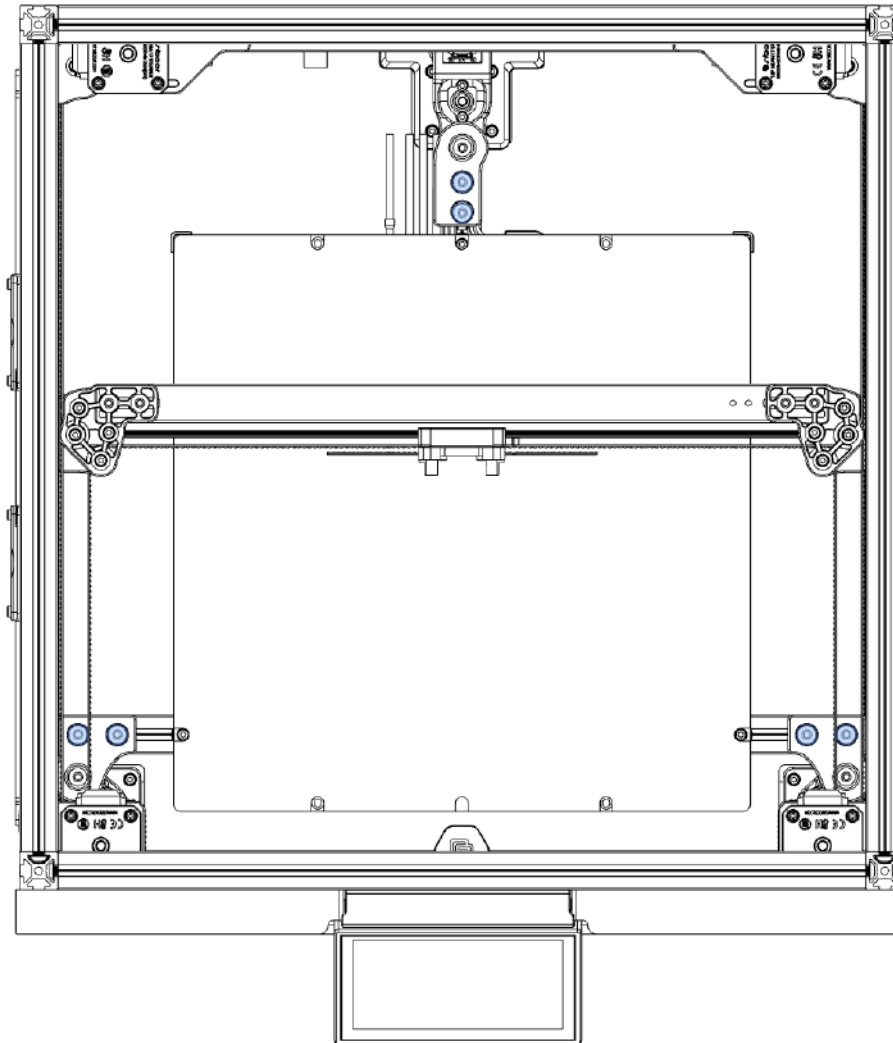






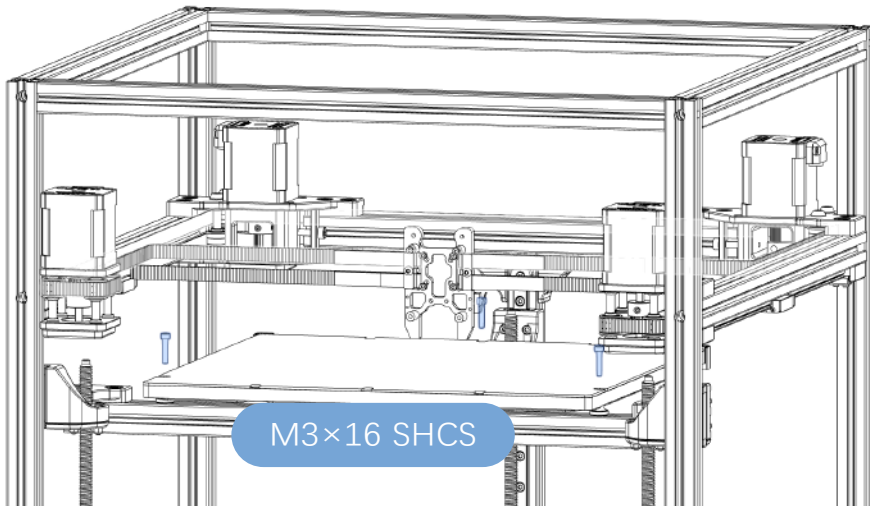
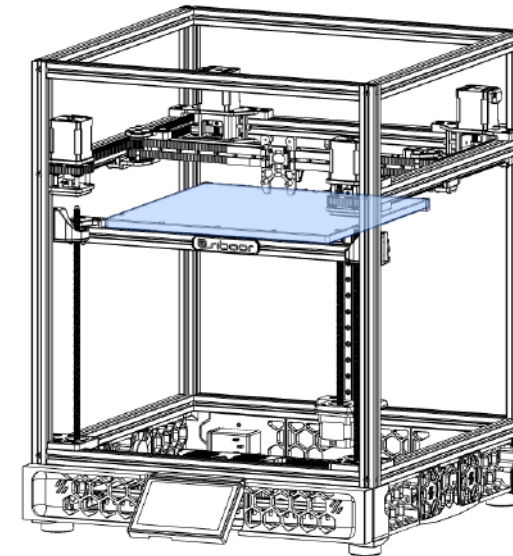
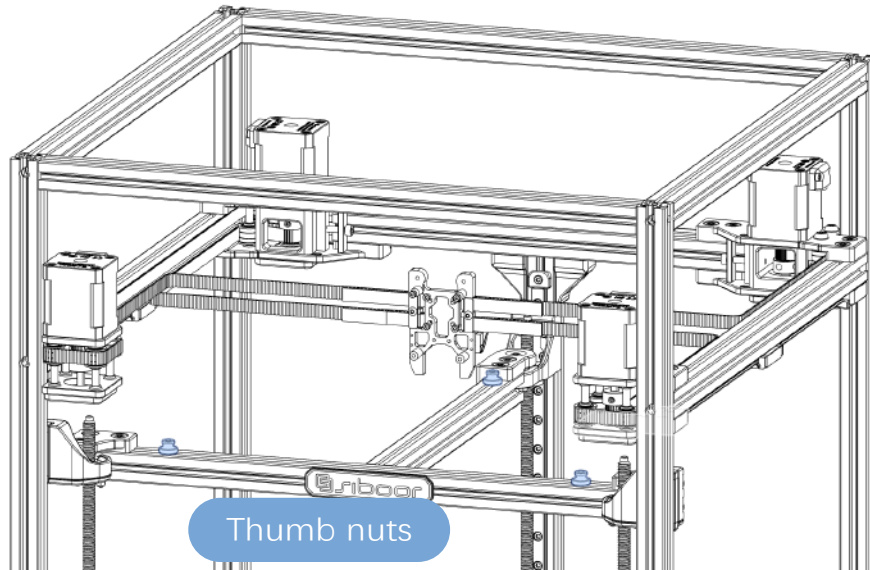
Installing the SIBOOR Nameplate
SIBOOR nameplate slides into the right side of the profile





LOOSEN AND RETIGHTEN

Slightly loosen the bolts that hold the bed frame to the printed parts and gently shake the bed frame before retightening them.

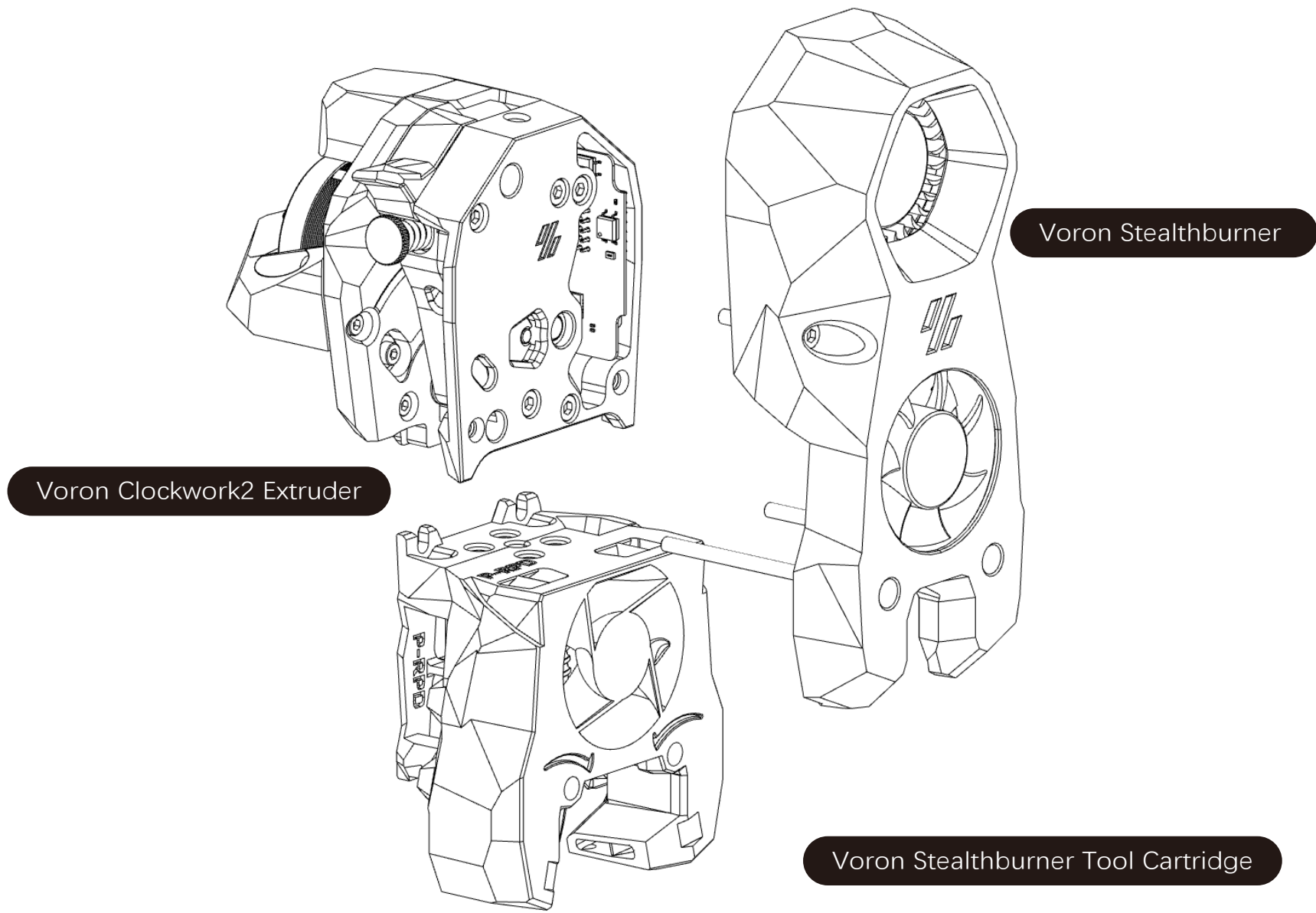


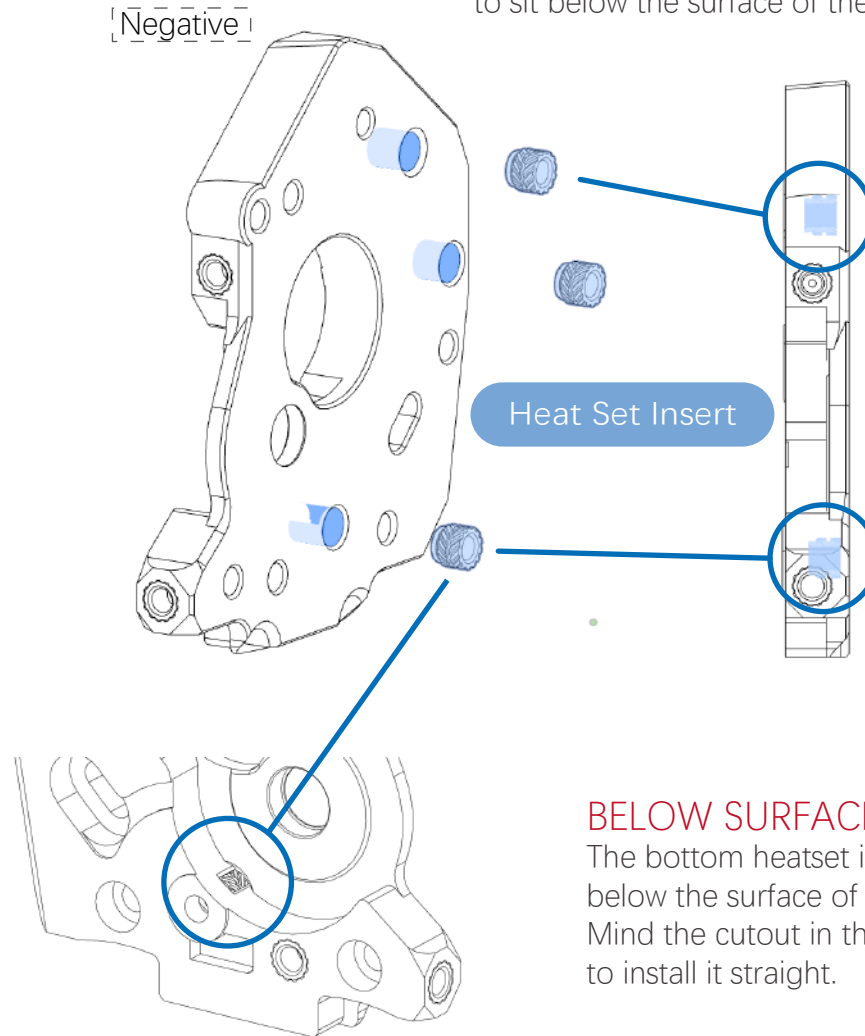
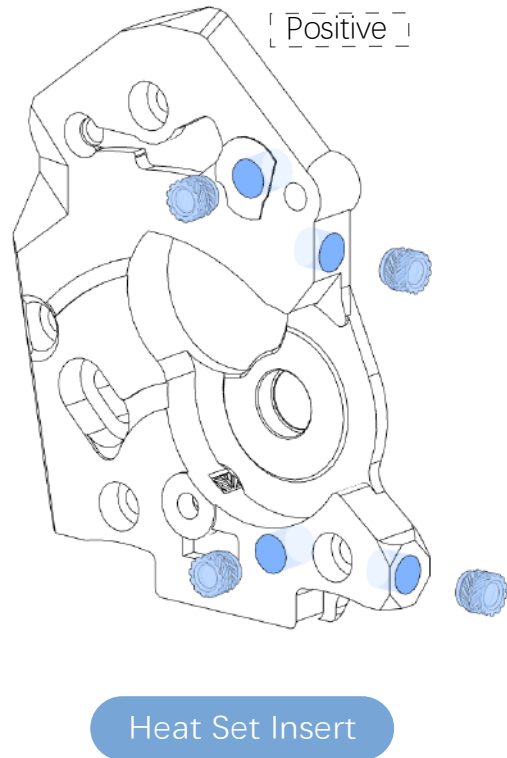
ALTERNATIVE EXPERIMENTAL SOLUTION

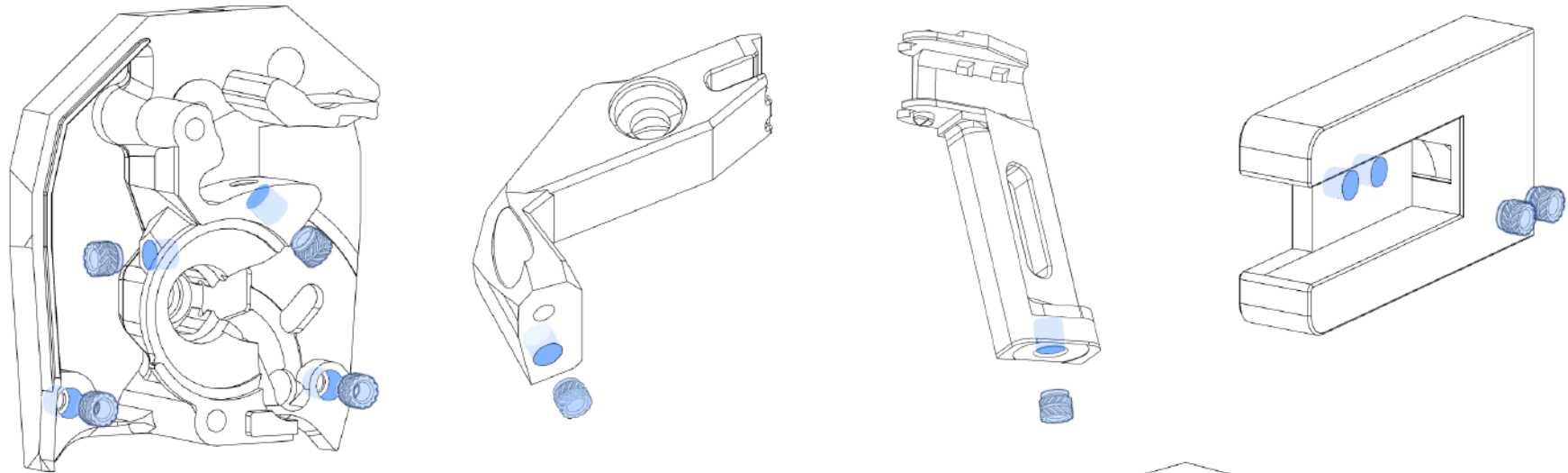
The KIT also provides an alternative approach for mounting the bed. Using insulation columns and PEEK M3×16 SHCS screws, temperature transfer from the bed to extrusions is reduced. This helps prevent thermal expansion from deforming the frame.

The way the bed is attached remains the same, but it's crucial to remember that PEEK screws can break. When installing, avoid using excessive force to prevent breaking the PEEK screws.





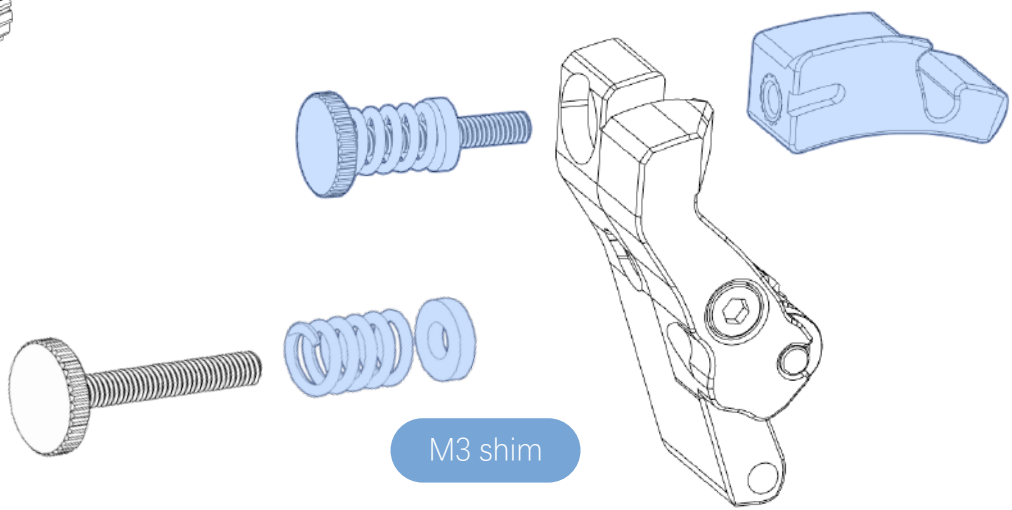
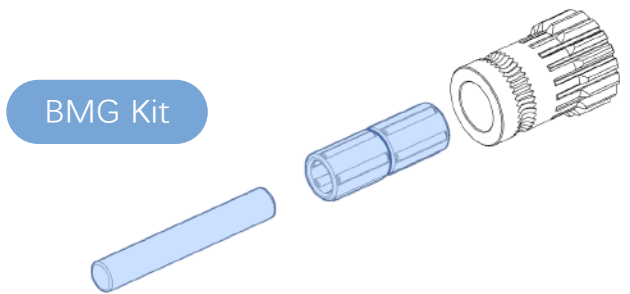
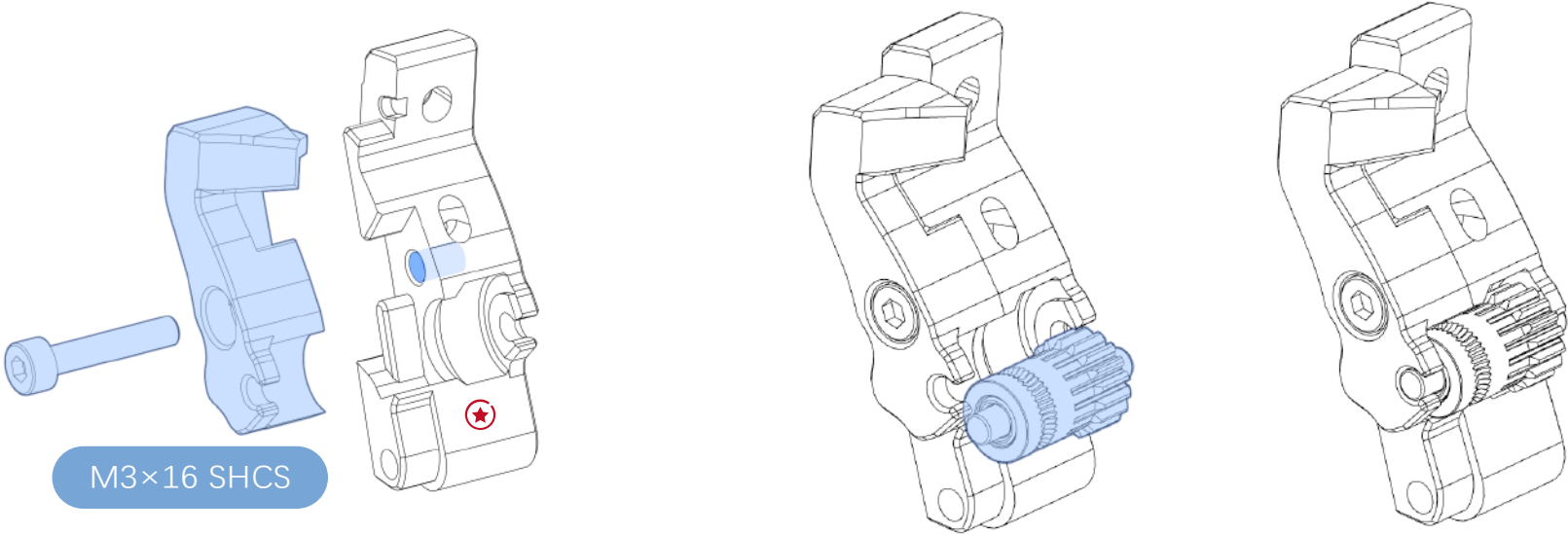




Heat Set Insert

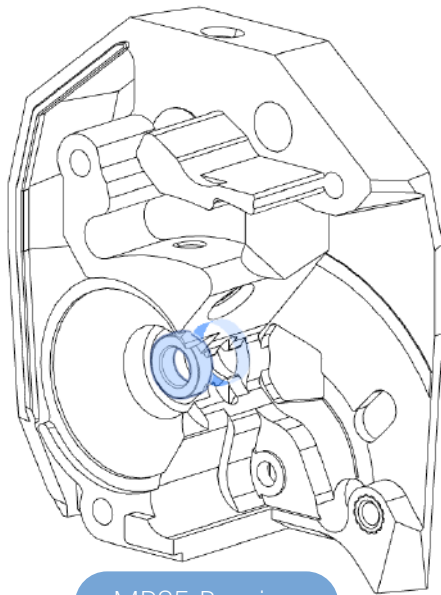
FLUSH WITH SURFACE

The heatset insert needs to sit flush or slightly below the surface of the printed part.

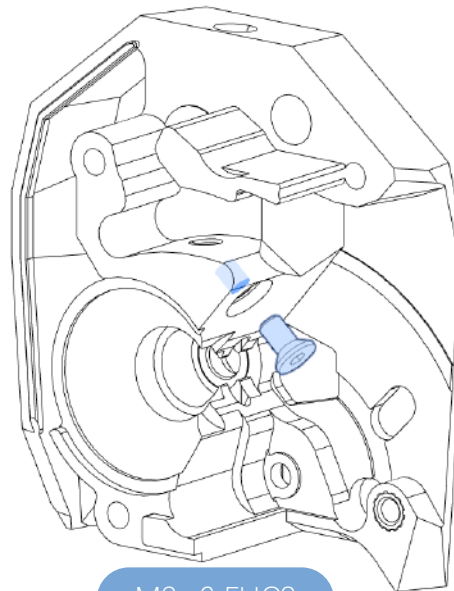


LUBRICATE BEARINGS

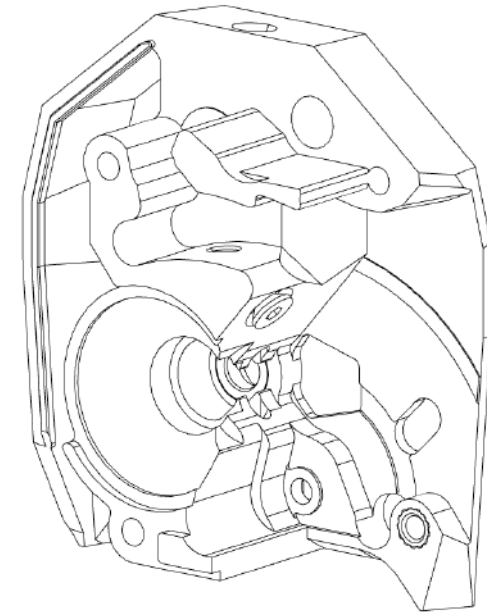
A lubrication film is required to ensure smooth operation and longevity.



MR85 Bearing



M3×6 FHCS

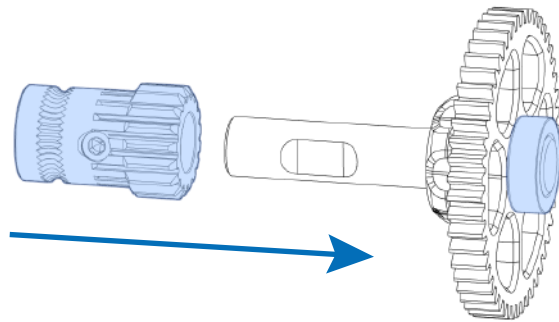


BEARING FIT

Fully seat the bearing into the plastic pocket.
Apply even pressure to insert them. Avoid
pressing on the inner ring of the bearing.

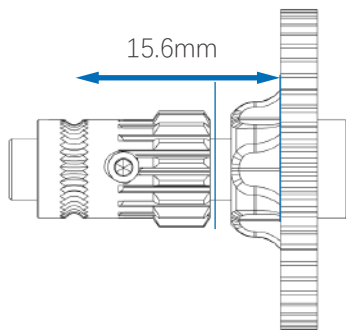
IMPORTANT NOTICE ON MR85 BEARINGS

An MR85 bearing is pre-installed and precisely positioned next to the 50T reduction gear. Under normal circumstances, do not attempt to forcibly remove it, as this may cause damage.



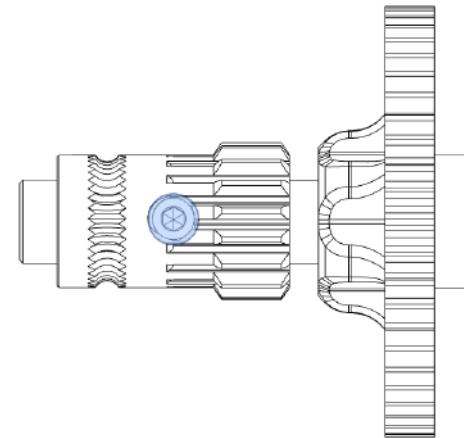
INITIAL POSITION

The final position is set later.



DRIVE GEAR

Make sure the set screw in the filament drive gear is seated against the notch in the shaft. Carefully tighten the set screw, the head is easy to strip

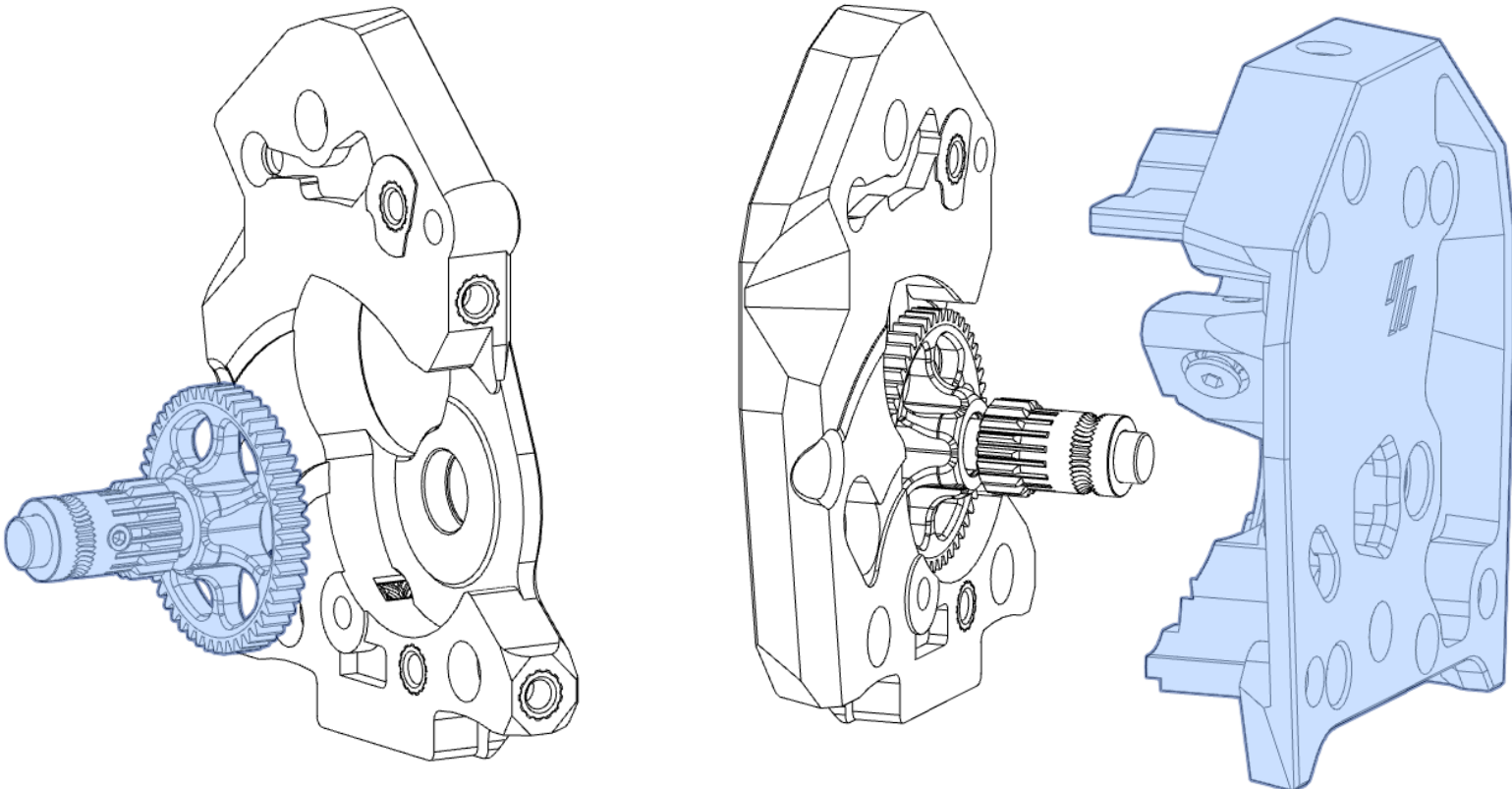


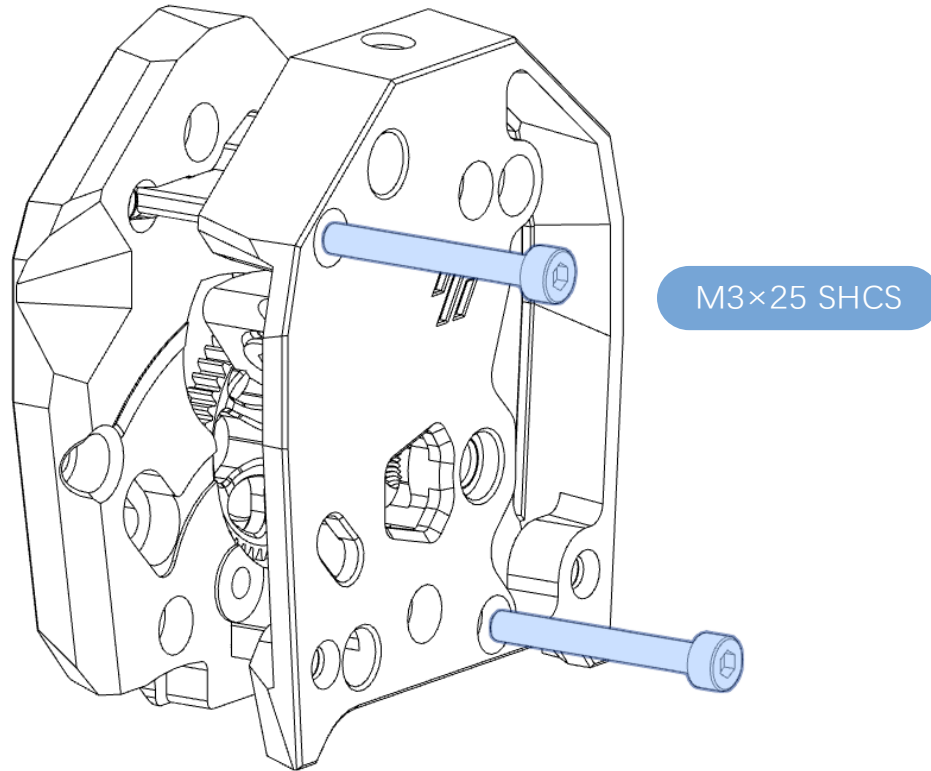
THREAD LOCKER

The final position of the drive gear is set in a later step. Common thread lockers have a long enough working time to complete the steps without issues.

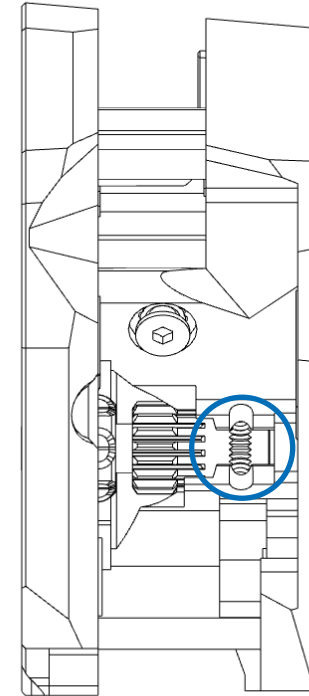
Familiarize yourself with the steps on the next 3 pages before you apply thread locker.

Complete the steps on the next 3 pages after applying the thread locker.



**DON'T OVERTIGHTEN**

Tighten until the plastic bends and cracks.
Back up 2 turns, discard parts, reprint and try again.

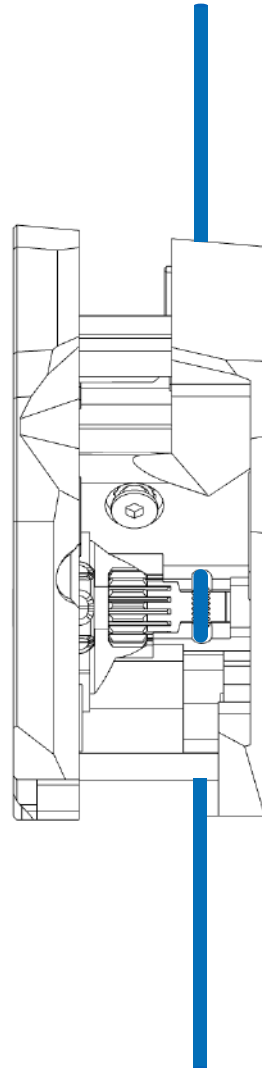
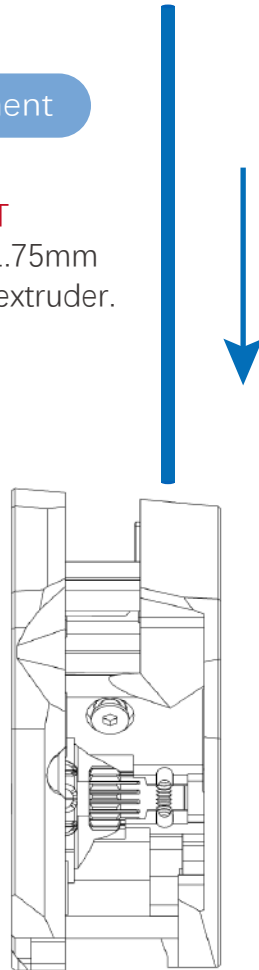
**INITIAL ALIGNMENT CHECK**

Check if the filament path aligns with the
toothed section of the drive gear.

Filament

INSERT FILAMENT

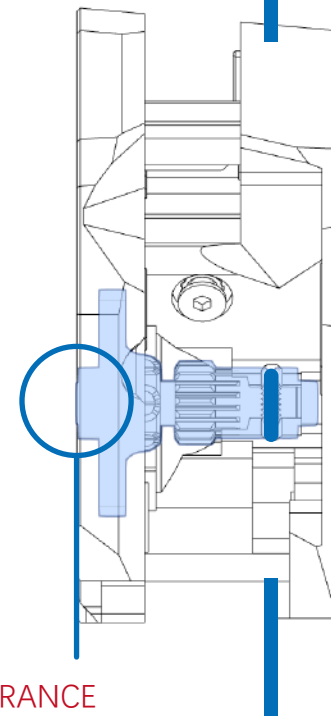
Insert a piece of 1.75mm filament into the extruder.



CHECK ALIGNMENT

With the filament inserted, verify if the filament path and drive gear are aligned.

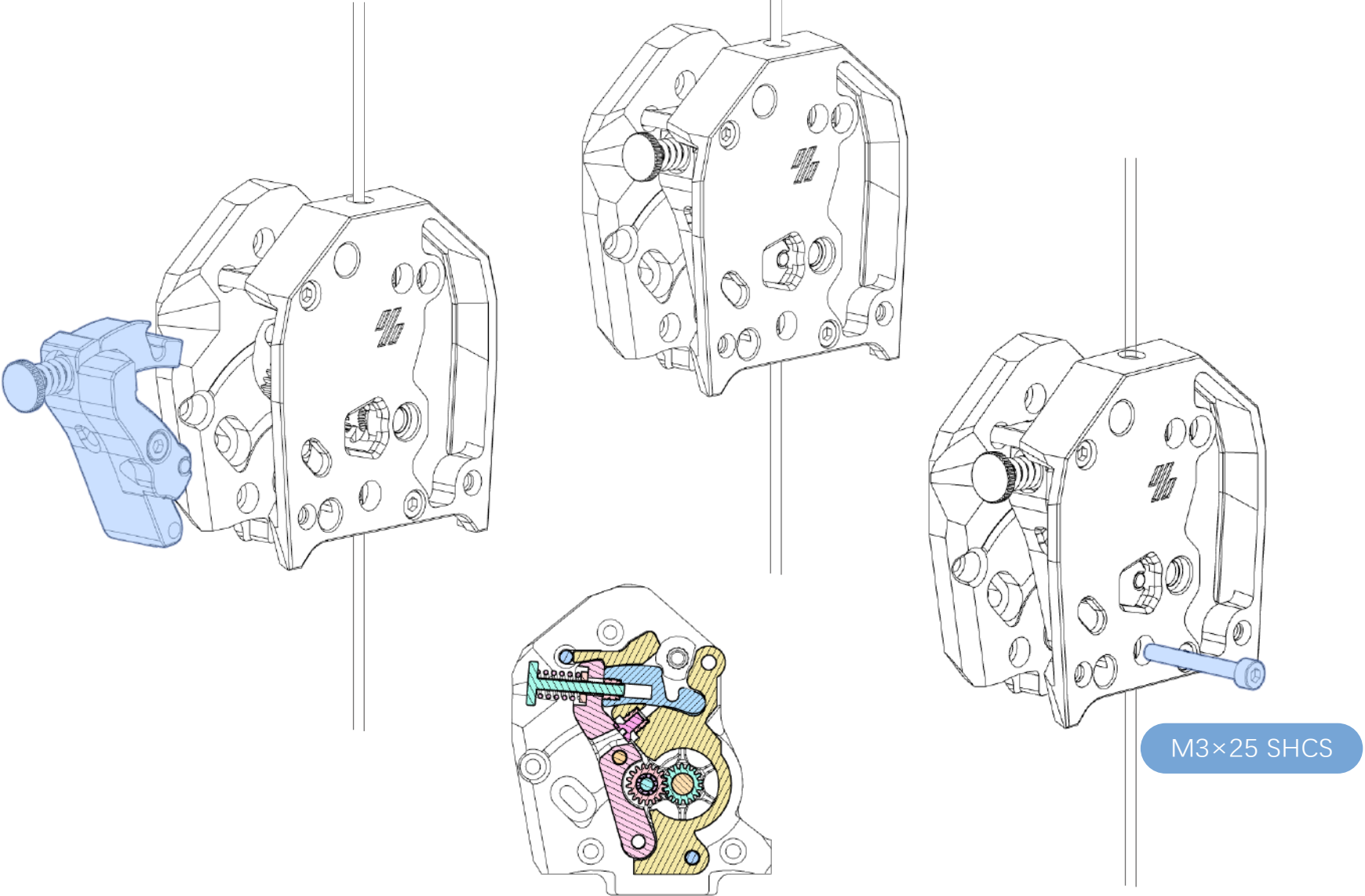
Loosen the set screw and adjust the position of the drive gear if required.

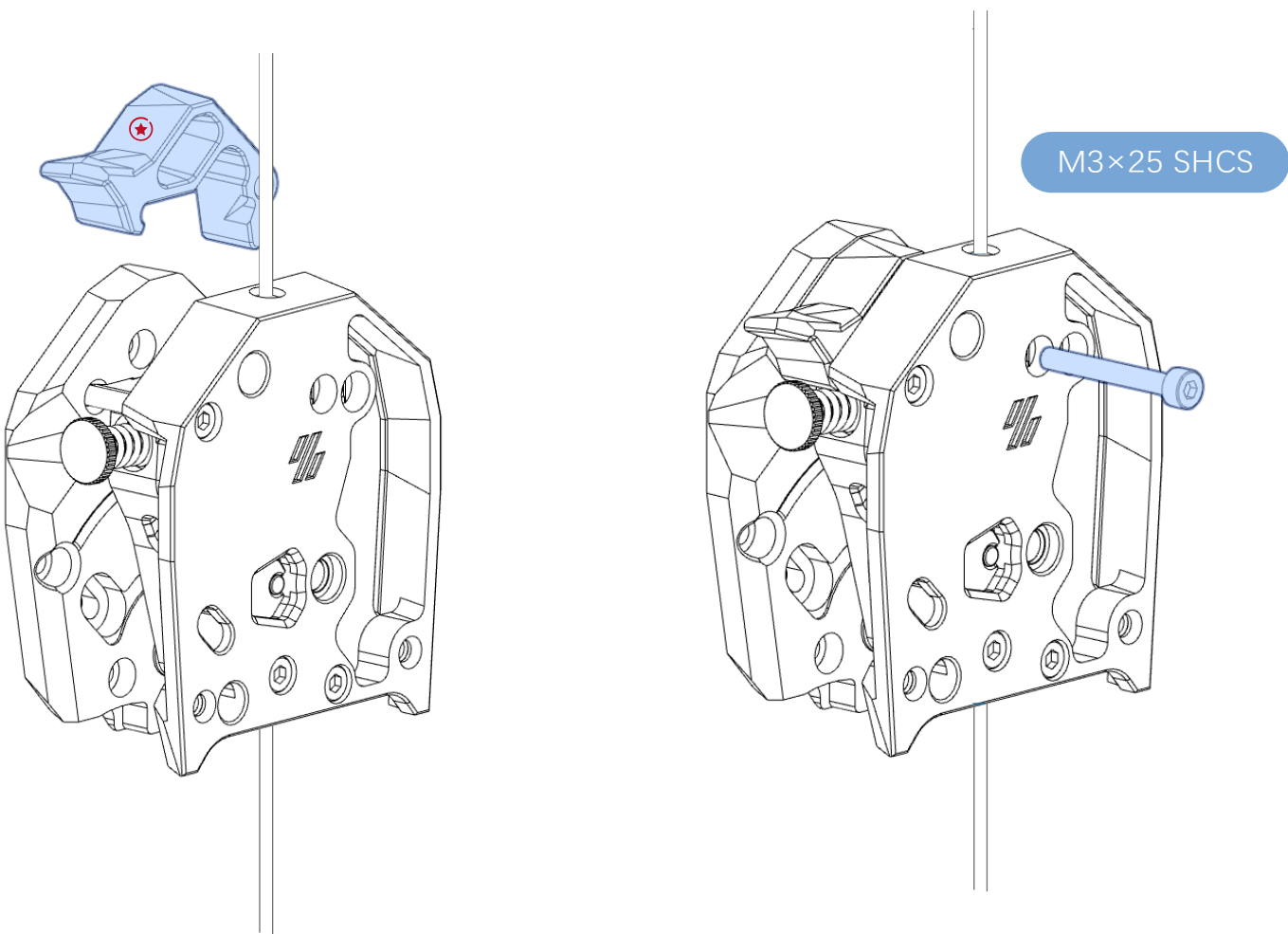


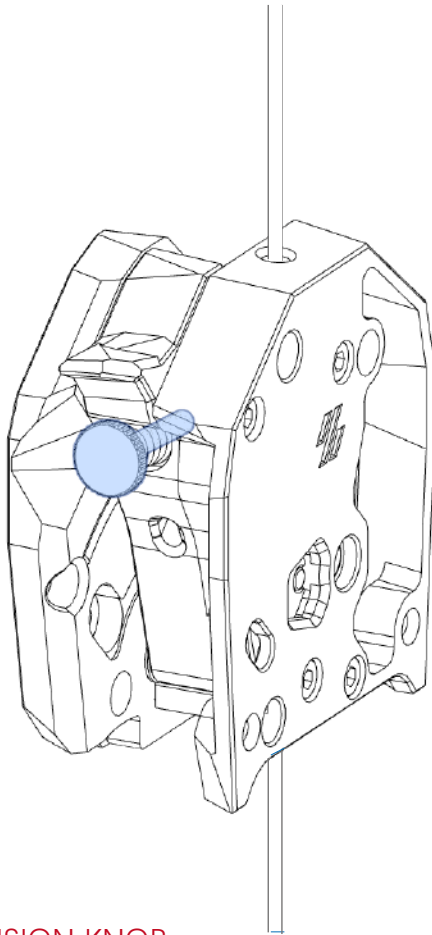
CHECK FOR CLEARANCE

The drive shaft must not touch the motor housing. Make sure it does not sit above the surface of the printed part.

Check if the shaft has sufficient clearance when fully seated. Depending on the shafts tolerances you may need to adjust the position of the drive gear or sand the face of shaft.

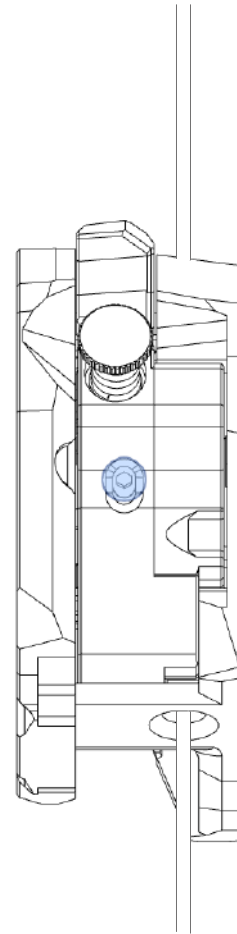






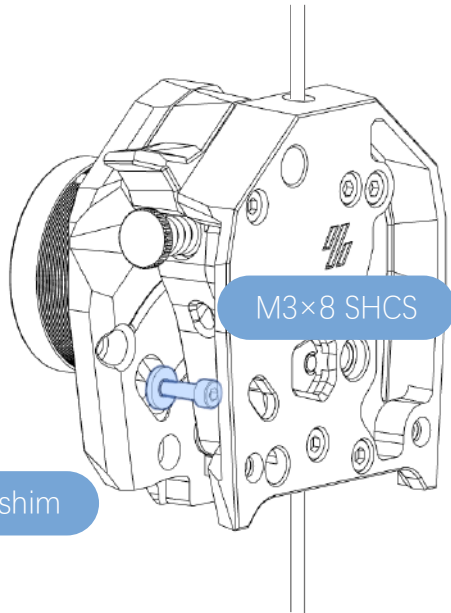
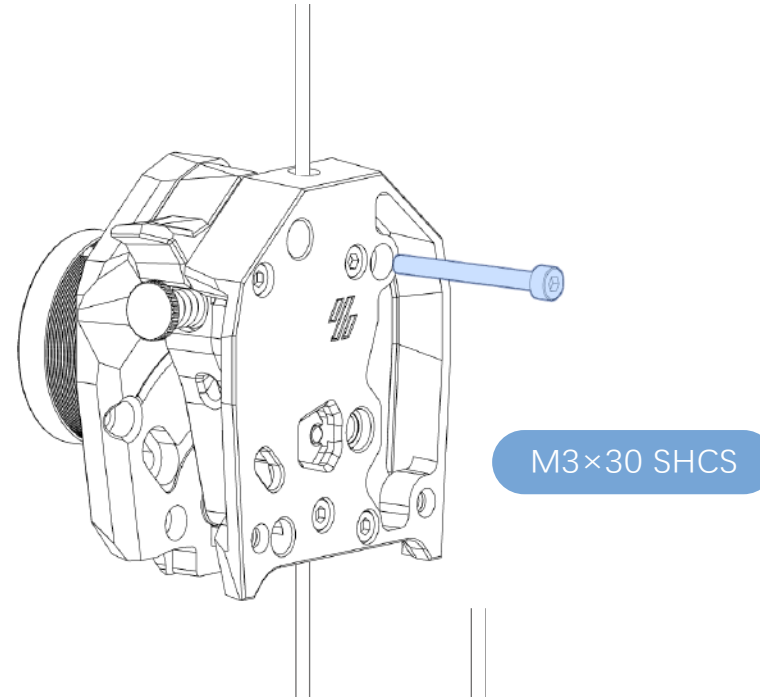
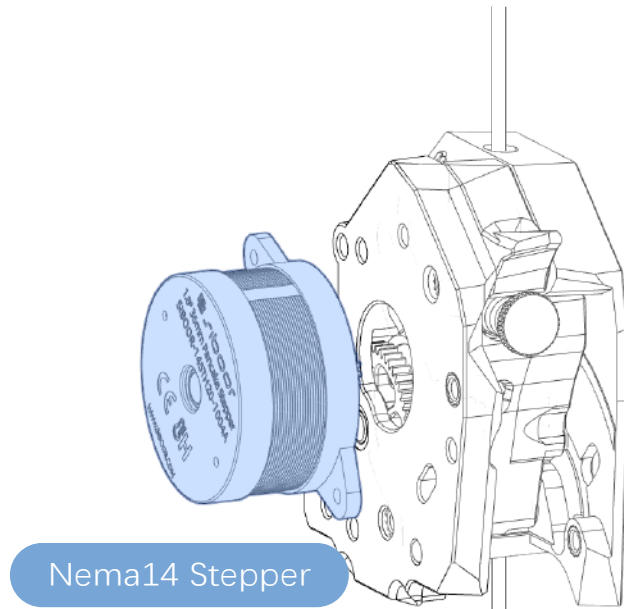
TENSION KNOB

Turning the thumb screw clockwise will increase the tension and grip on the filament. Too much tension will result in print issues.



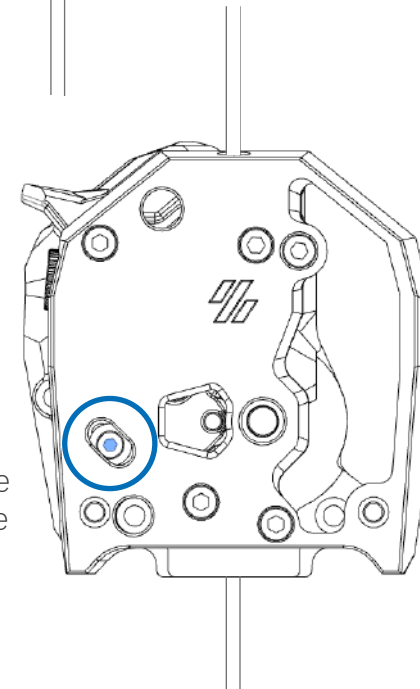
ANTI SQUISH THINGYMAJIG

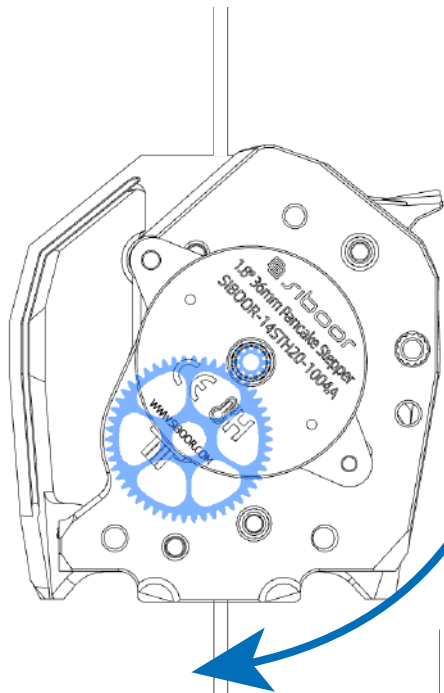
Softer and flexible materials will deform and extrude poorly under too much tension. ClockWork2 adds an adjustment feature to set the minimum distance between the drive gear and the idler, limiting the squish on the filament, and to prevent the gears from meshing too tightly or binding up the extruder.



DON'T TIGHTEN
The motor position will be adjusted in the next steps. Don't fully tighten just yet.

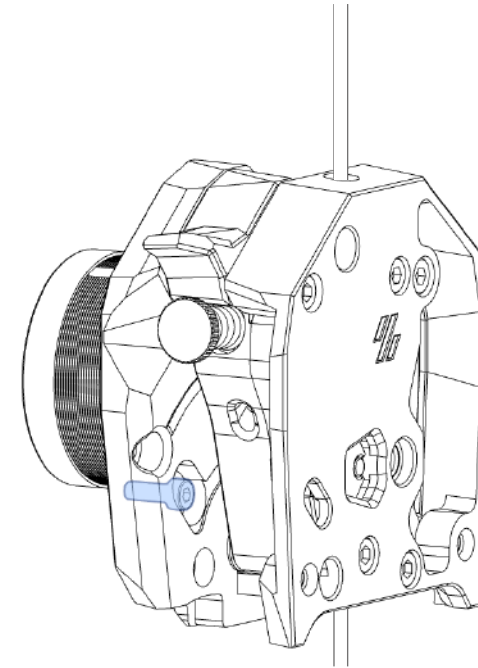
ACCESS HOLE
The second motor bolt can be accessed from the front of the extruder.





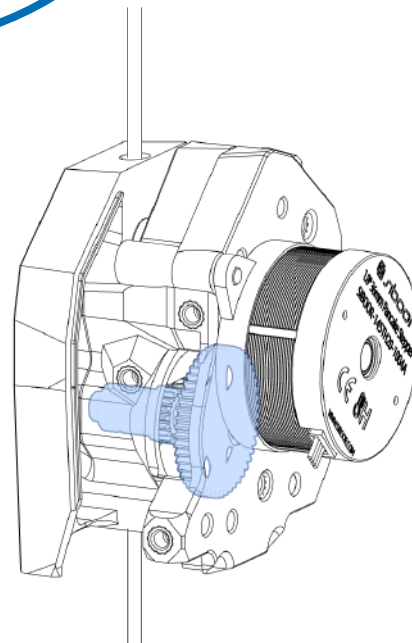
SET GEAR MESHING

Adjust the stepper motor position so that the motor and extruder gear teeth fully mesh /overlap with each other. There should be a very small gap between the faces of the gear teeth; the gears must not press tightly against each other.



TIGHTEN WHEN DONE

Don't forget to tighten the second motor bolt after adjusting

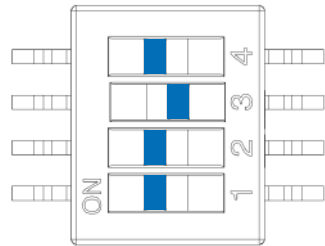


CHECK GEAR PLAY

The gear should have a slight play and should not be fully tight against the pinion. Adjust the position of the motor until you have a faint play

SETTING FAN OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Insert the jumper here to set the fan output voltage to 24V.



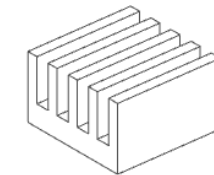
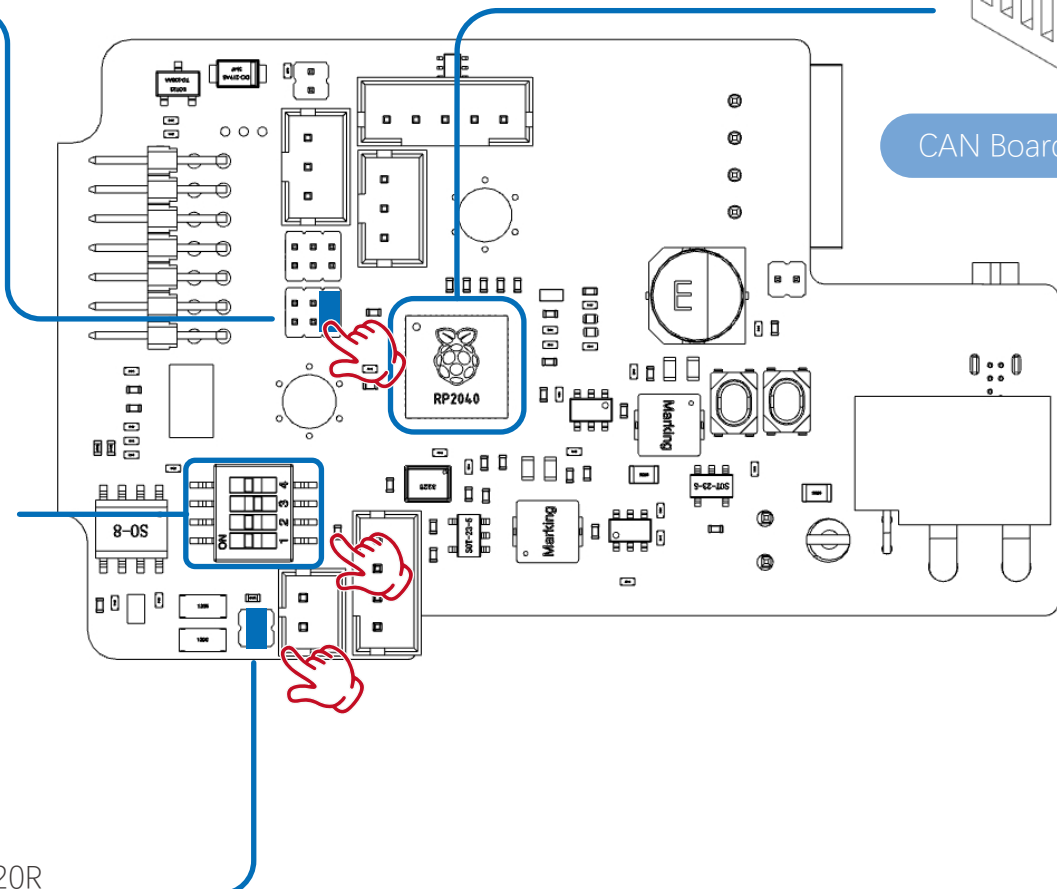
CHECKING THE DIP SWITCHES

Verify that the dip switches are set as shown in the image. This is the configuration for the 2-wire PT1000.

CAN-120R JUMPER

Insert the jumper here for the CAN-120R to enable proper CAN communication.

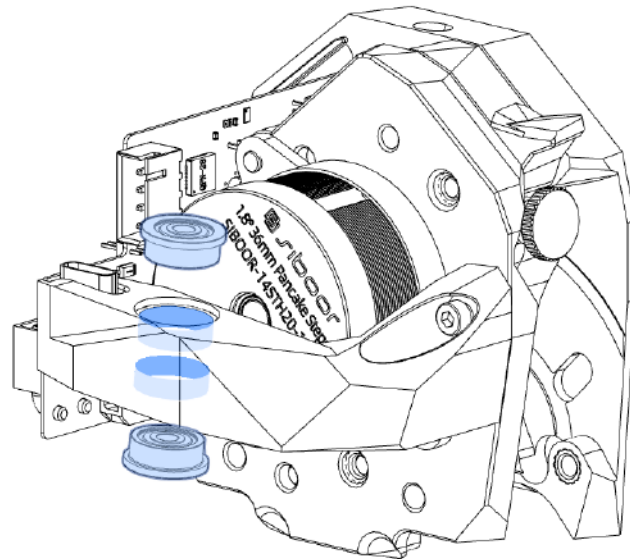
EBB SB2209 CAN (RP2040)



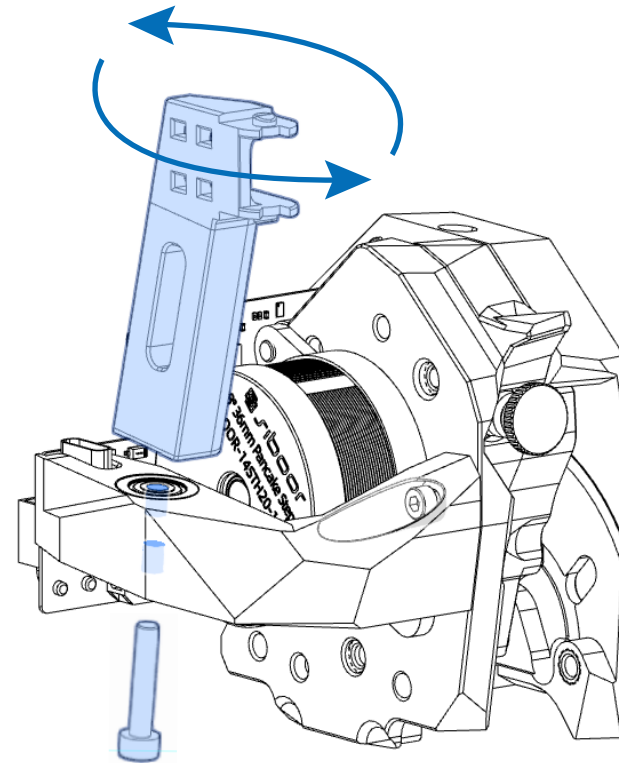
CAN Board HEAT SINK

WHERE DO I FIND THE JUMPERS

The jumpers aren't packaged with the can board, but are in the same compartment where the can board was shipped in.



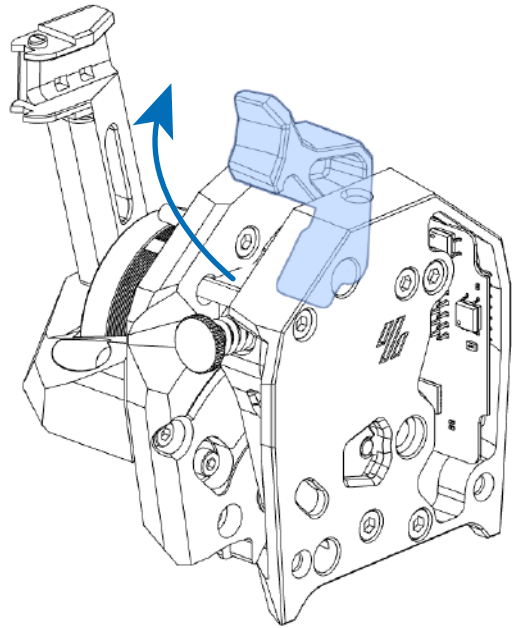
F623 Bearing



M3x20 SHCS

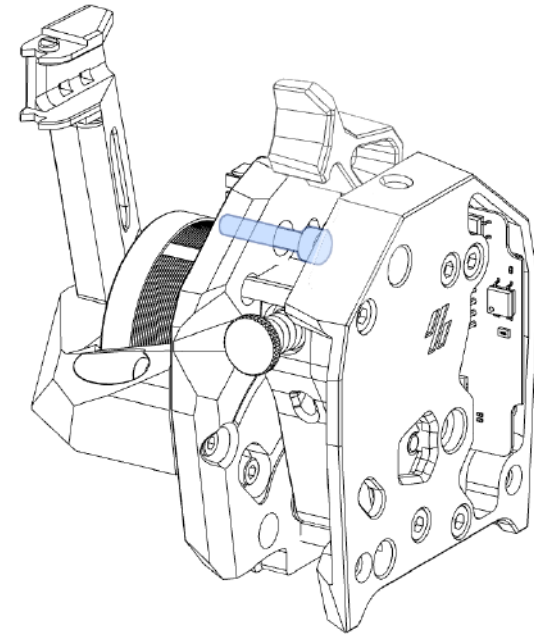
DON'T OVERTIGHTEN

The drag chain bracket should rotate smoothly 360°.

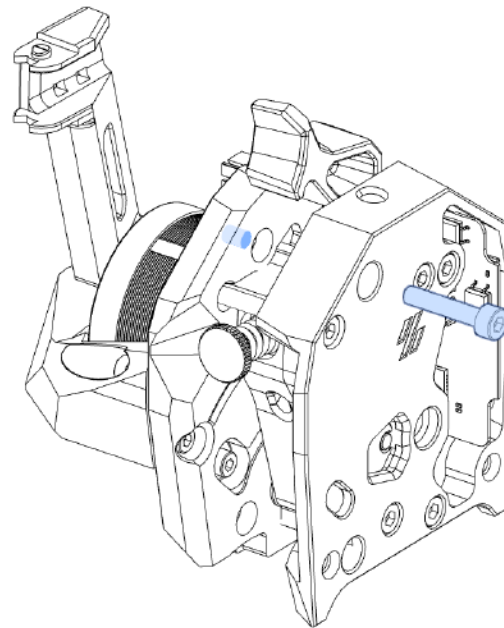


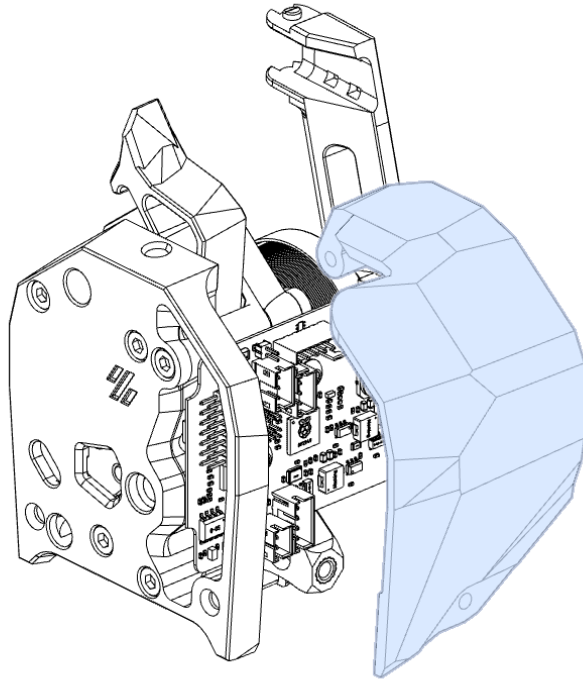
OPEN LATCH

Undo the filament latch to expose the bolt pocket for the cable cover.



M3×16 SHCS



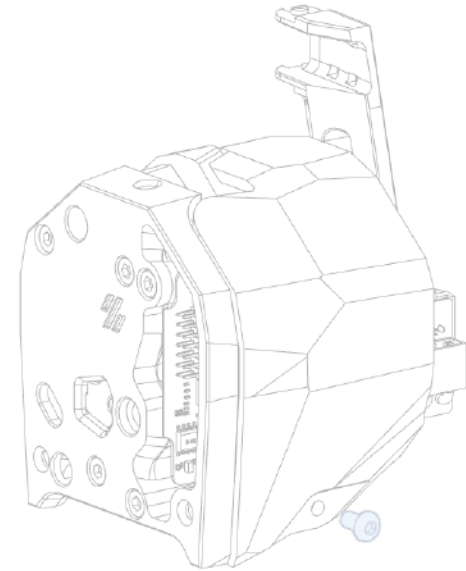
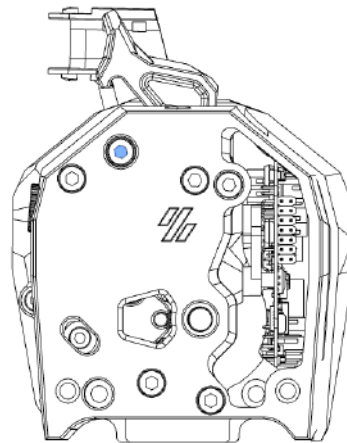


ACCESS HOLE

The bolt drive can be accessed from the front of the extruder.

DON'T OVER-TIGHTEN

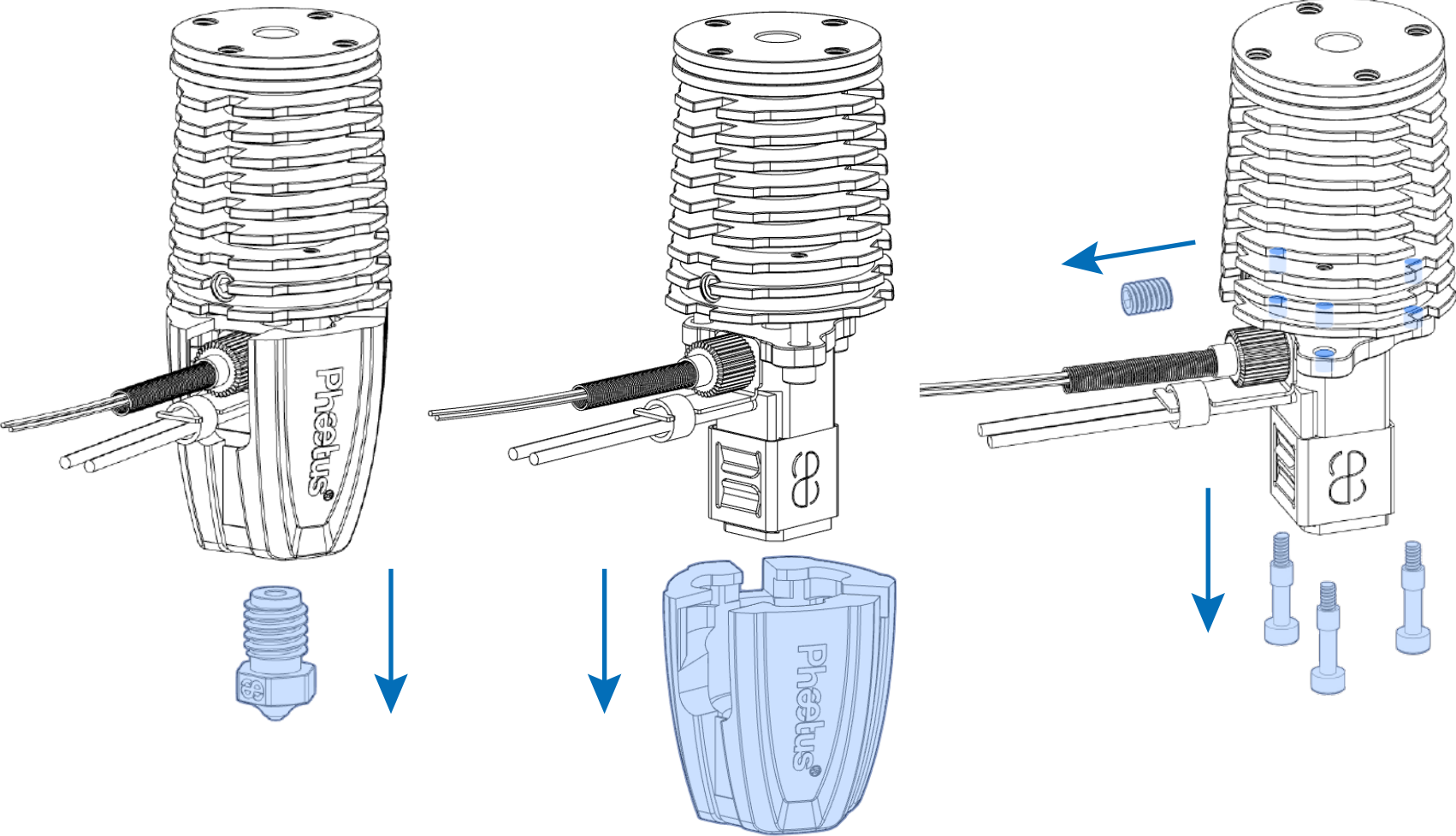
The bolt is threaded directly into plastic.

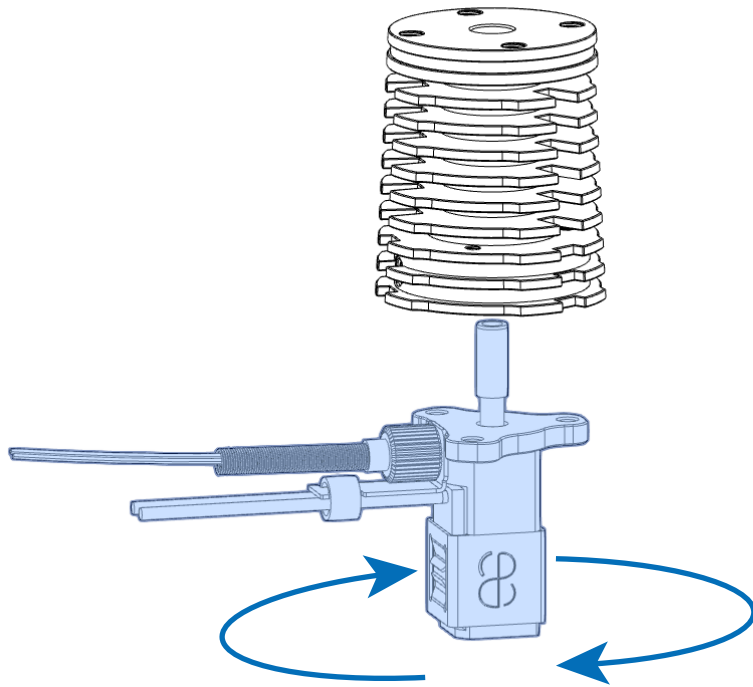


M3×6 BHCS

CABLE COVER

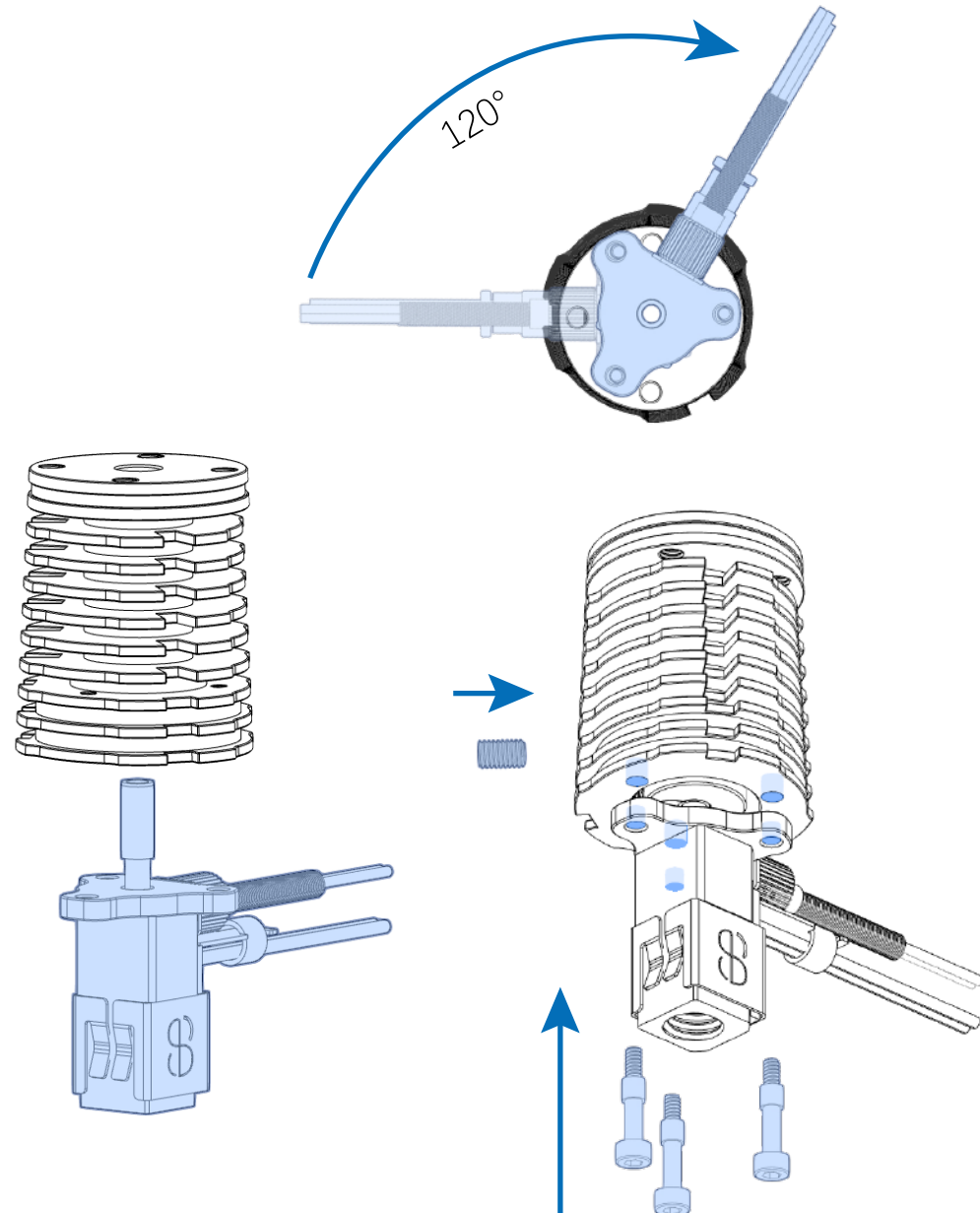
The cable cover can be secured using M3×6 BHCS screws, but not now, as we still need to do the wiring.

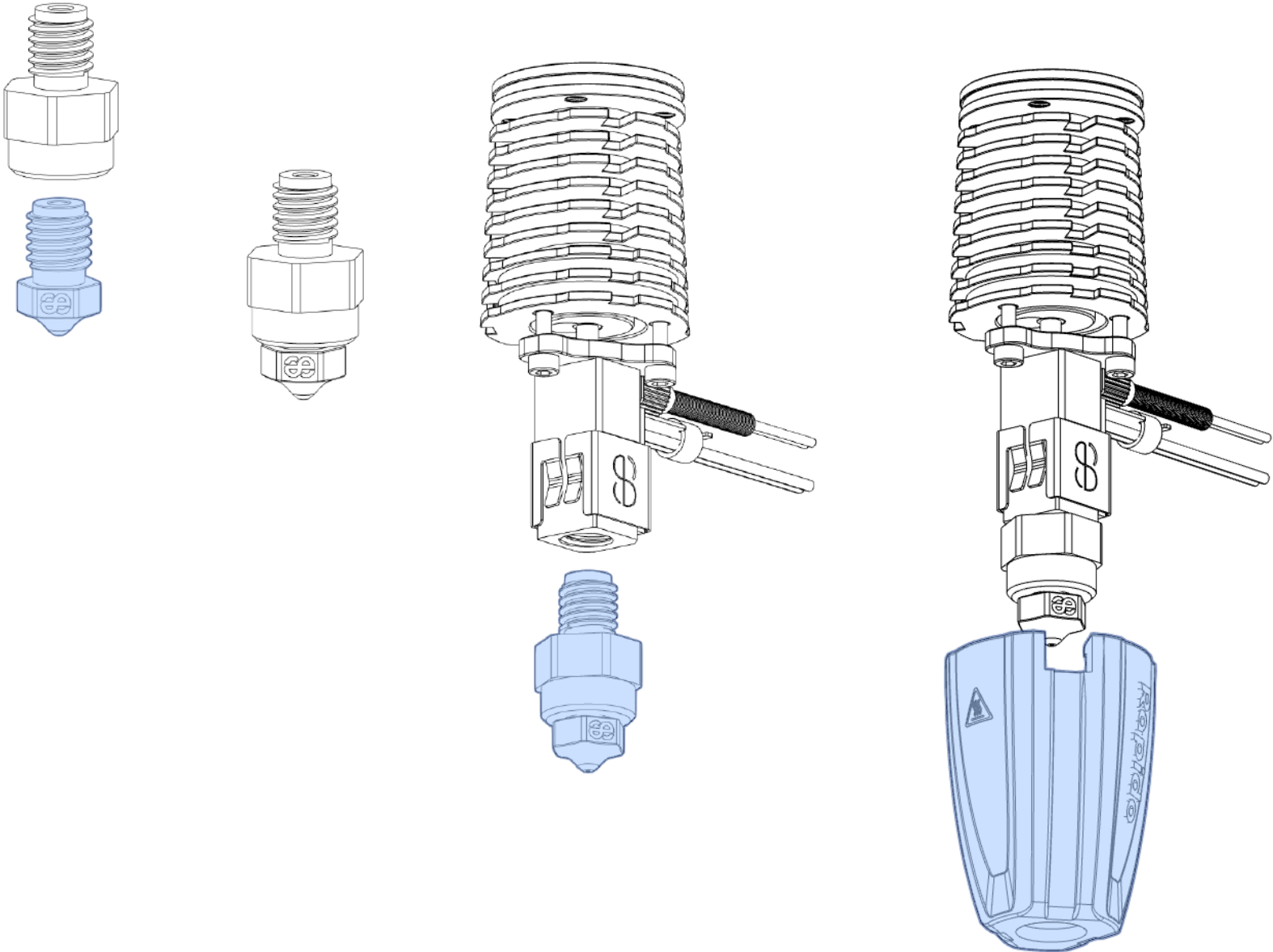


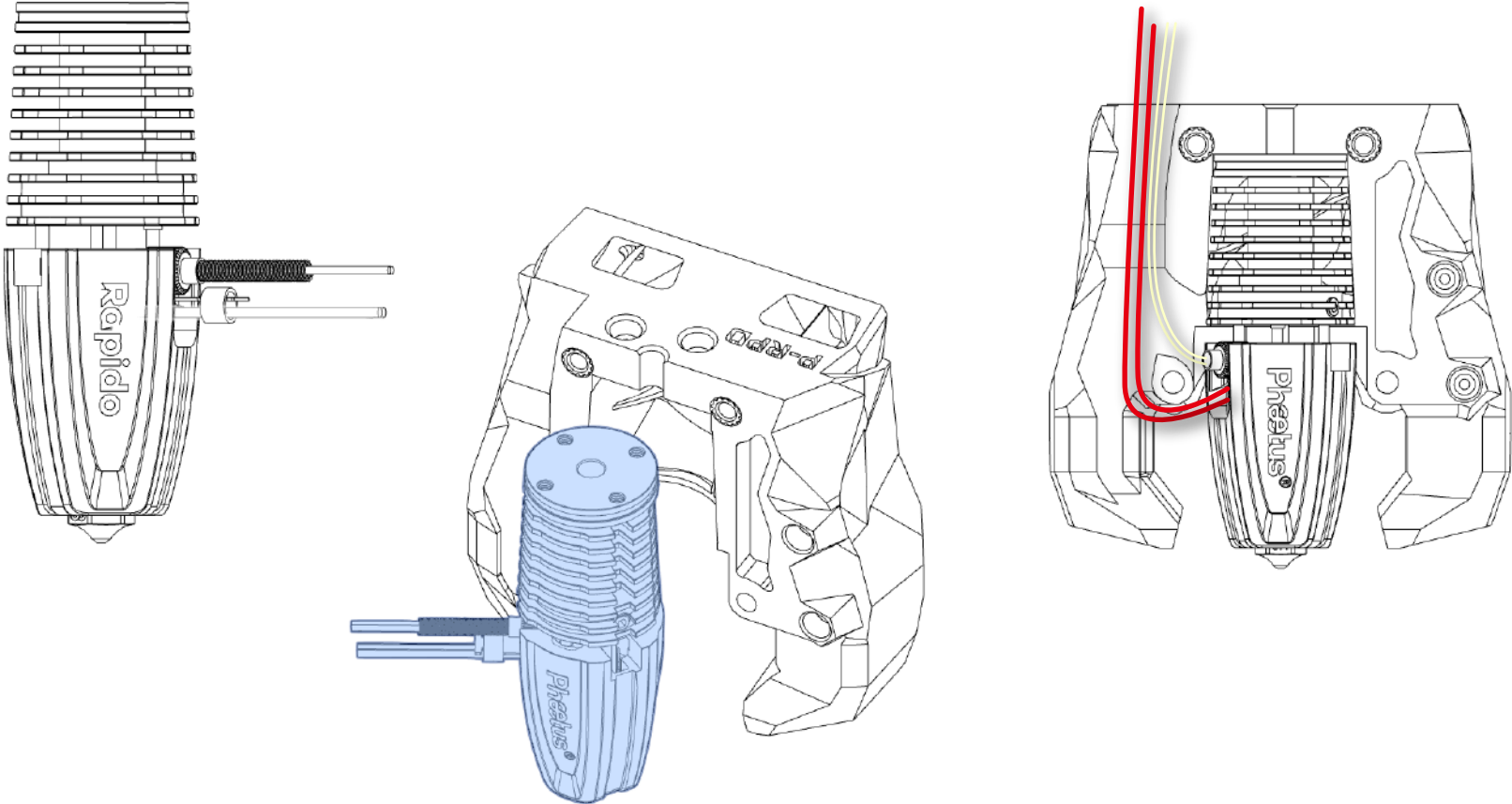


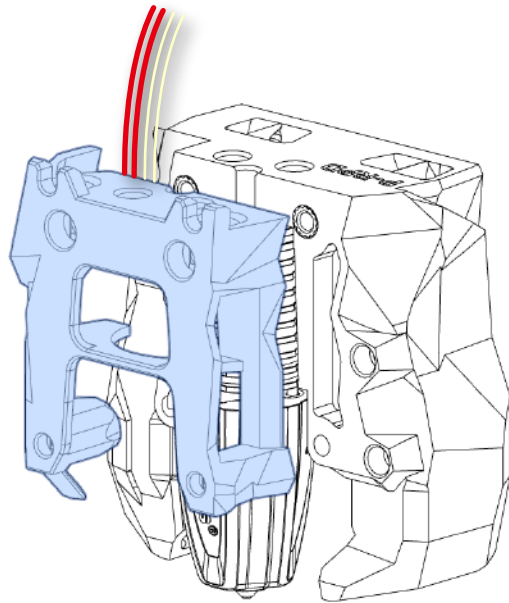
HEATING ASSEMBLY

Rotate the entire heating assembly 120°, which will help with the subsequent wiring.

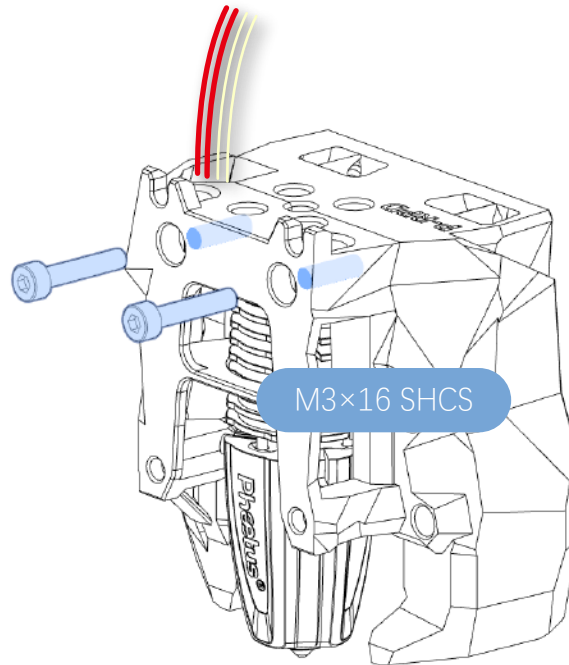
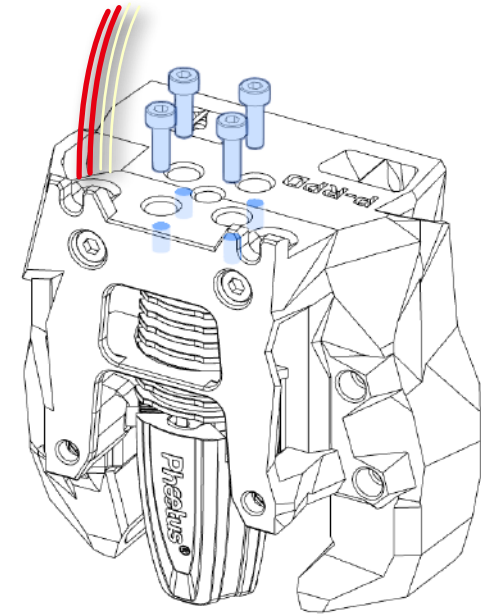








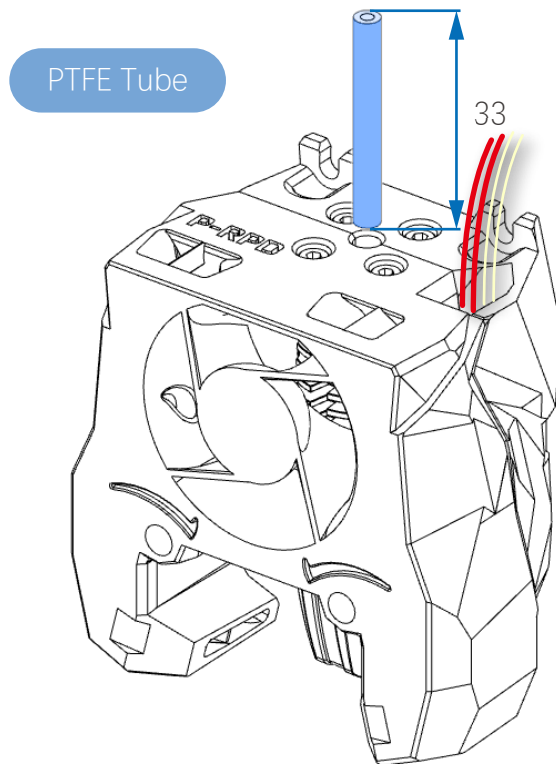
M2.5×8 SHCS



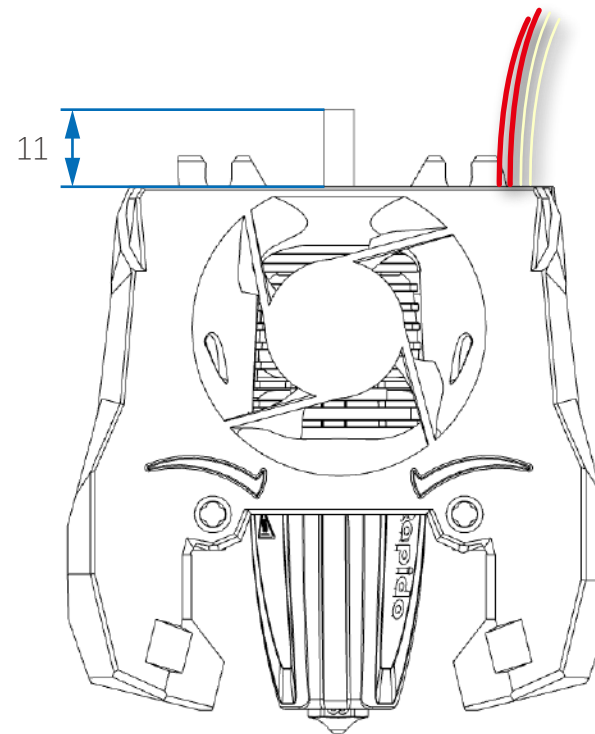
M3×16 SHCS

PTFE TUBE

Where is the PTFE tube? It is usually a 2-meter white tube that needs to be cut to size.

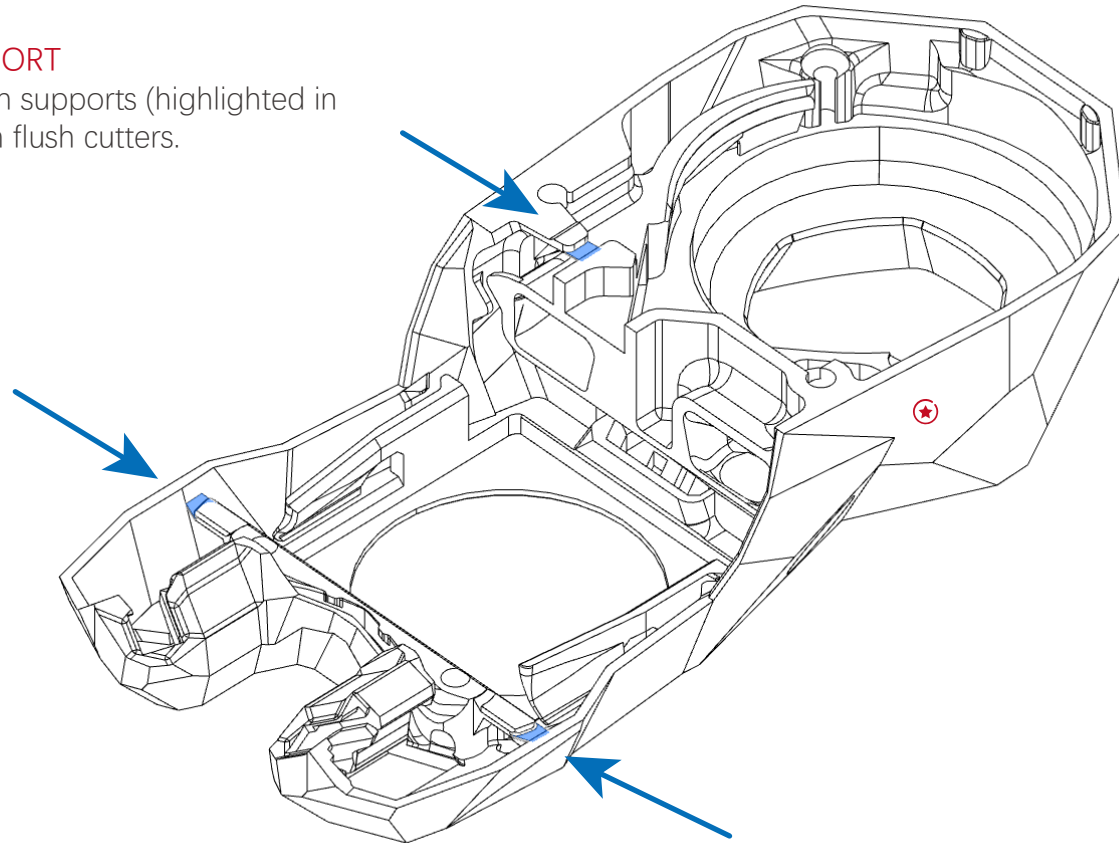
**PTFE STICKOUT**

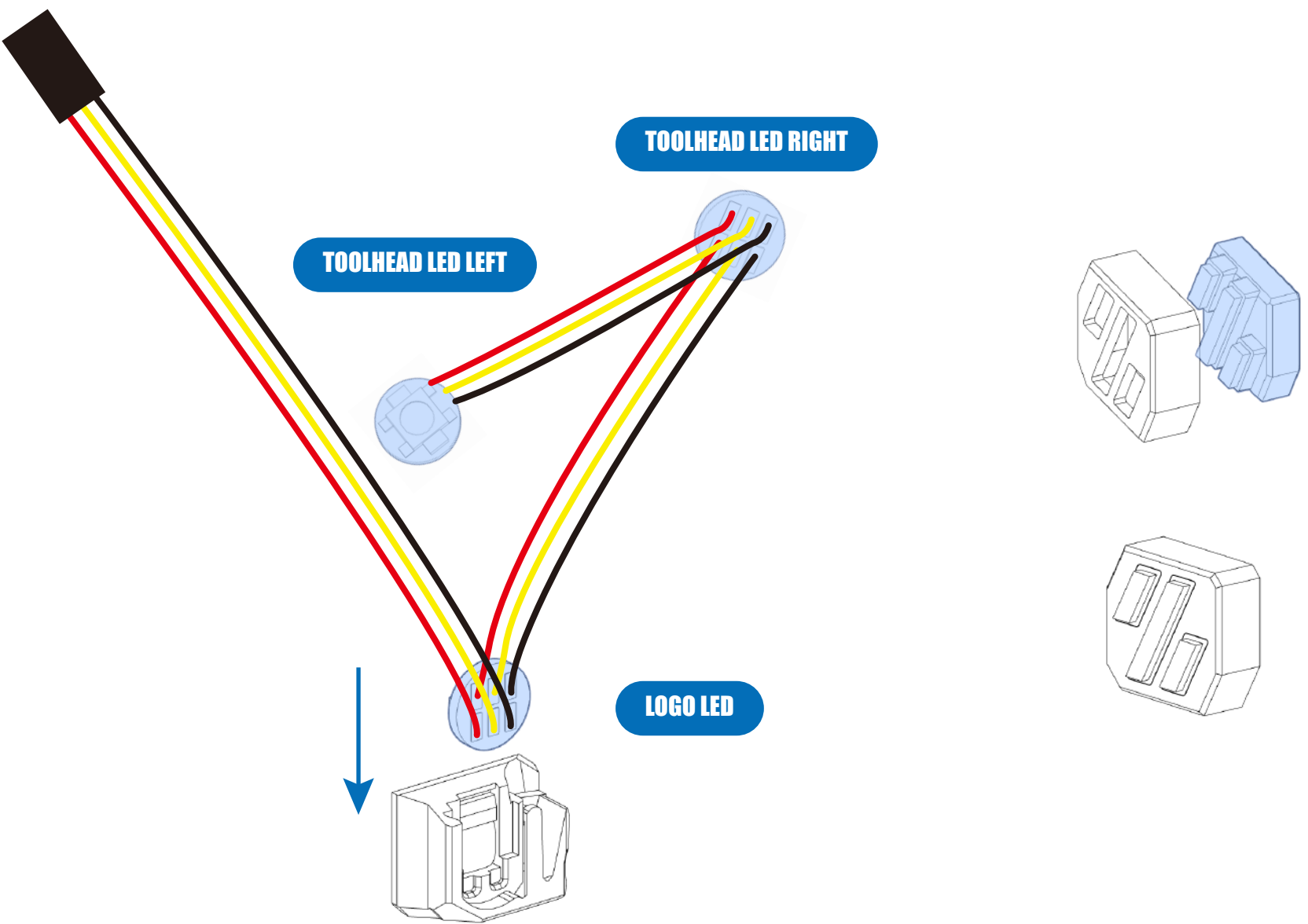
The PTFE tube should stick out 11mm above the surface of the printed part.

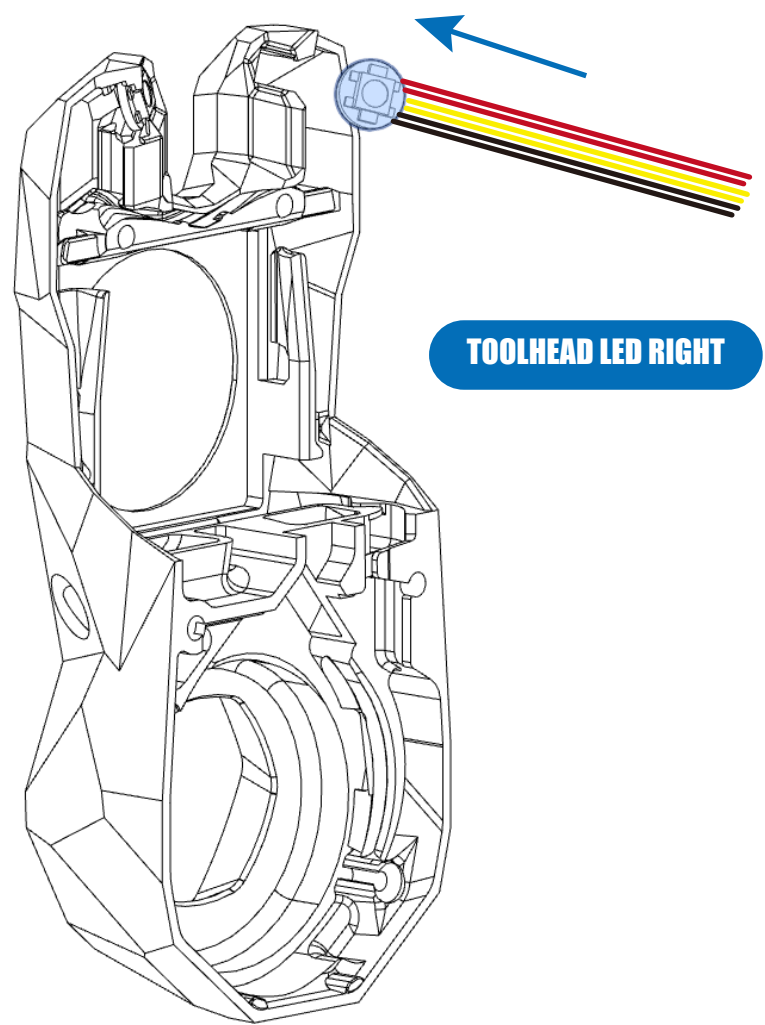
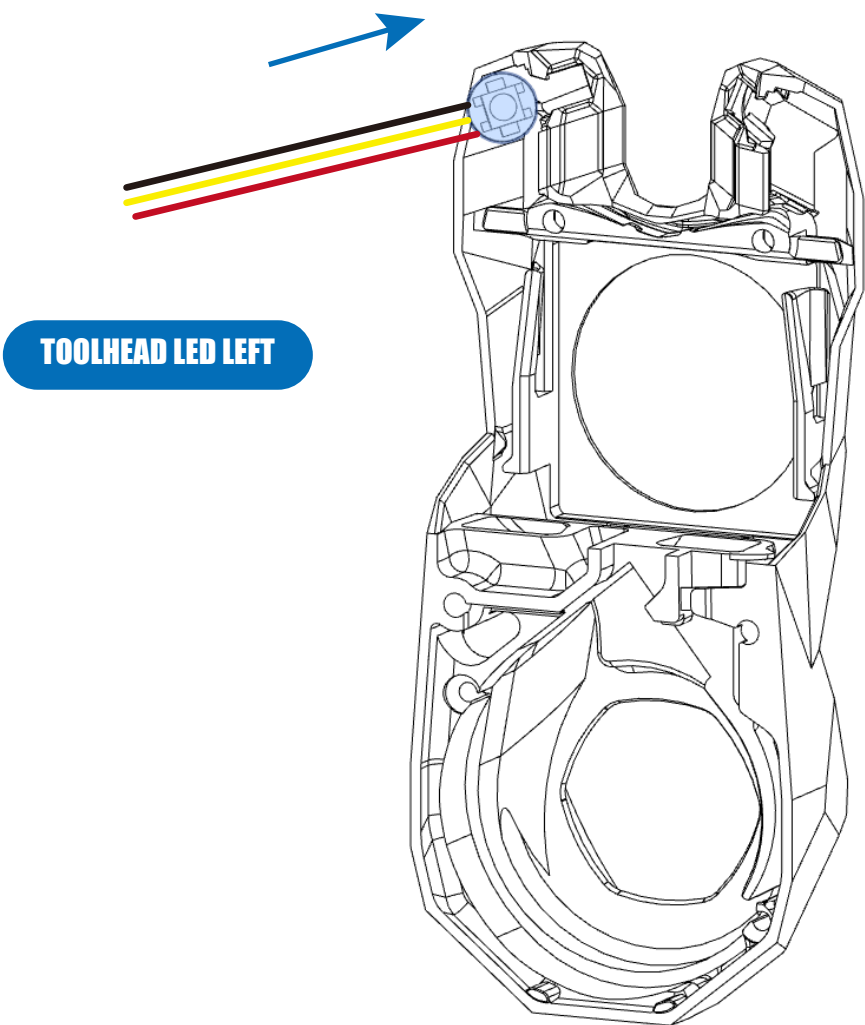


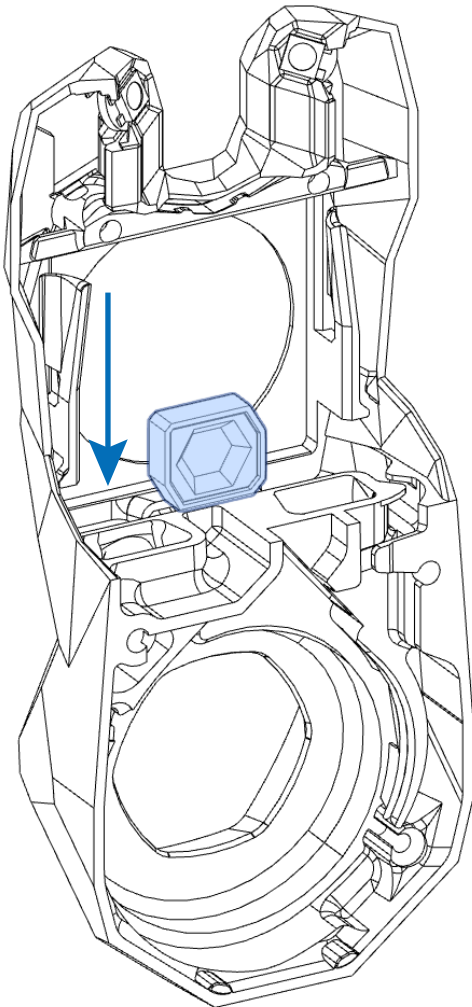
REMOVE SUPPORT

Remove built-in supports (highlighted in the image) with flush cutters.



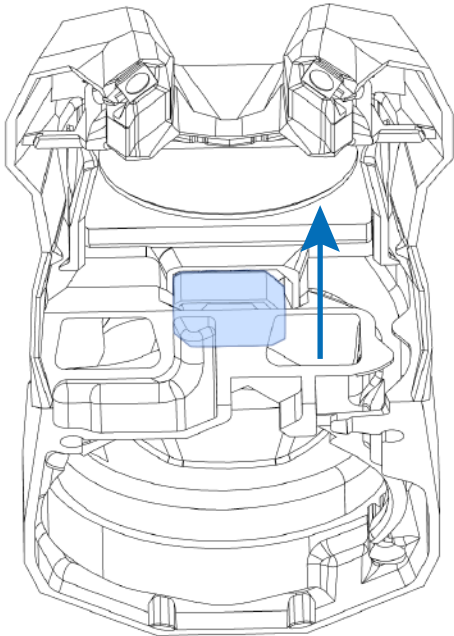


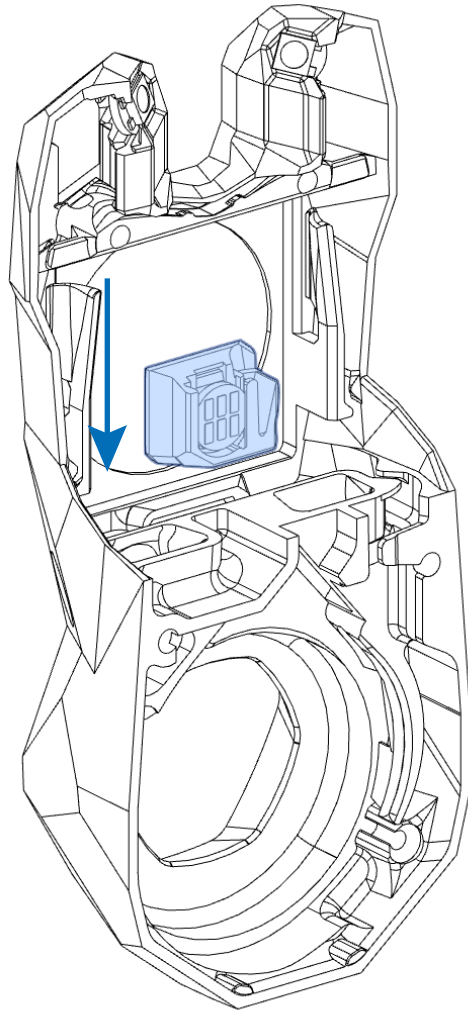




DIFFUSER INSERTION

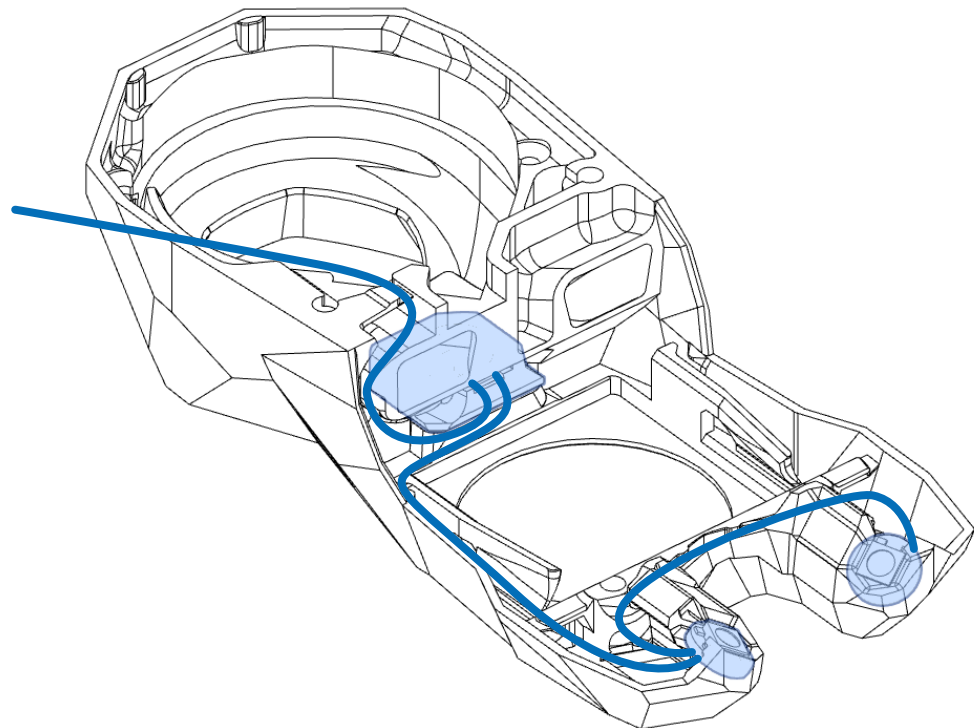
Insert the printed parts and push them towards the front.

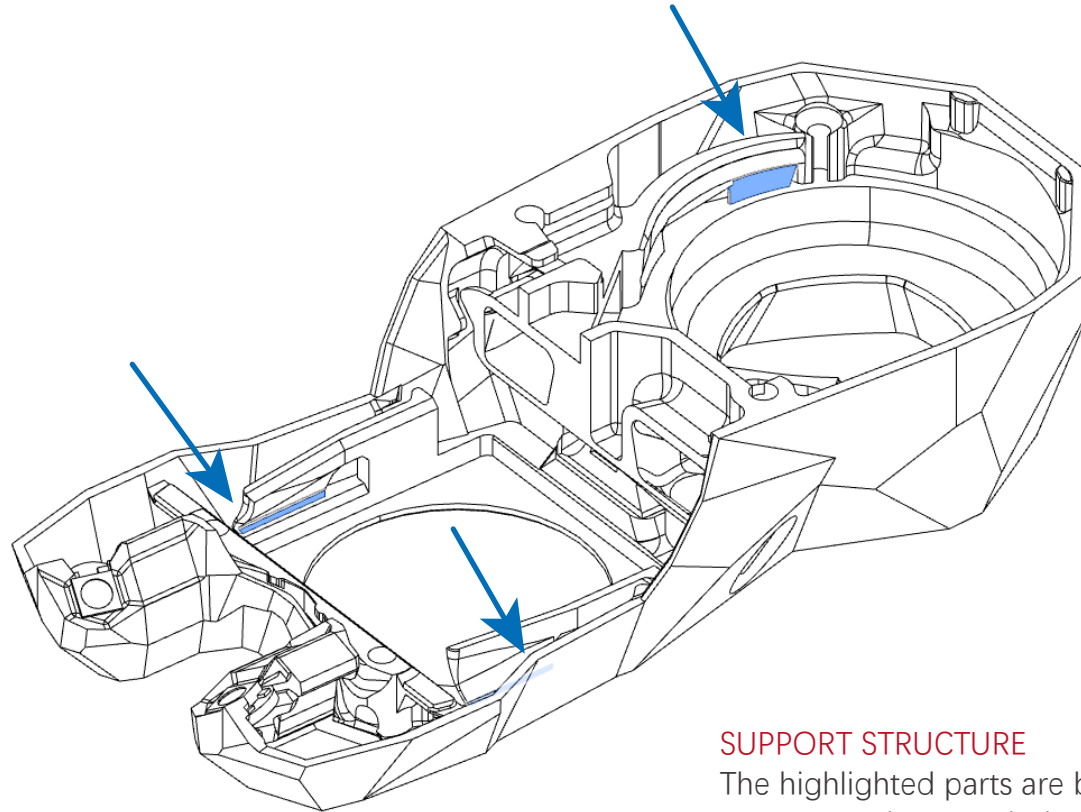




LED WIRE ROUTING

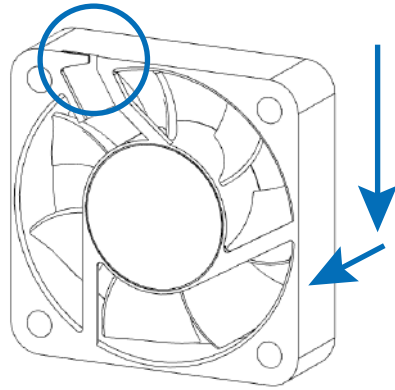
Route the LED wires as shown; wires exit on the right side.





SUPPORT STRUCTURE

The highlighted parts are built-in support structures. They are designed to break during the fan installation.



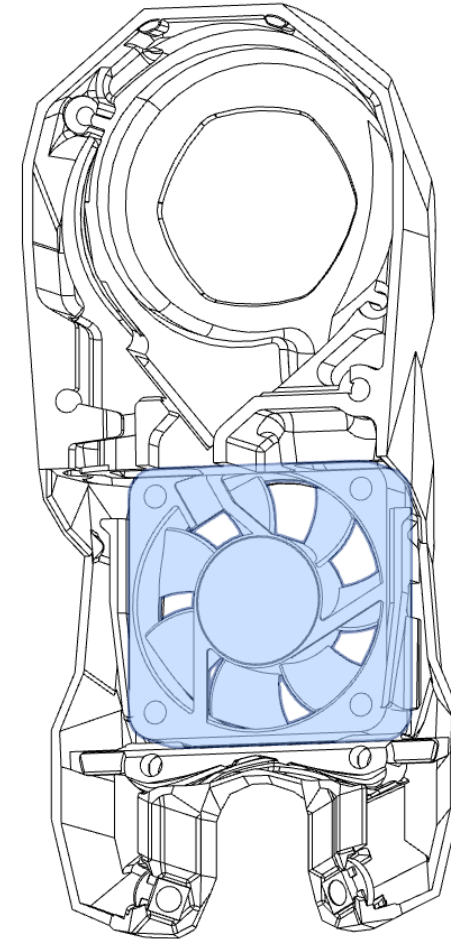
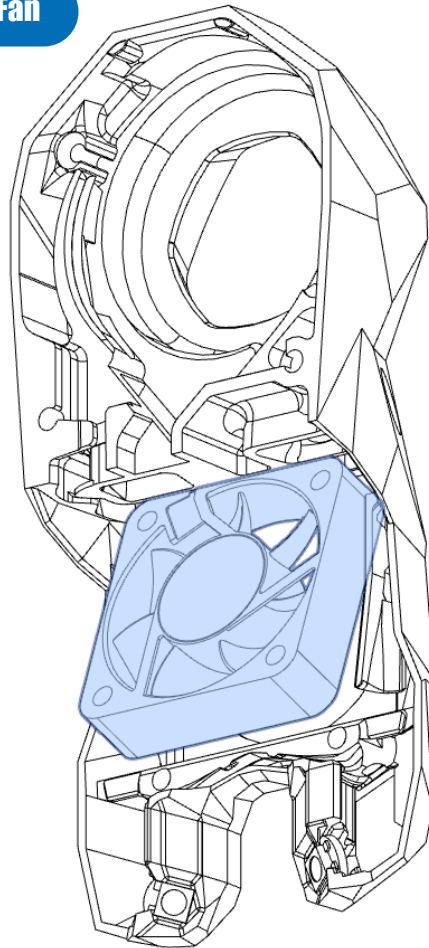
4010 Fan

FAN ORIENTATION

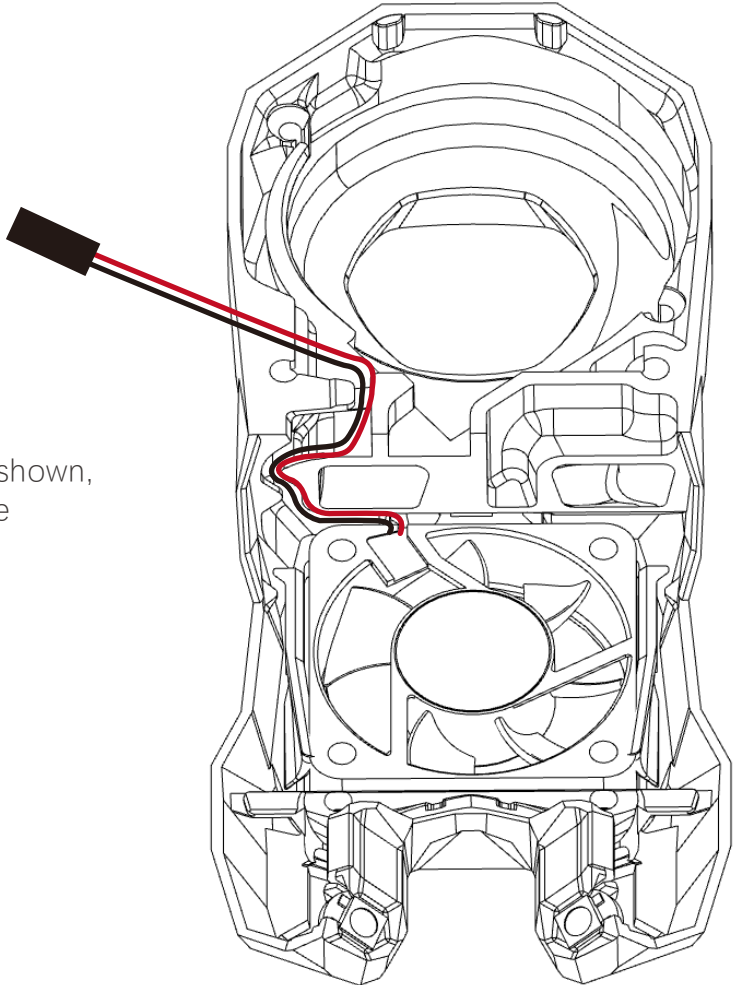
Rotate the fan so that the wires exit on the top and the air is pushed "inwards".

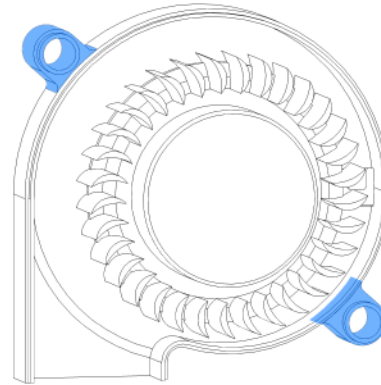
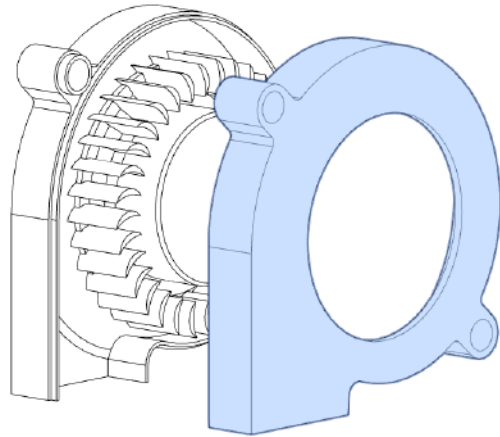
FAN INSERTION

Insert the fan at a slight angle and clip it into place. Mind the fan orientation.



FAN WIRE ROUTING
Route the fan wires as shown,
exiting on the right side





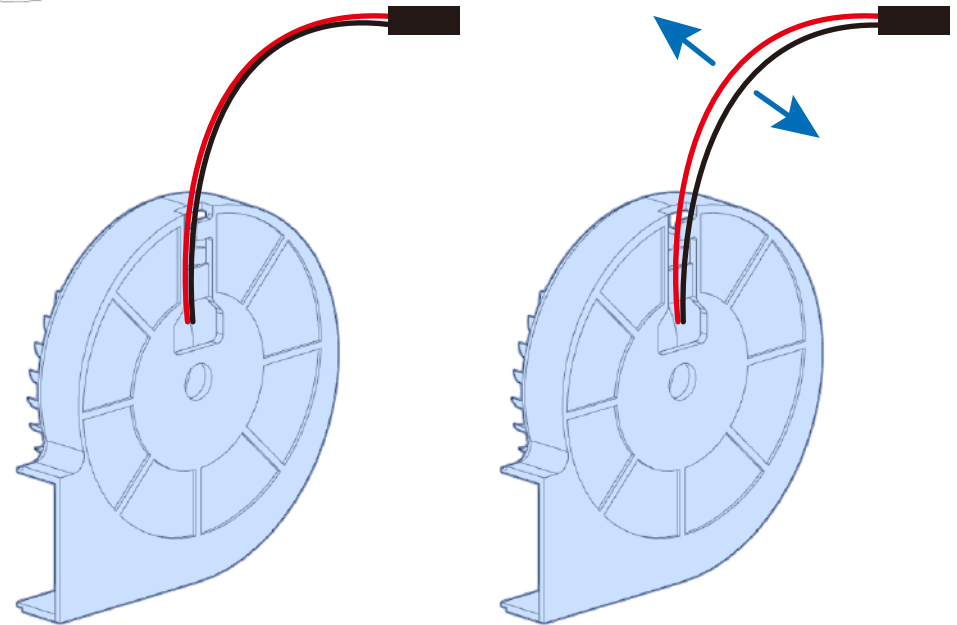
5015 Blower

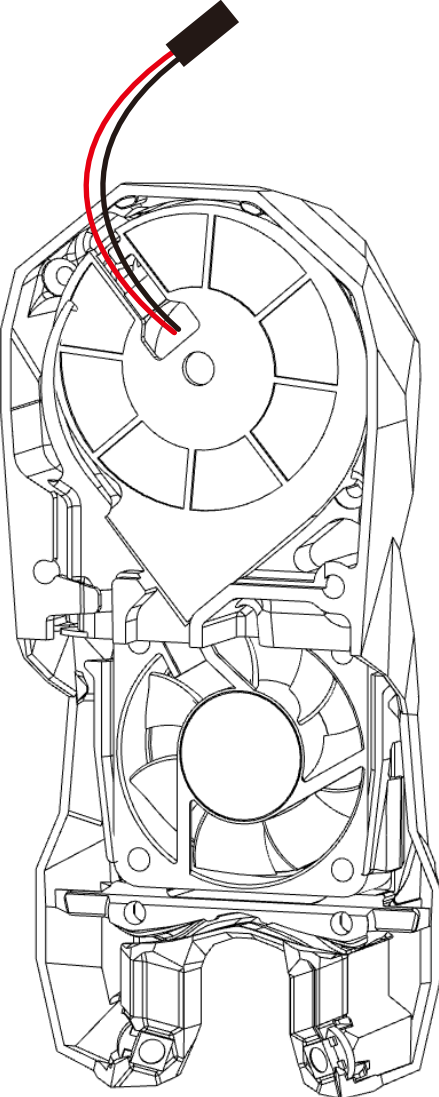
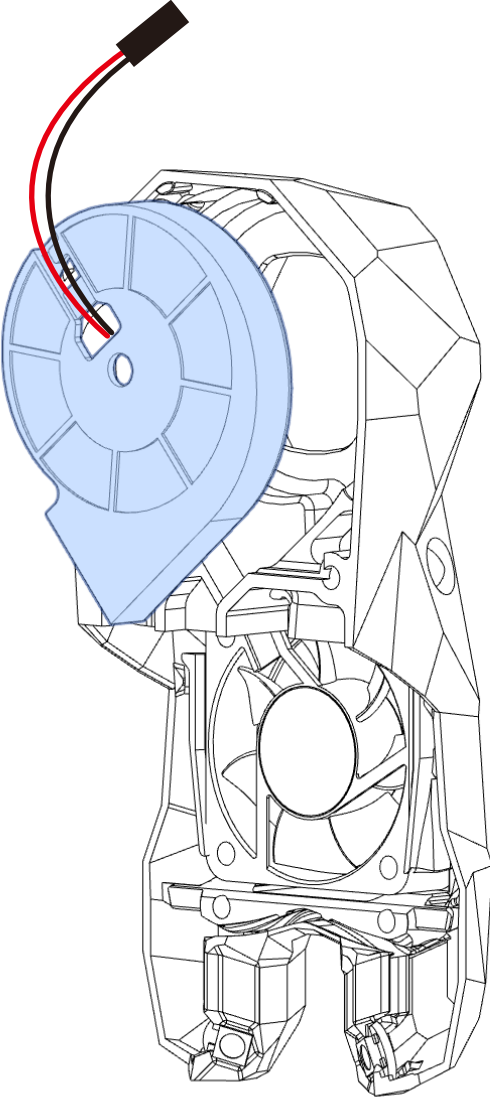
FAN PREPARATION

Remove the front of the 5015 fan. Clip off and file down the stock mounting ears.

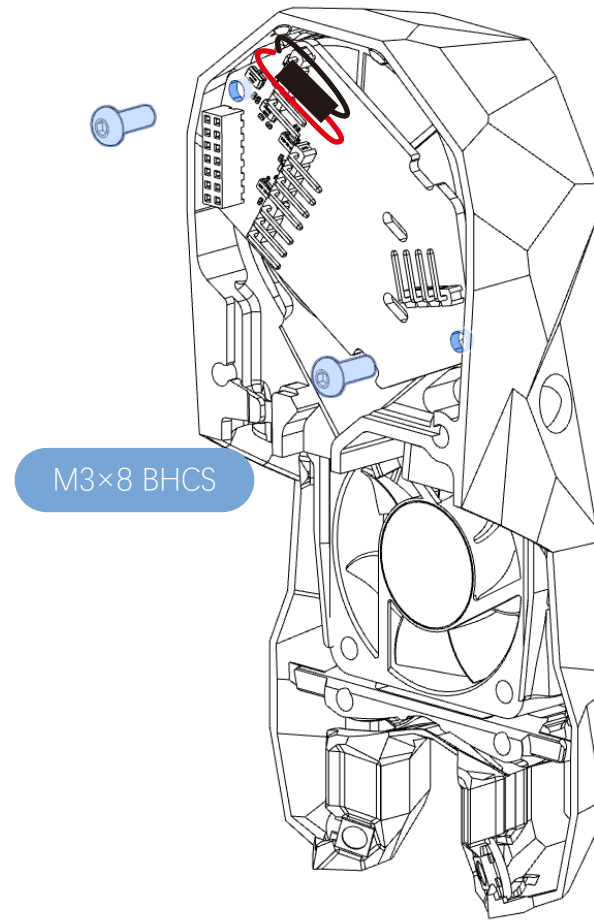
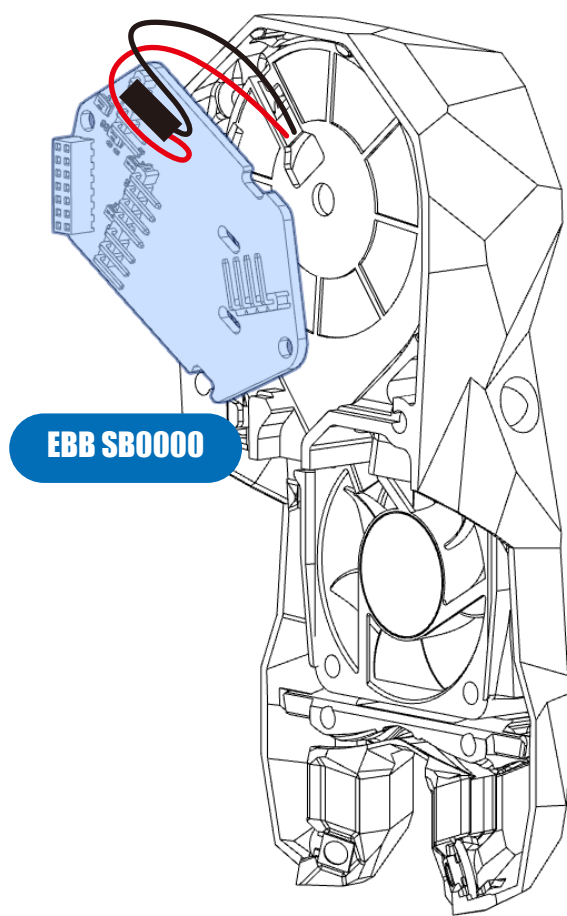
5015 Blower Wiring Instructions

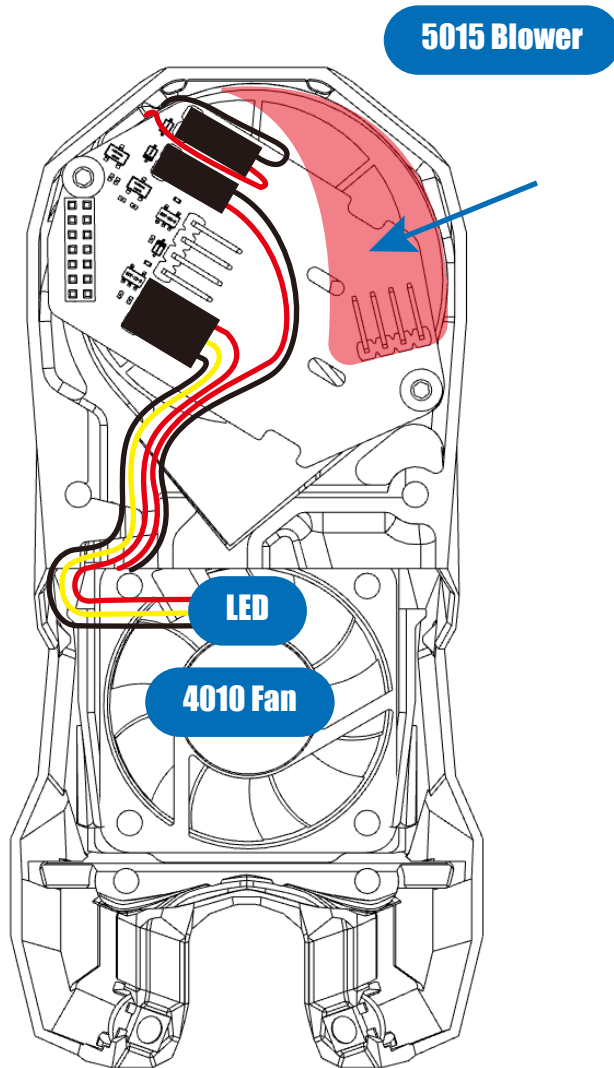
The 5015 blower has short wires by design. Separate the 2 wires from each other to make wire routing easier





The 5015 cable is a very tight fit.
Plug it in before mounting the EBB SB0000



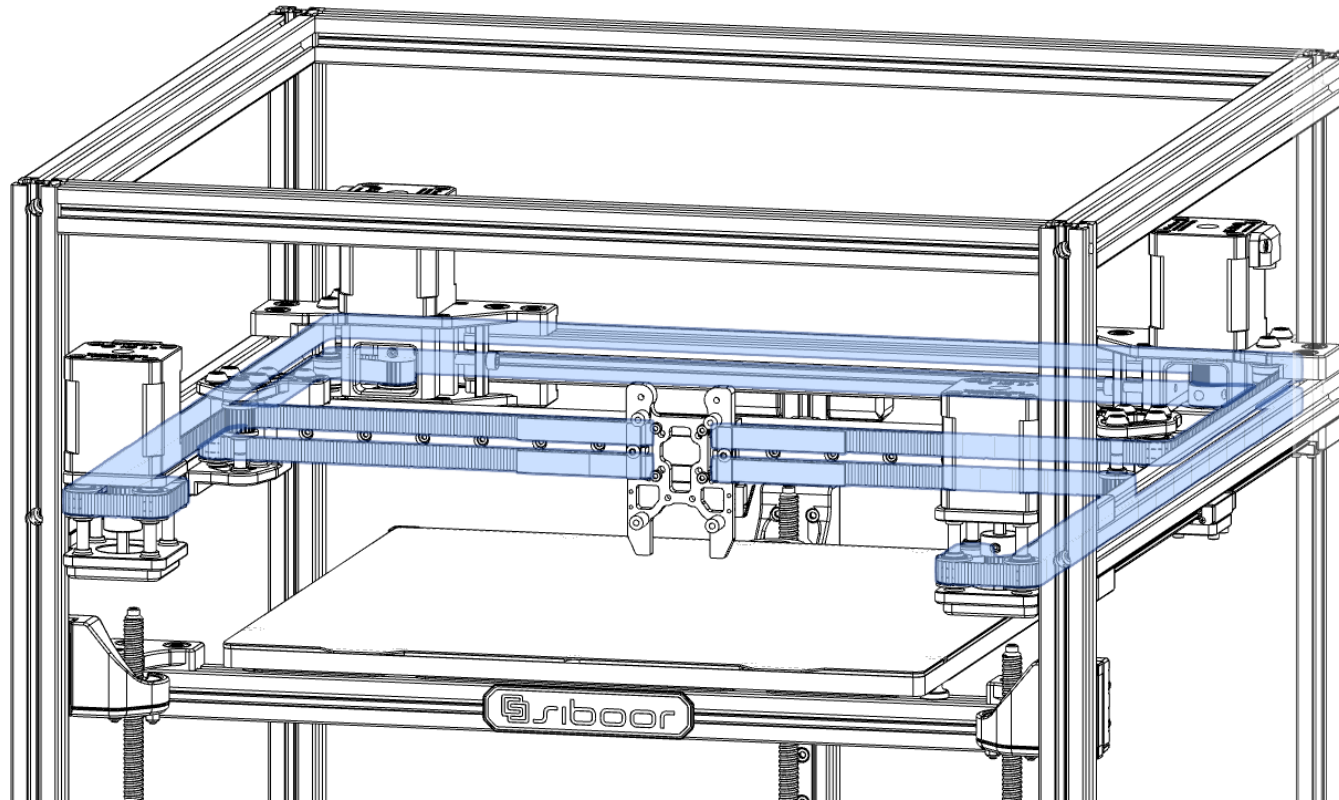


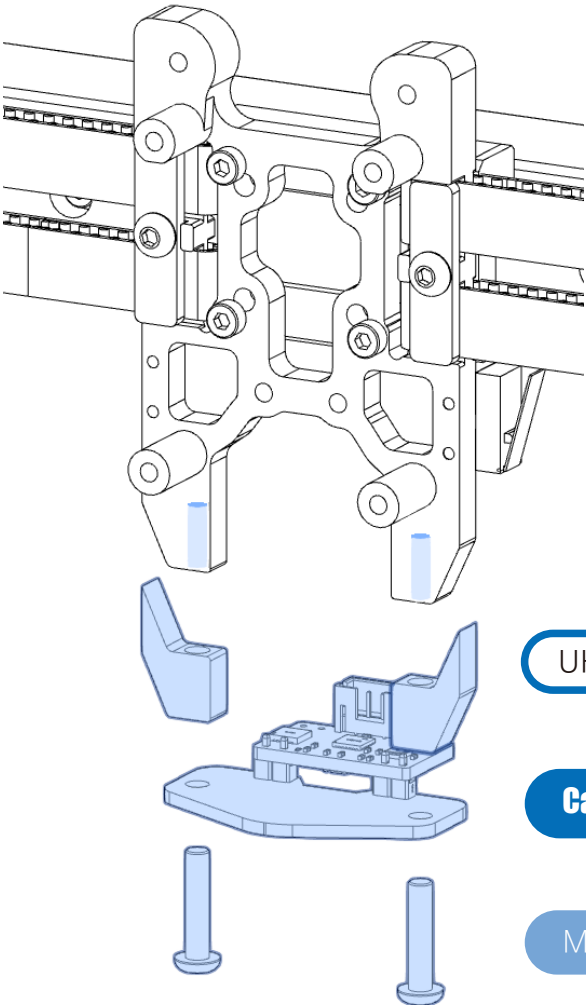
REASON FOR TIGHTLY DESIGNED CABLES

The cables are designed to be so compact to prevent the Cartographer's four cables and the 5015 blower cables from overlapping. This ensures that the faceplate and the CW2 extruder can be properly aligned.

TENSIONING THE BELTS. AGAIN.

The belts were tensioned before, but you may notice that the belts have now become loose. This is because the tension has now been distributed more evenly. Re-tighten the belts before continuing with the next steps.

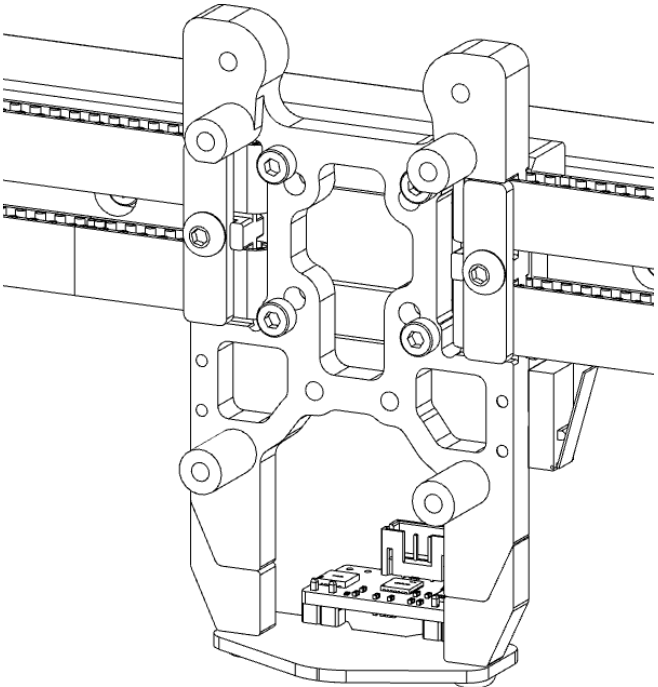


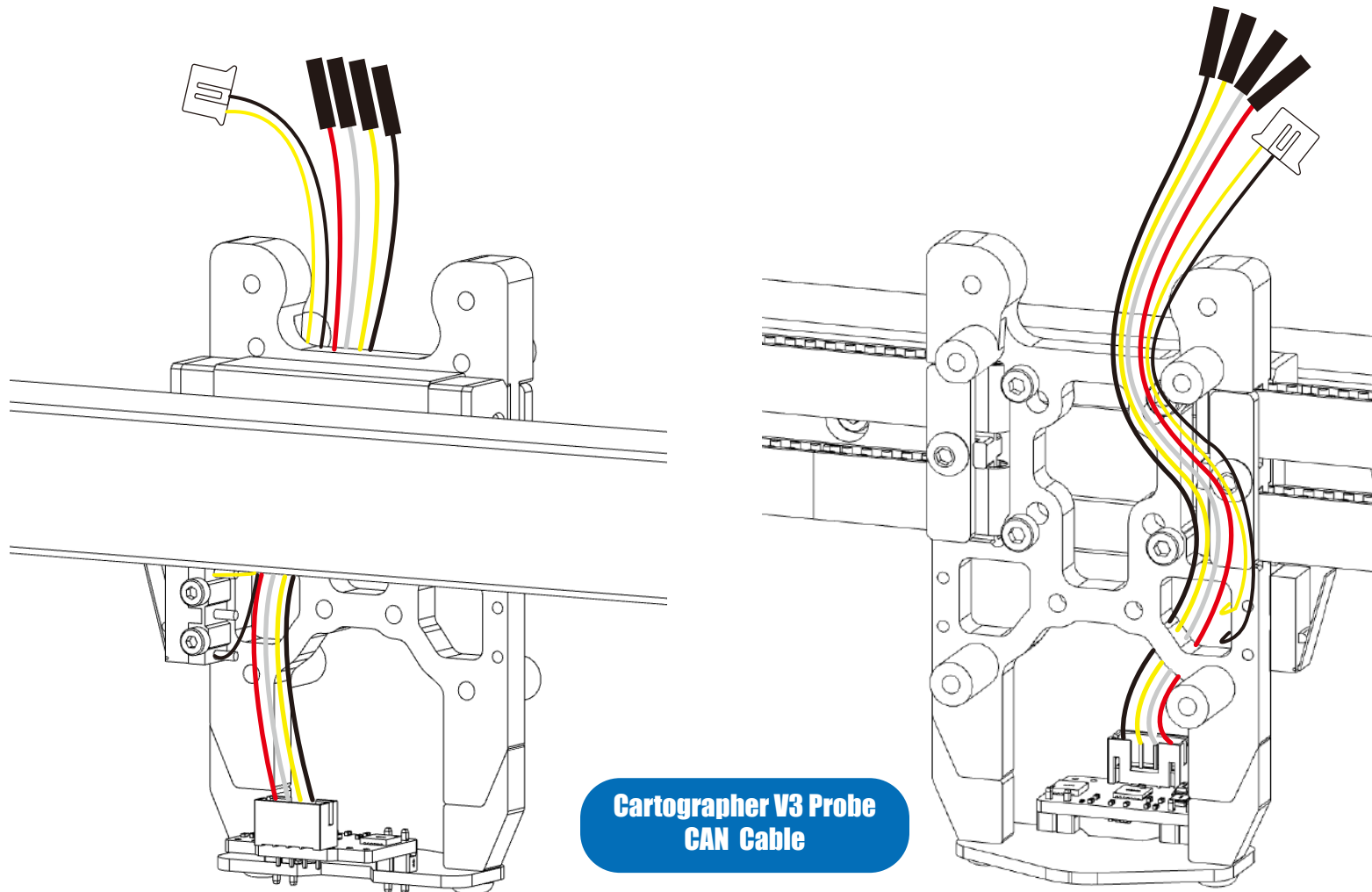


UHF Extension Block

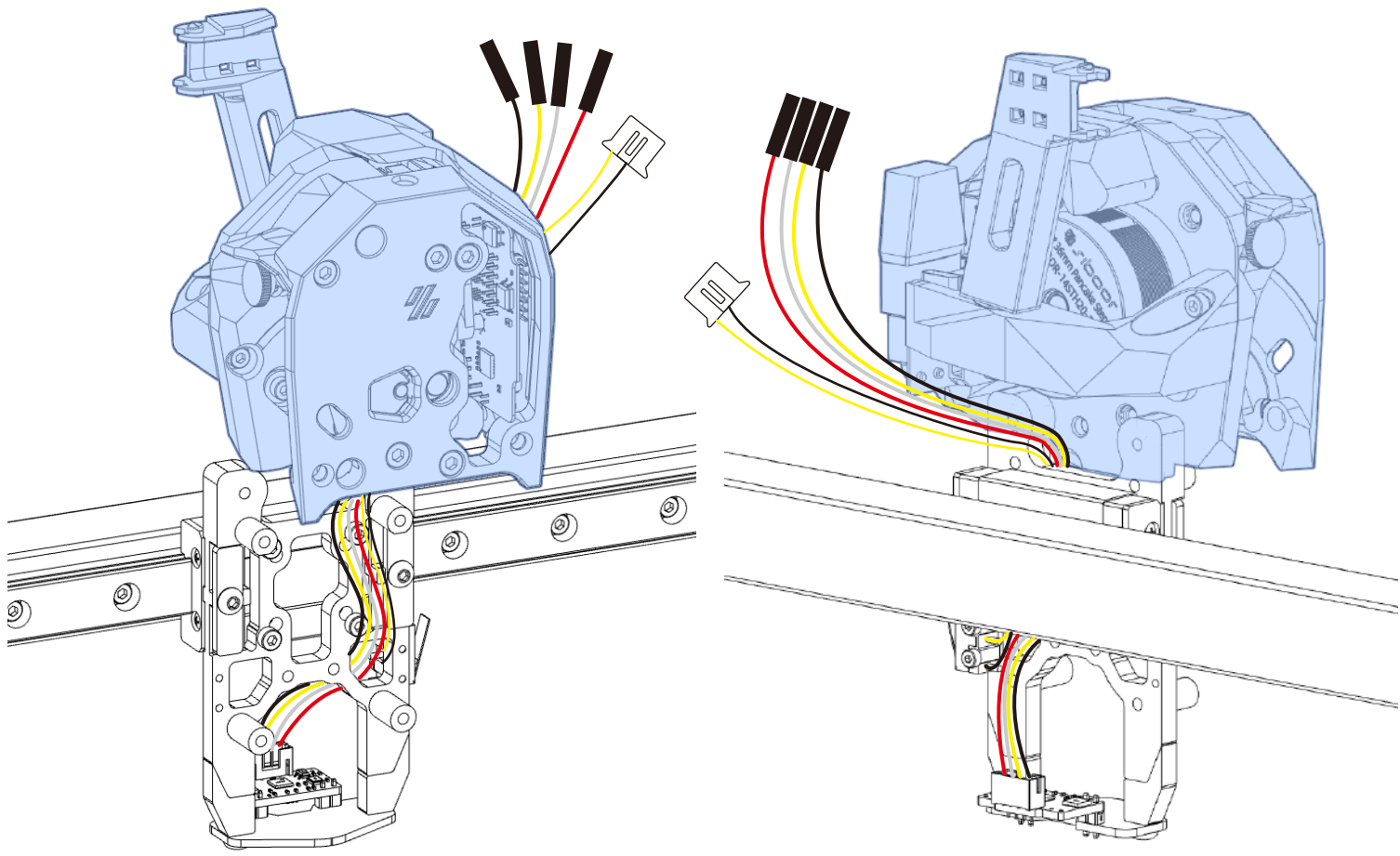
Cartographer V3 Probe

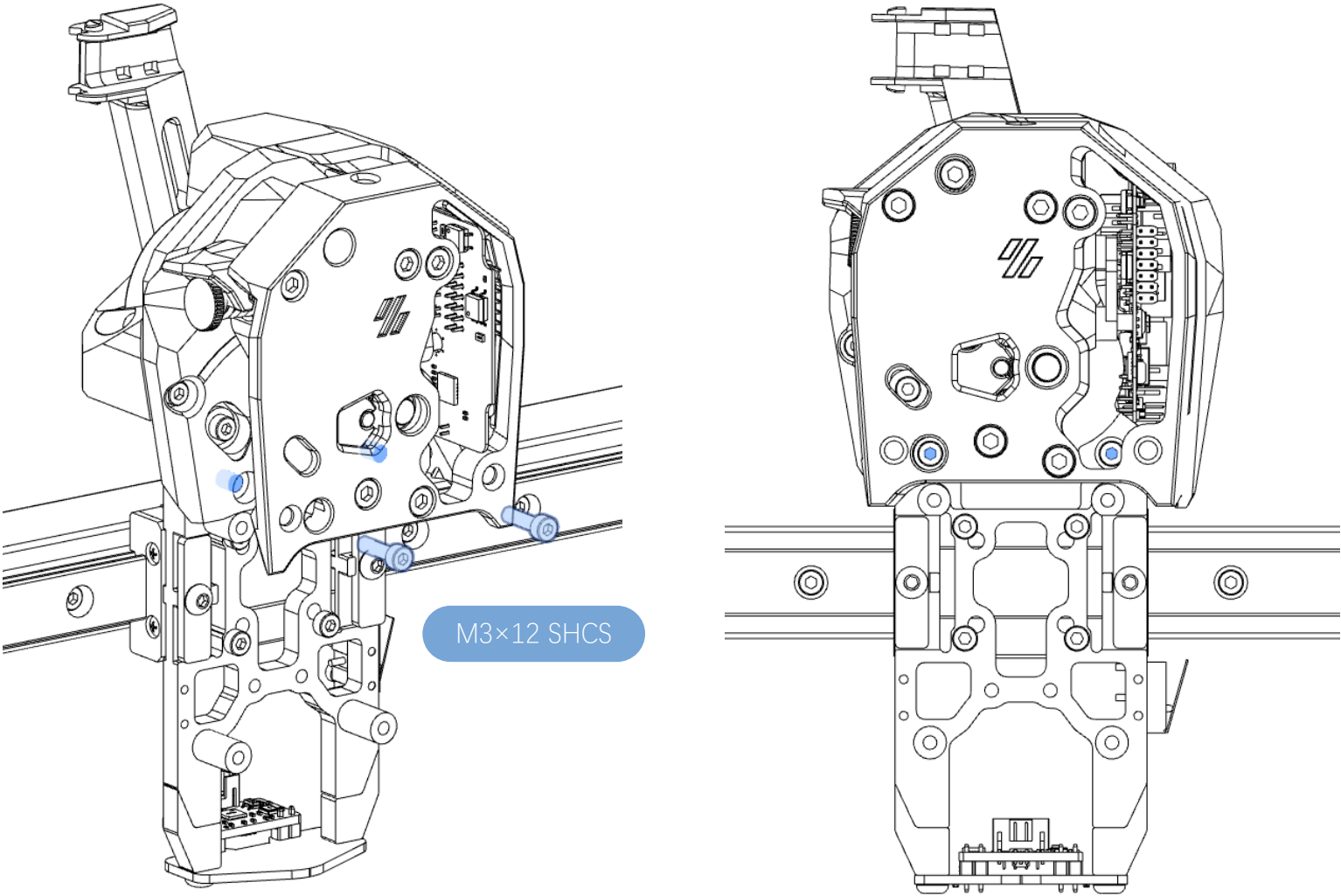
M3×12 BHCS



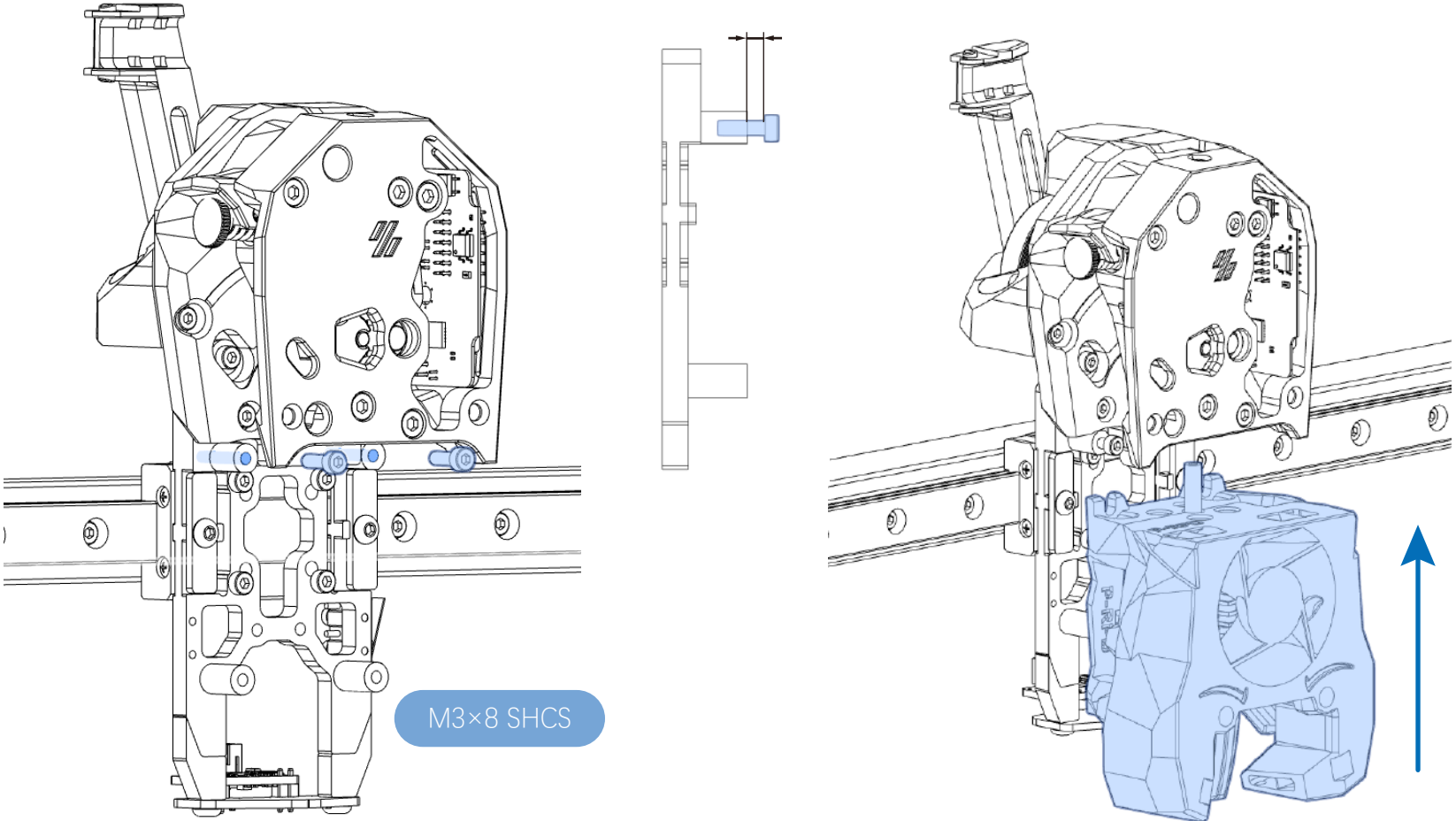


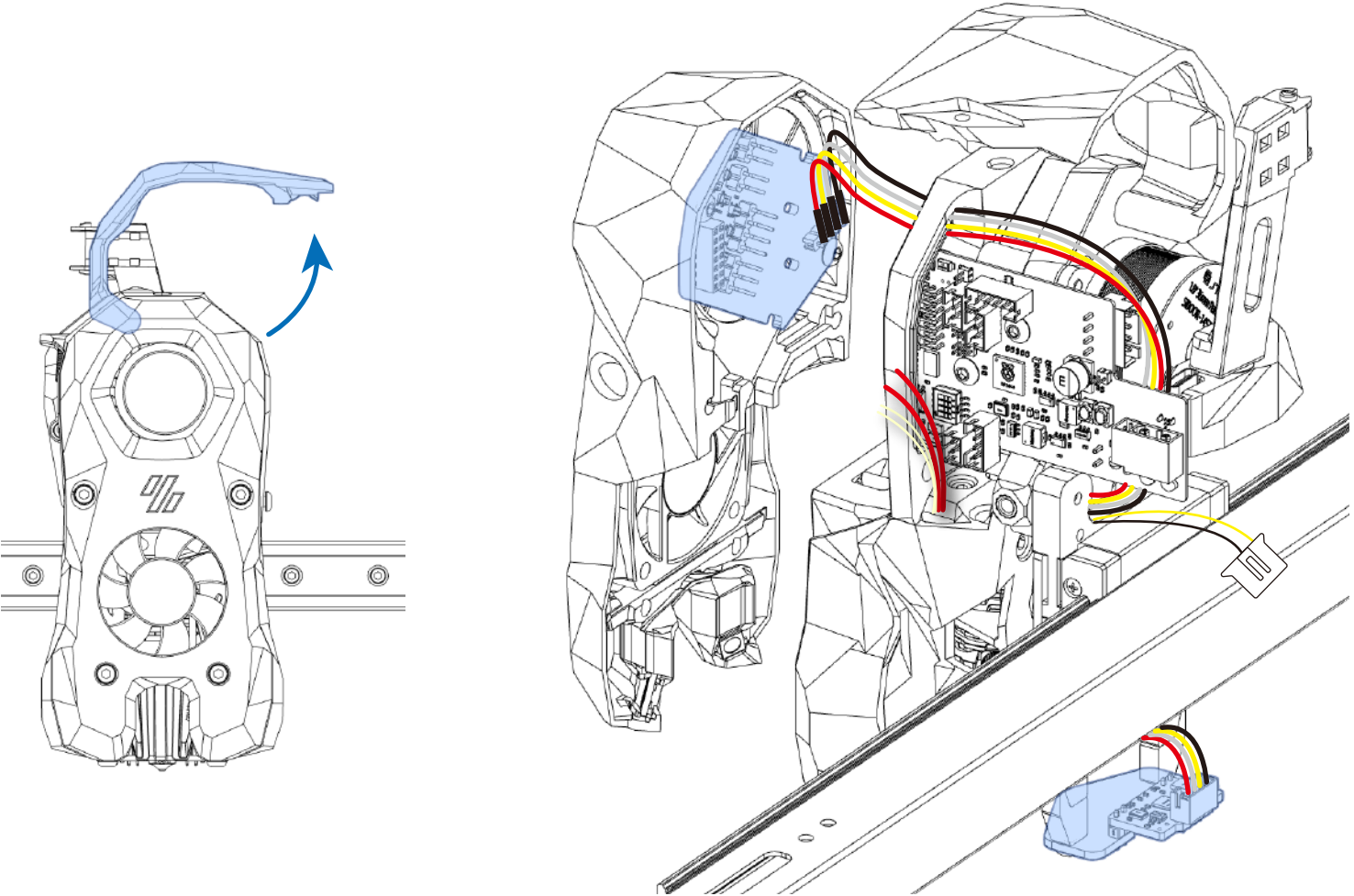
**Cartographer V3 Probe
CAN Cable**

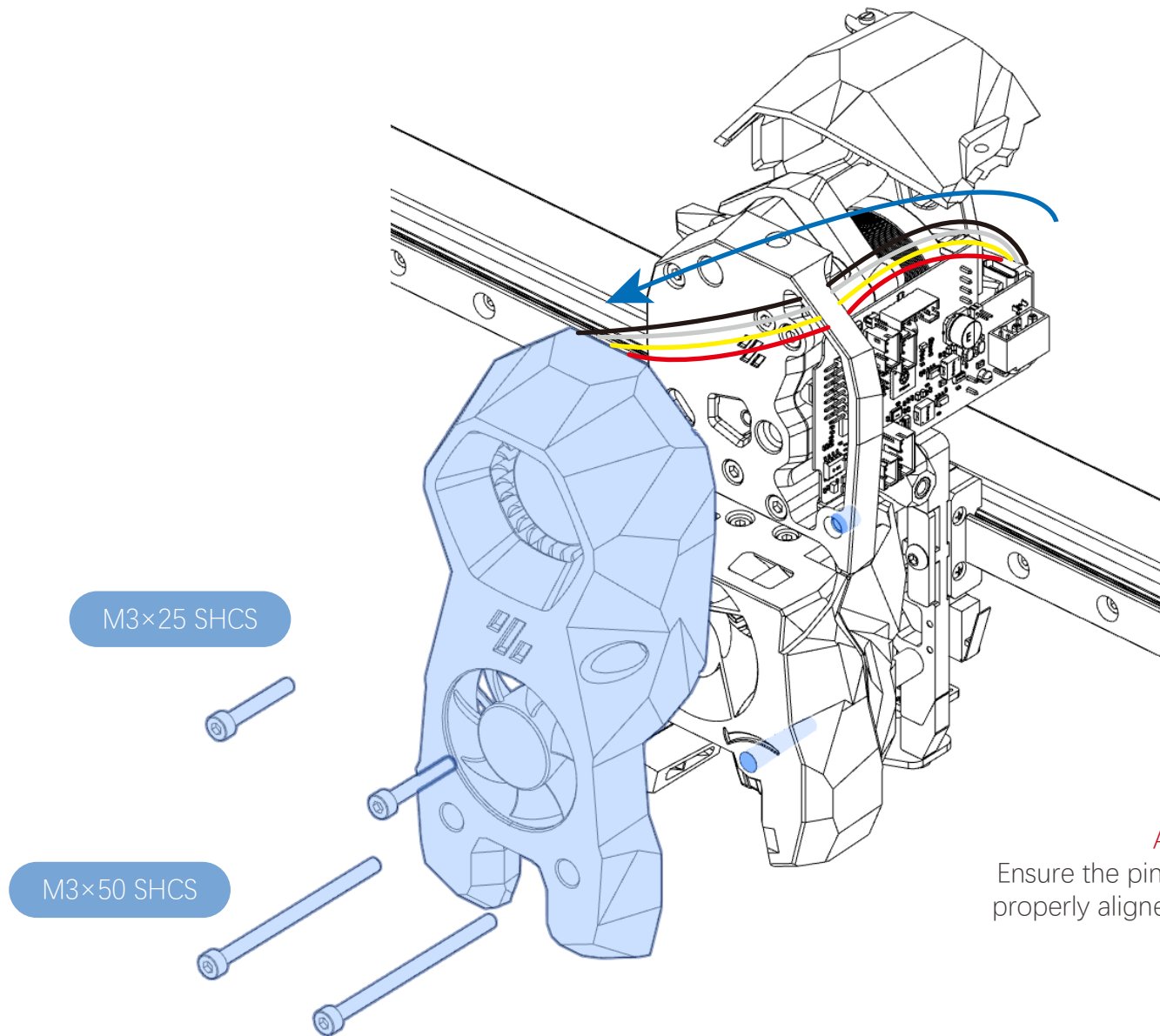




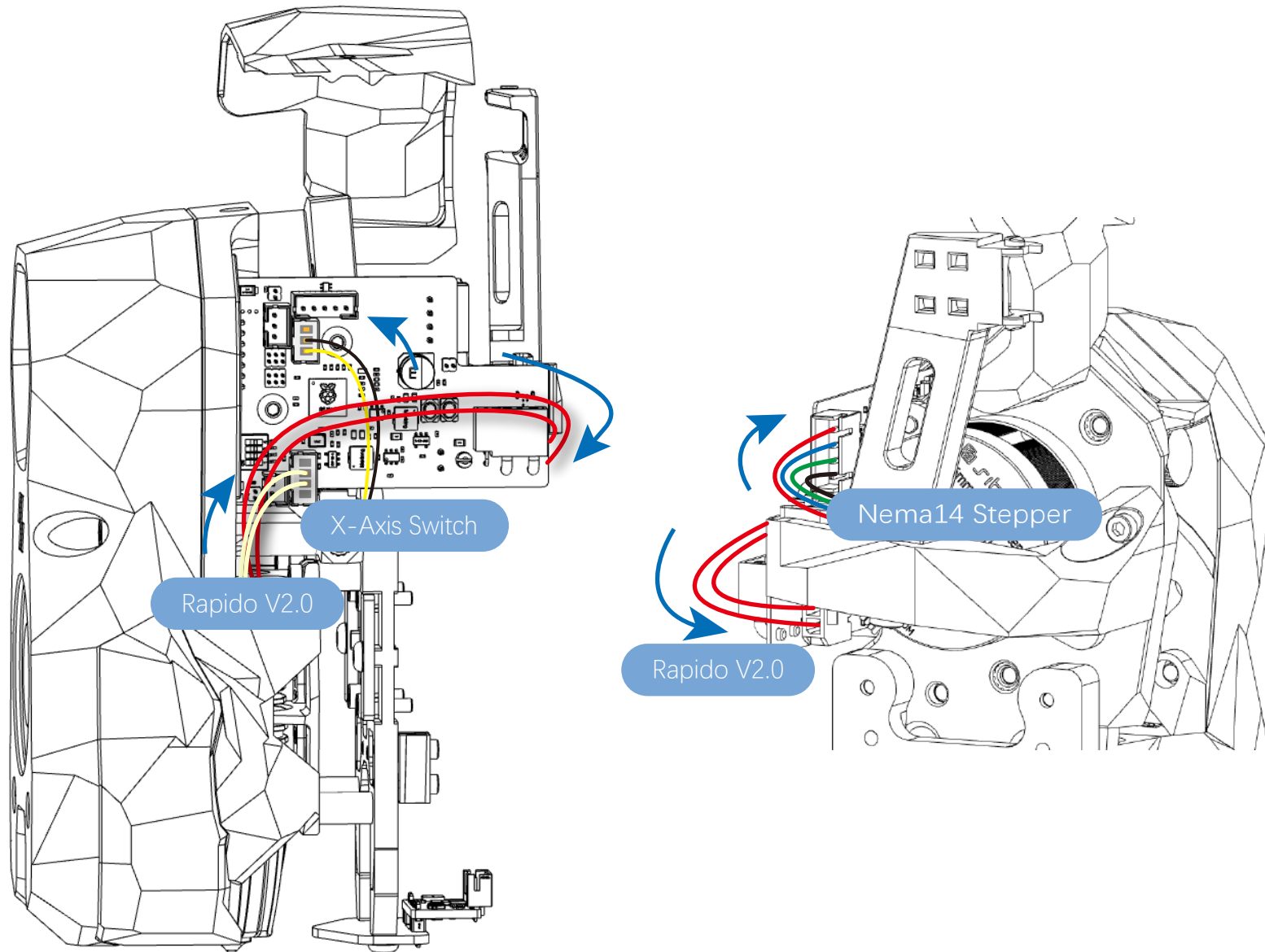
Allow about 3 mm



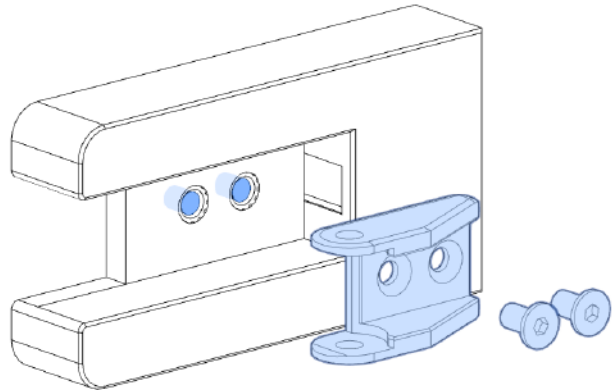




Aligning EBB CAN Board Pins
Ensure the pins of the EBB CAN board are properly aligned to avoid any short circuits.

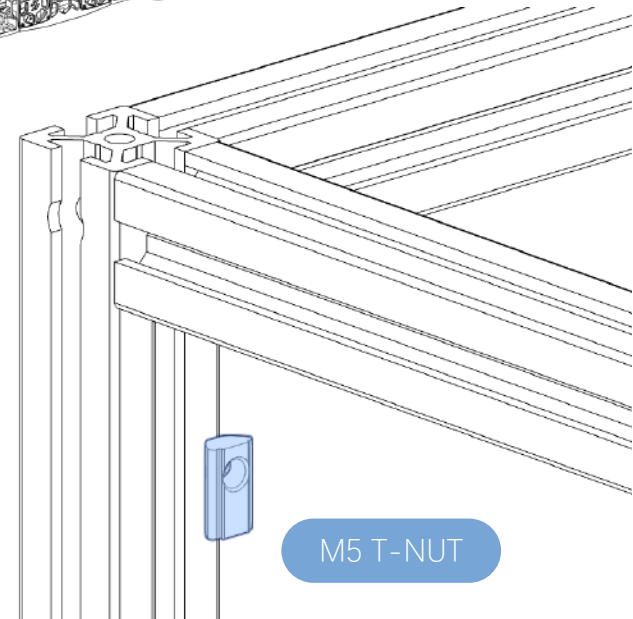
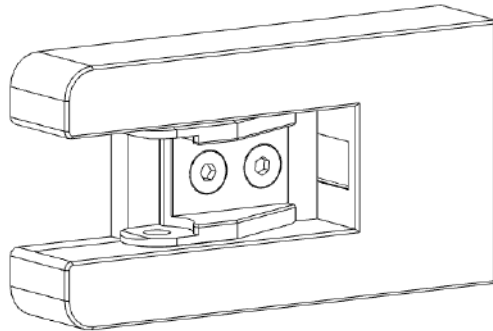
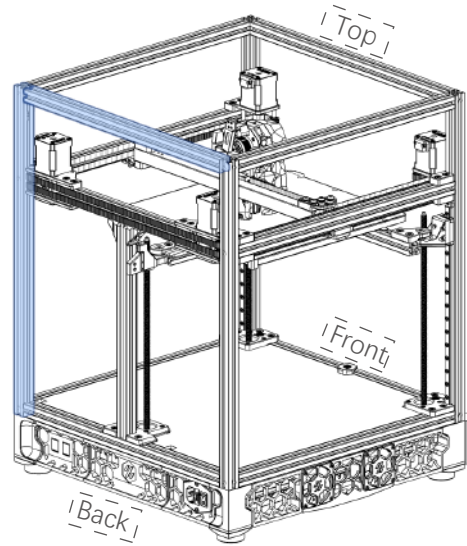




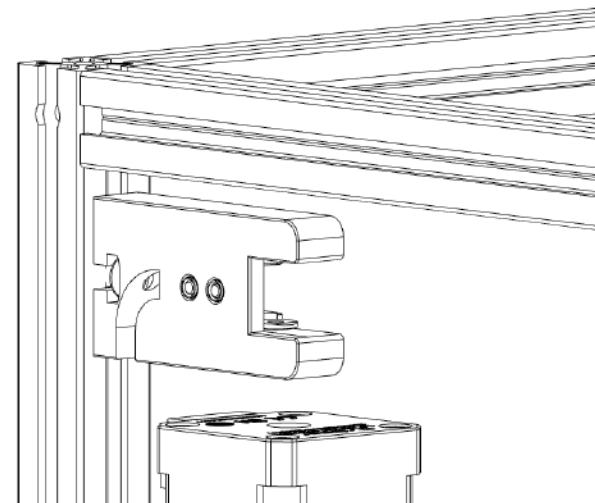
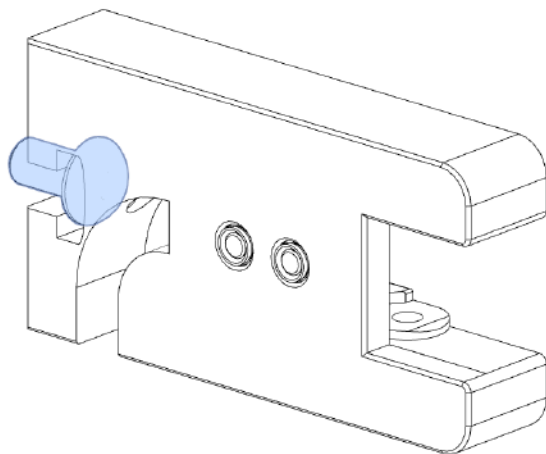
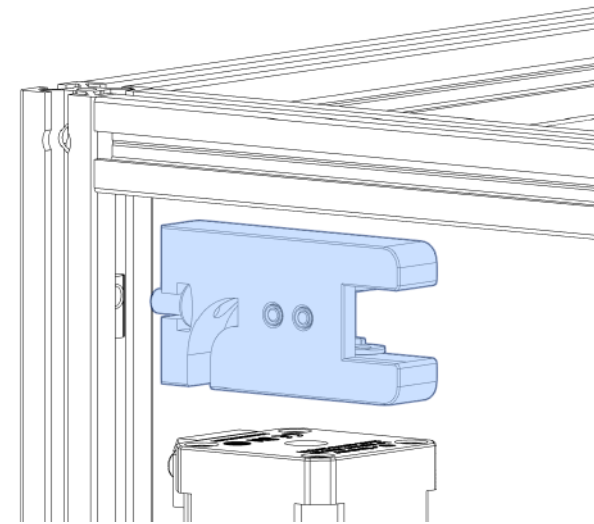
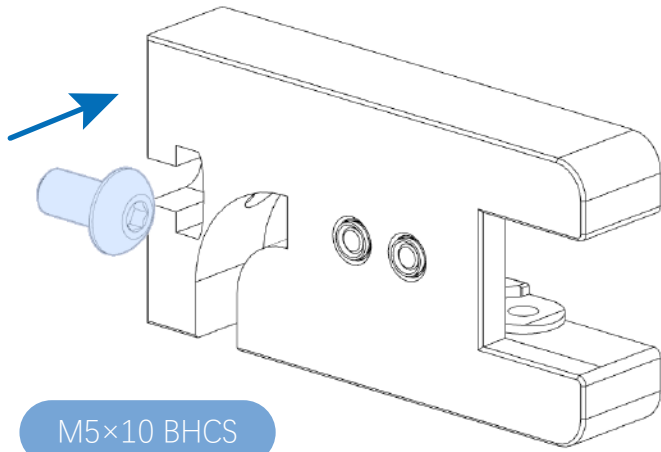


6x10 Drag chain head

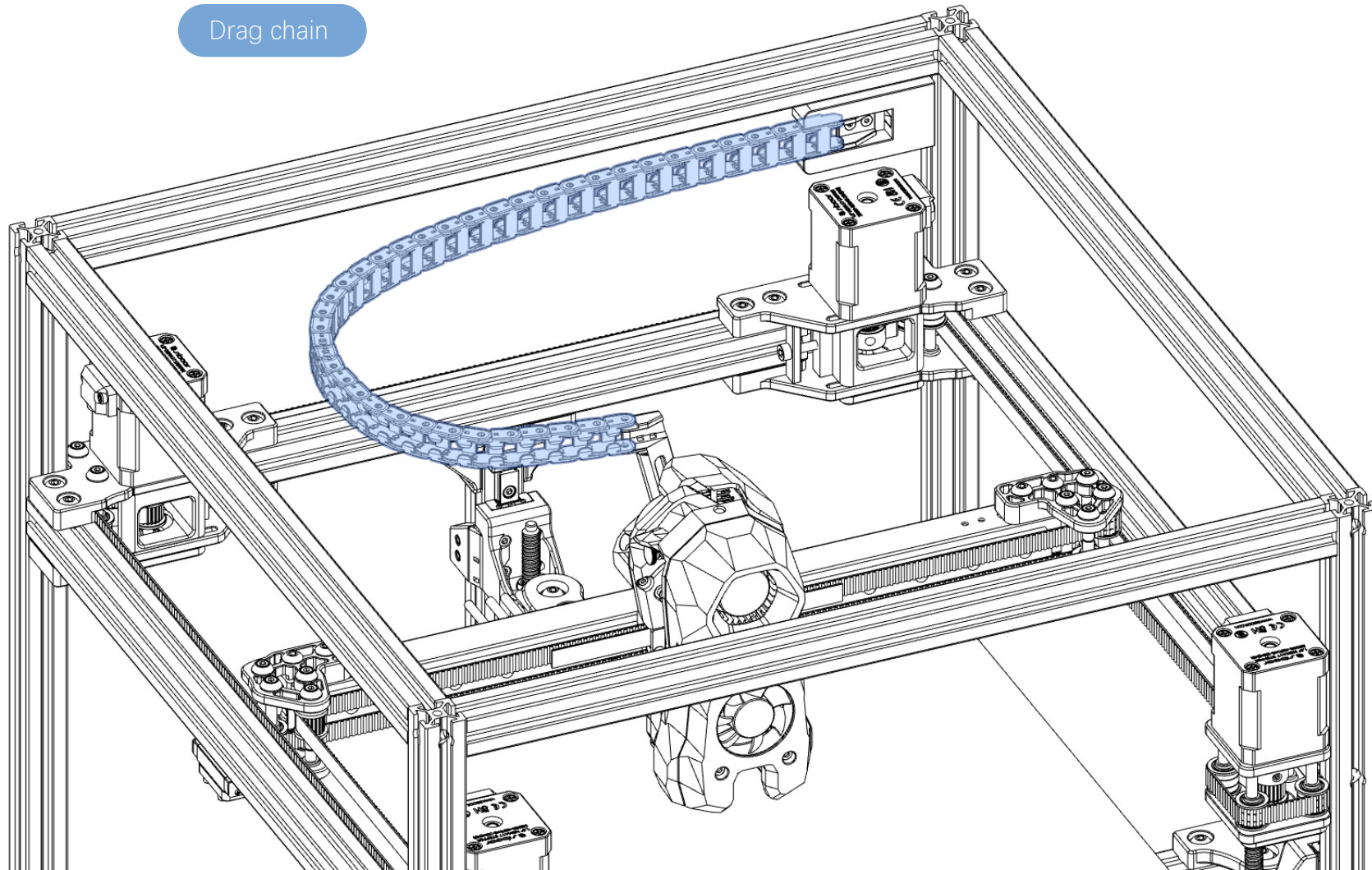
M3x6 FHCS

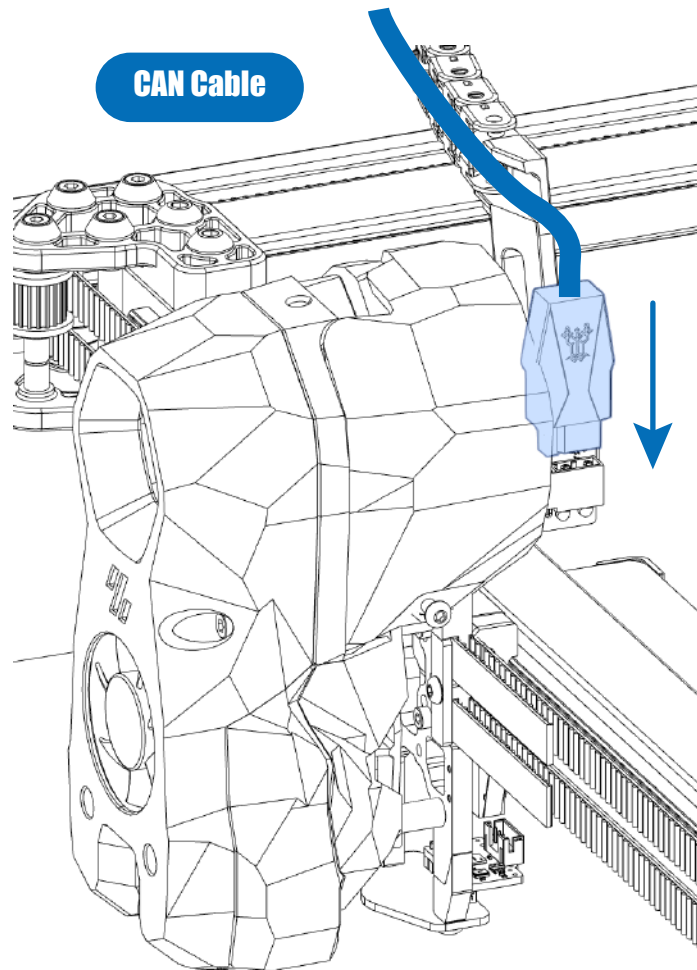


M5 T-NUT

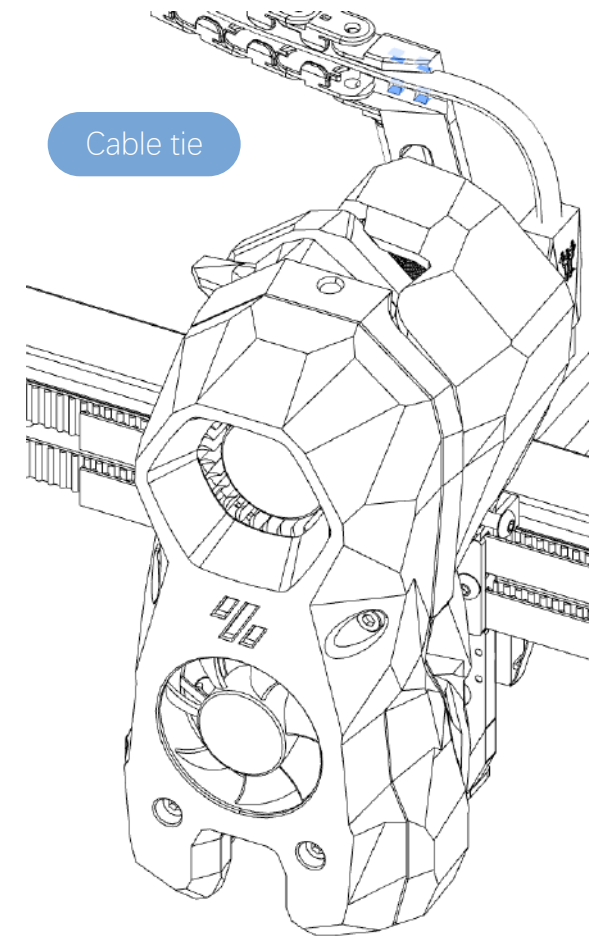


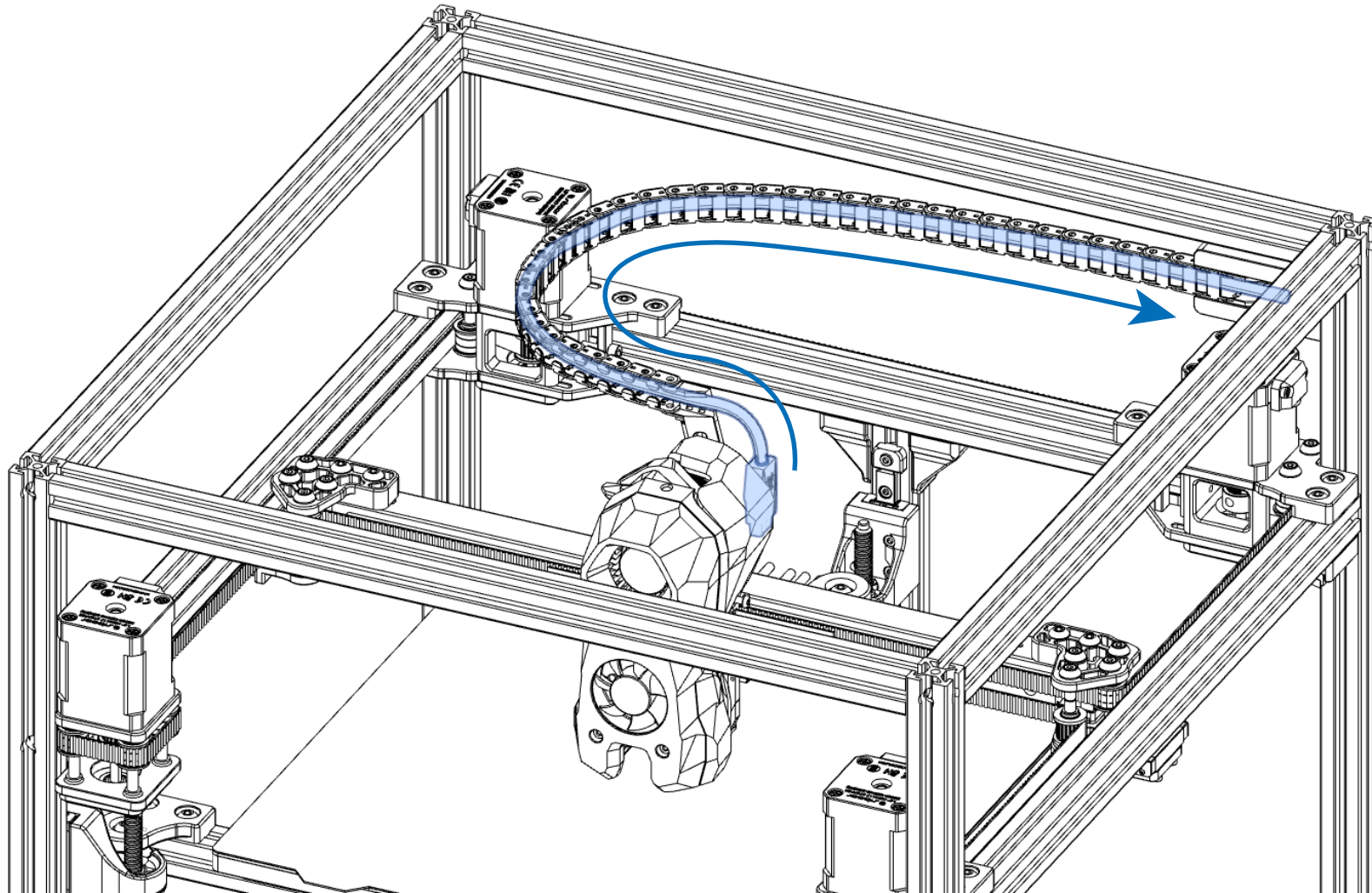
Drag chain





SECURING CABLES WITH ZIP TIES





REMOVING XH2.54 CONNECTOR SHELLS

The cables with XH2.54 connectors don't fit through the bracket interior? Try removing the outer shell of the XH2.54 connector first.

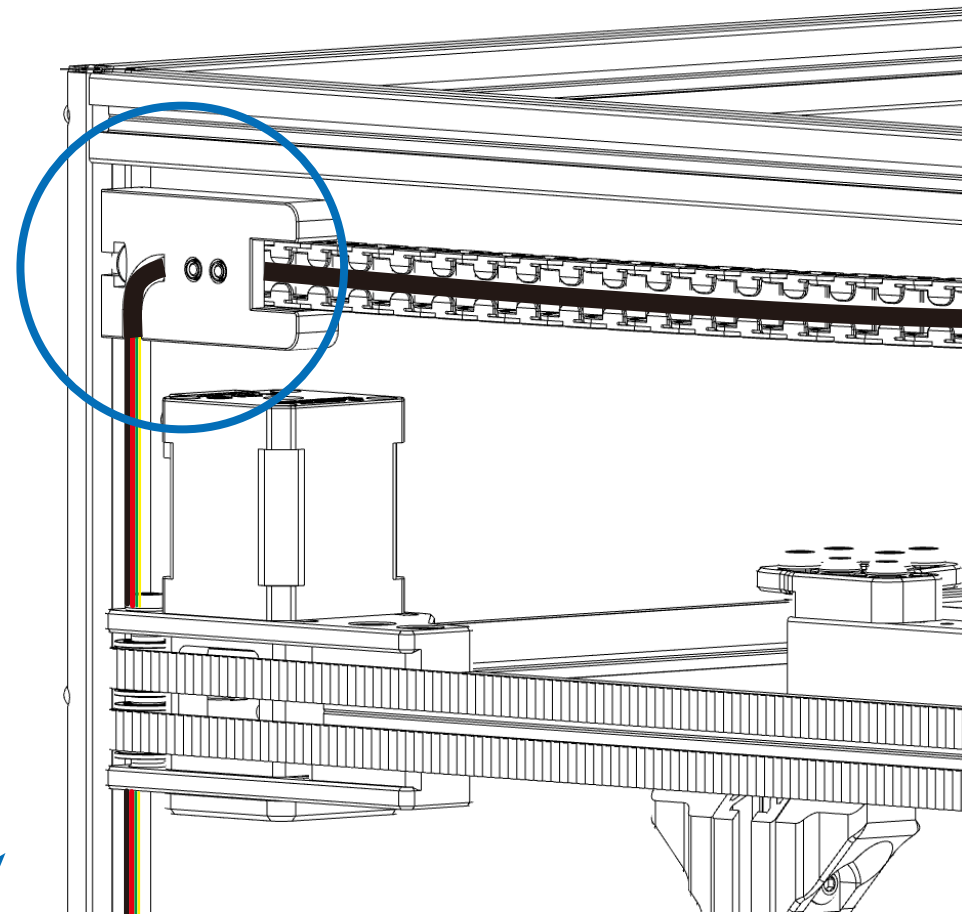
Tutorial Video:

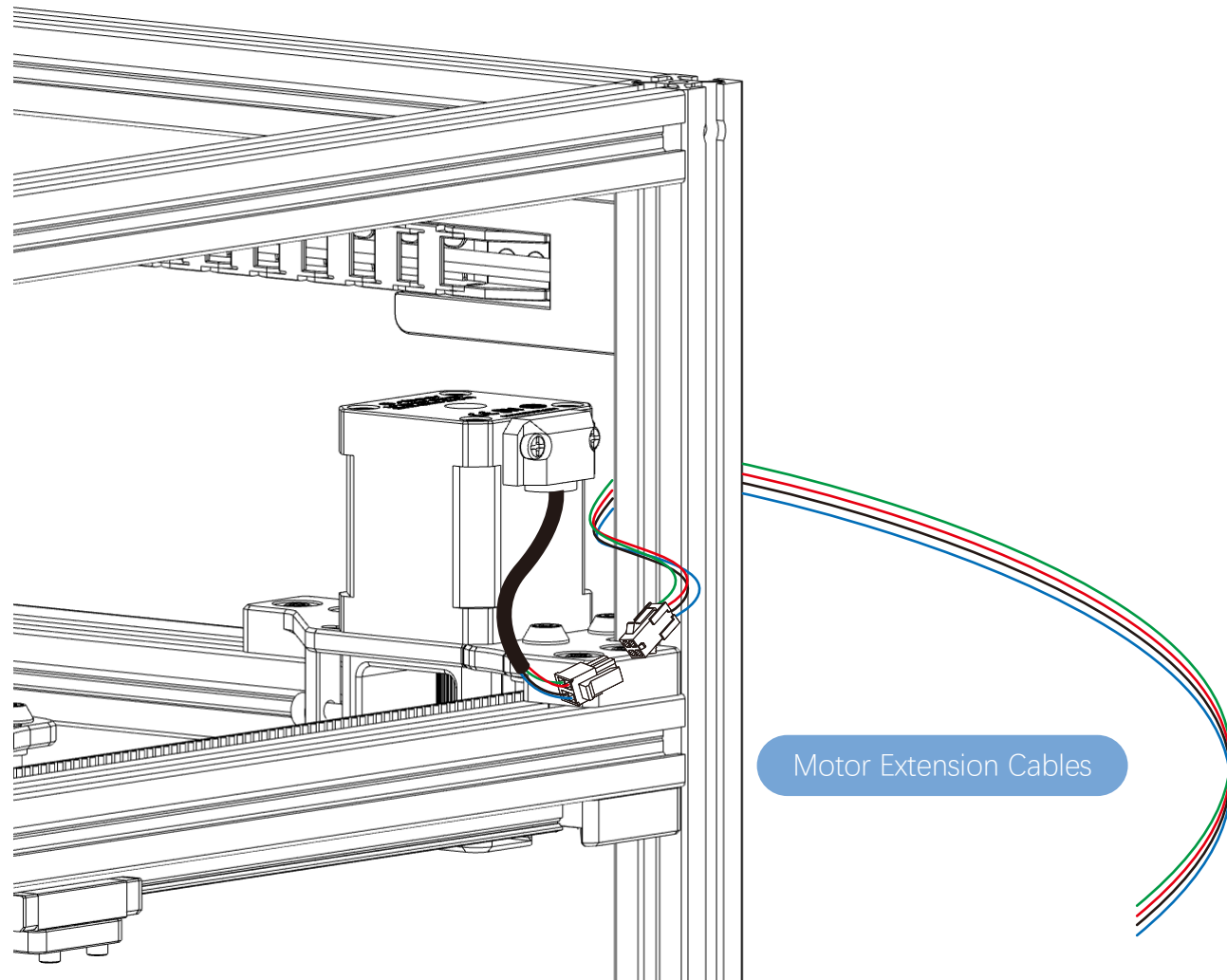
https://youtu.be/q8tU_NEZK9g?si=uQx6jH1NrSWA7Fue

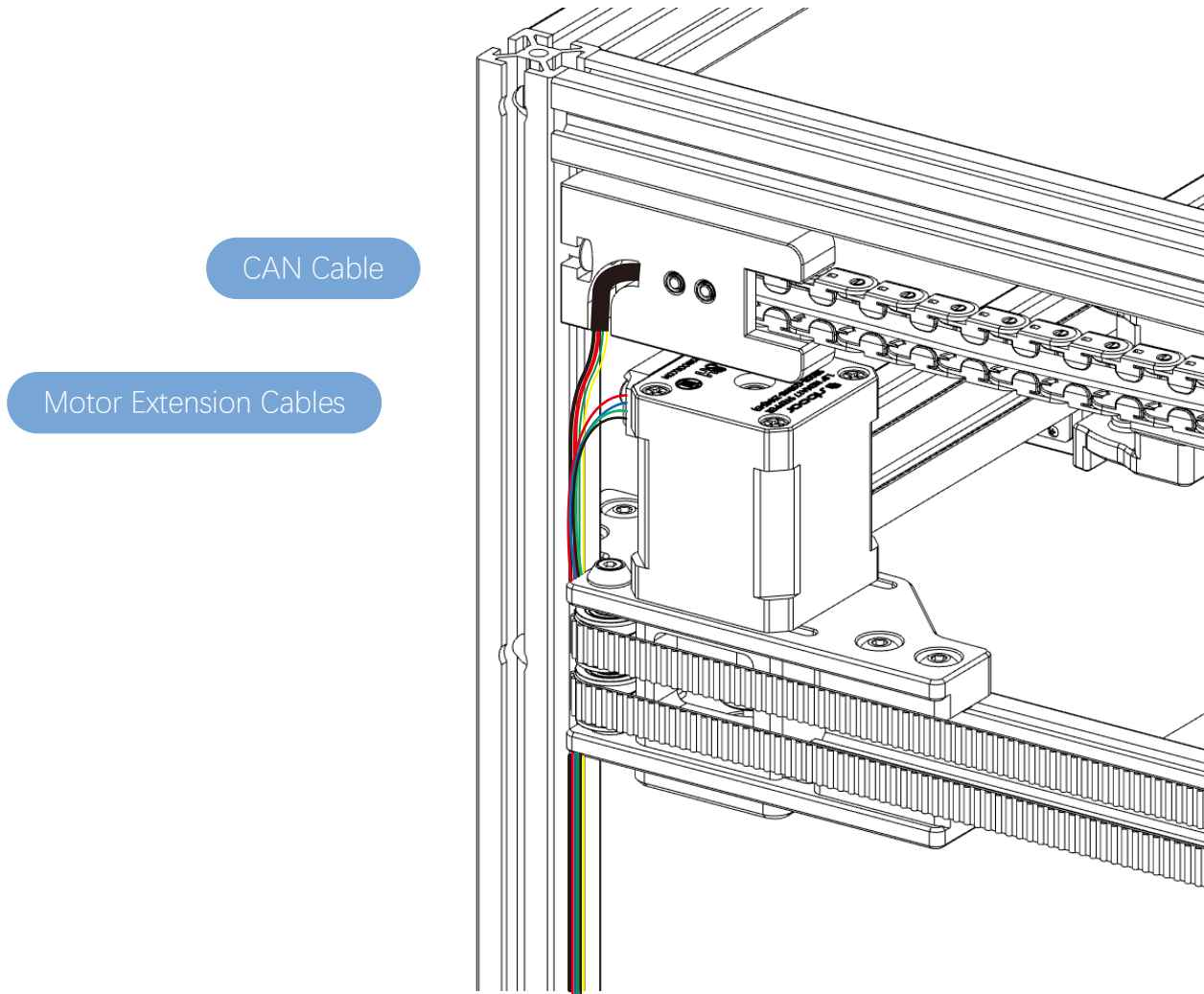
CAN CABLE

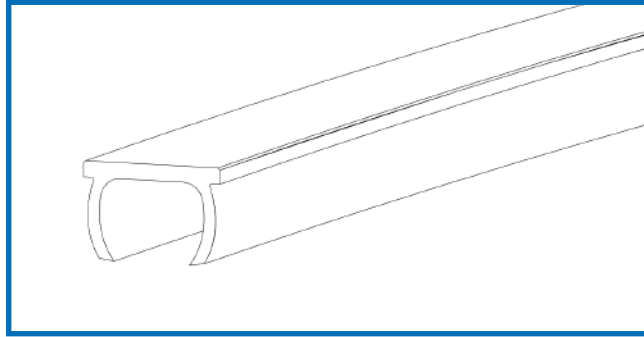
Carefully peel off the black rubber sheath of the CAN cable to ensure the internal wires are not damaged, allowing them to be hidden within the groove of the extrusion.

While removing the connector and peeling off the protective sheet, make sure to keep the green and yellow twisted pair cables intact and do not untwist them. Untwisting these cables can lead to significant communication issues.

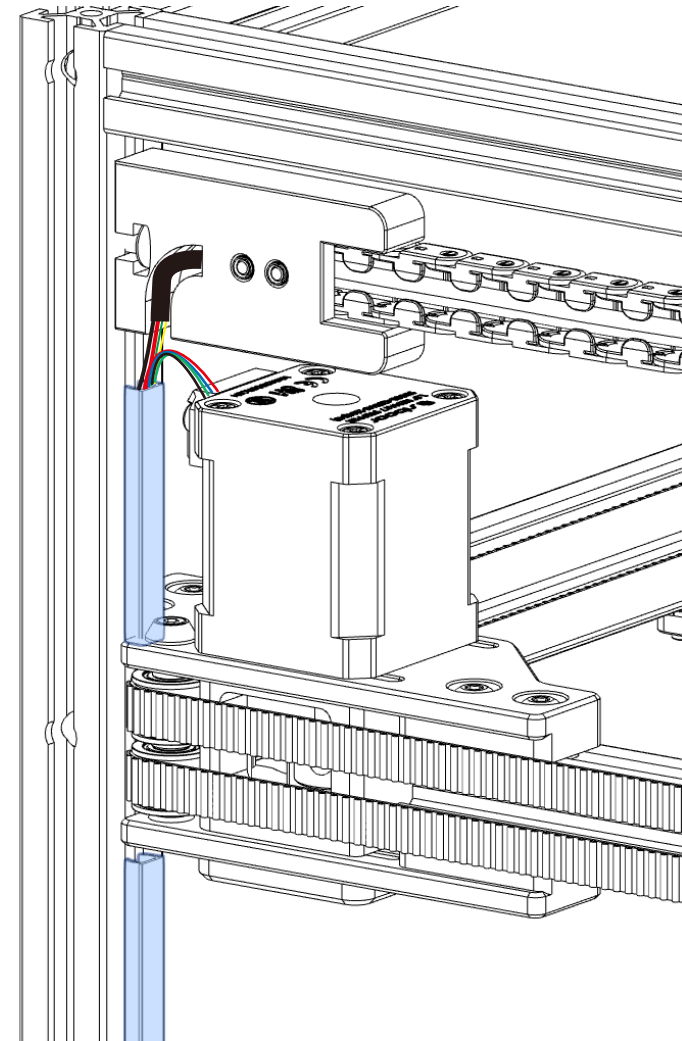
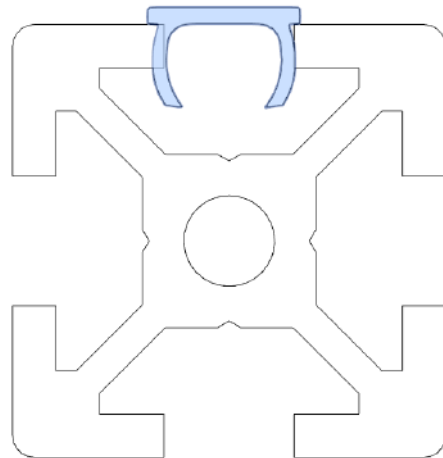


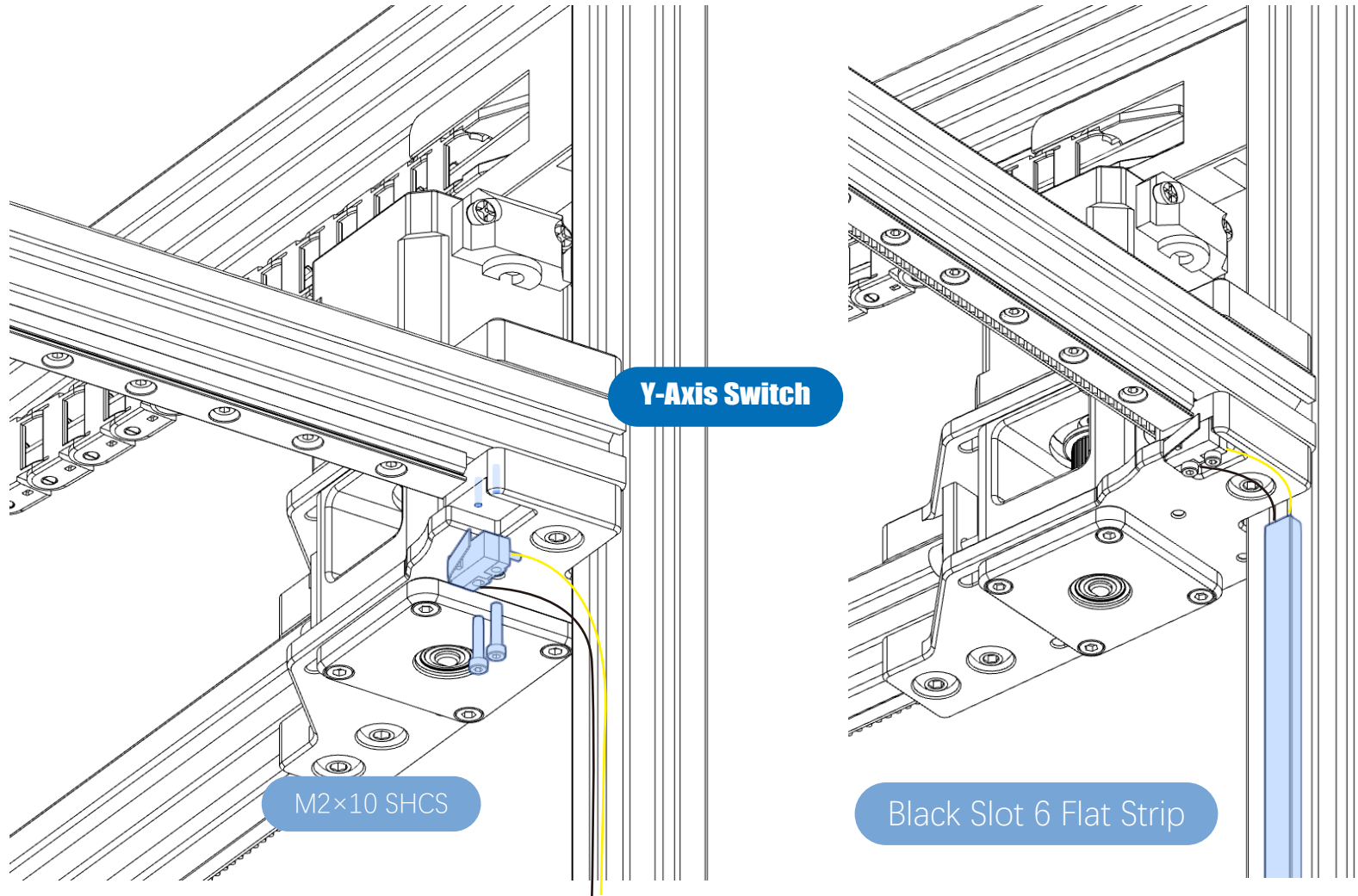


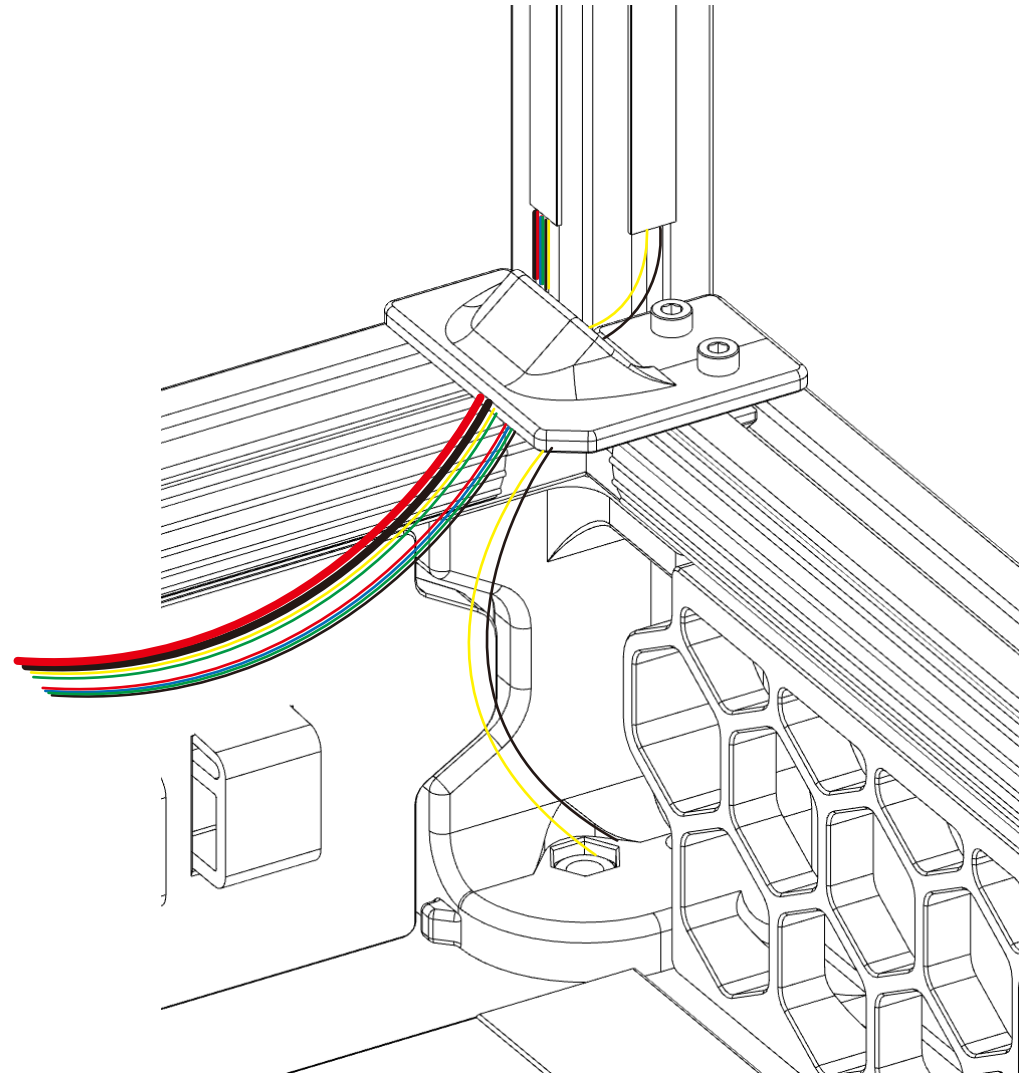
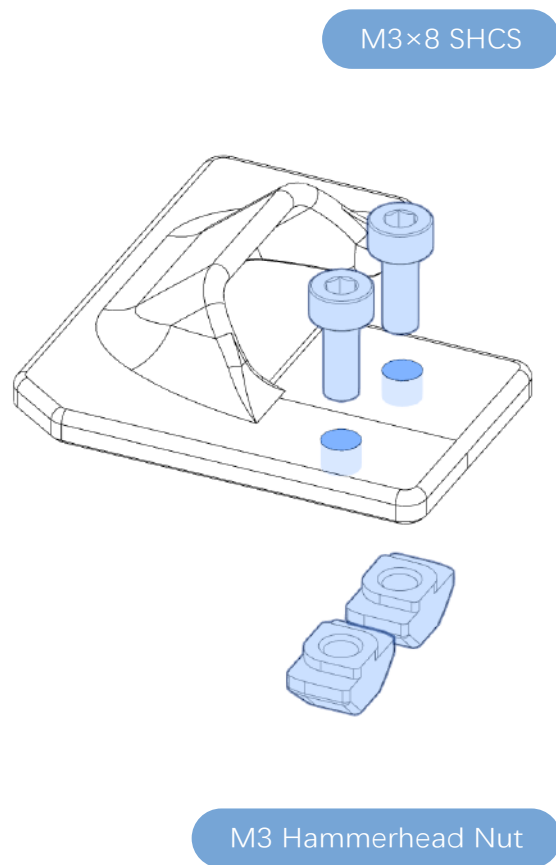


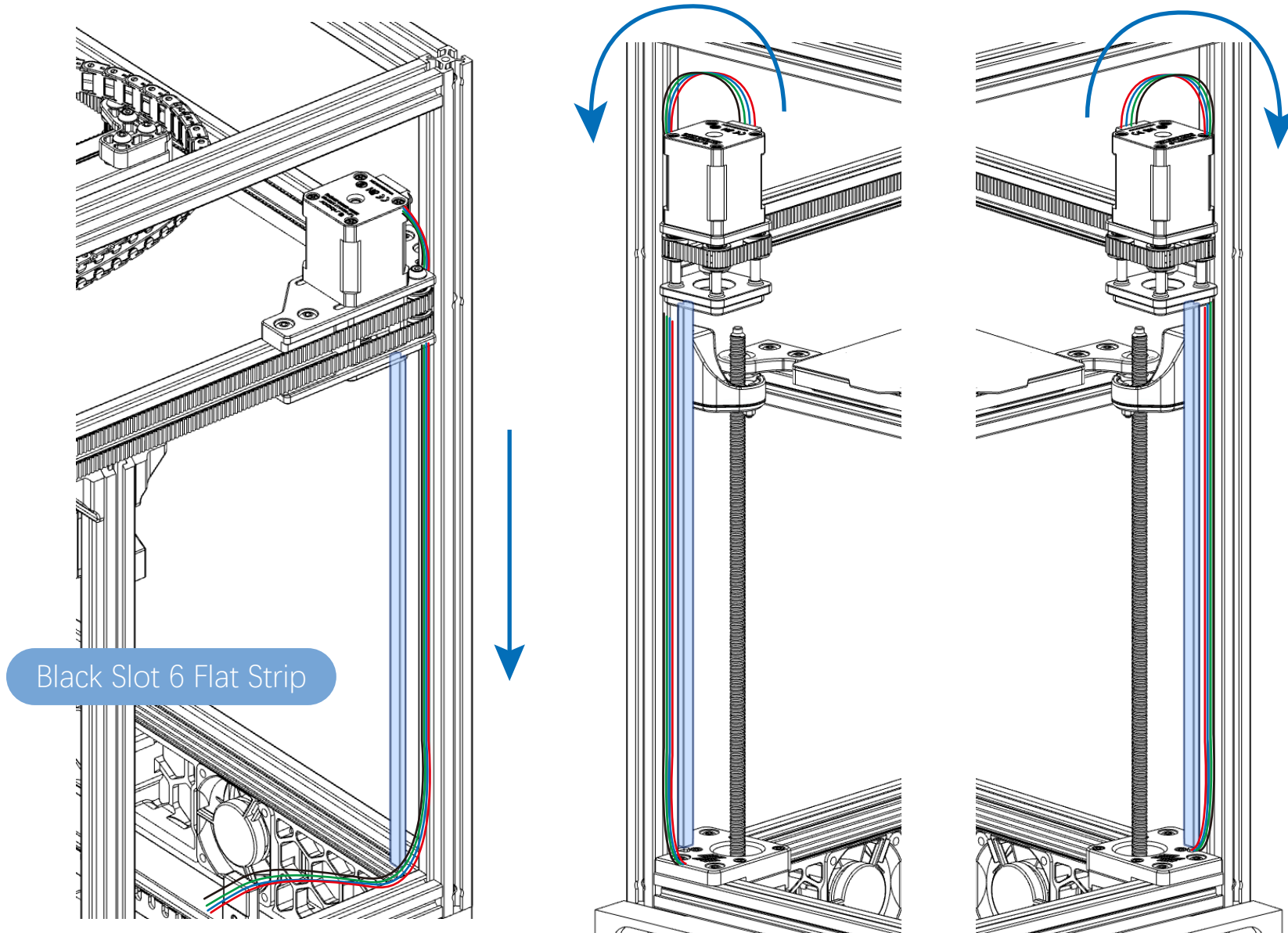


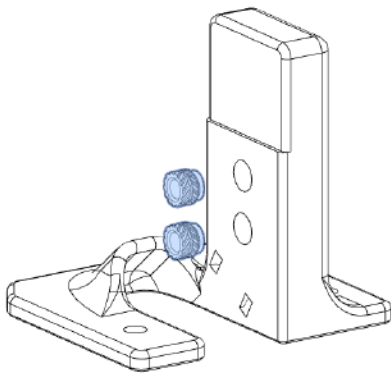
Black Slot 6mm Flat Strip



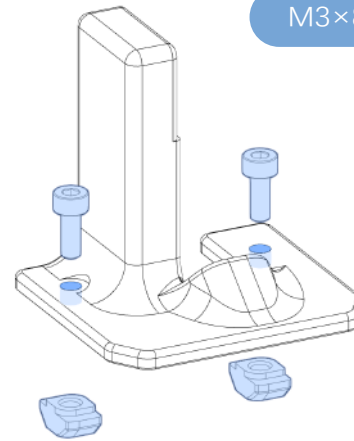






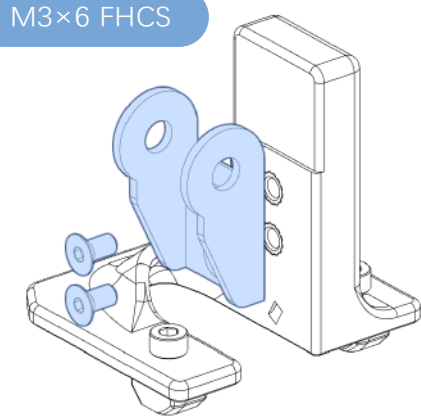


Heat Set Insert



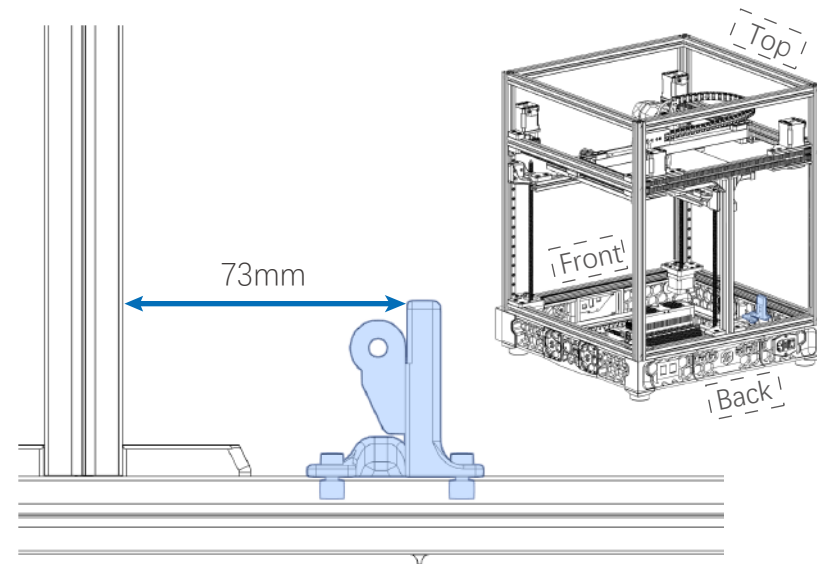
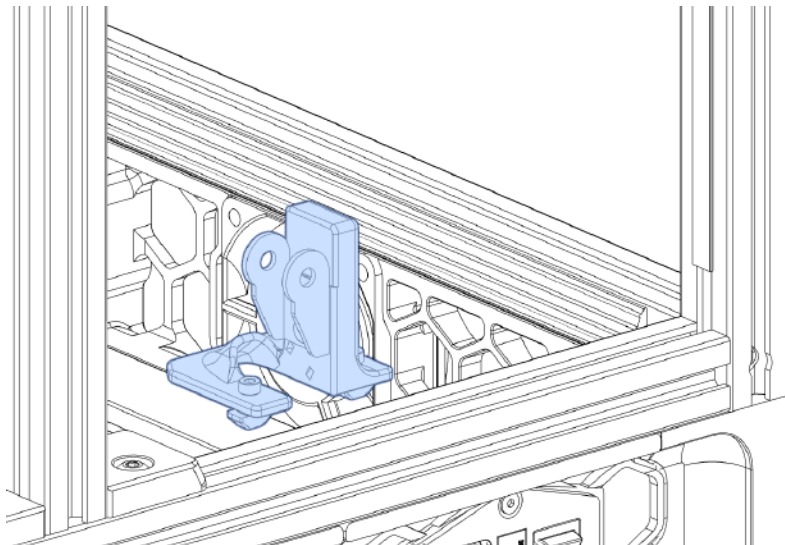
M3×8 SHCS

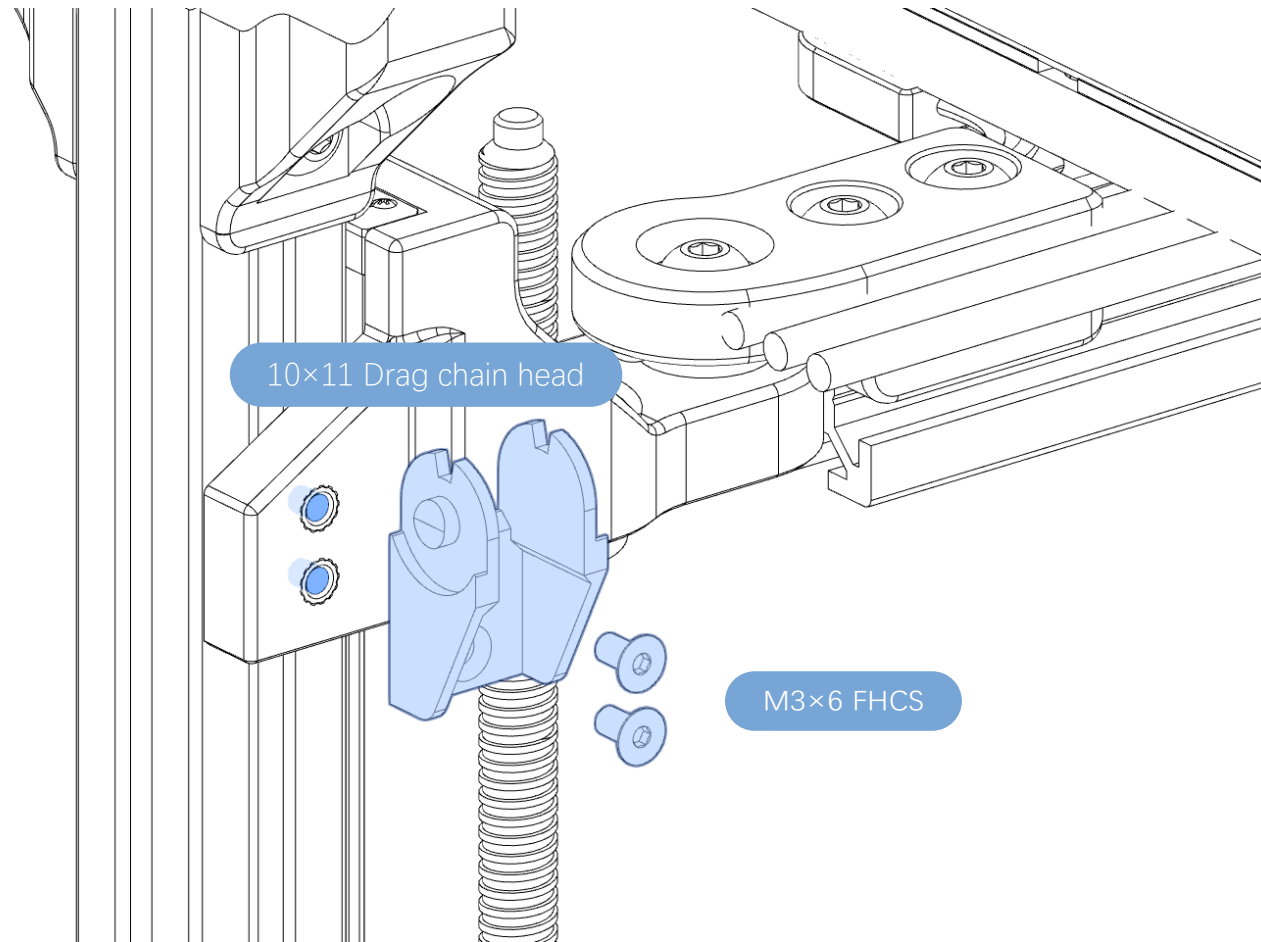
M3 Hammerhead Nut

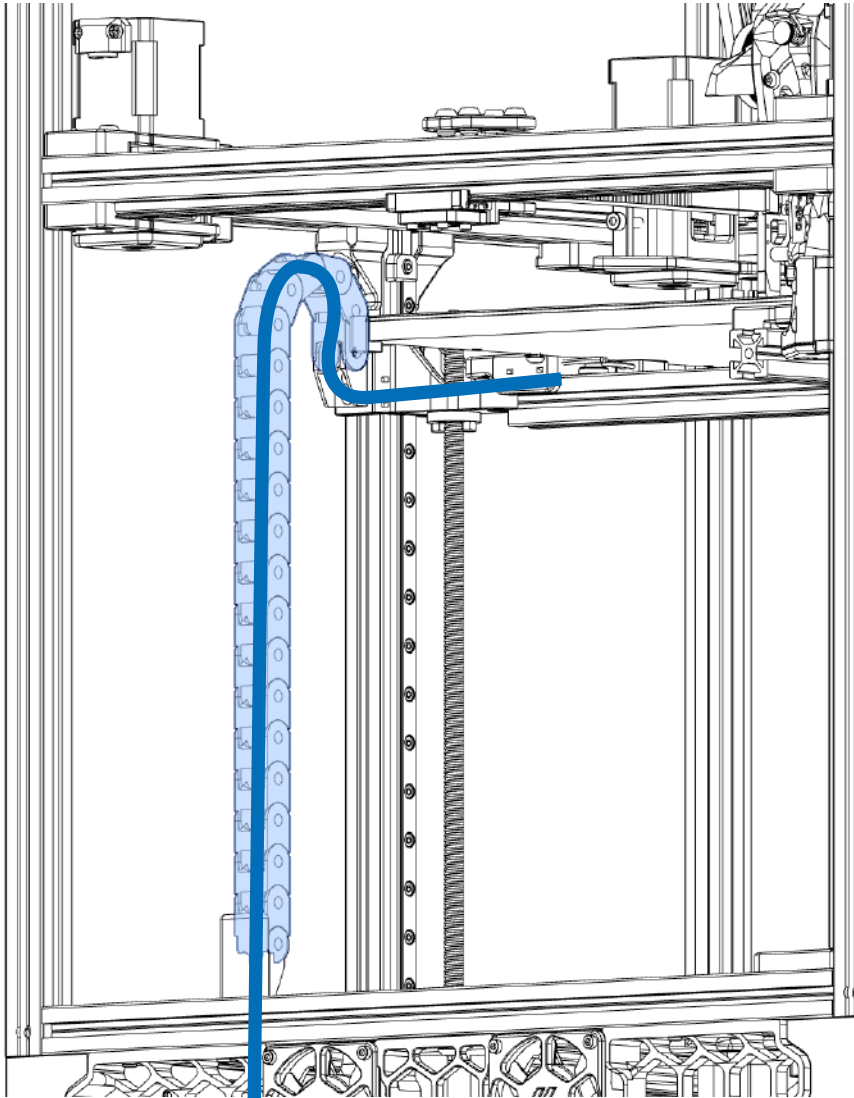


M3×6 FHCS

10×11 Drag chain head

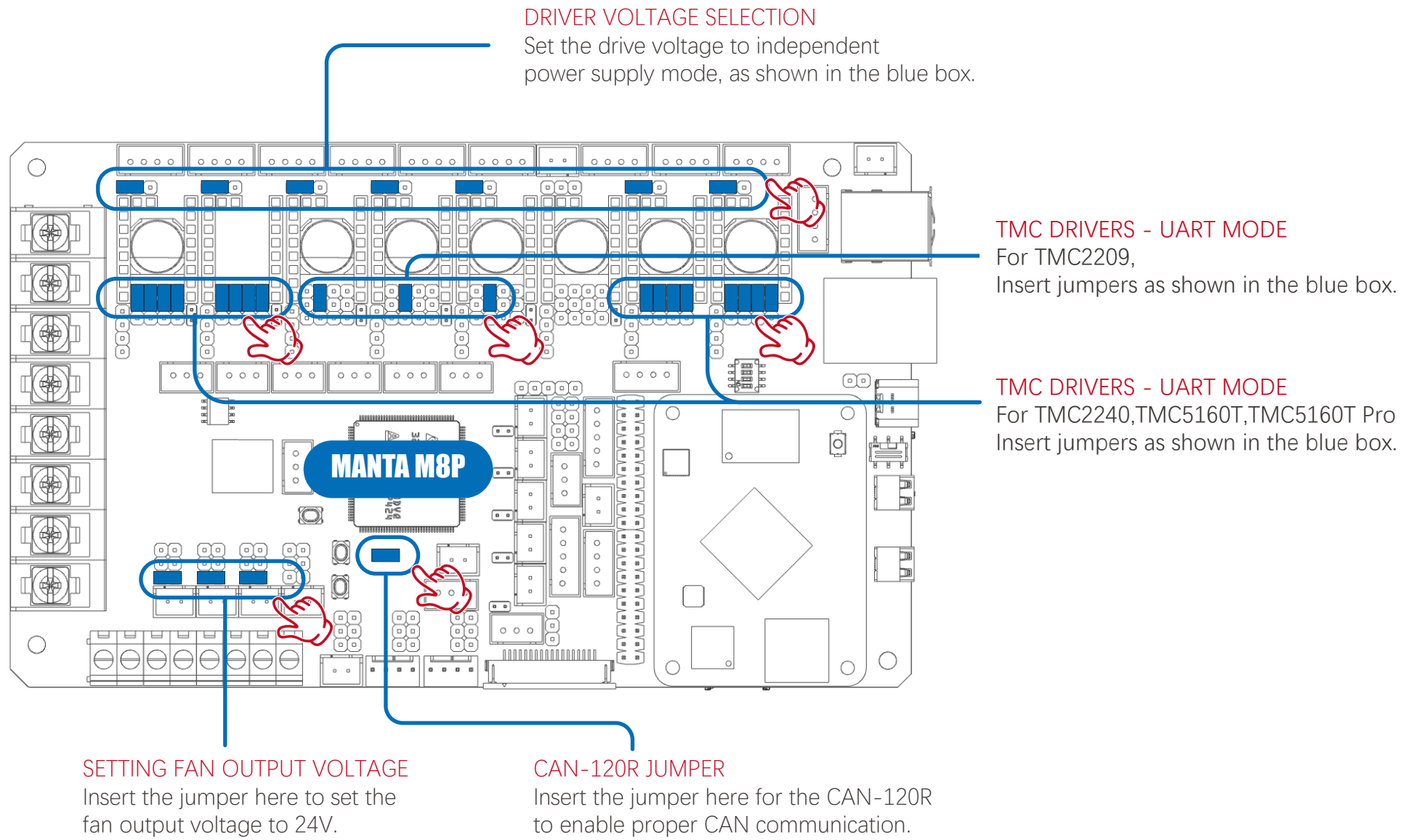


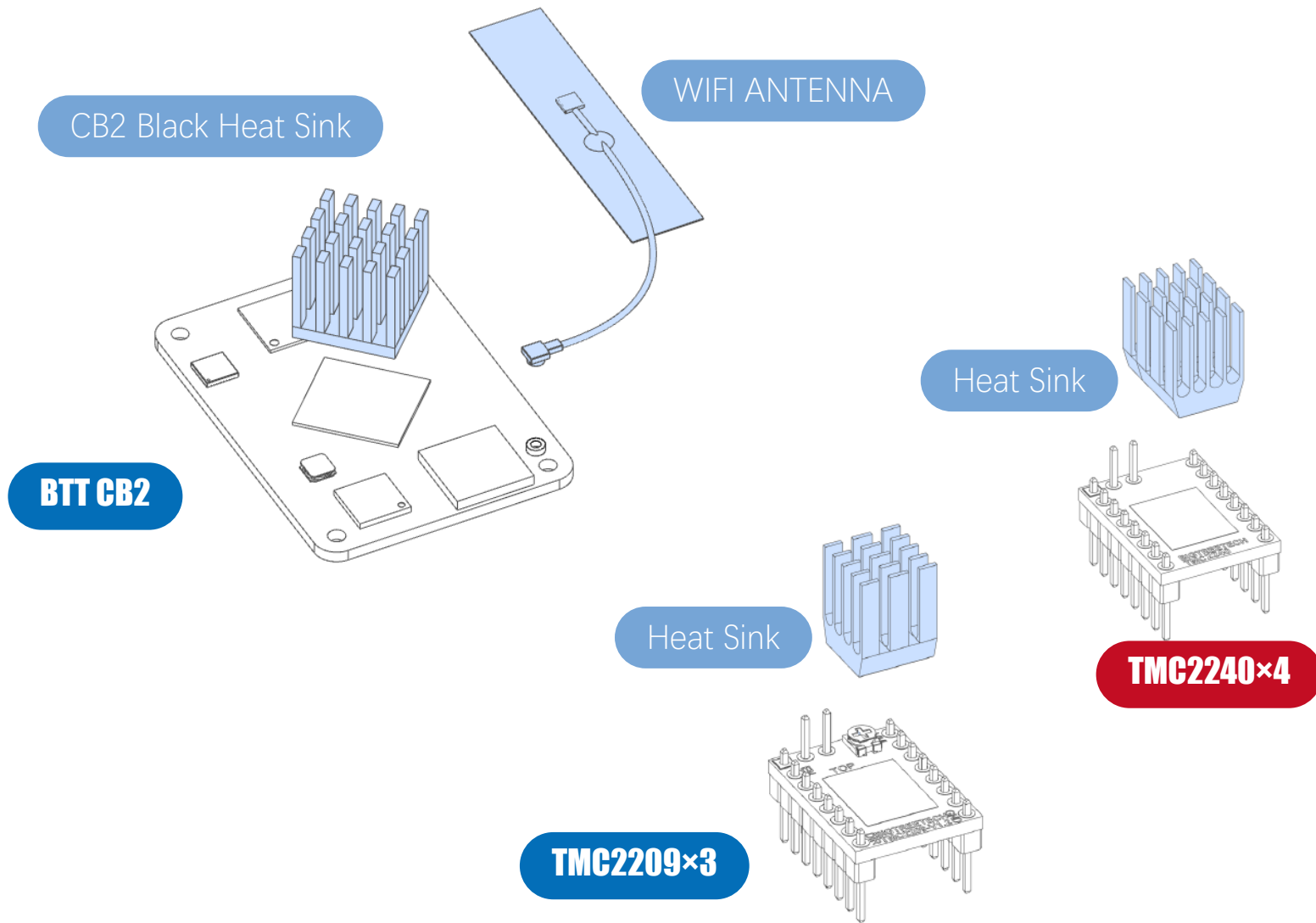


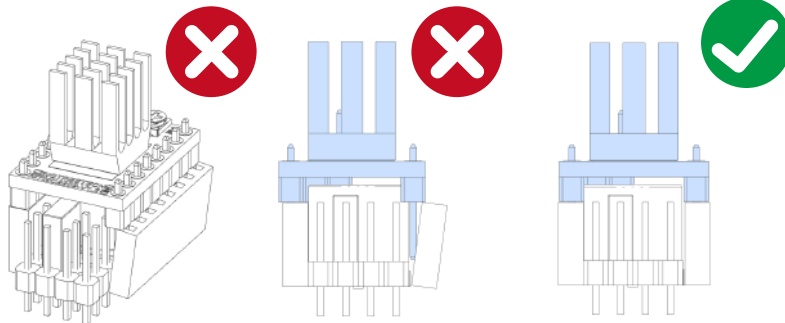
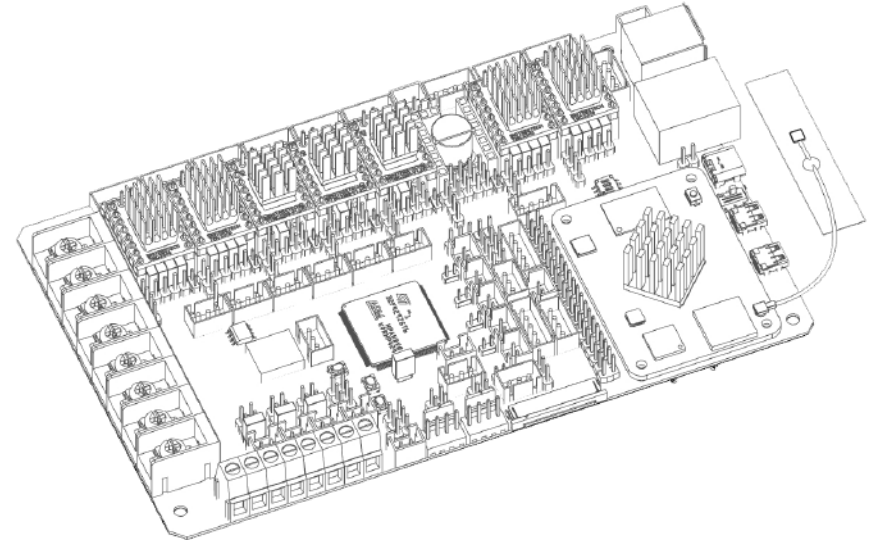
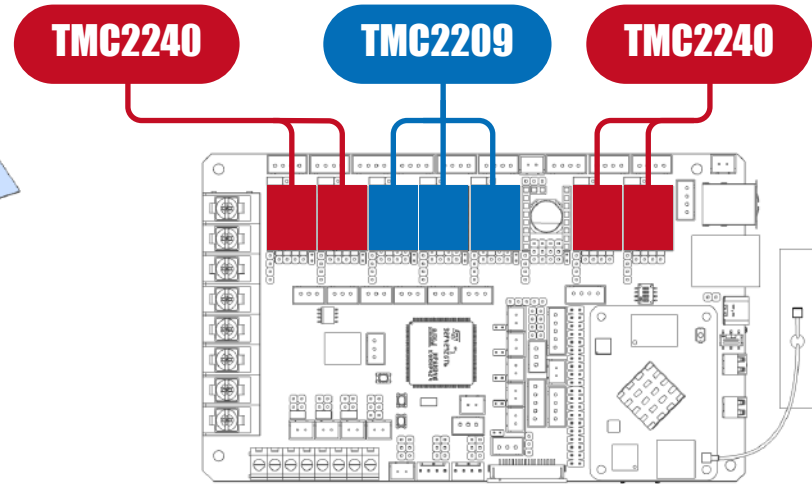
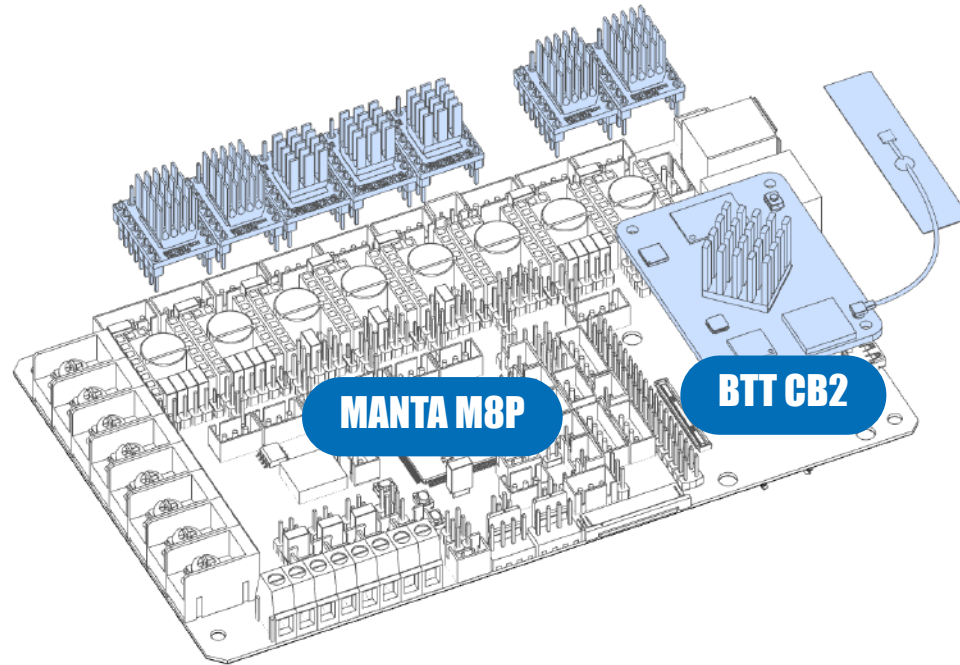


INSTALLING CABLES IN THE DRAG CHAIN

Please note that the drag chain can be opened. Use a small screwdriver or tweezers to open the drag chain, then install the cables. The hotbed cable path is shown in the diagram.

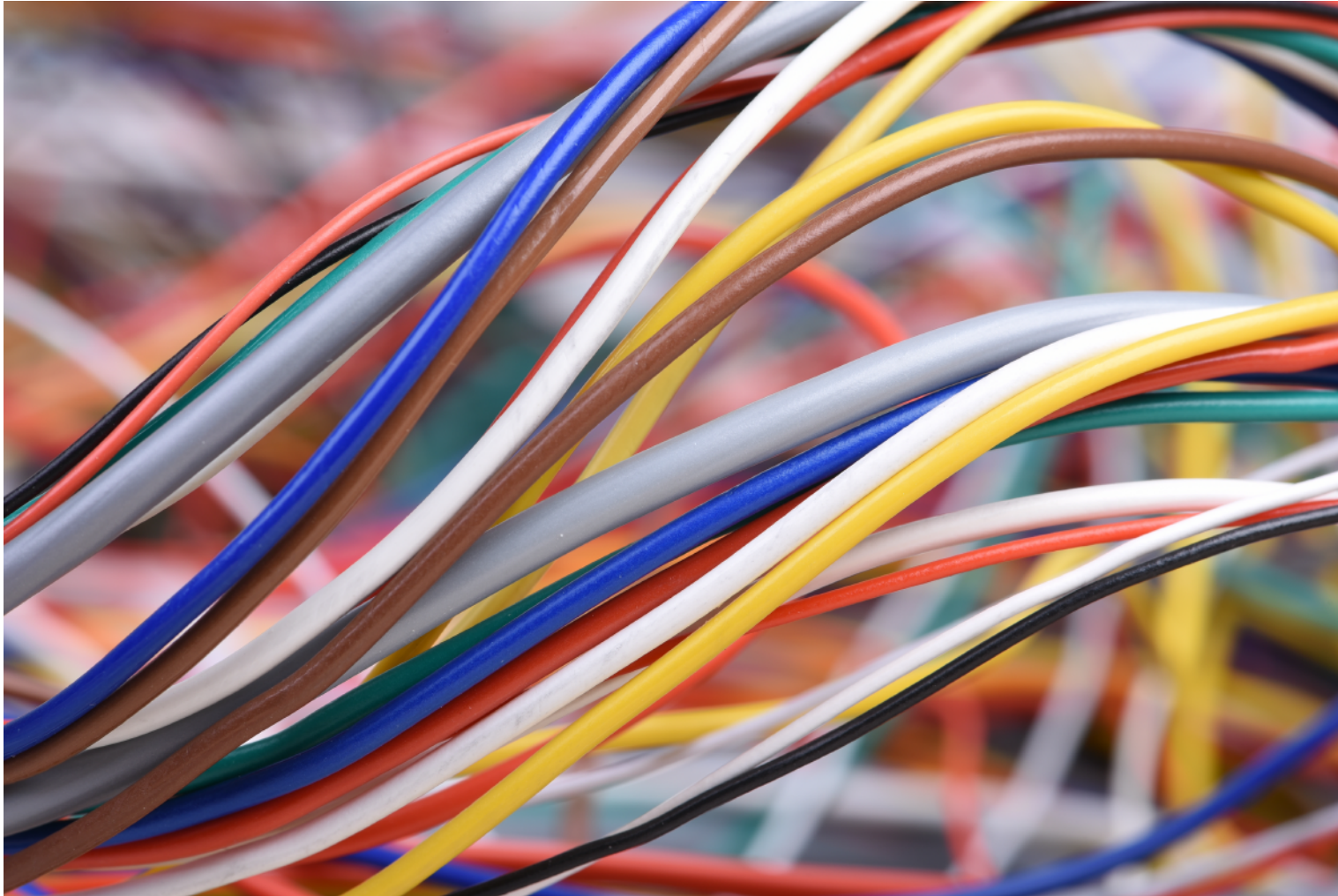


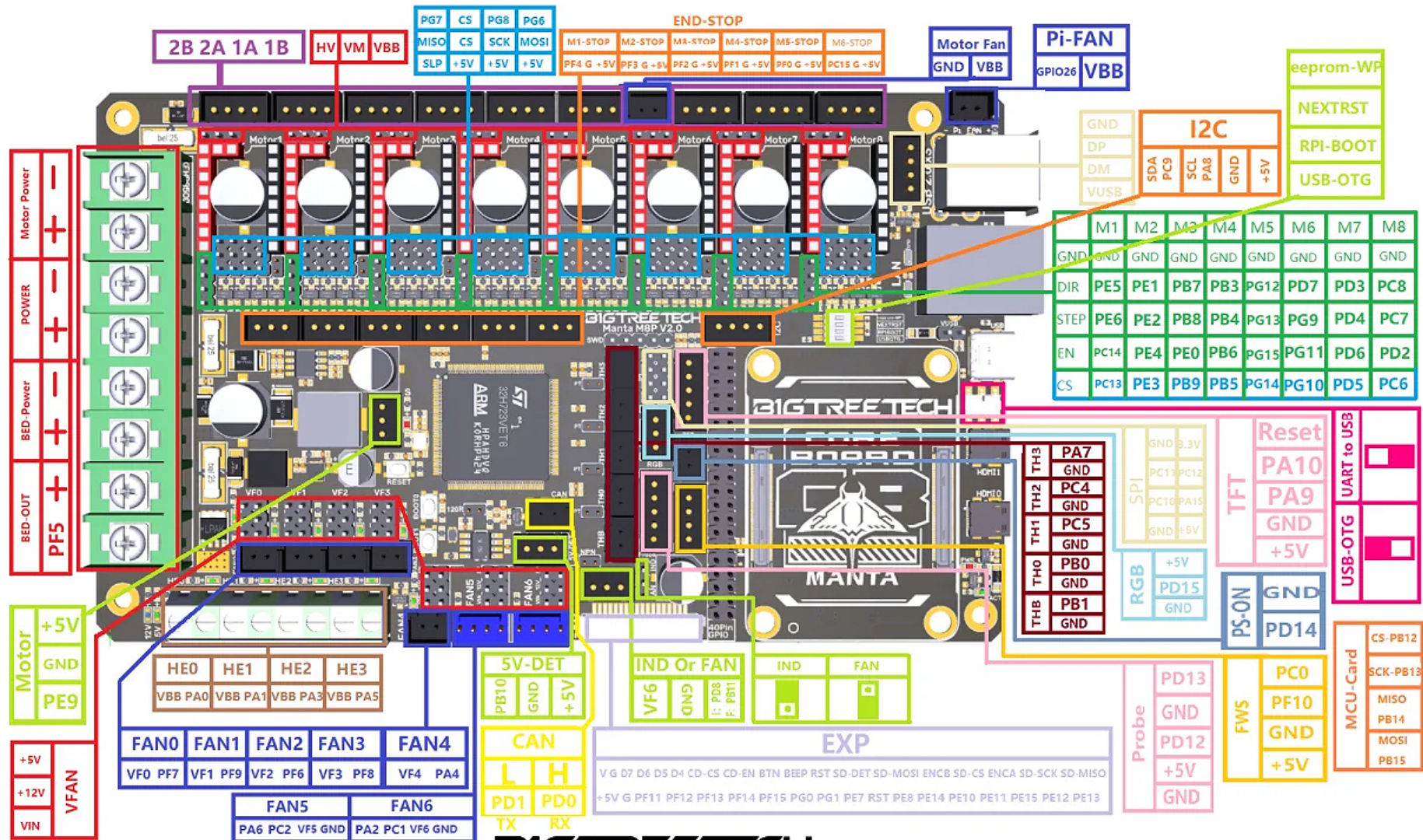




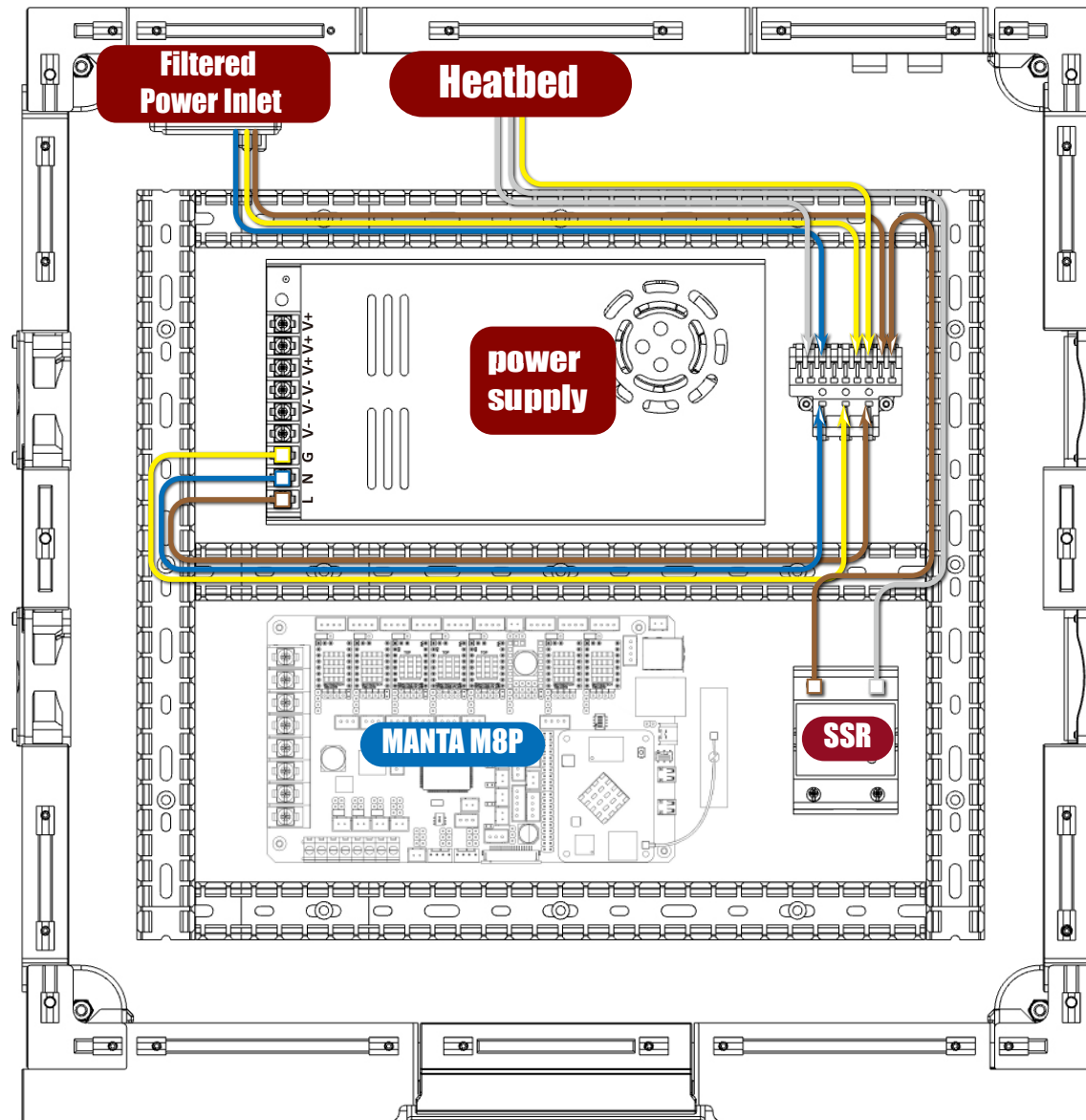
CHECKING DRIVER POSITION

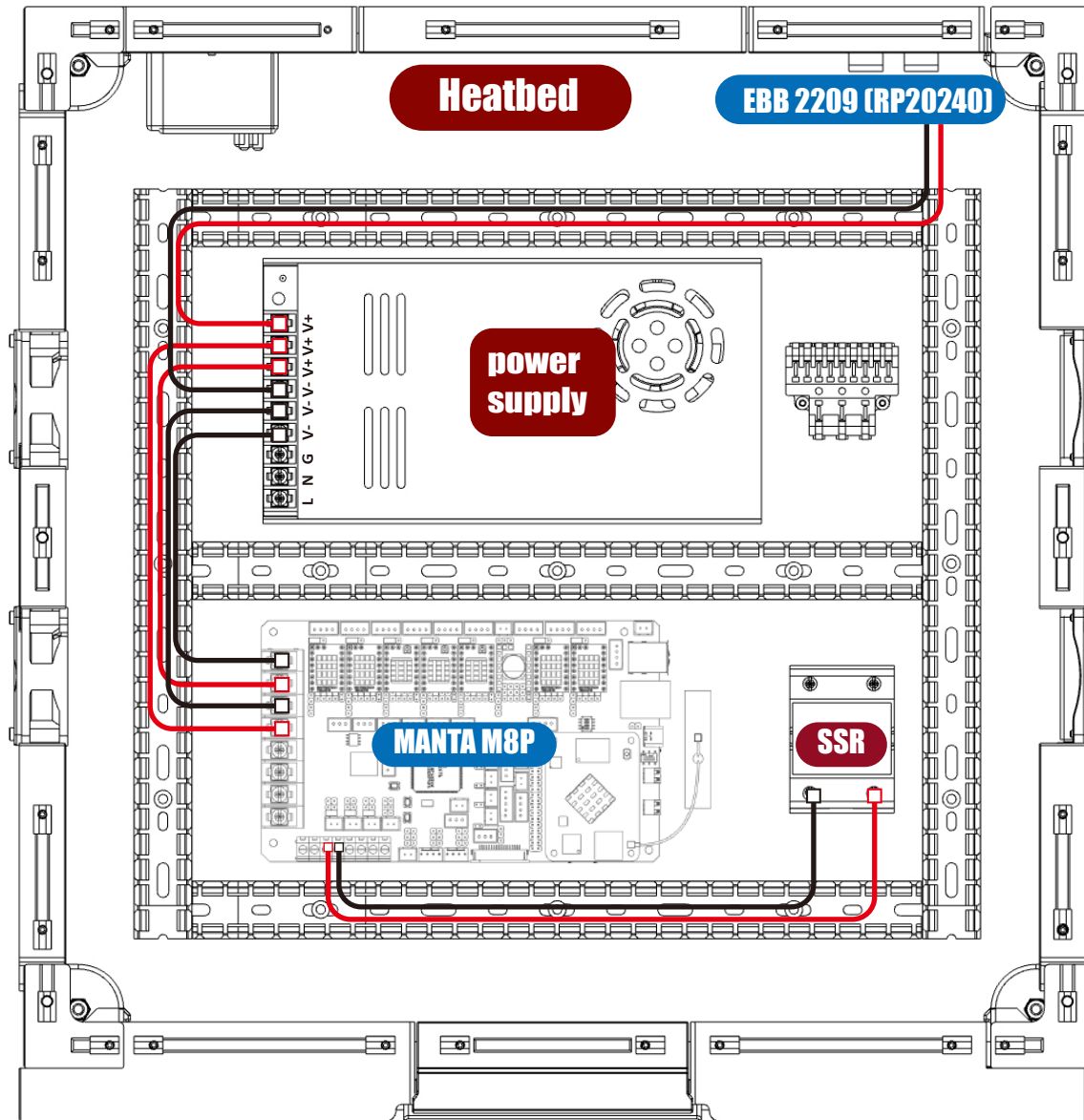
Check that the driver is inserted in the correct position to avoid short-circuiting the motherboard

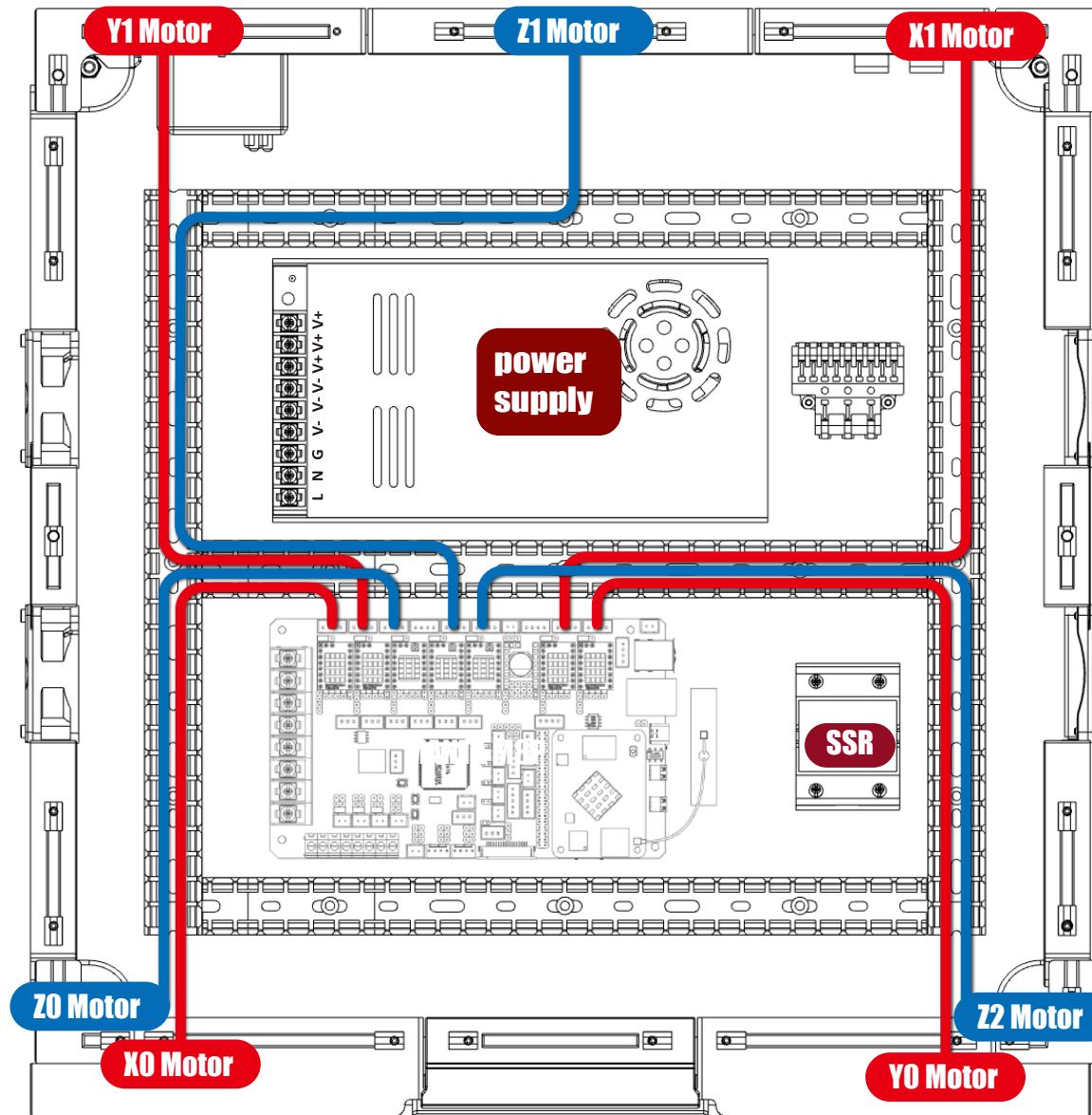


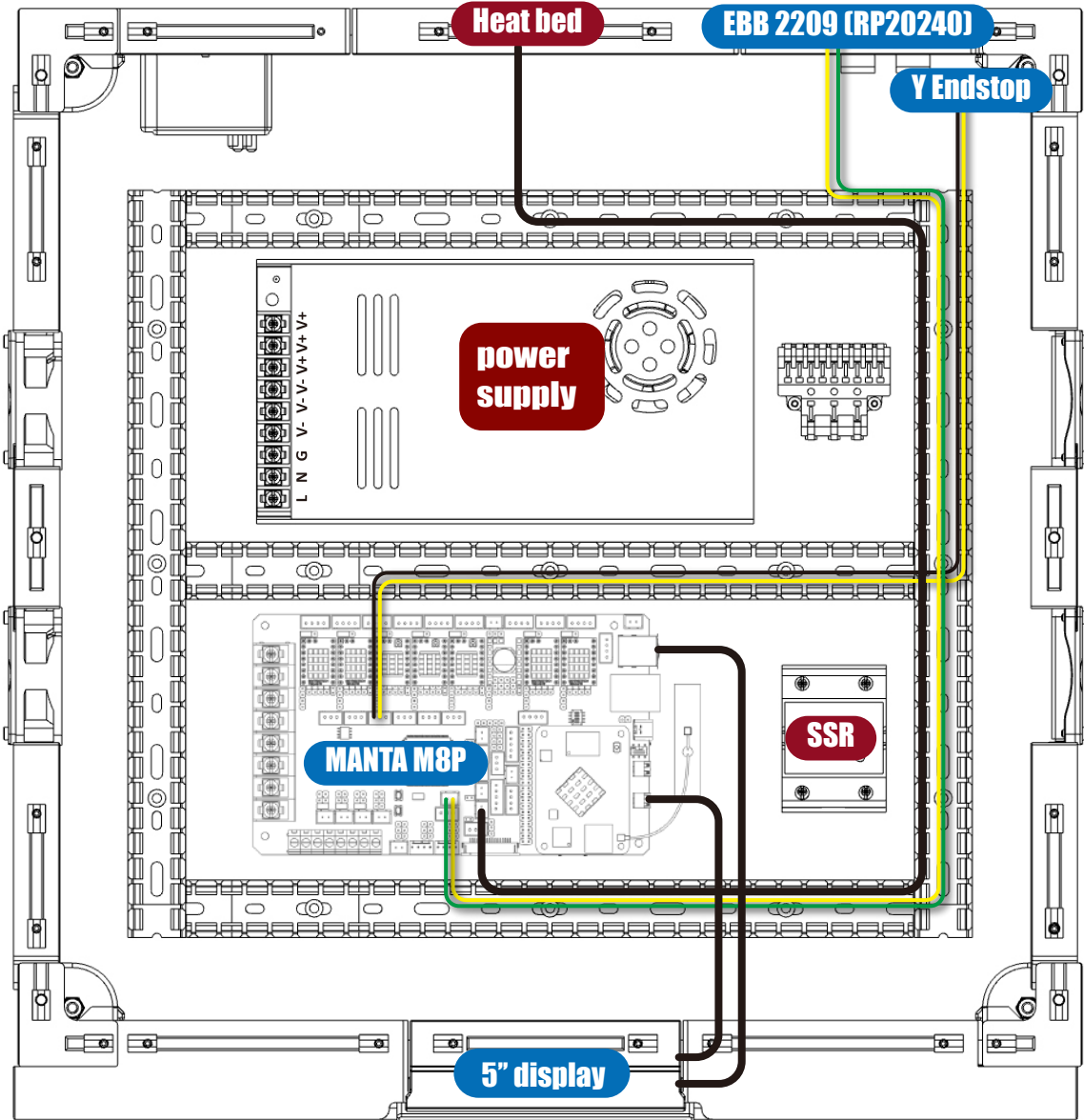


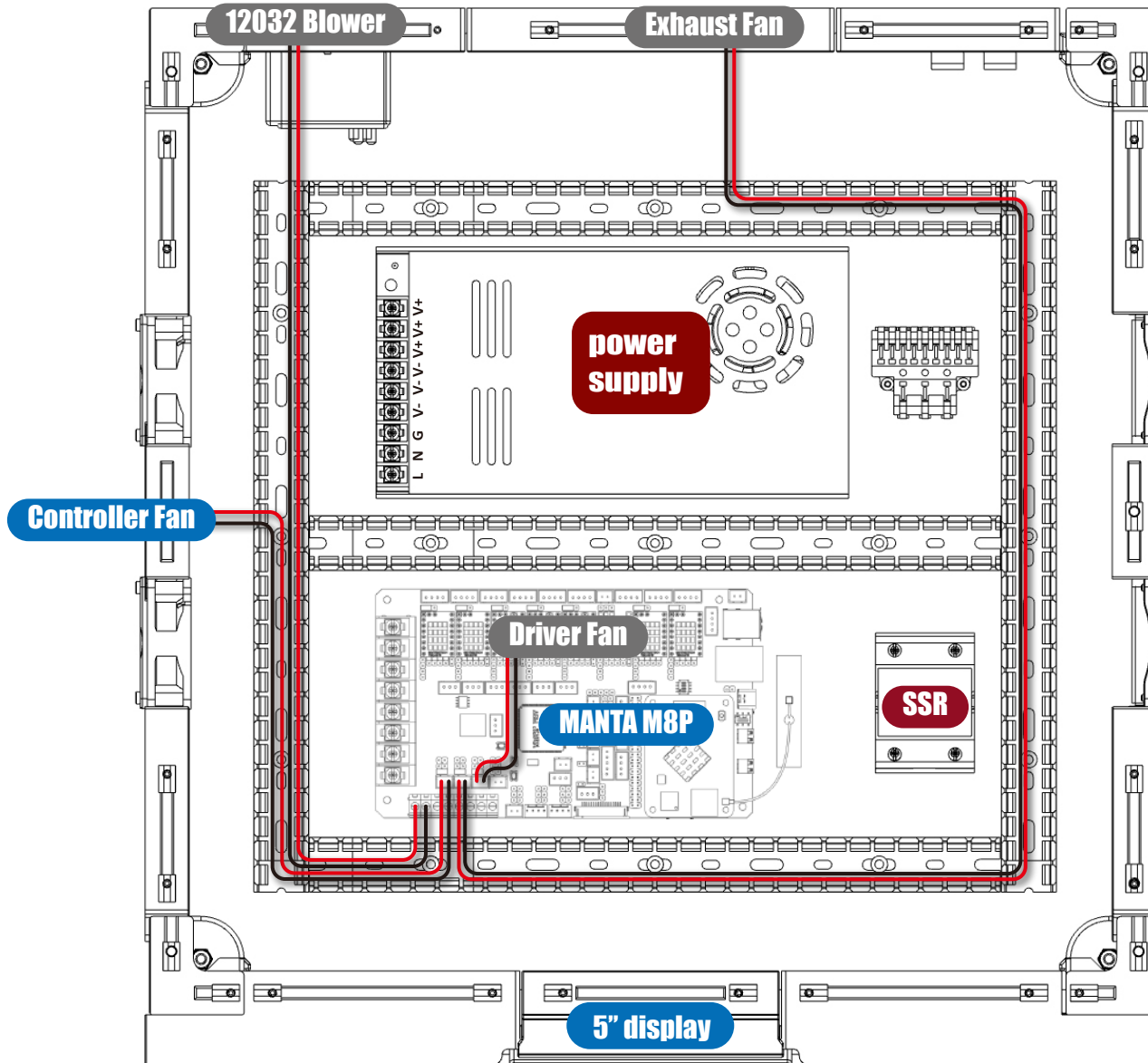
BIGTREETECH MANTA M8P V2.0 Pin-Out









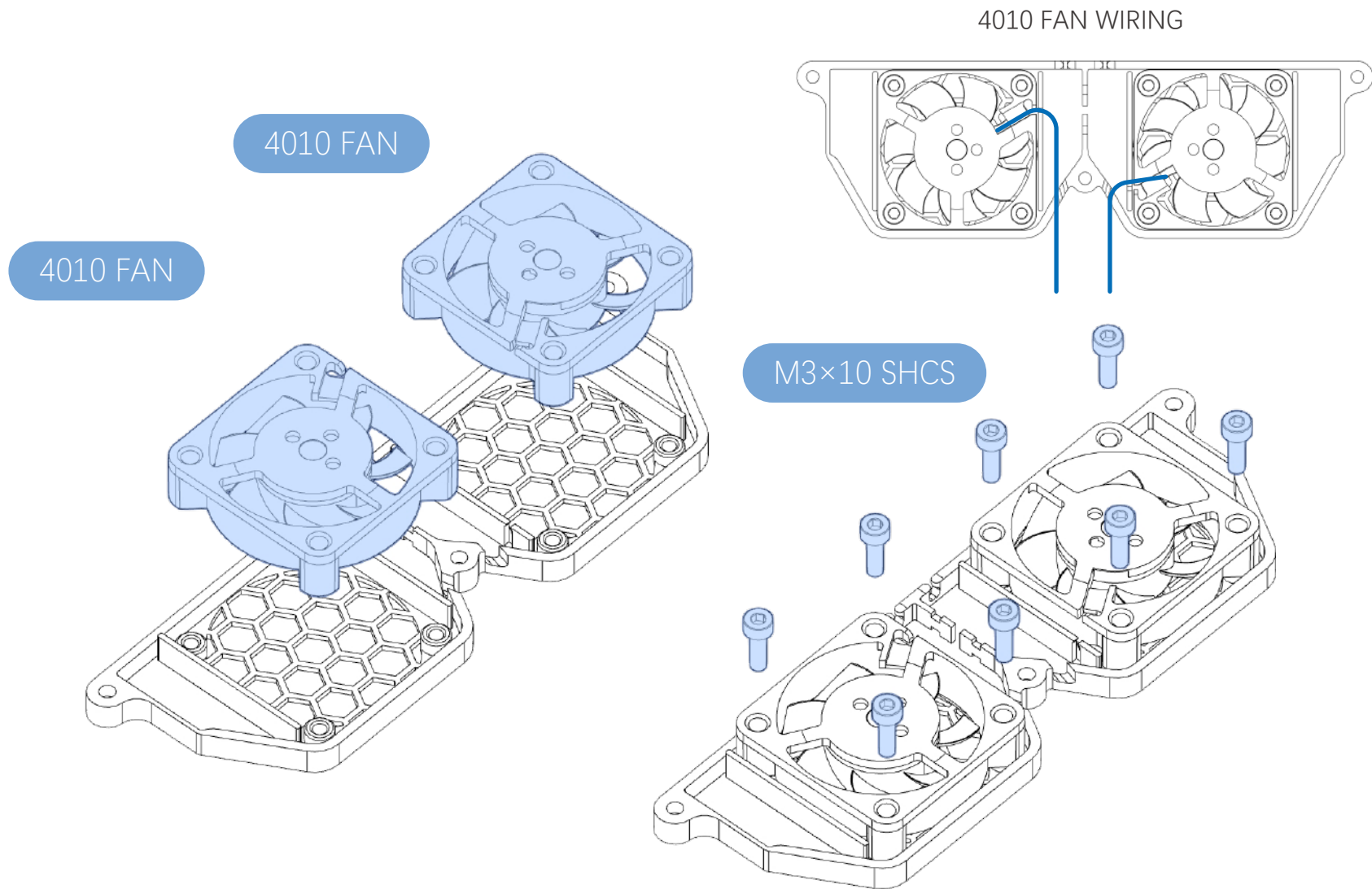


WHAT DO THE GRAY BOXES MEAN?

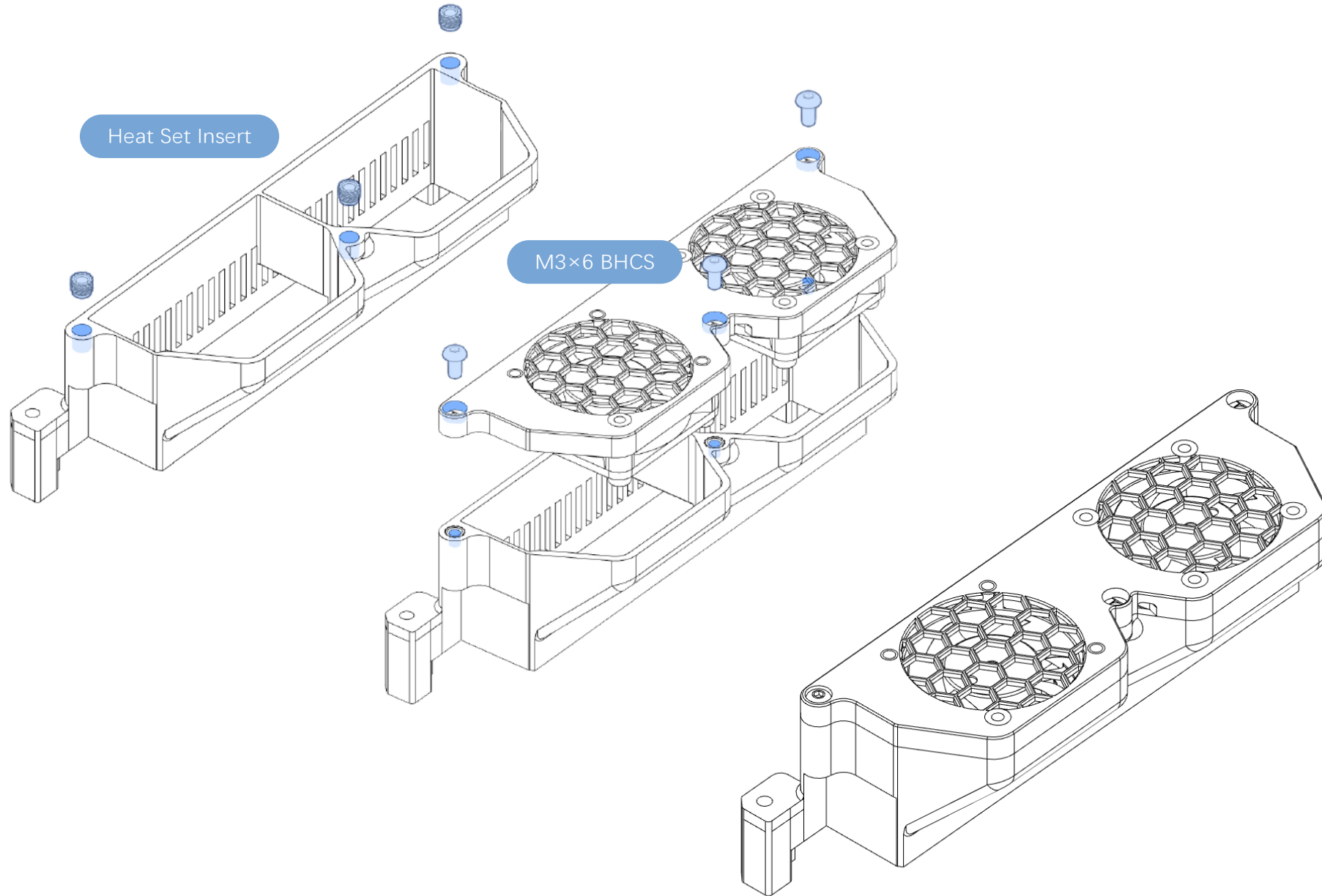
The gray boxes symbolizes parts that have not yet been assembled in the current progress, but are shown in advance for wiring demonstration purposes.

CLOSE THE CABLE MANAGEMENT DUCT?

It is not the best time to close the cable management duct now. I will remind you on page 221.

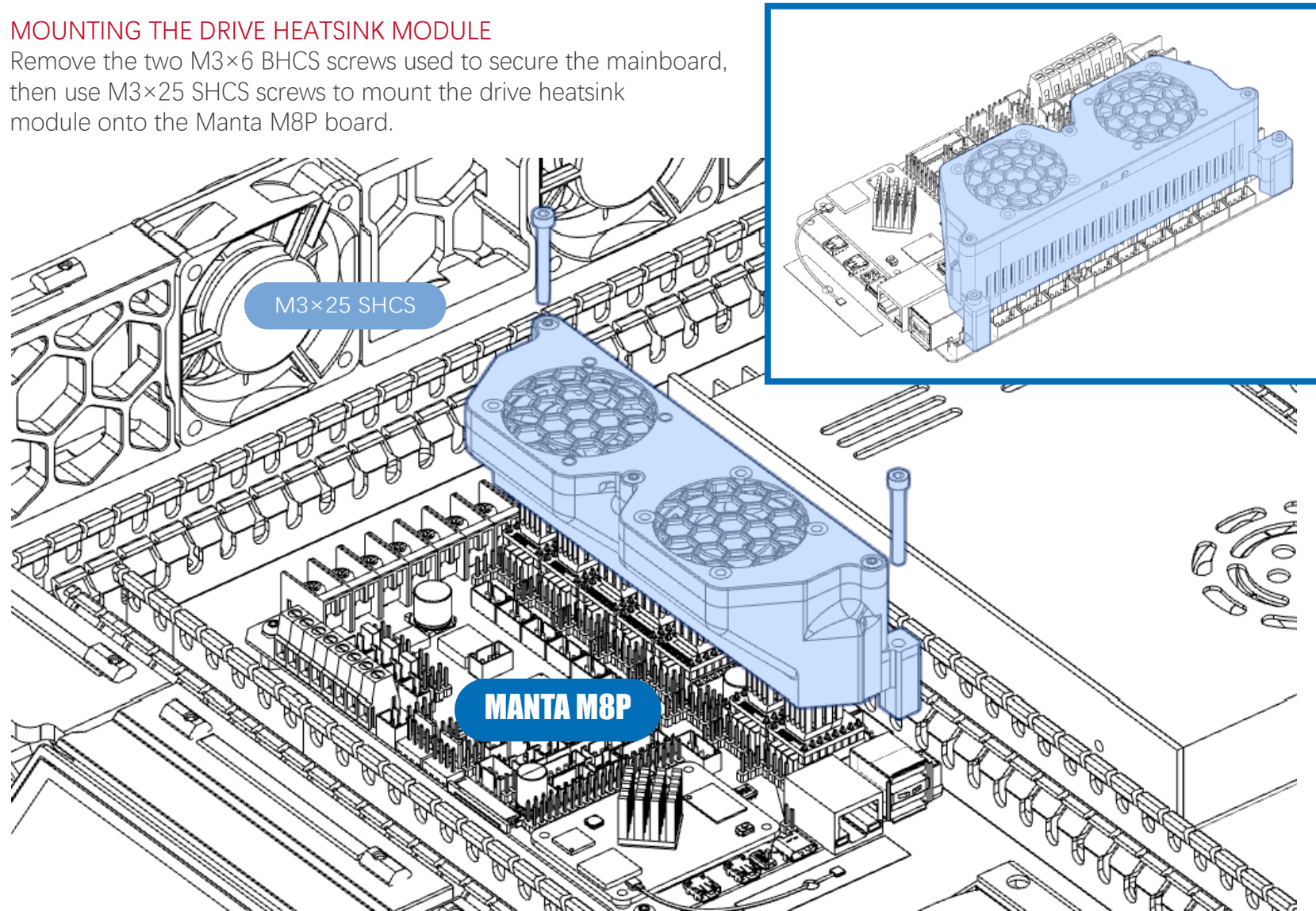


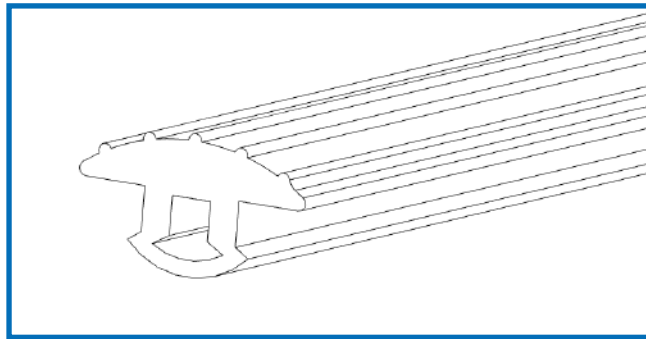
M8P THERMAL MODULE



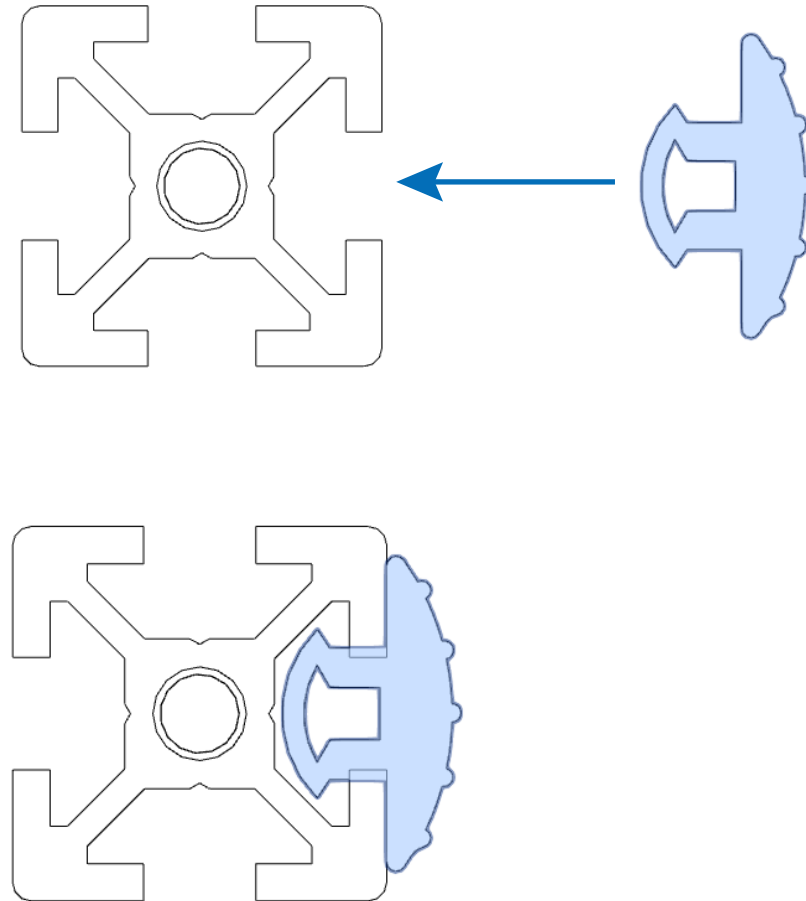
MOUNTING THE DRIVE HEATSINK MODULE

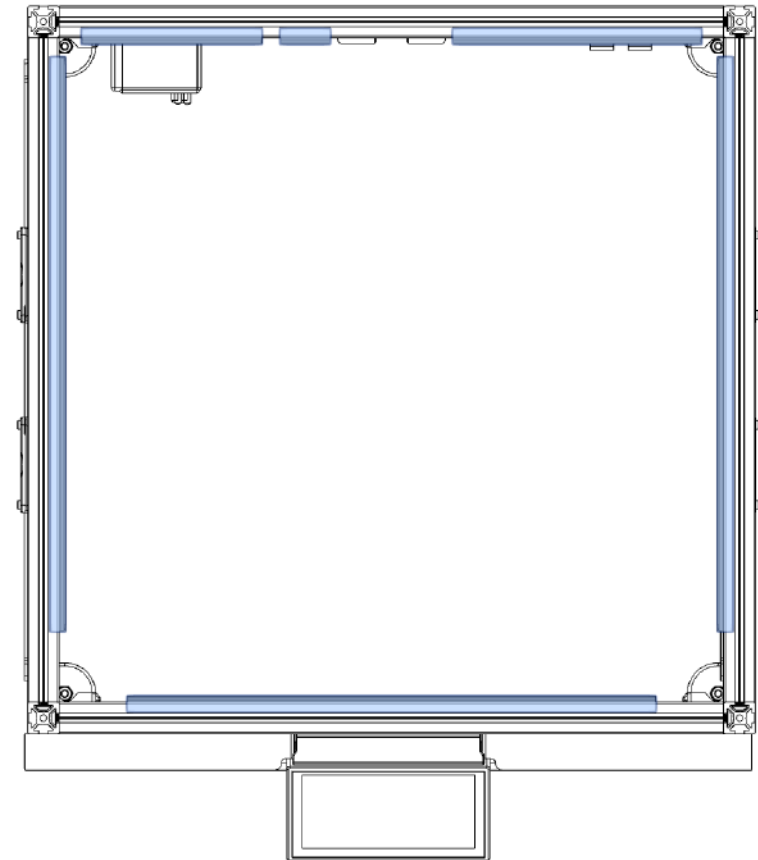
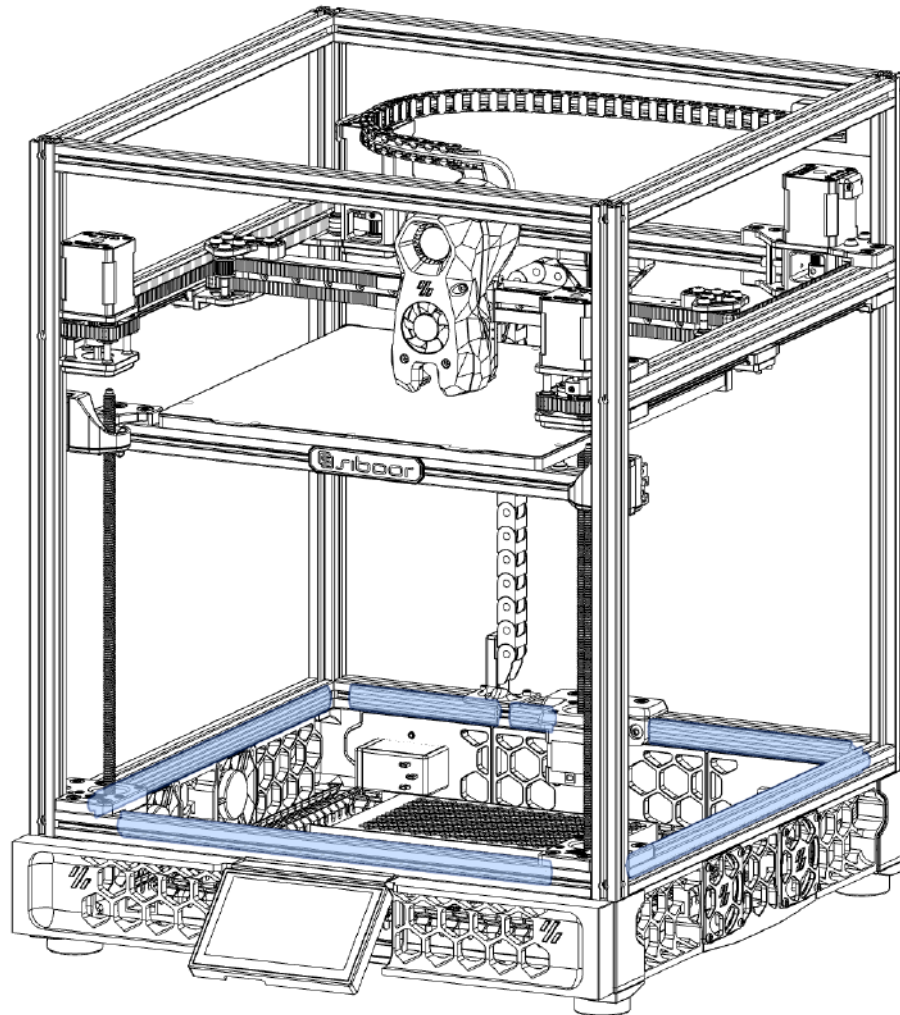
Remove the two M3×6 BHCS screws used to secure the mainboard, then use M3×25 SHCS screws to mount the drive heatsink module onto the Manta M8P board.





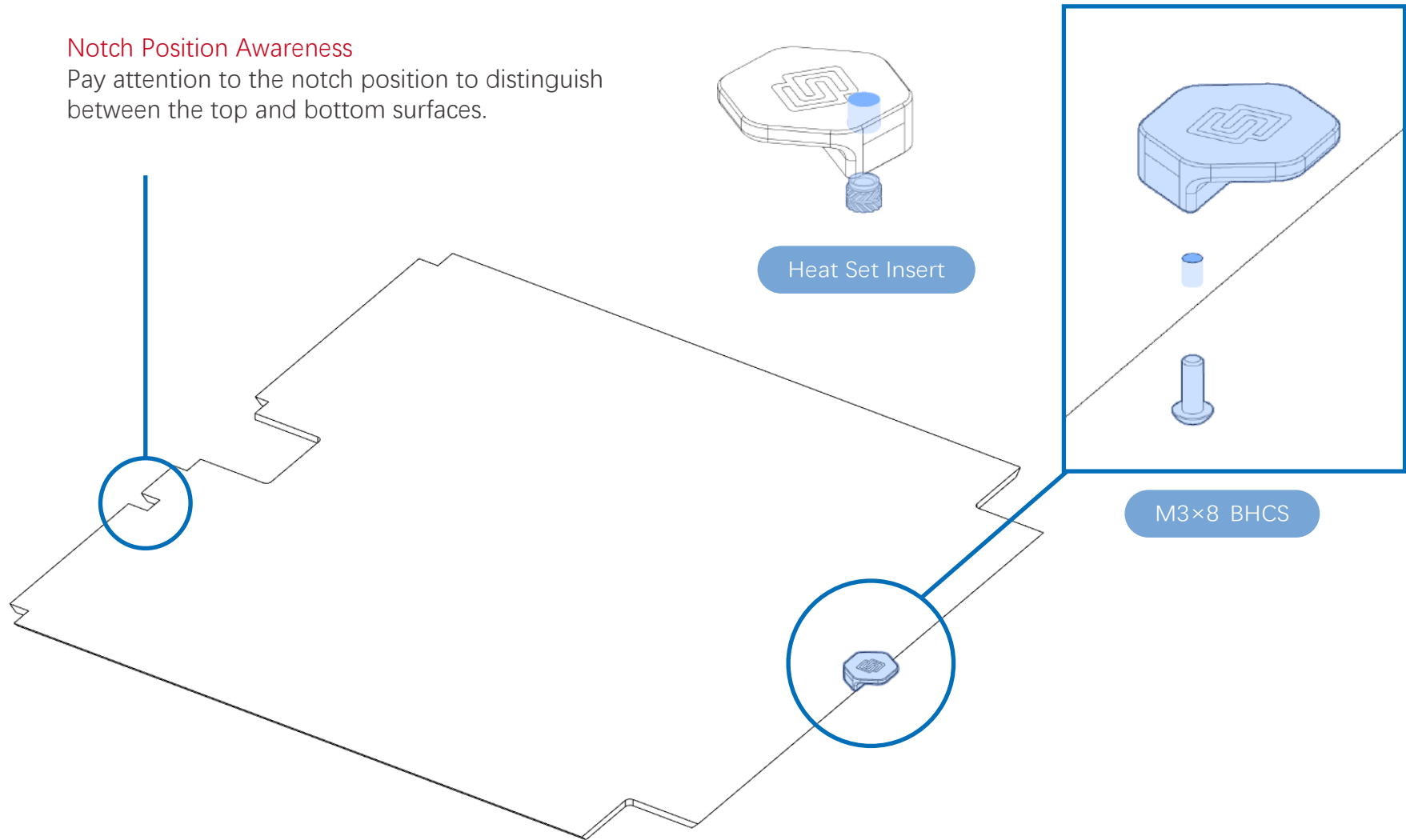
Flat Anti-Slip Strip





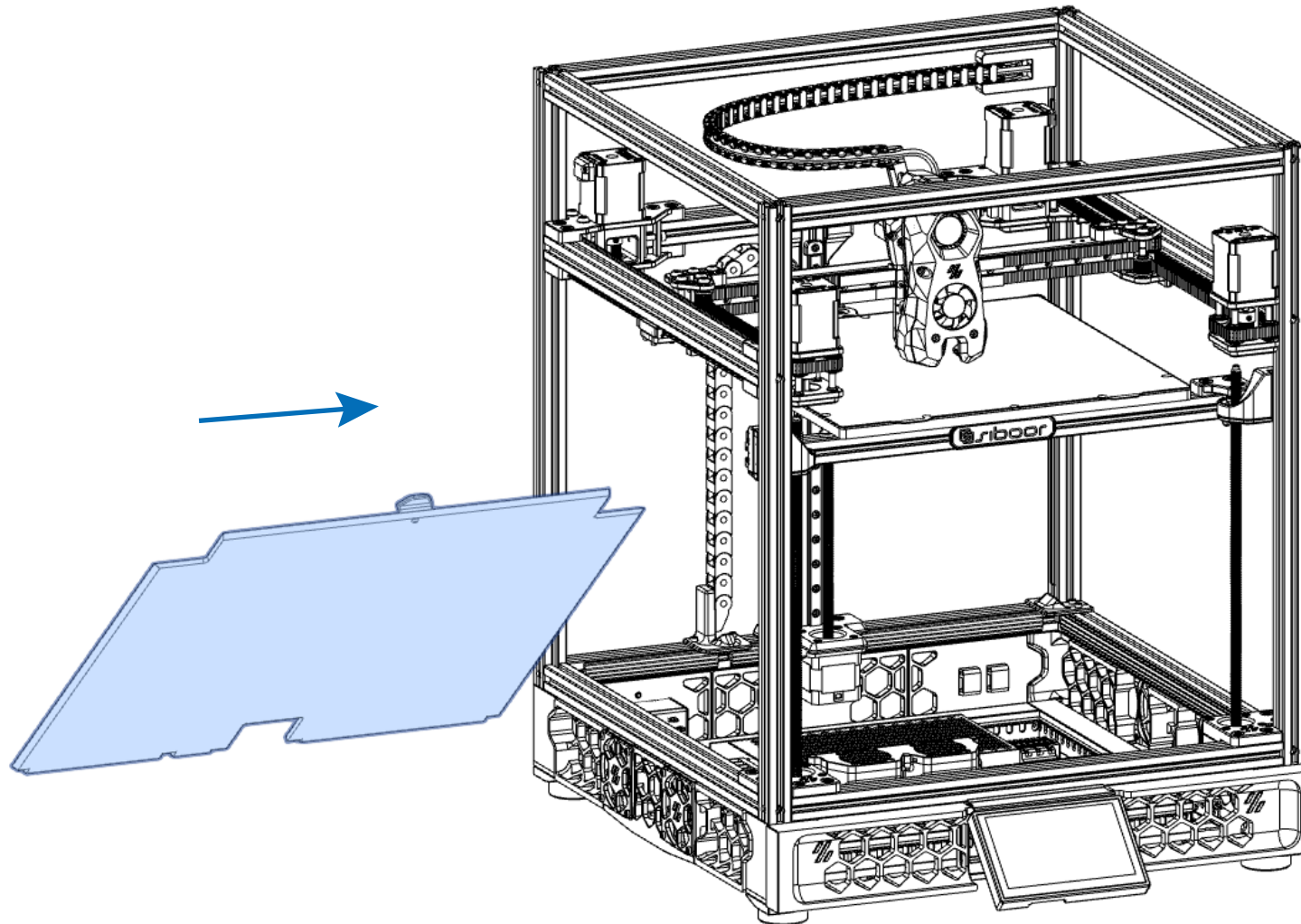
Notch Position Awareness

Pay attention to the notch position to distinguish between the top and bottom surfaces.

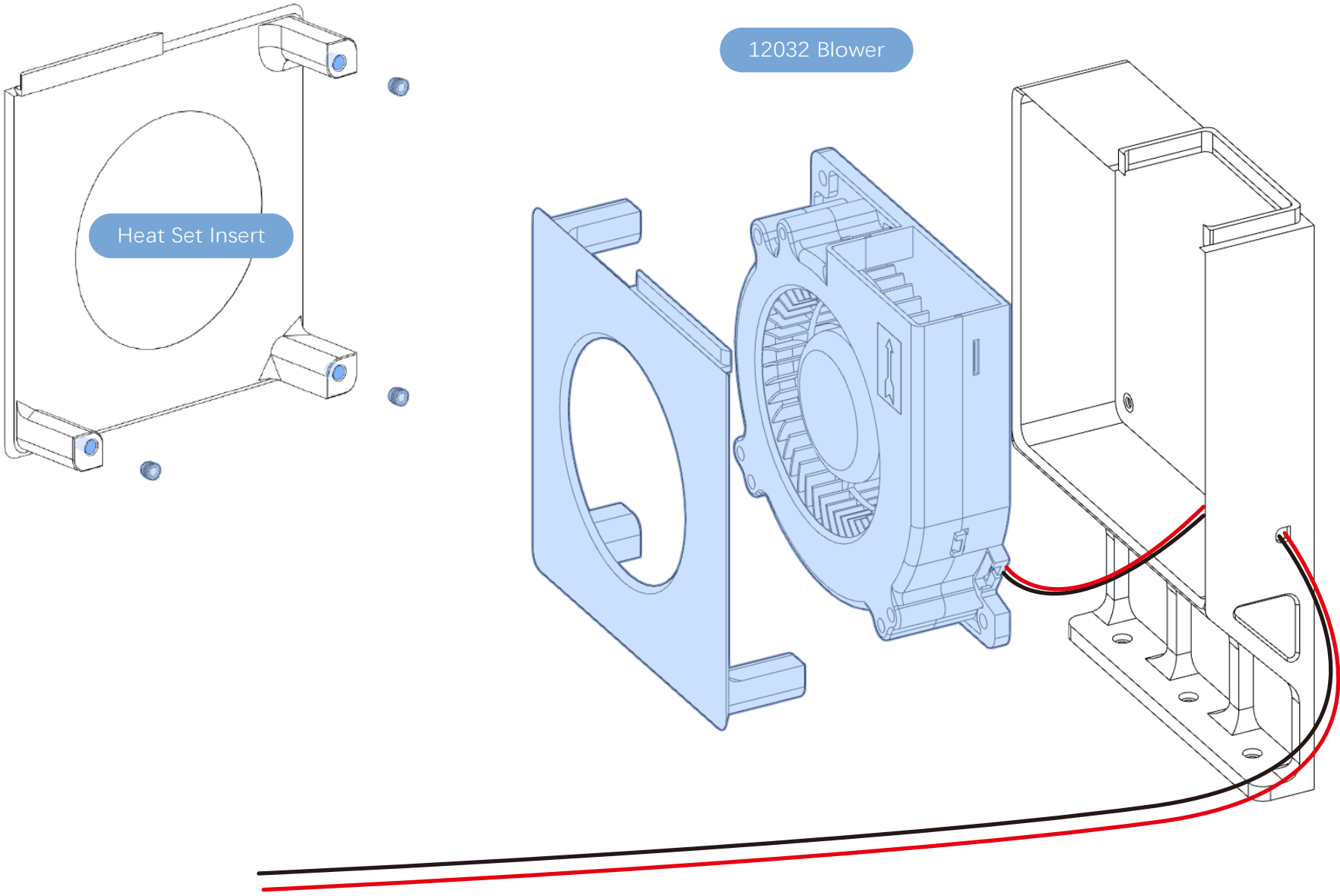


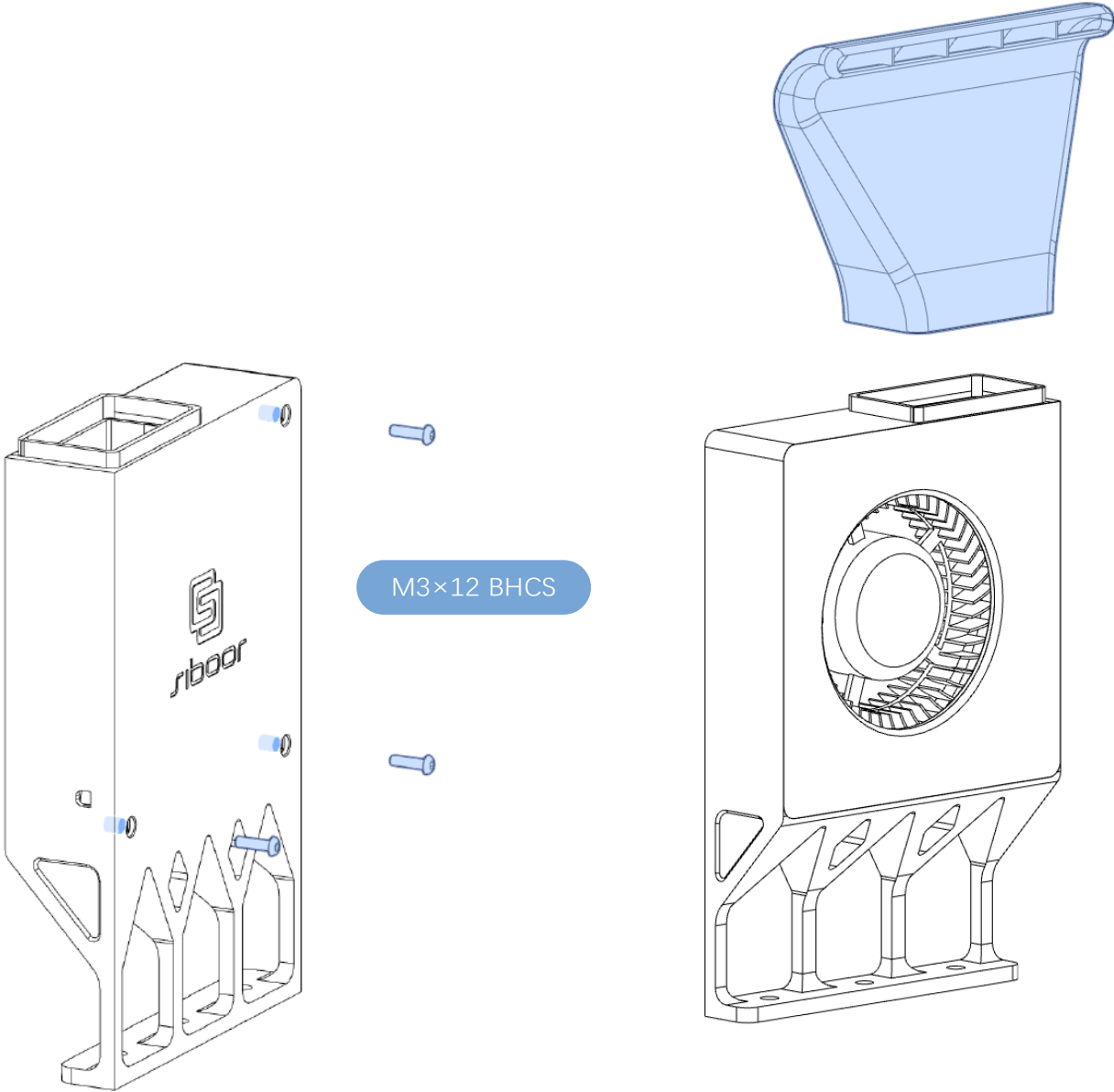


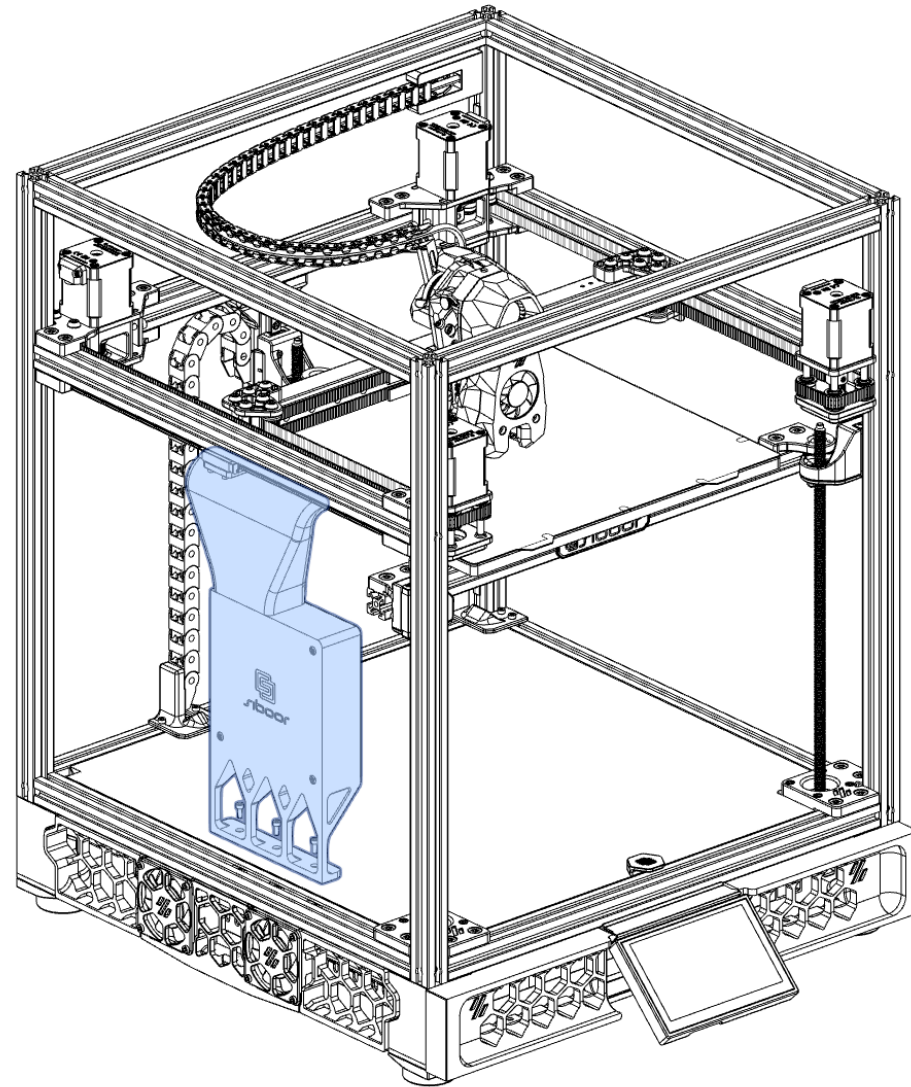
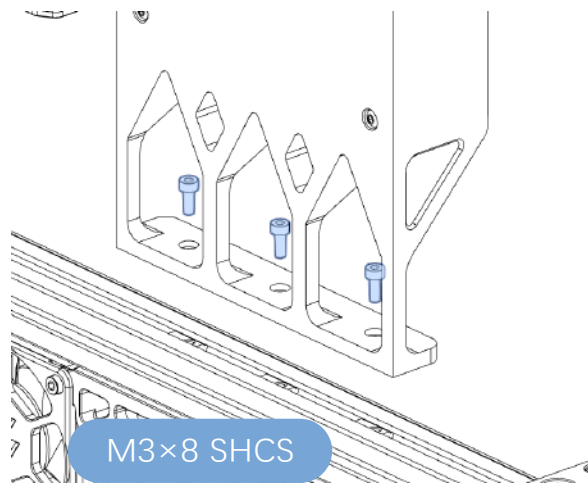
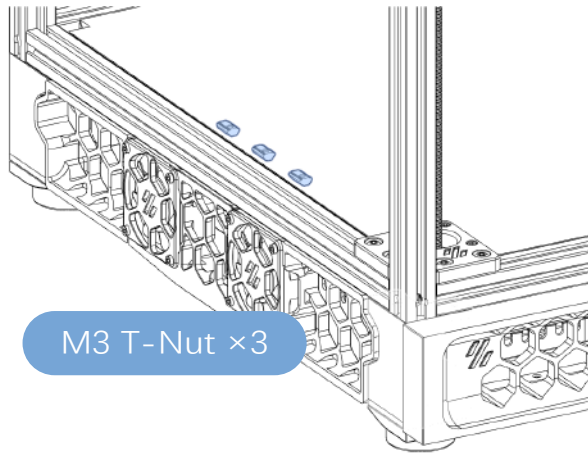
It's pretty cool, right? We can open the electrical compartment without flipping the printer, and the rubber Flat Anti-Slip Strip also provides a good sealing effect.

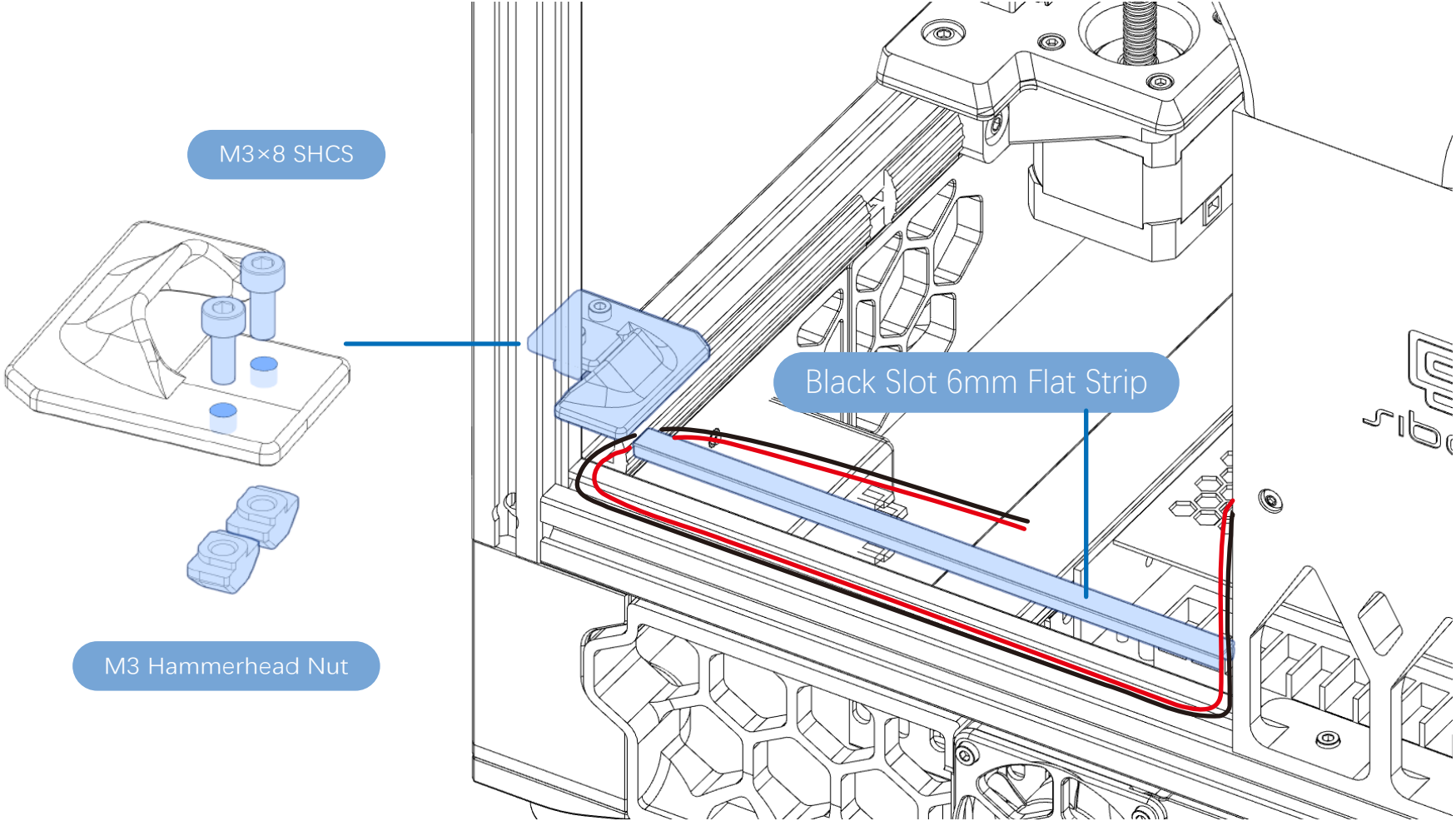




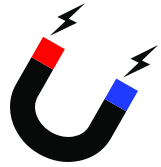






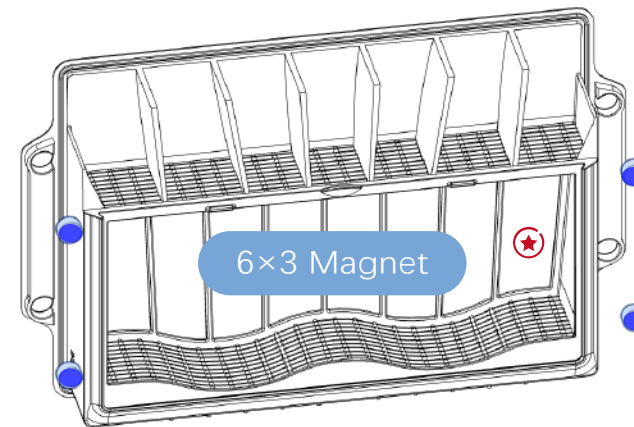
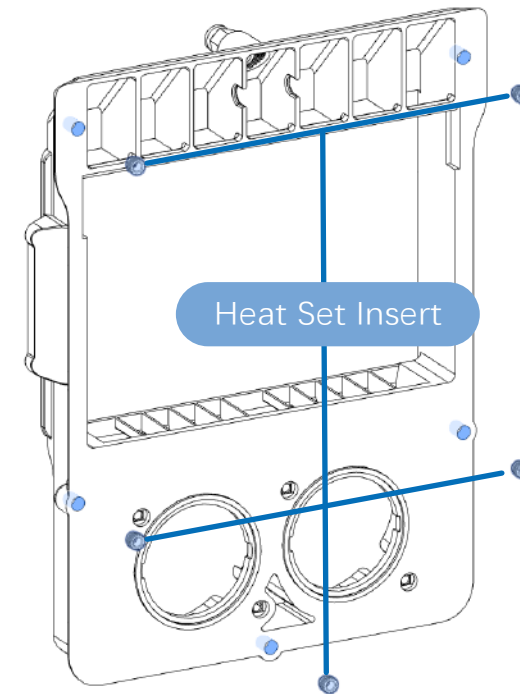
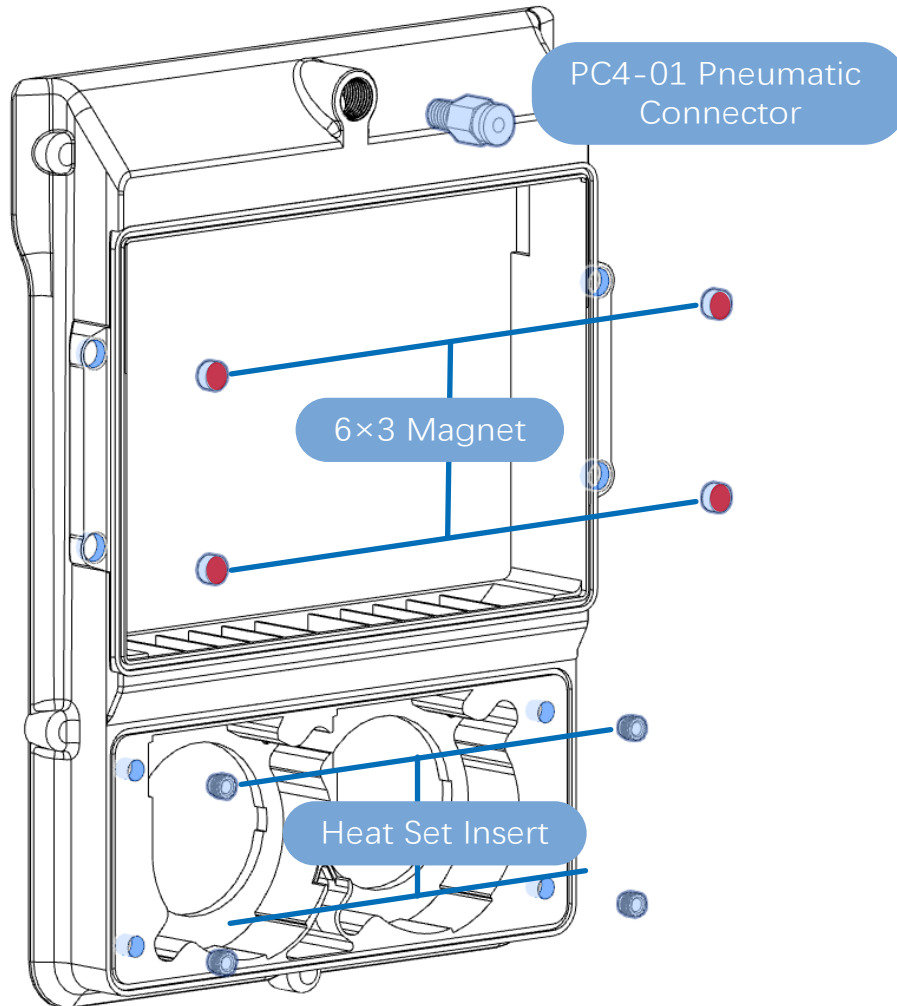


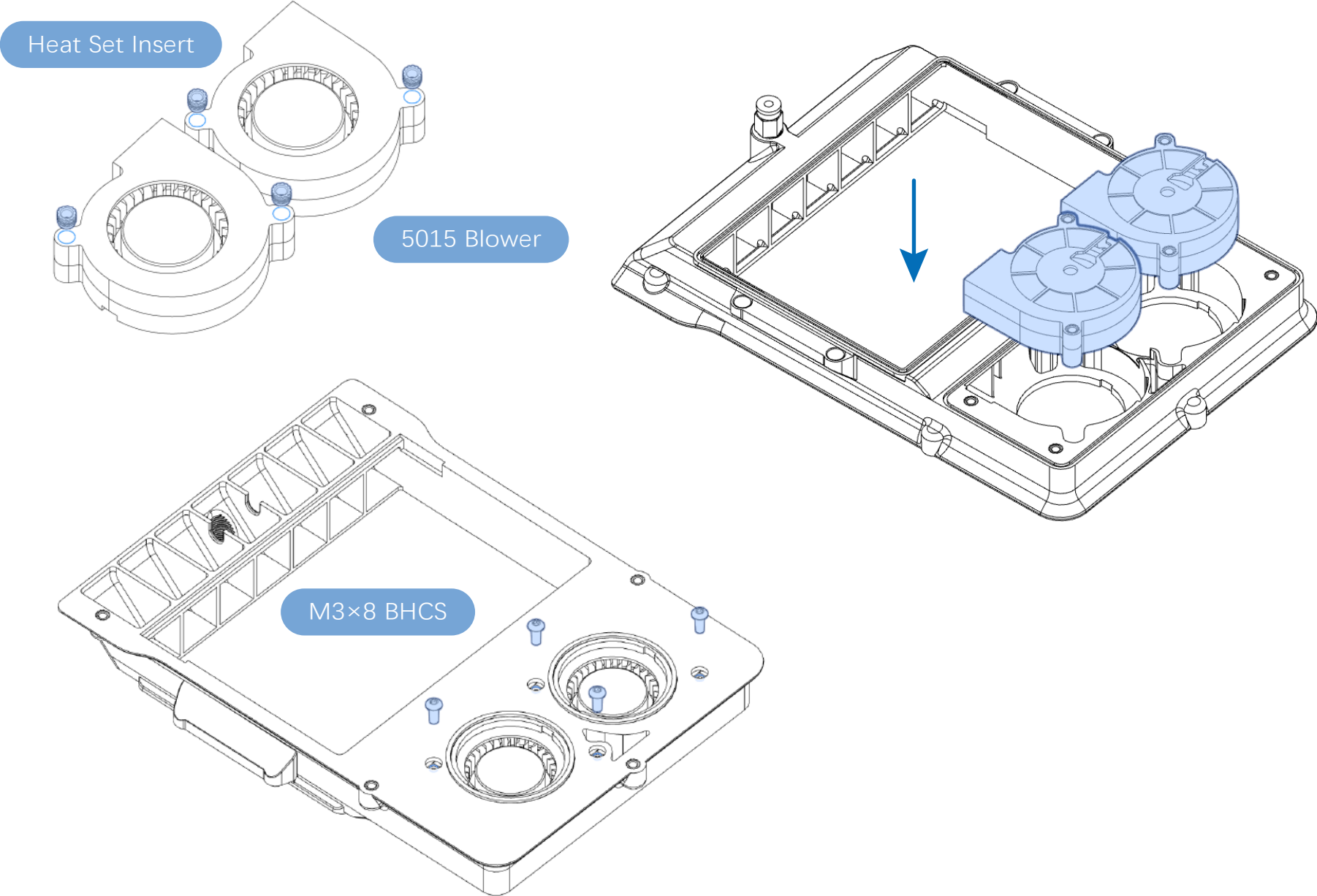


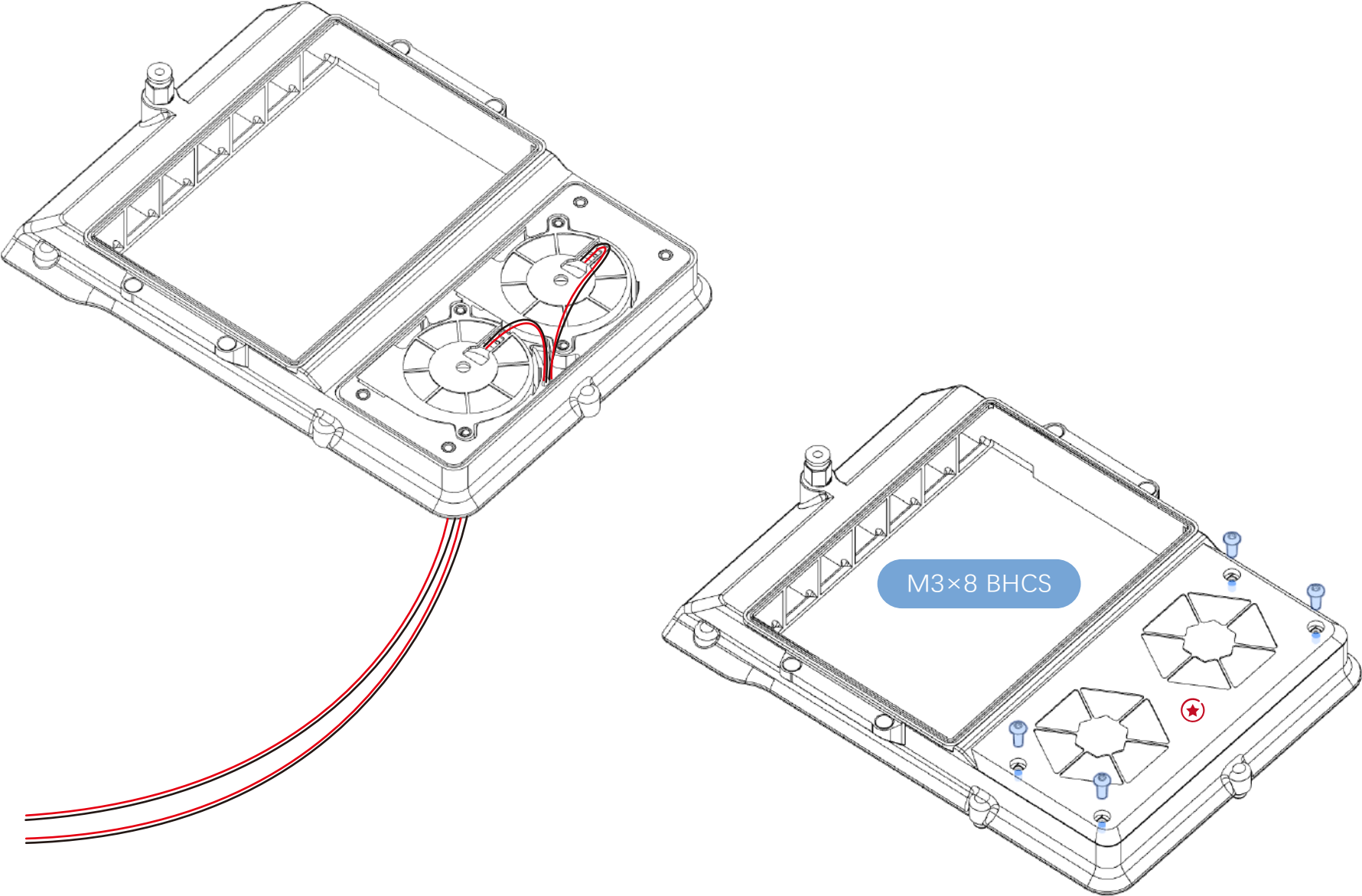


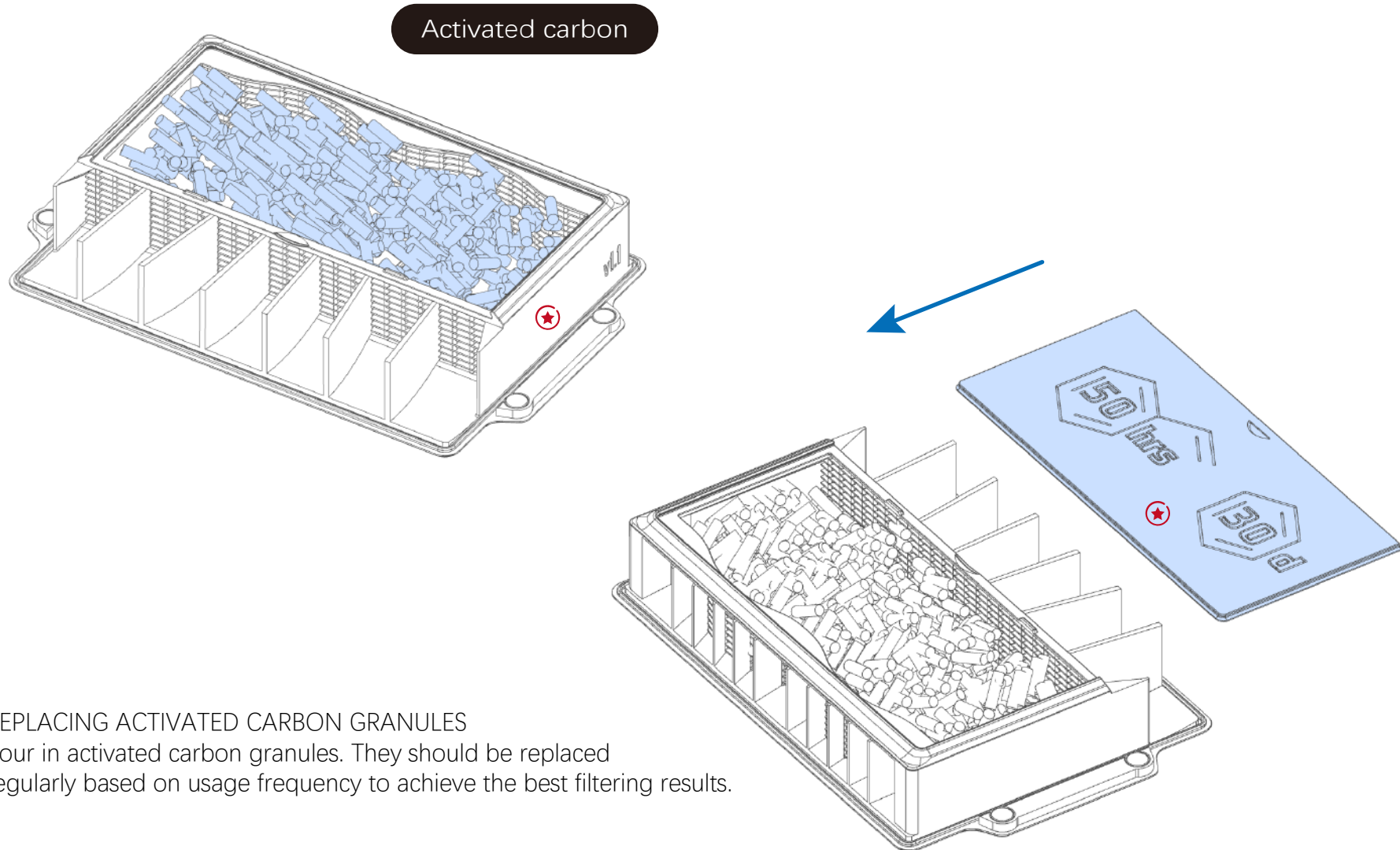
IMPORTANT NOTICE

Ensure to distinguish the poles of the round magnets; otherwise, the filter bag will not attach to the main body of the filter module.



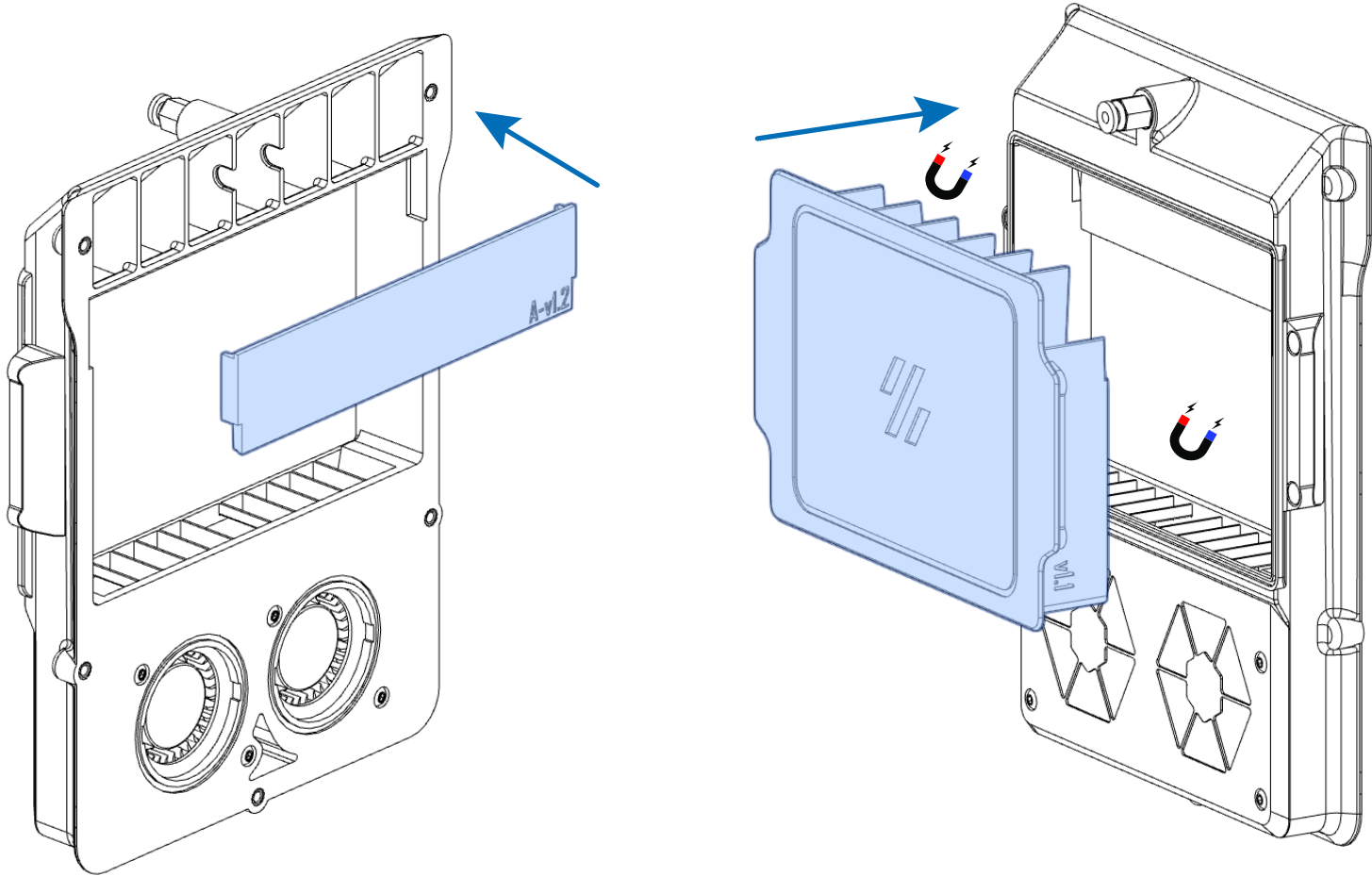


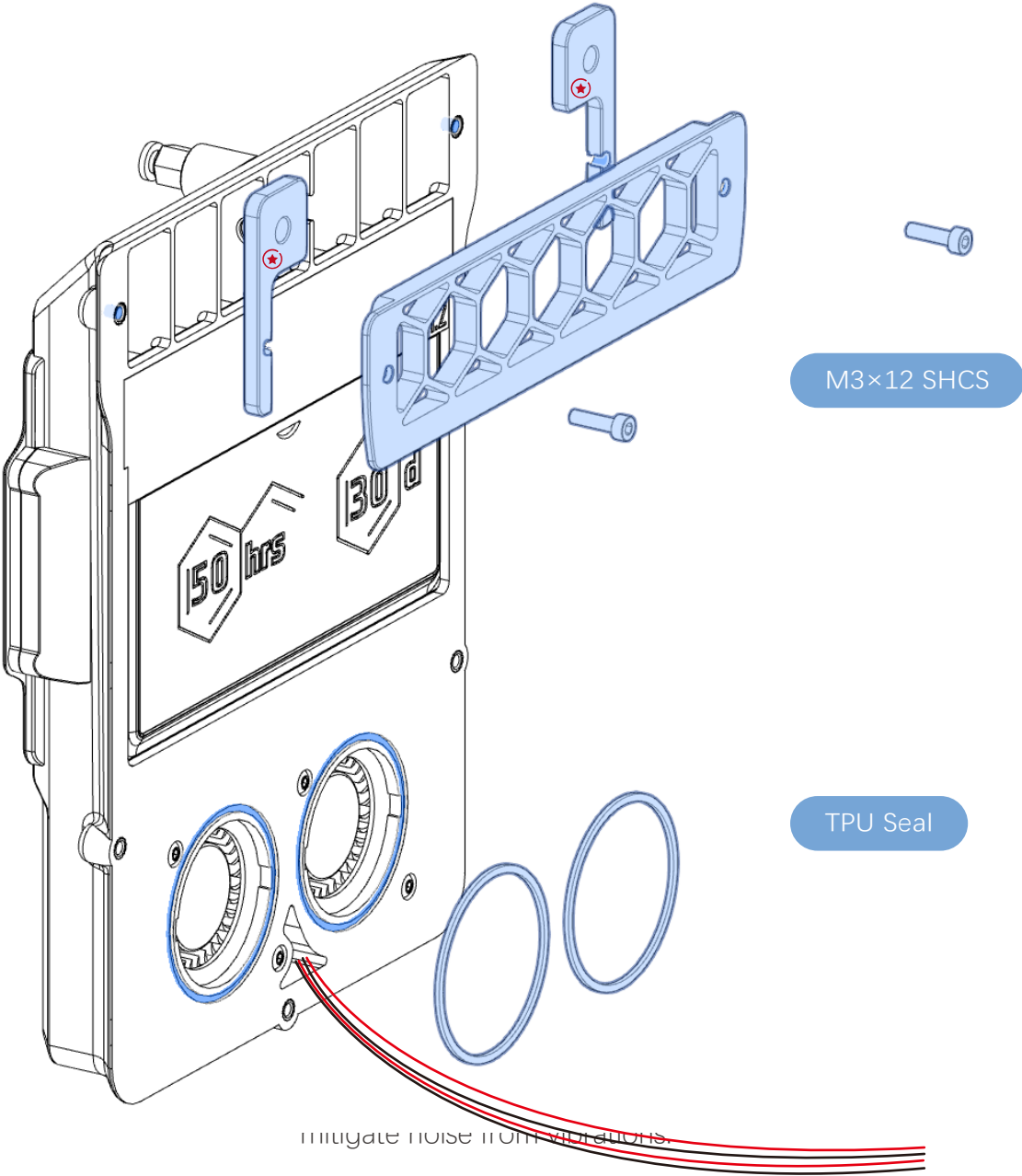


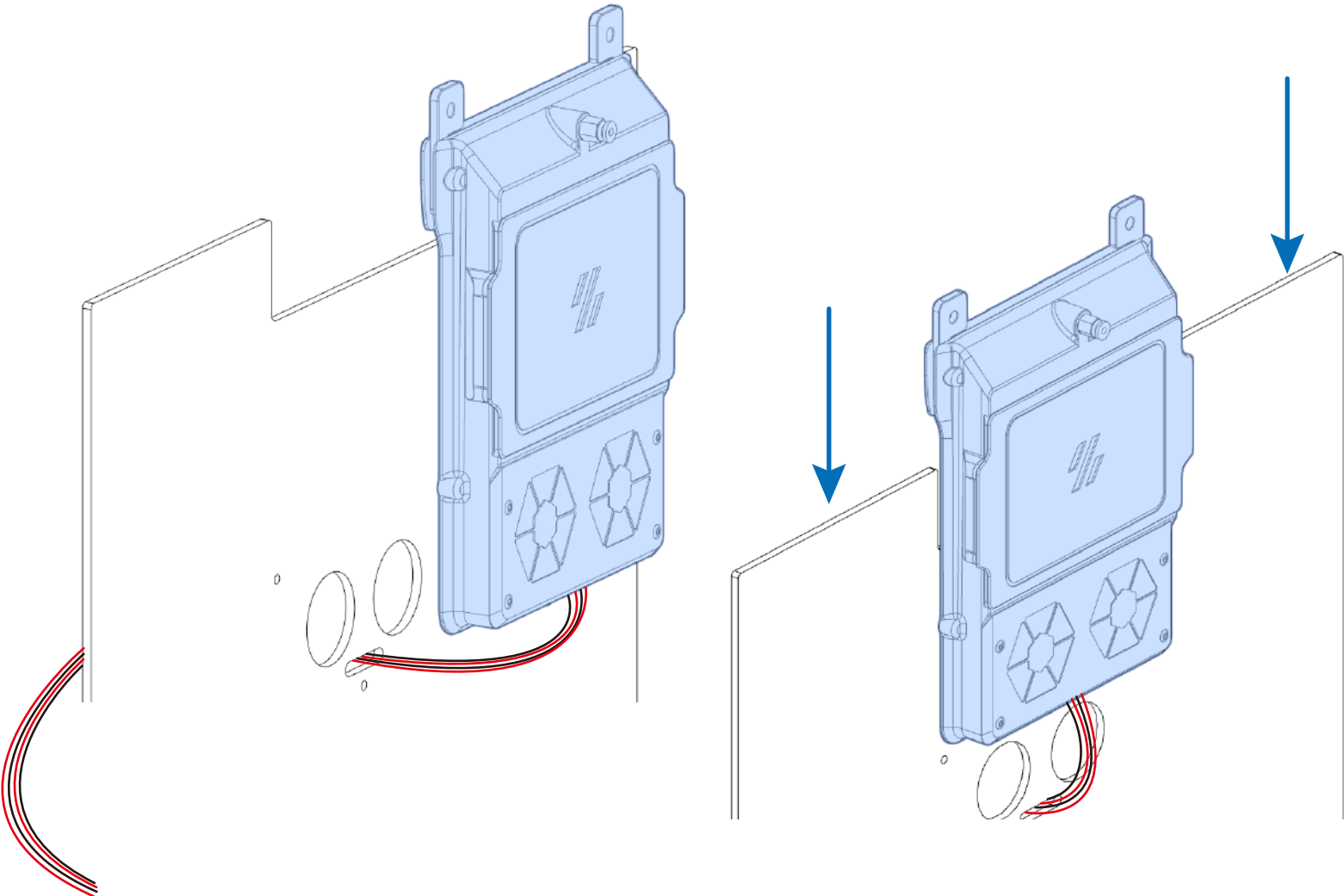


REPLACING ACTIVATED CARBON GRANULES

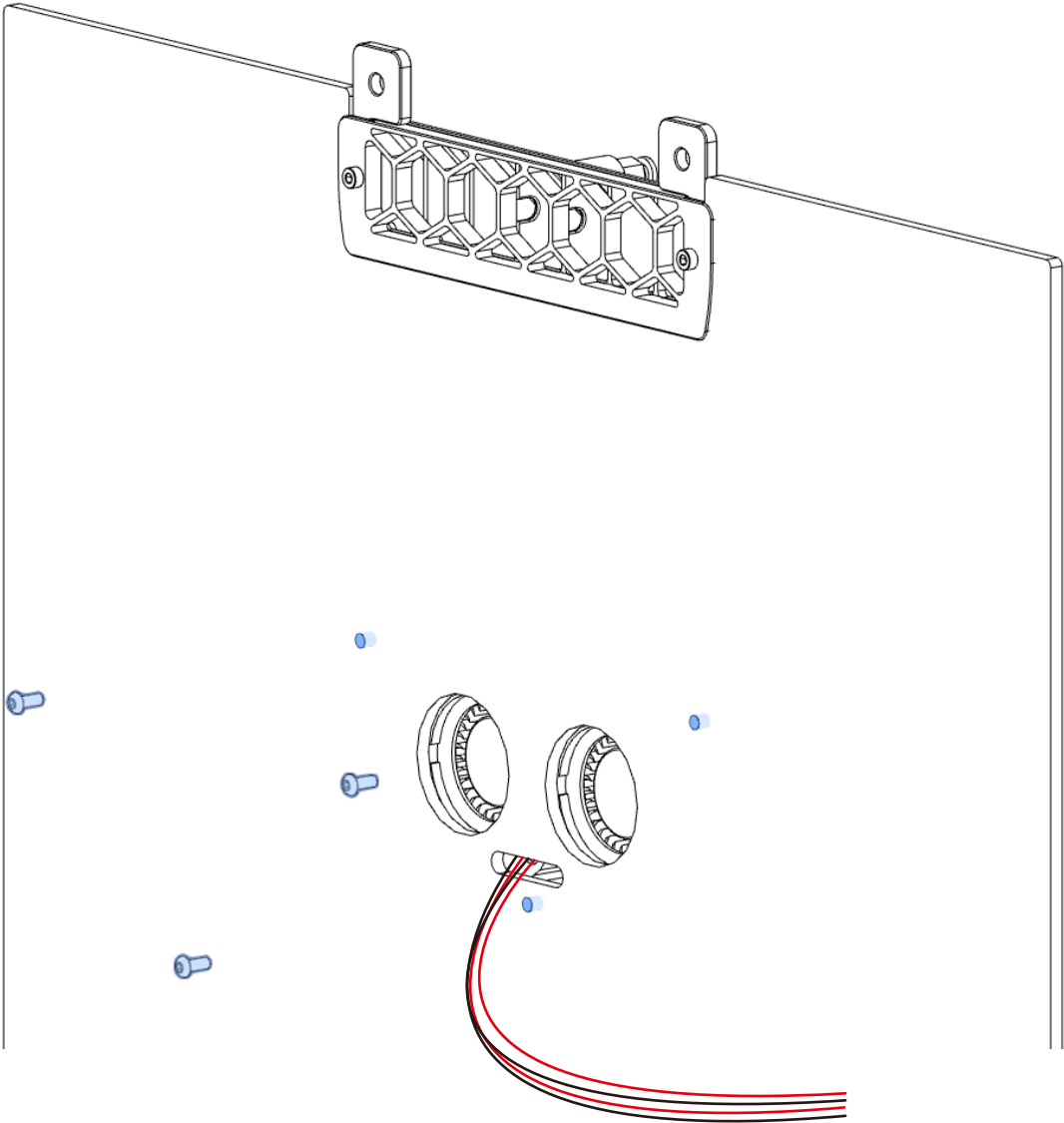
Pour in activated carbon granules. They should be replaced regularly based on usage frequency to achieve the best filtering results.

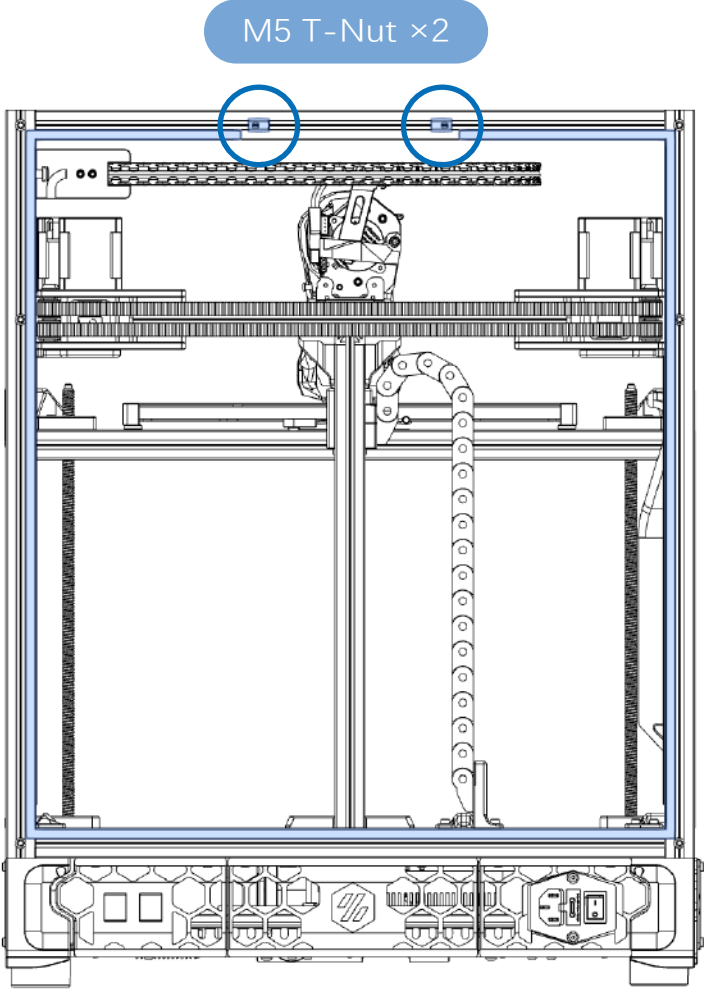
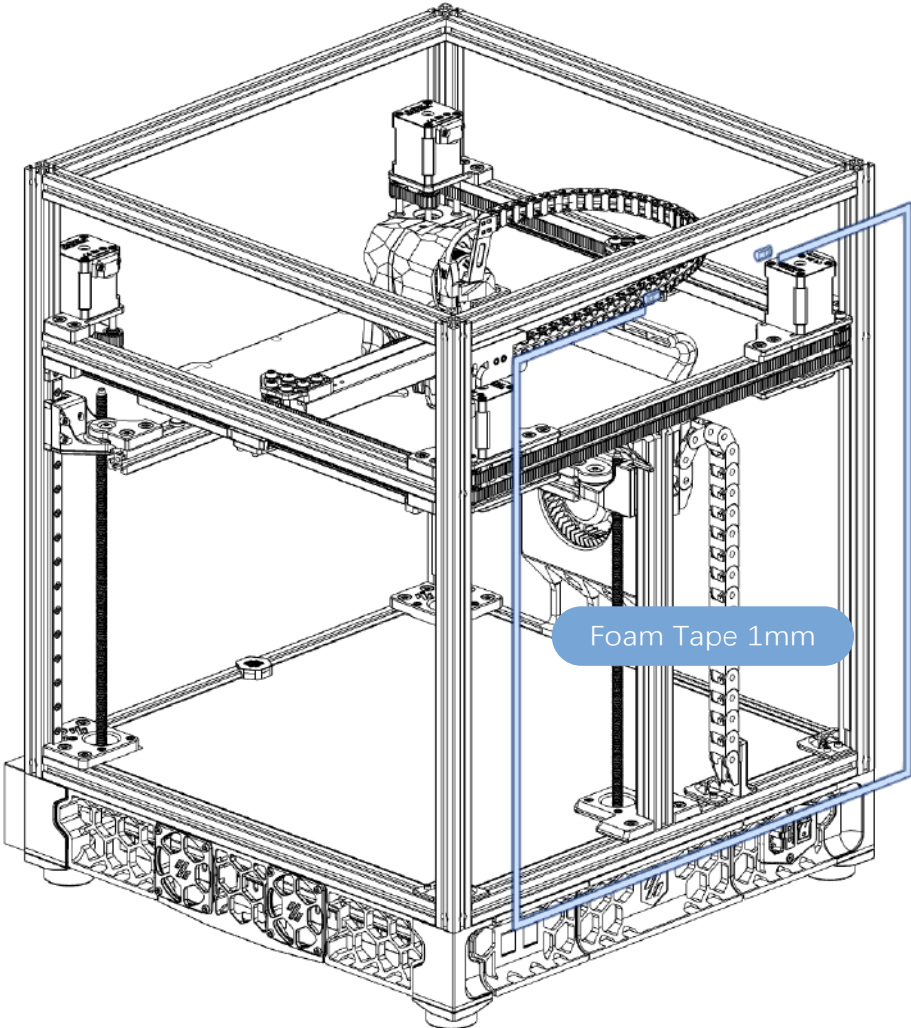


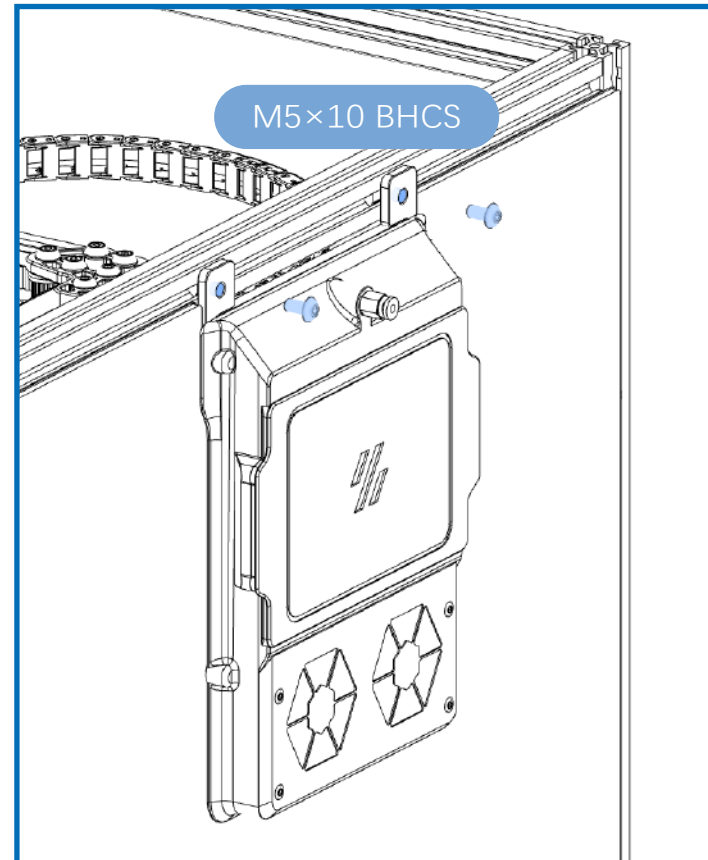
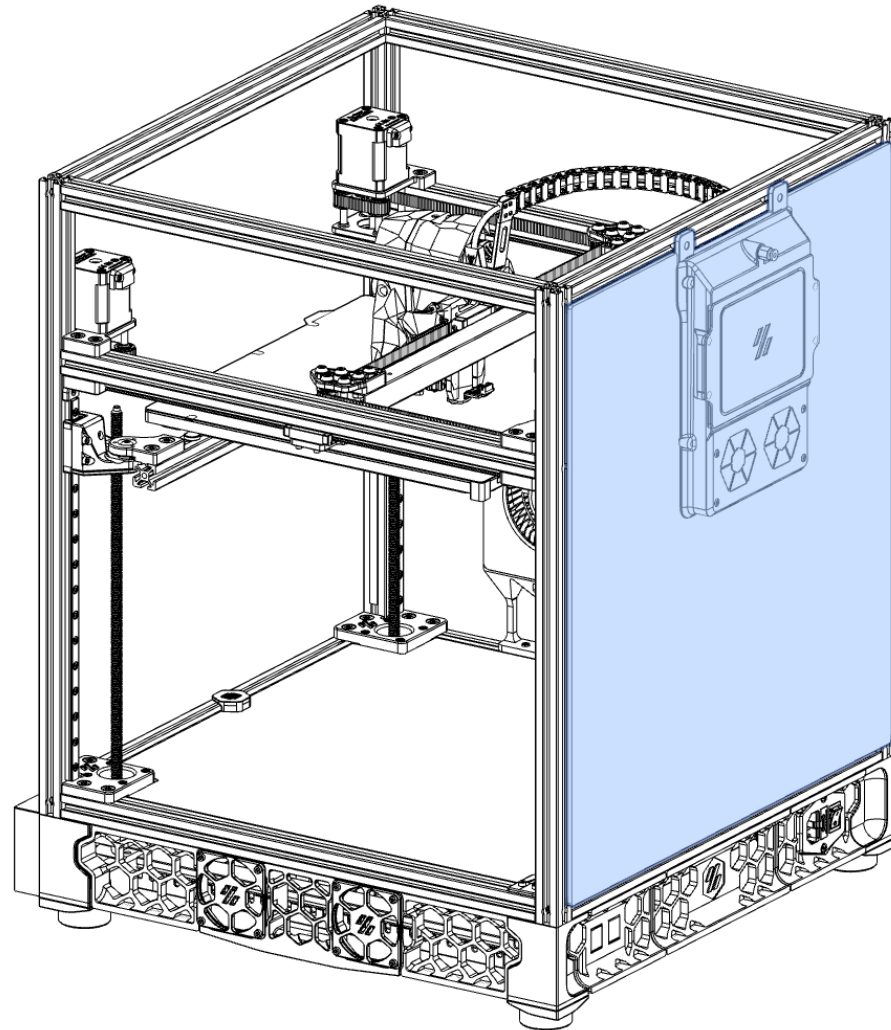


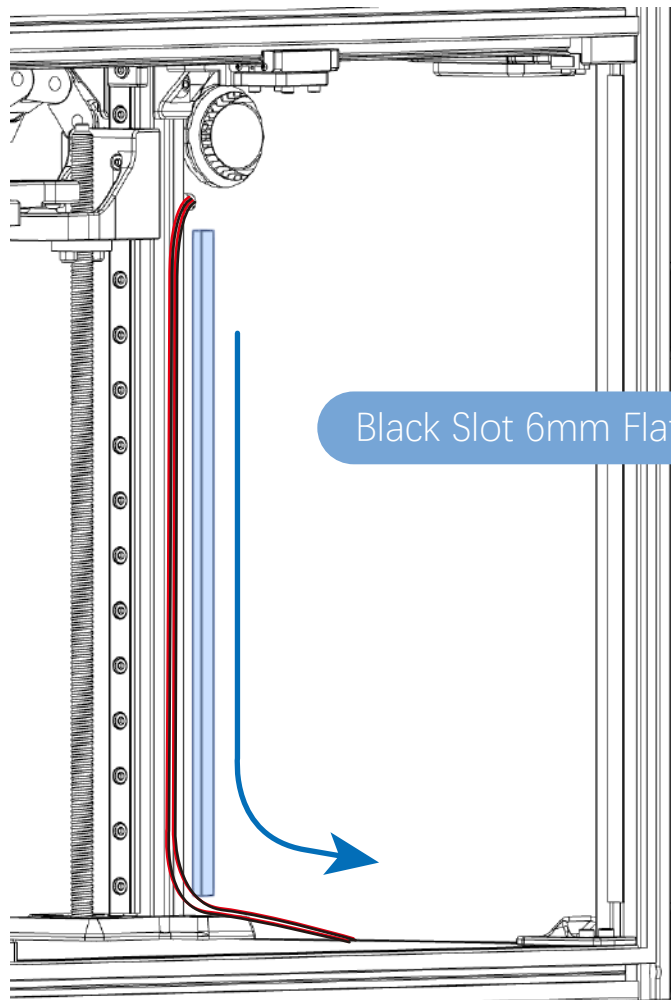


M3×8 BHCS

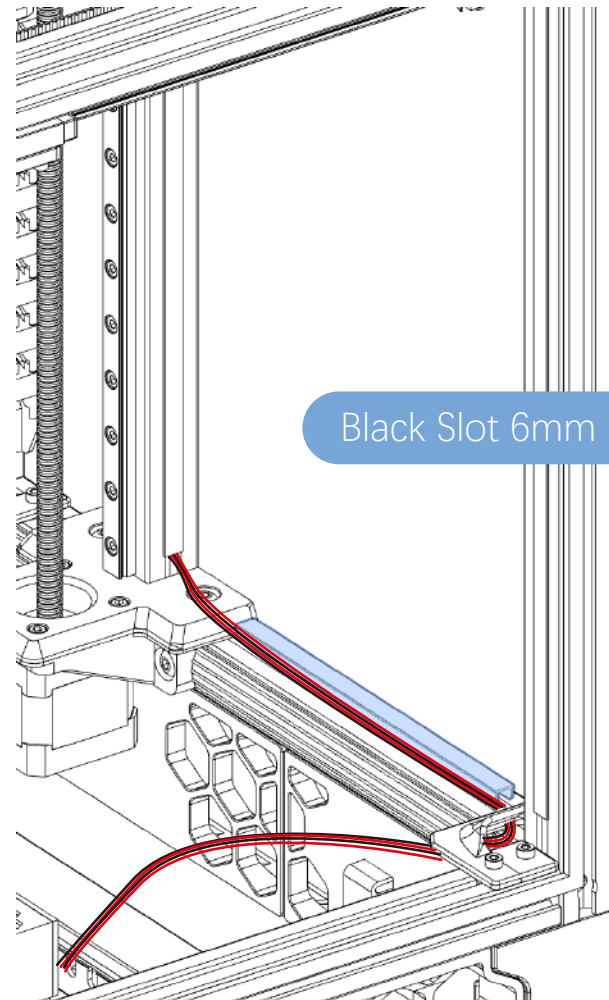








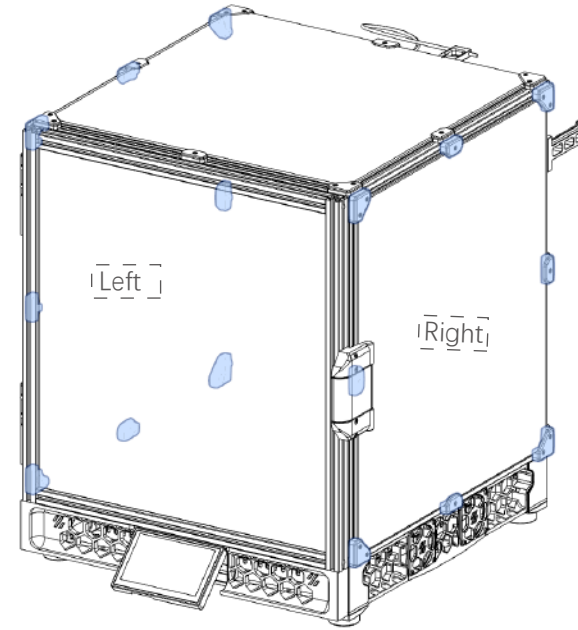
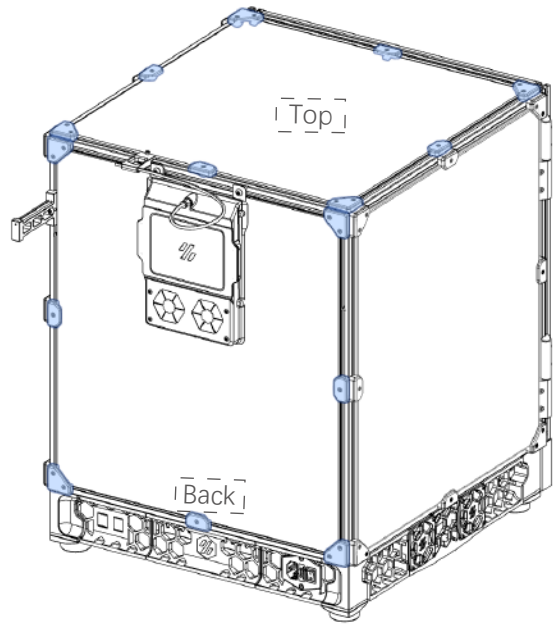
Black Slot 6mm Flat Strip



Black Slot 6mm Flat Strip

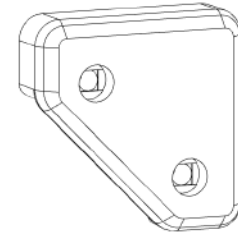
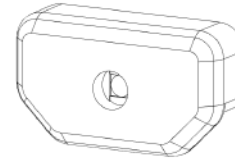
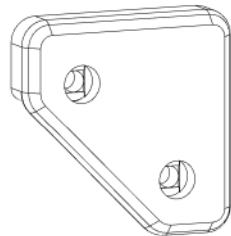
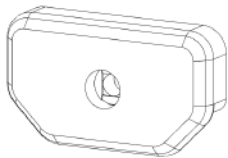
CLOSE THE CABLE MANAGEMENT DUCT

Once you have arranged the FUME PACK cables (you can refer to the routing on page 197), you can proceed to close the cable management duct.



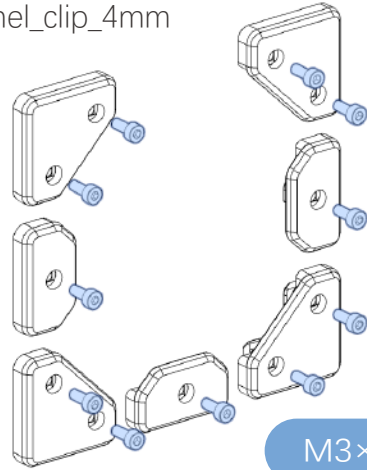
midspan_panel_clip_4mm_x7 corner_panel_clip_4mm_x8

midspan_panel_clip_6mm_x8 corner_panel_clip_6mm_x8



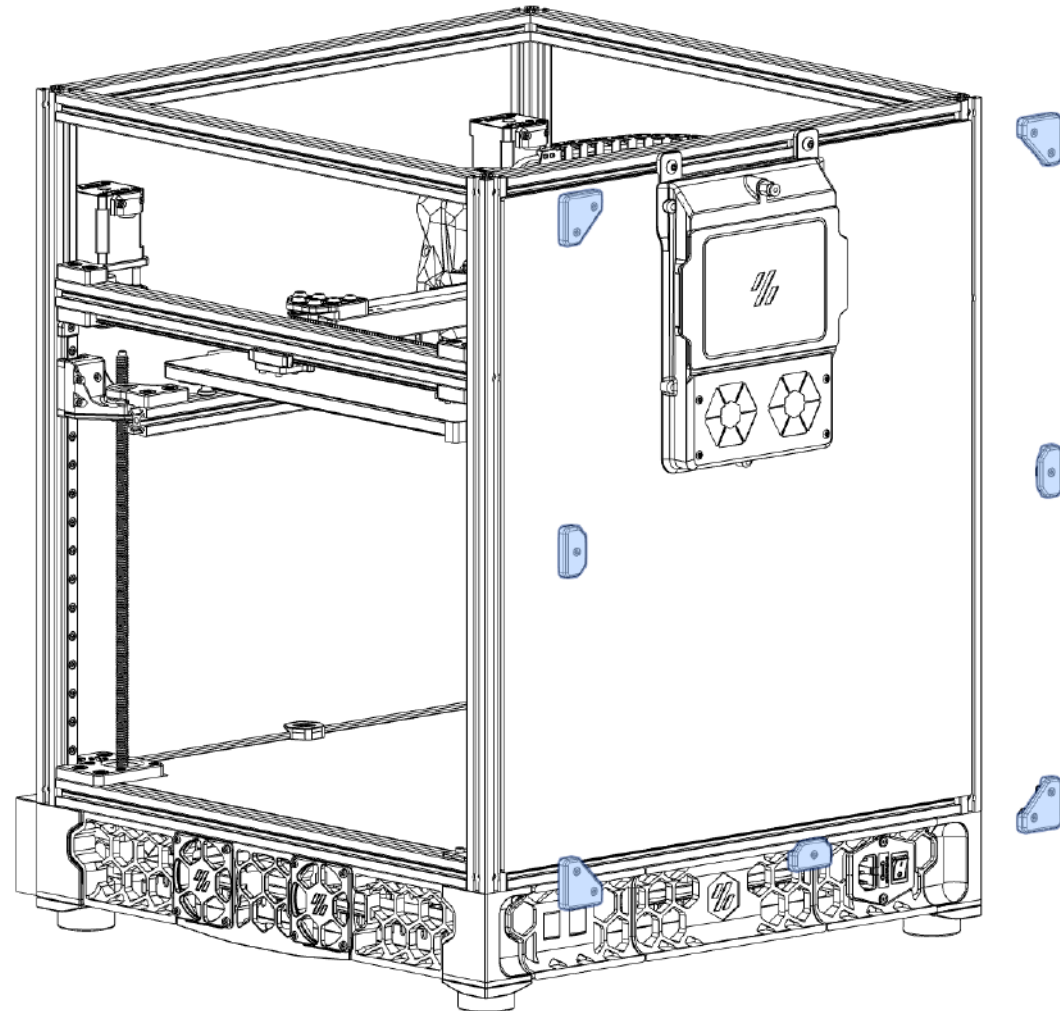
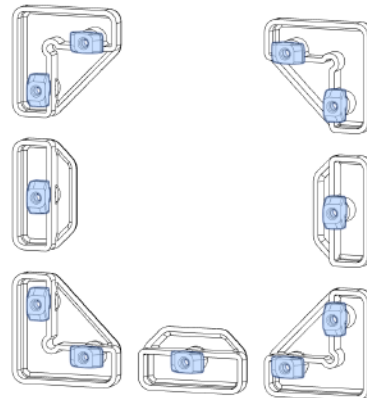
midspan_panel_clip_4mm

corner_panel_clip_4mm



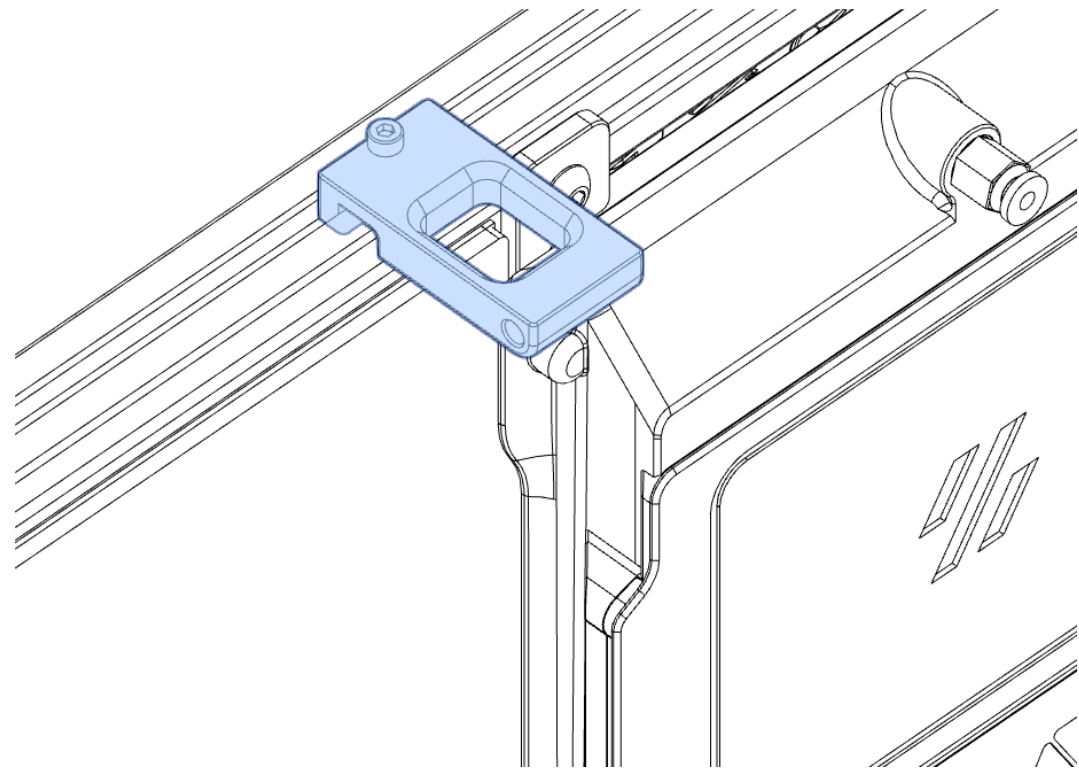
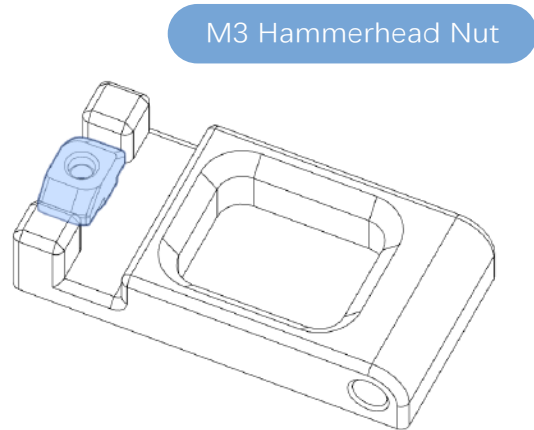
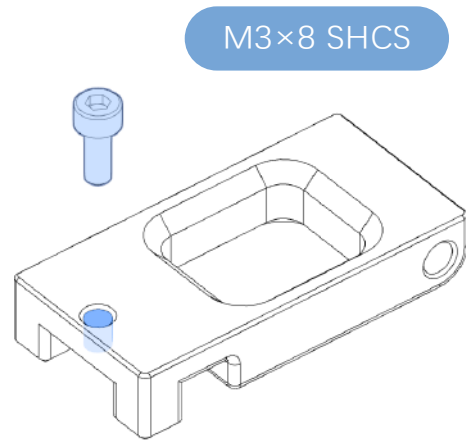
M3×8 SHCS

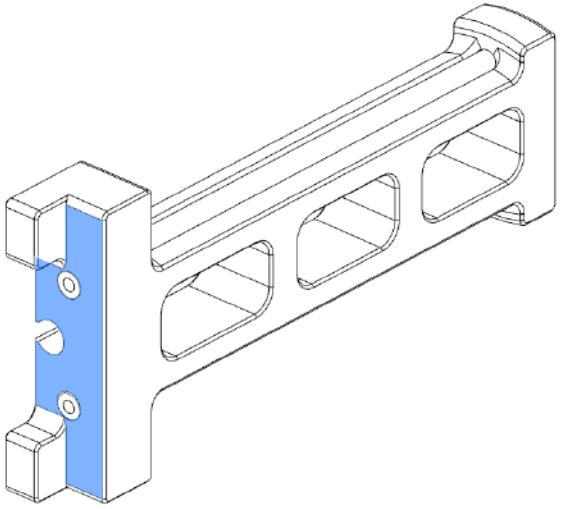
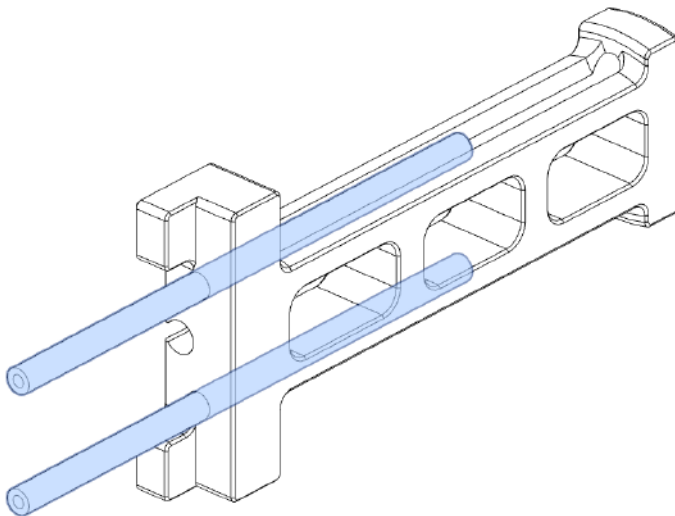
M3 Hammerhead Nut



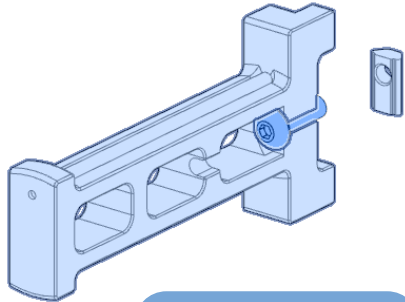
HAMMERHEAD NUTS?

A drop of thread locker will turn the hammerhead nuts into a 1/4 turn quick release for the panels. Best done once the assembly is finished.

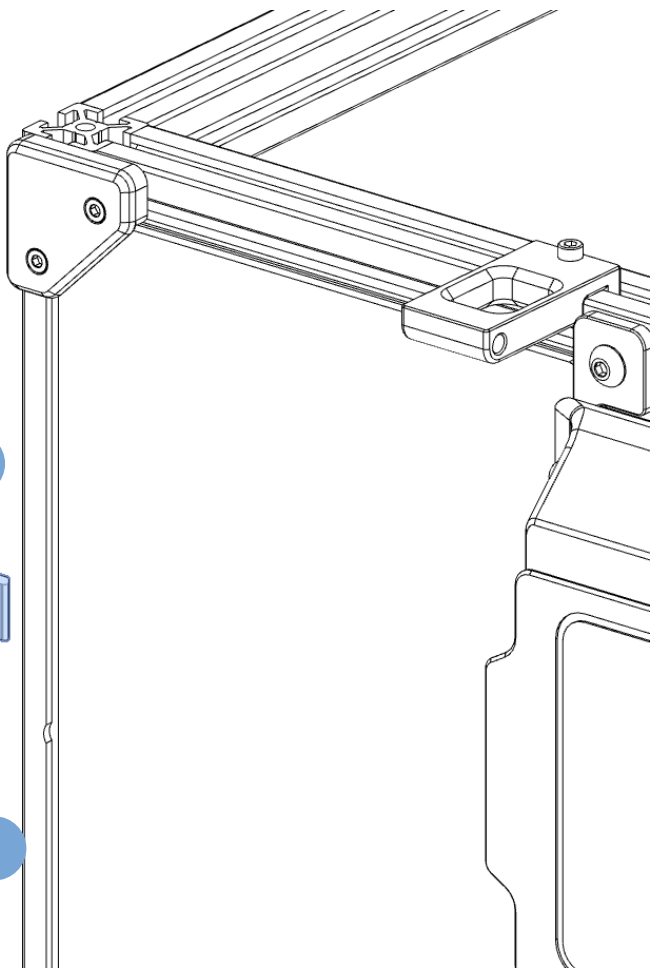


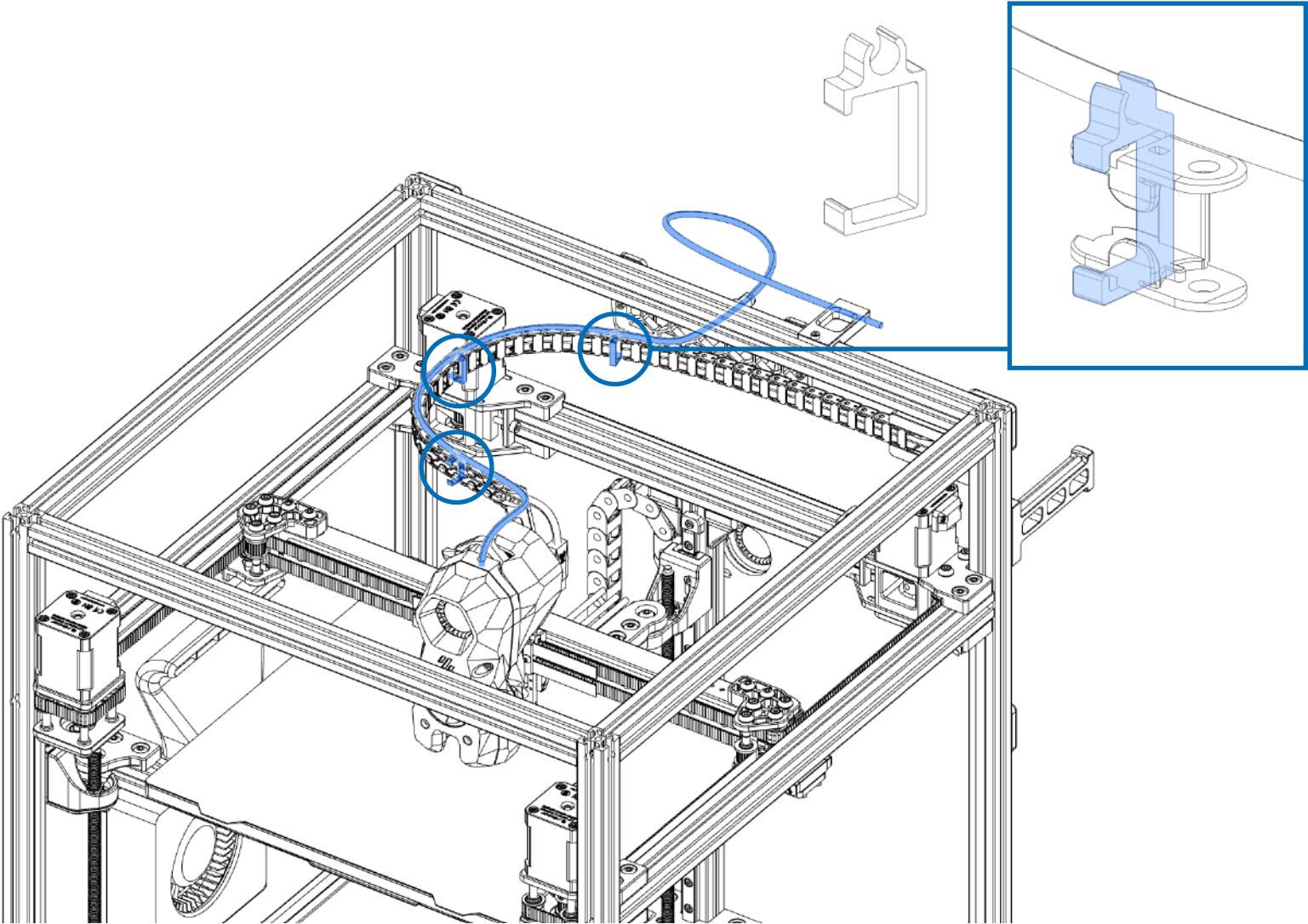


M5 T-NUT

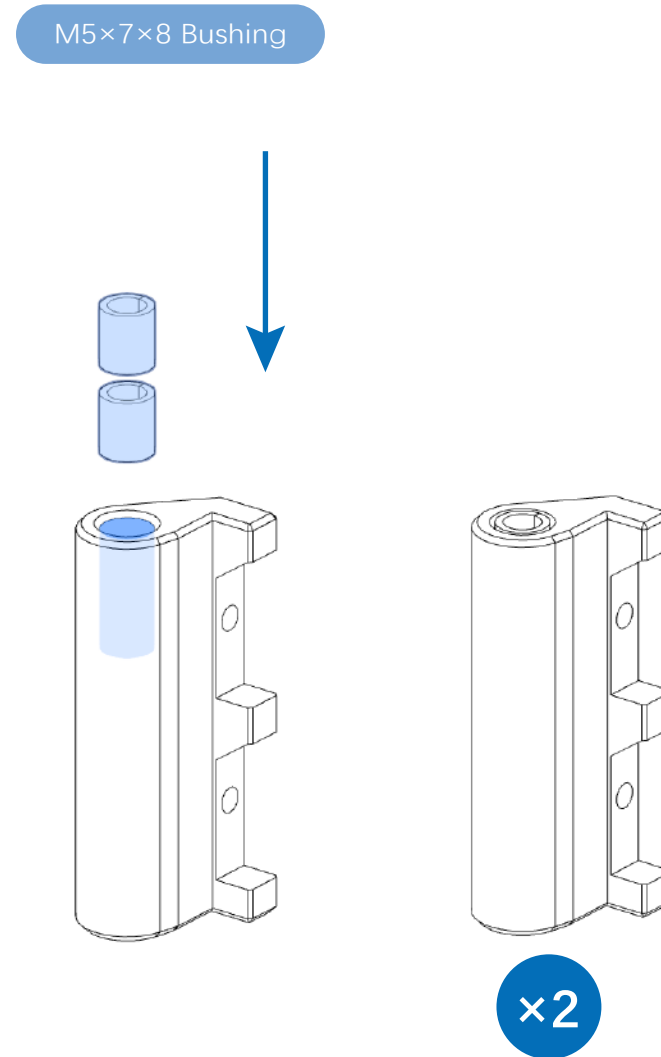
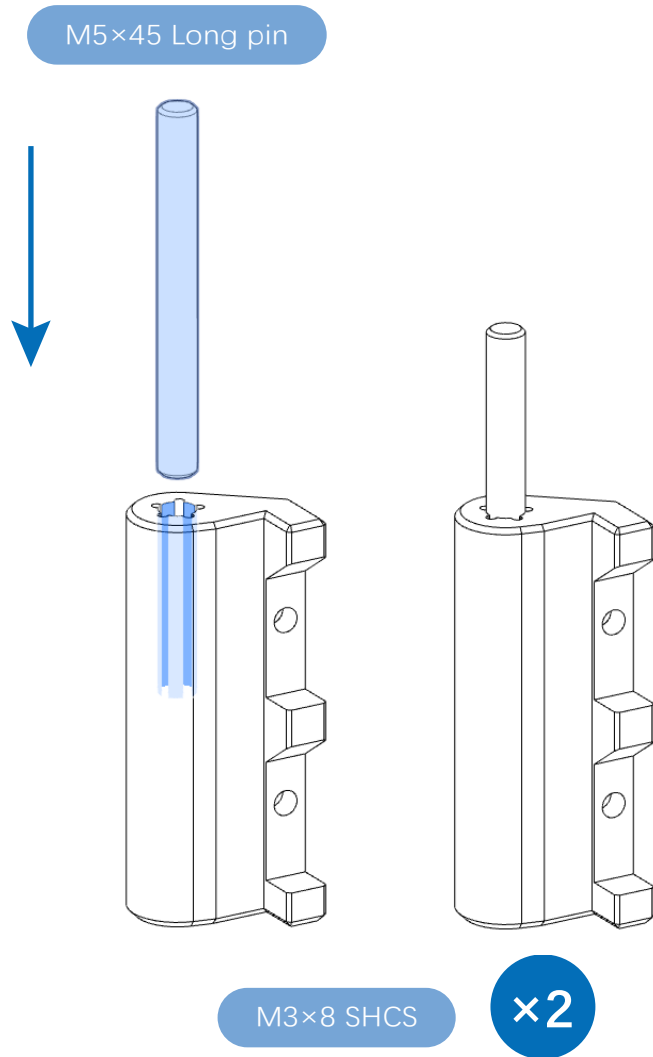


M5×16 BHCS







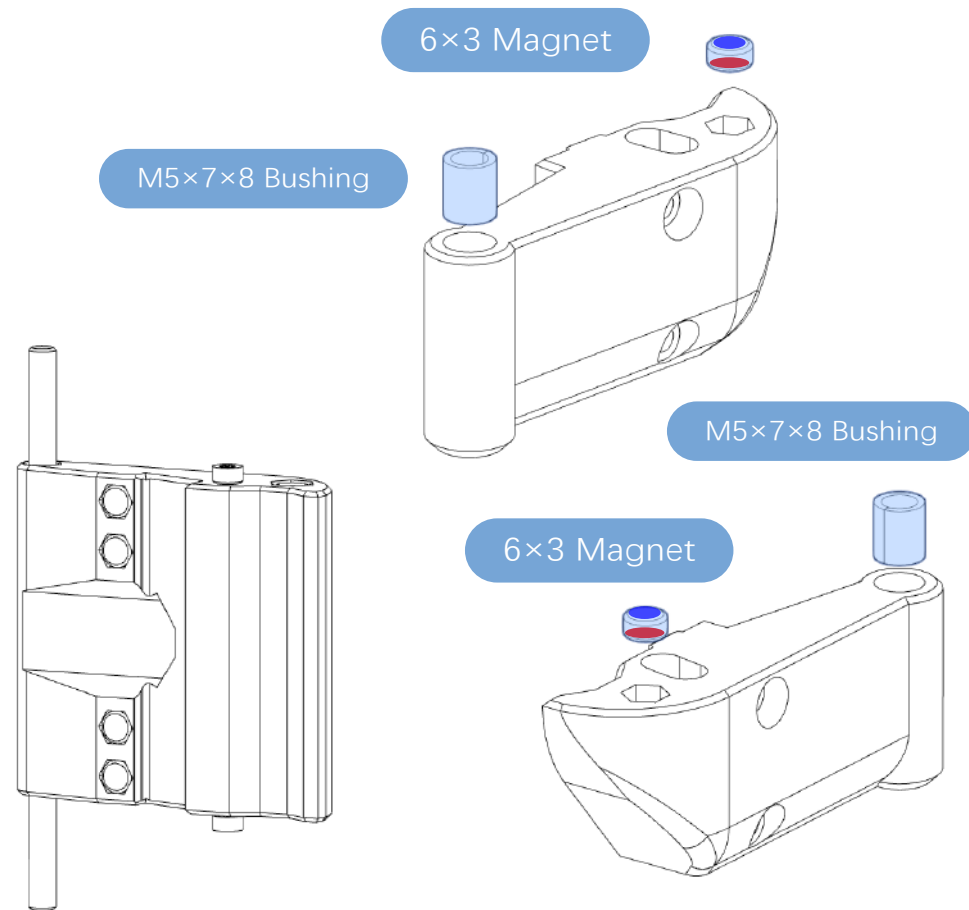
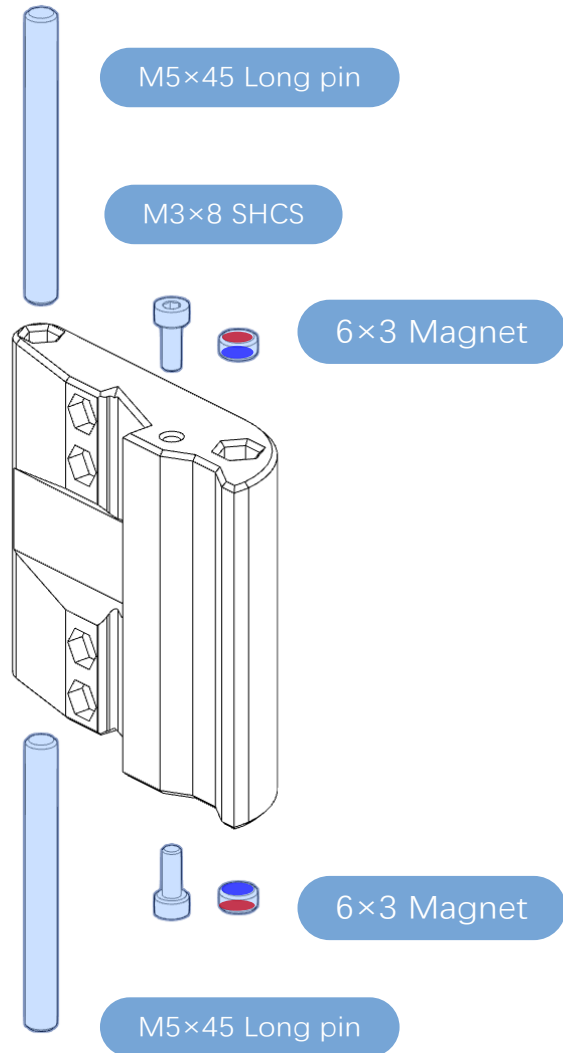




IMPORTANT NOTICE

Ensure to distinguish the poles of the round magnets.

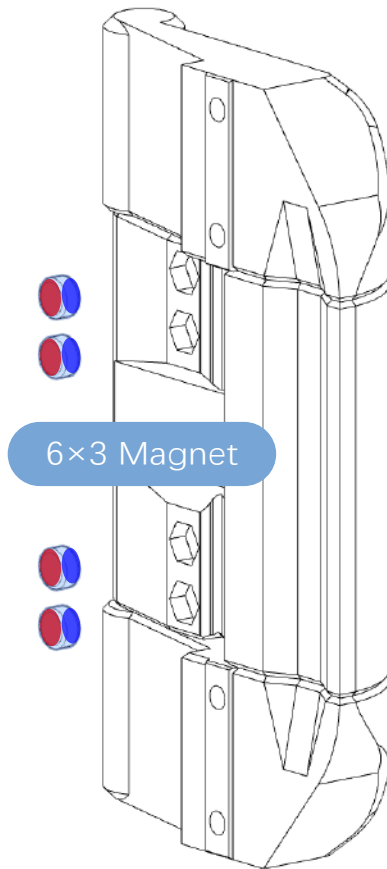
M3 Hammerhead Nut



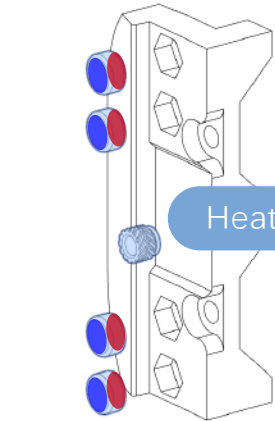


IMPORTANT NOTICE

Ensure to distinguish the poles of the round magnets.

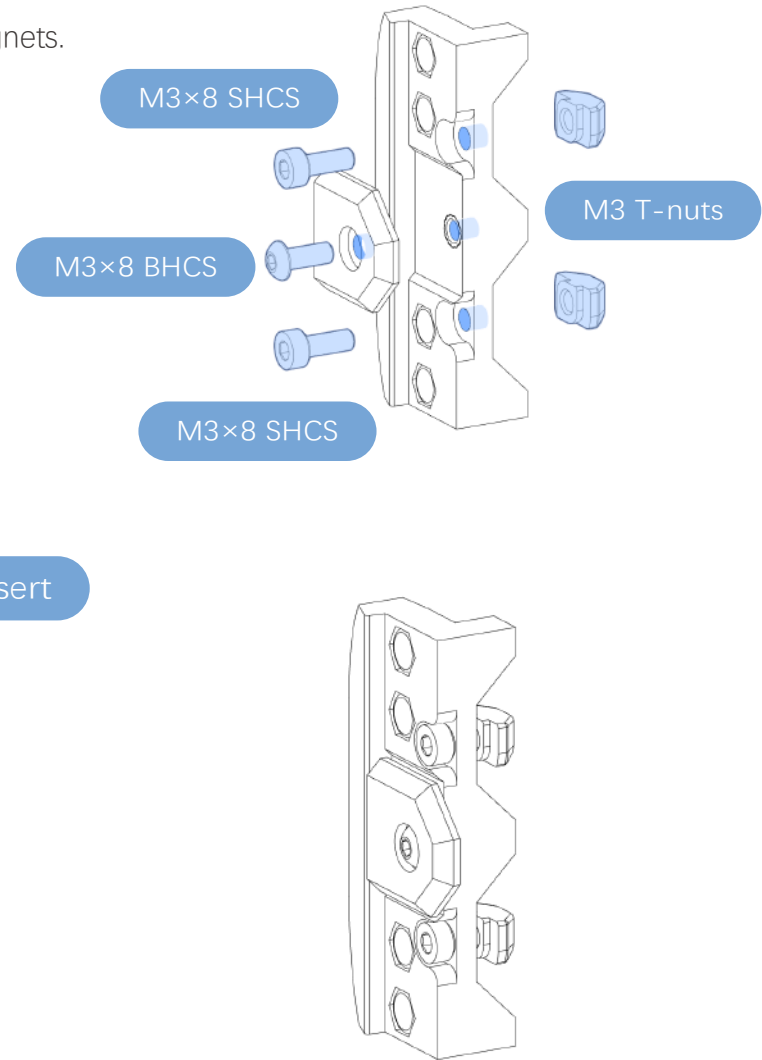


6x3 Magnet



Heat Set Insert

6x3 Magnet



M3x8 SHCS

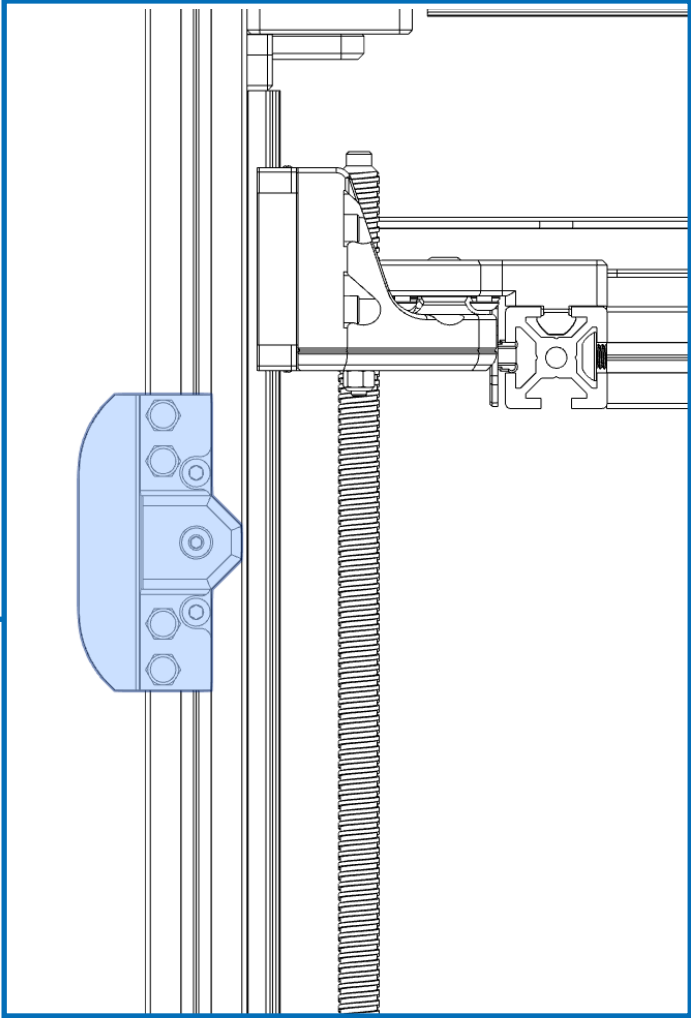
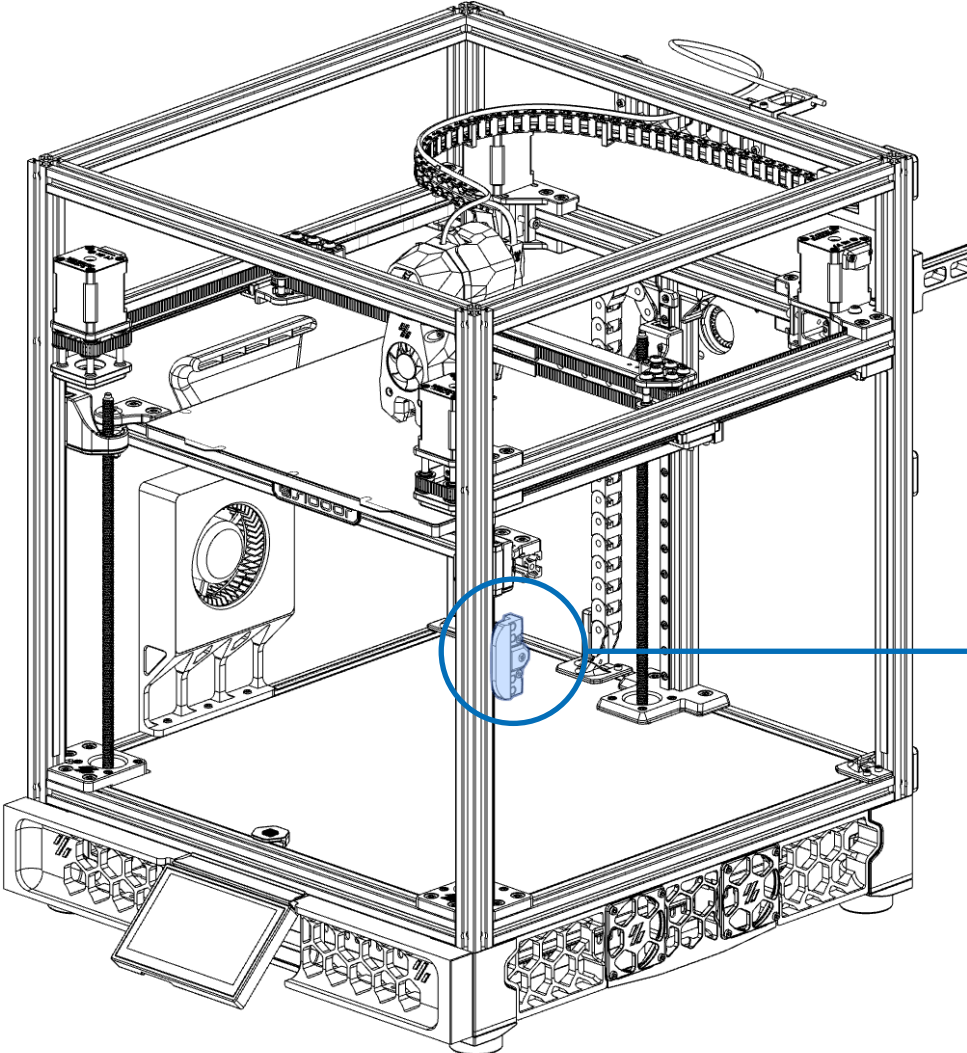
M3x8 BHCS

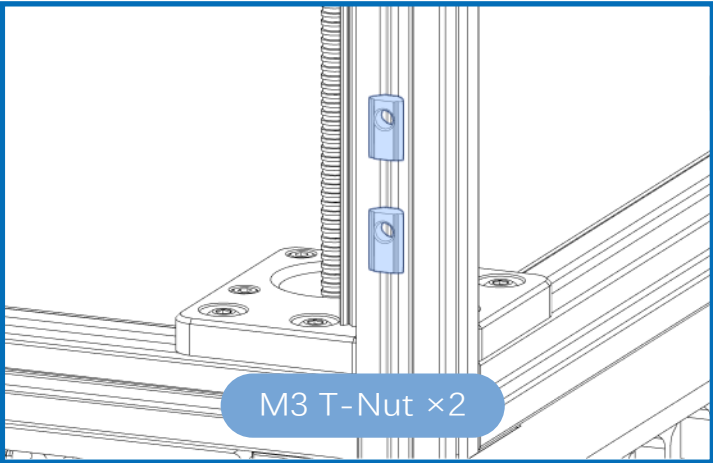
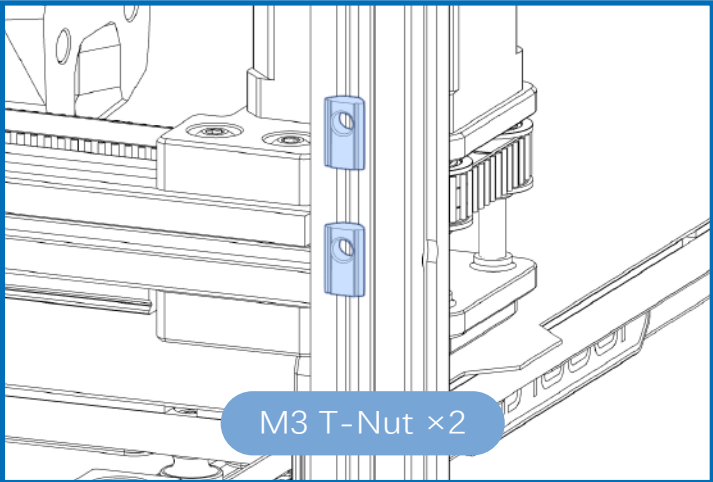
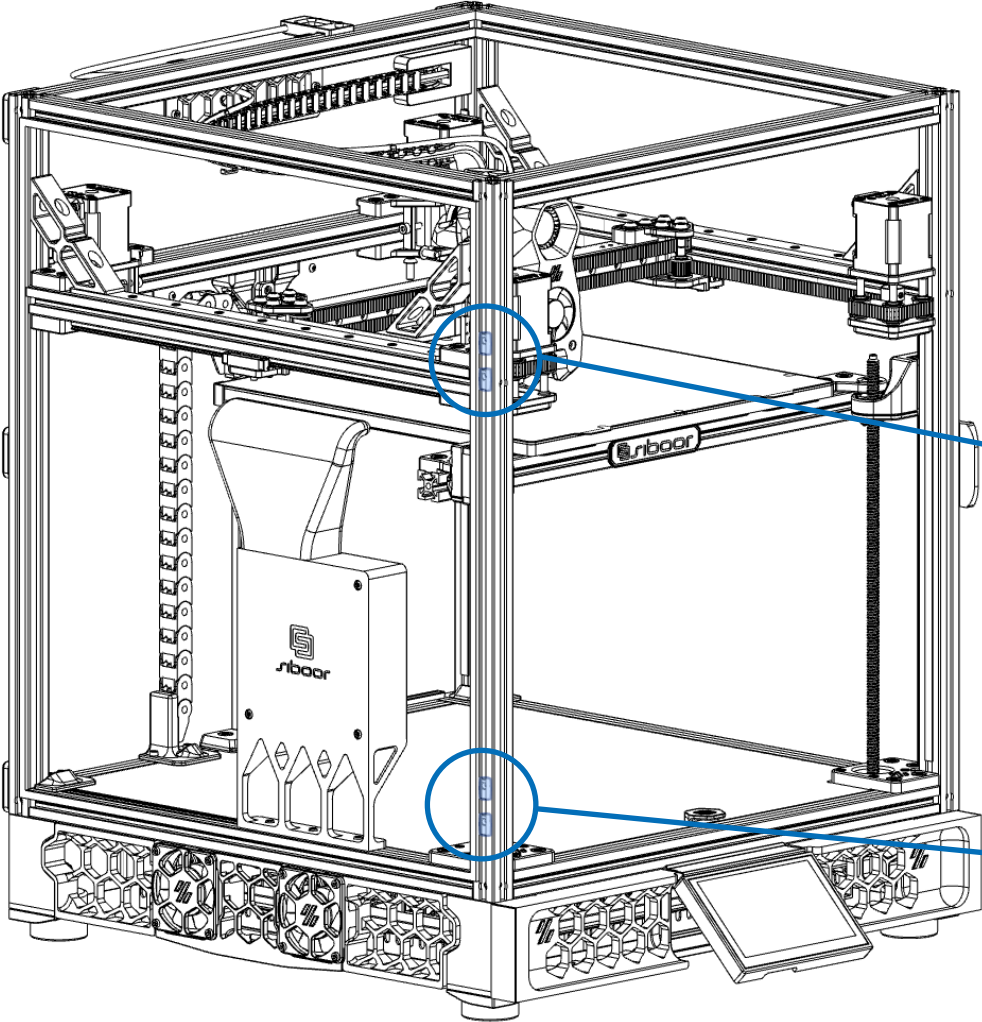


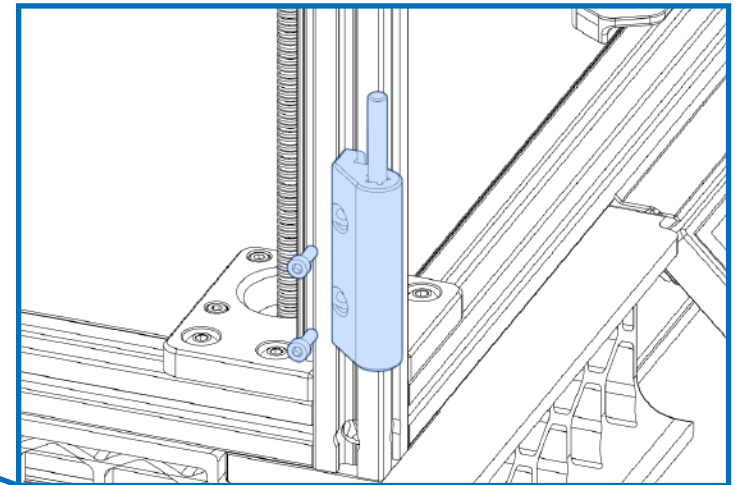
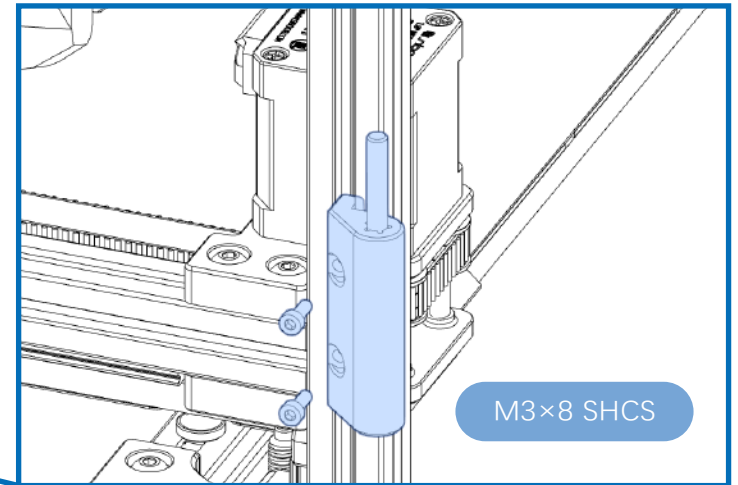
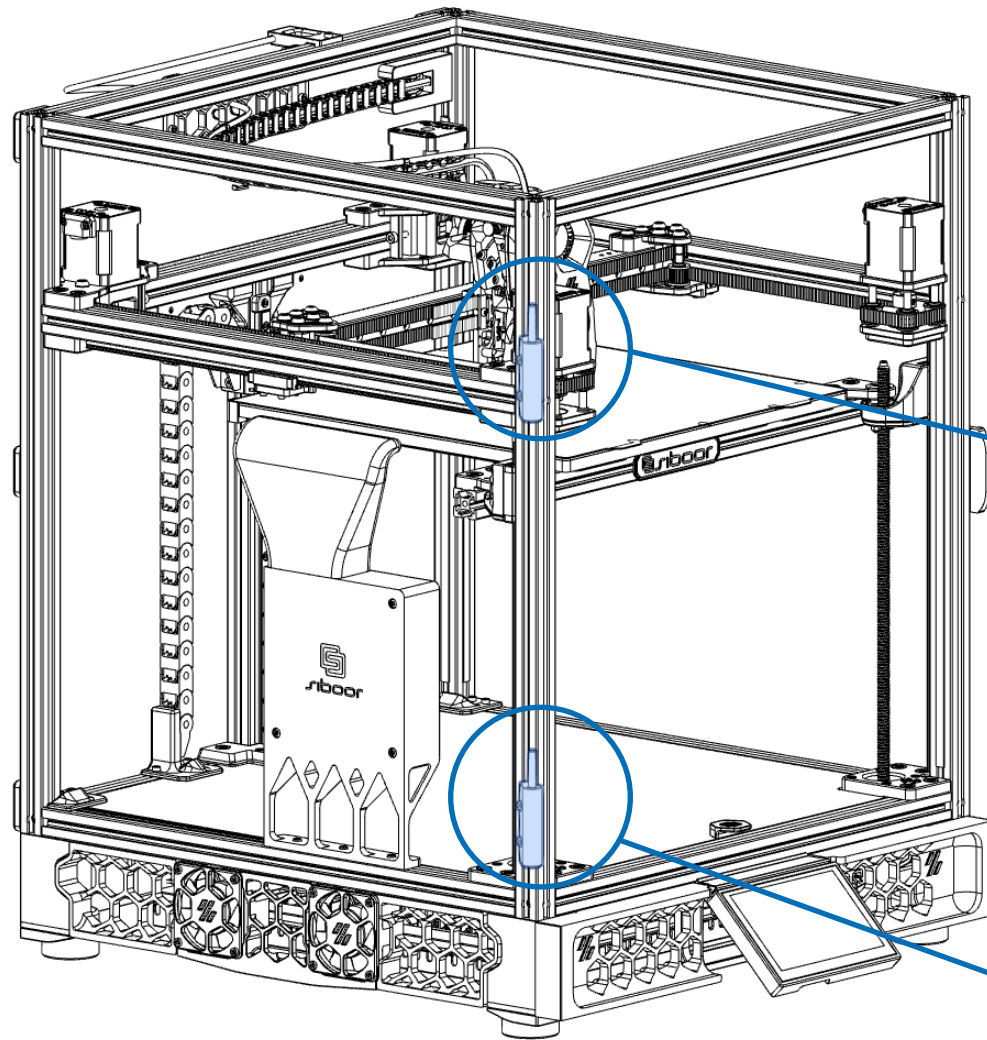
M3 T-nuts

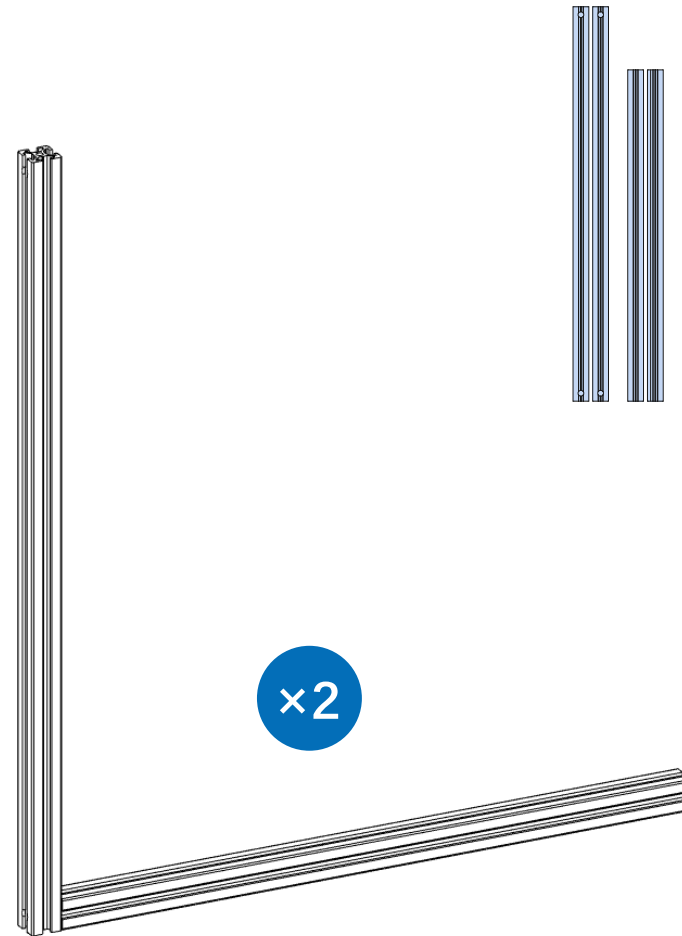
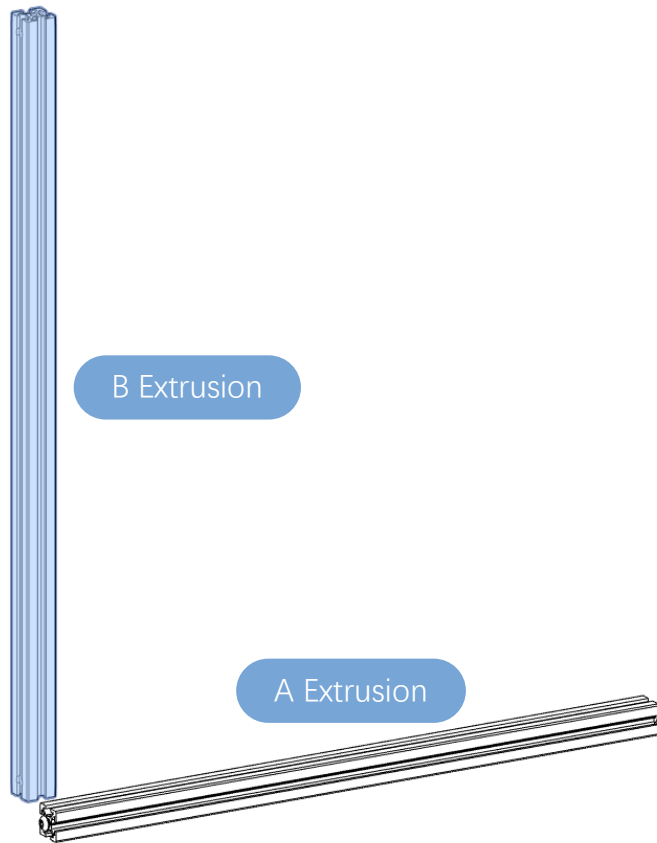


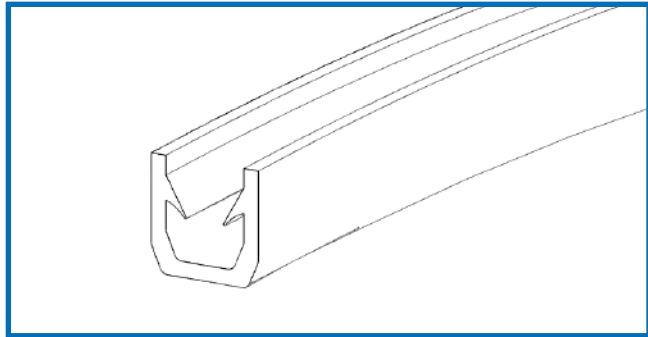
M3x8 SHCS



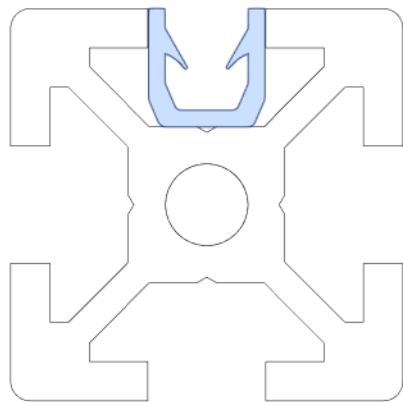






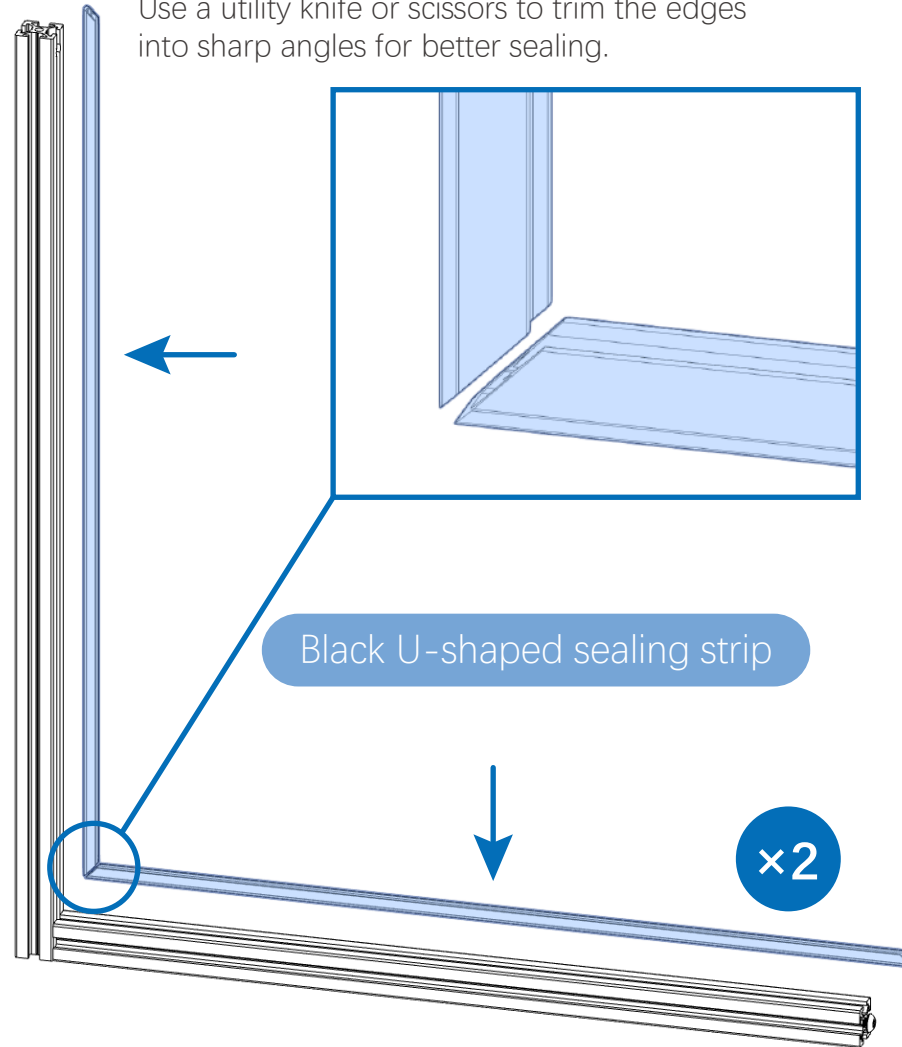


Black U-shaped sealing strip



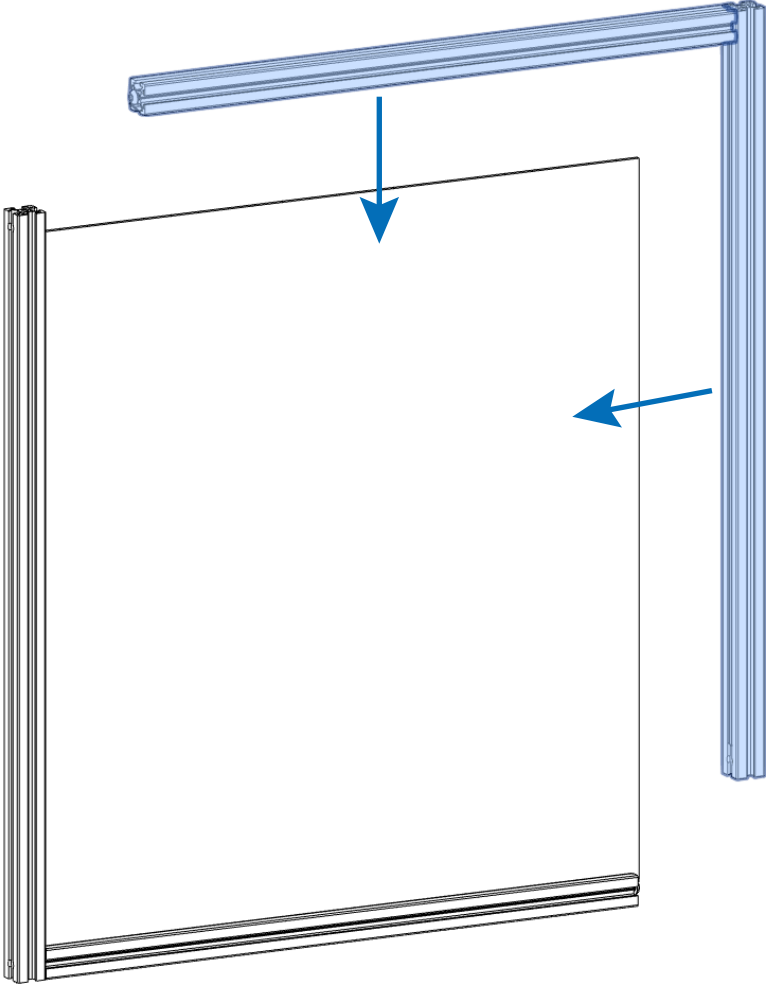
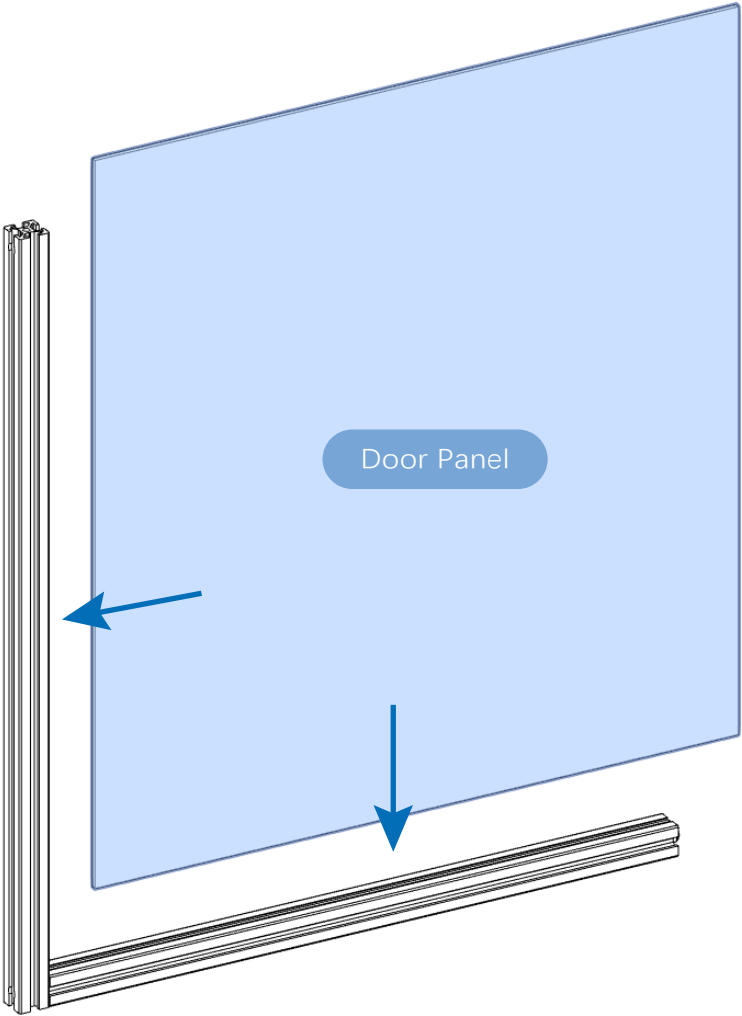
TRIMMING METHOD FOR IMPROVED SEALING

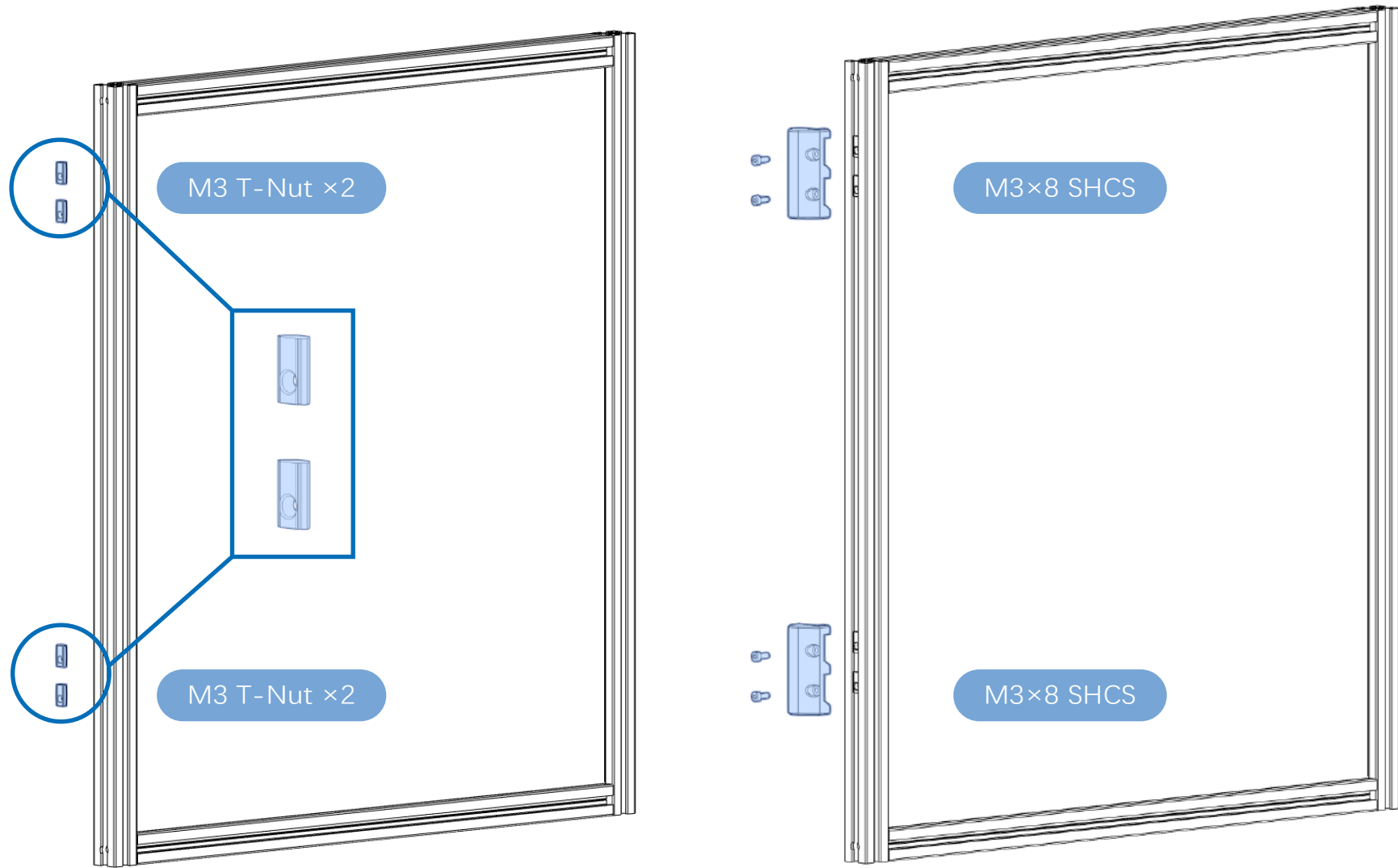
Use a utility knife or scissors to trim the edges into sharp angles for better sealing.

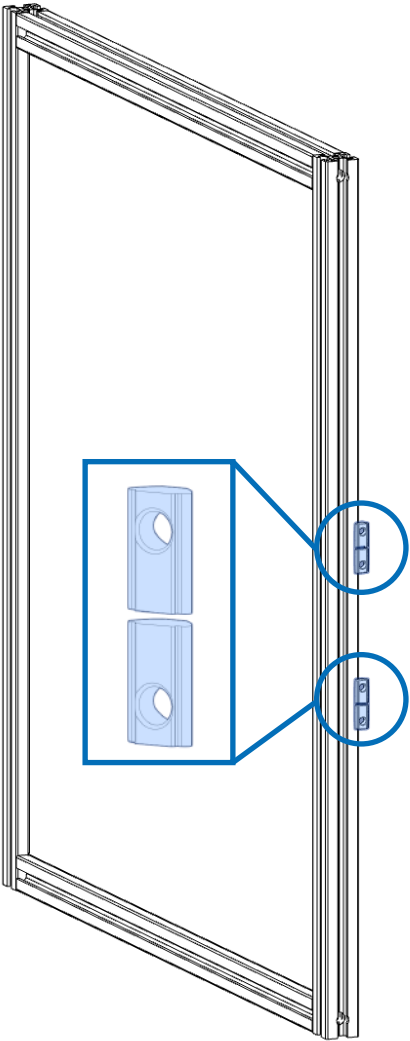


Black U-shaped sealing strip

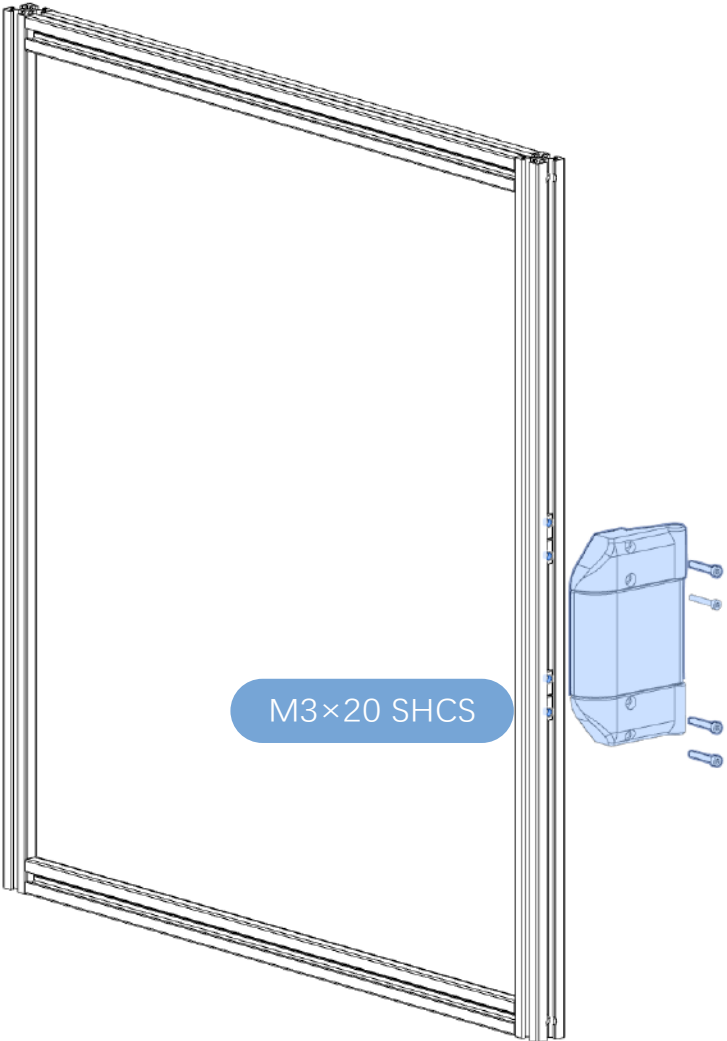
x2



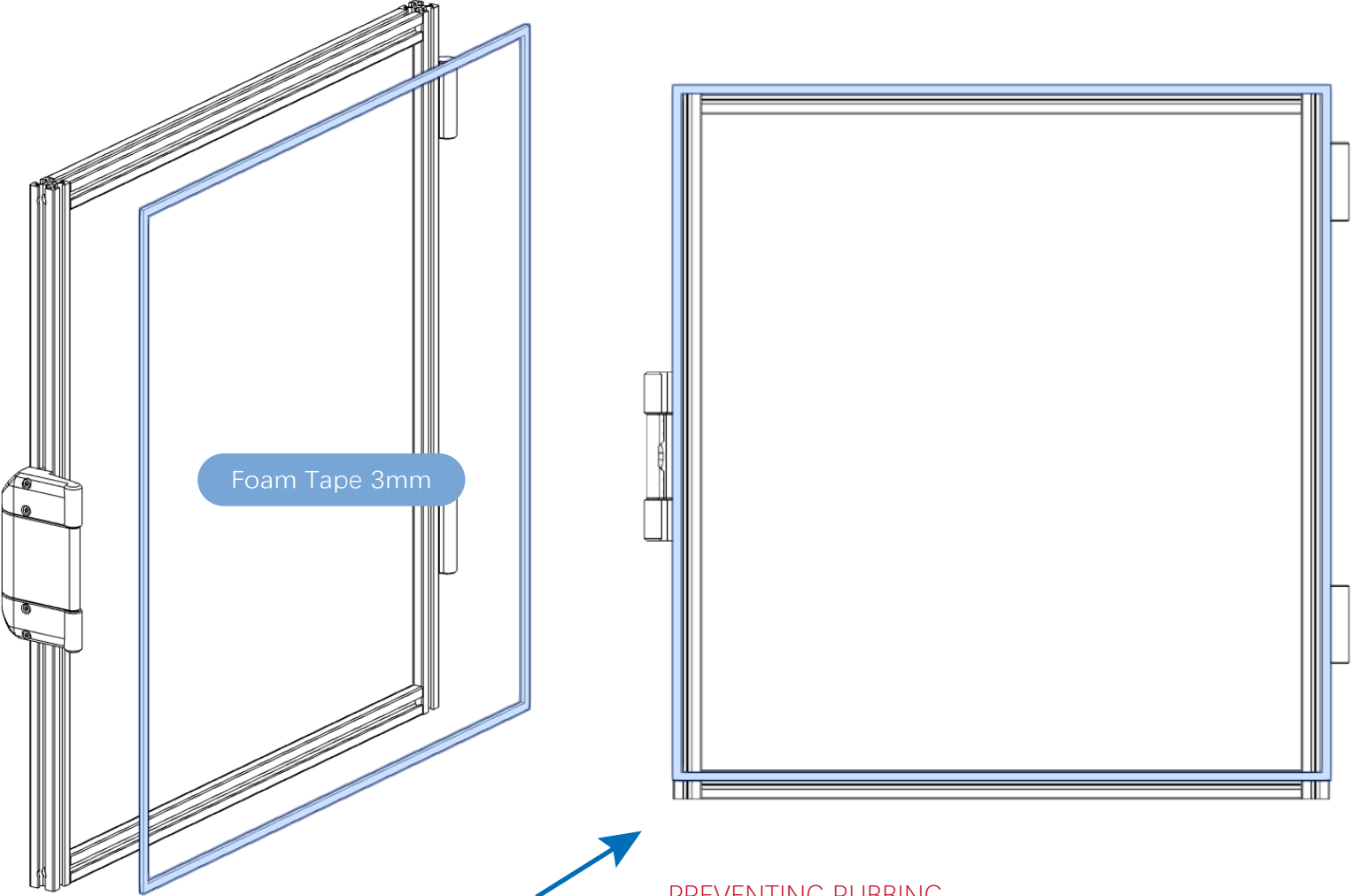




M3 T-Nut ×2

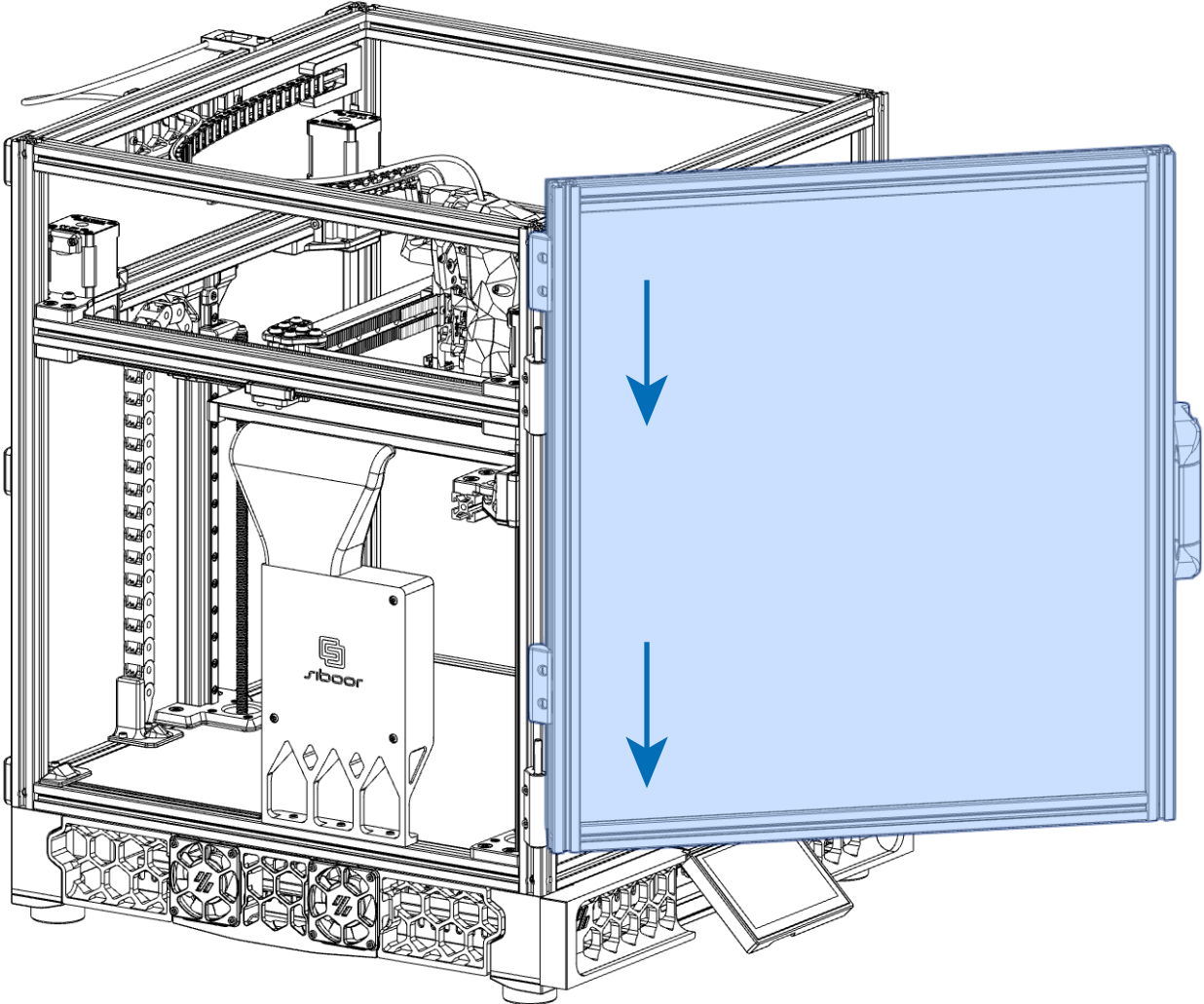


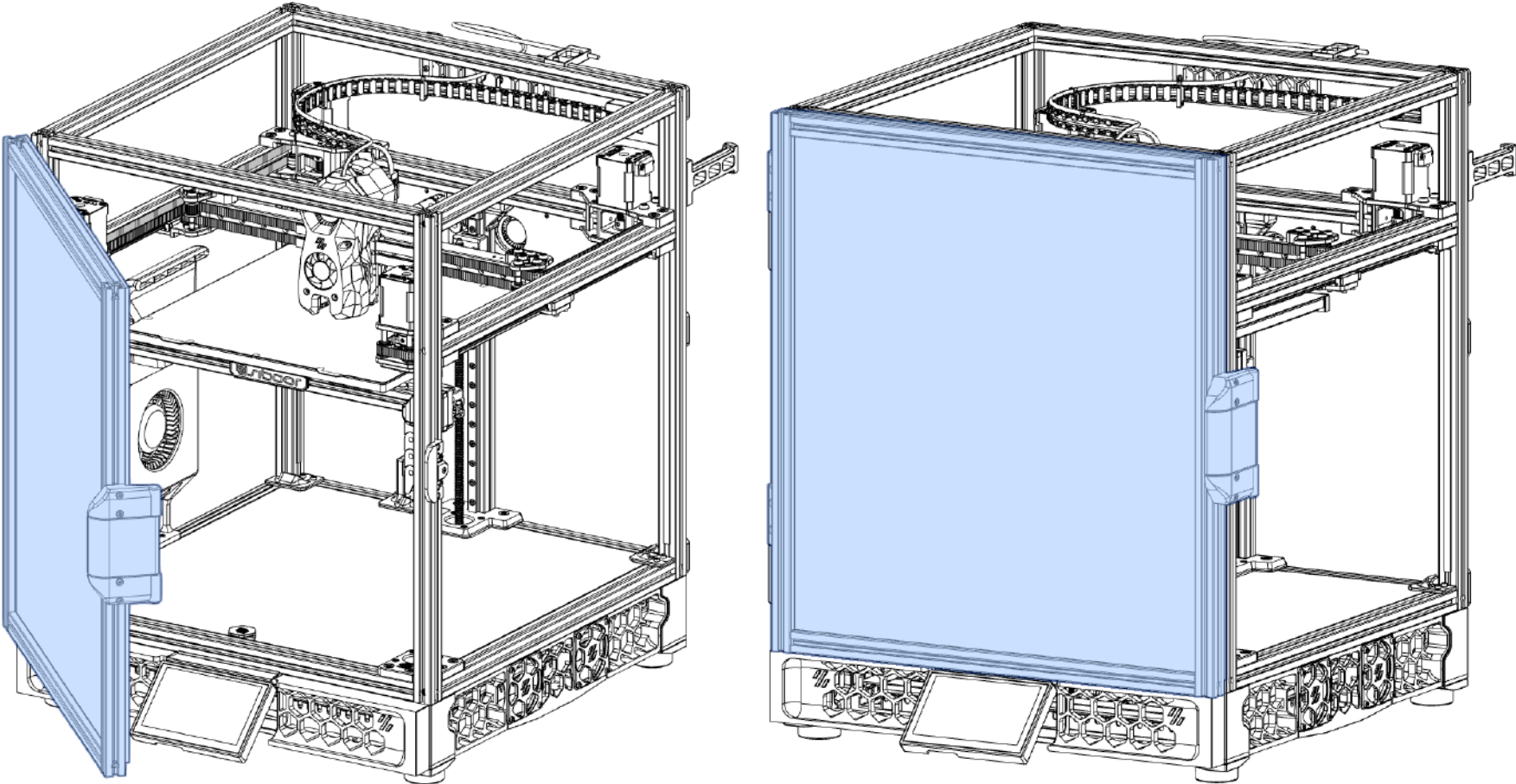
M3×20 SHCS



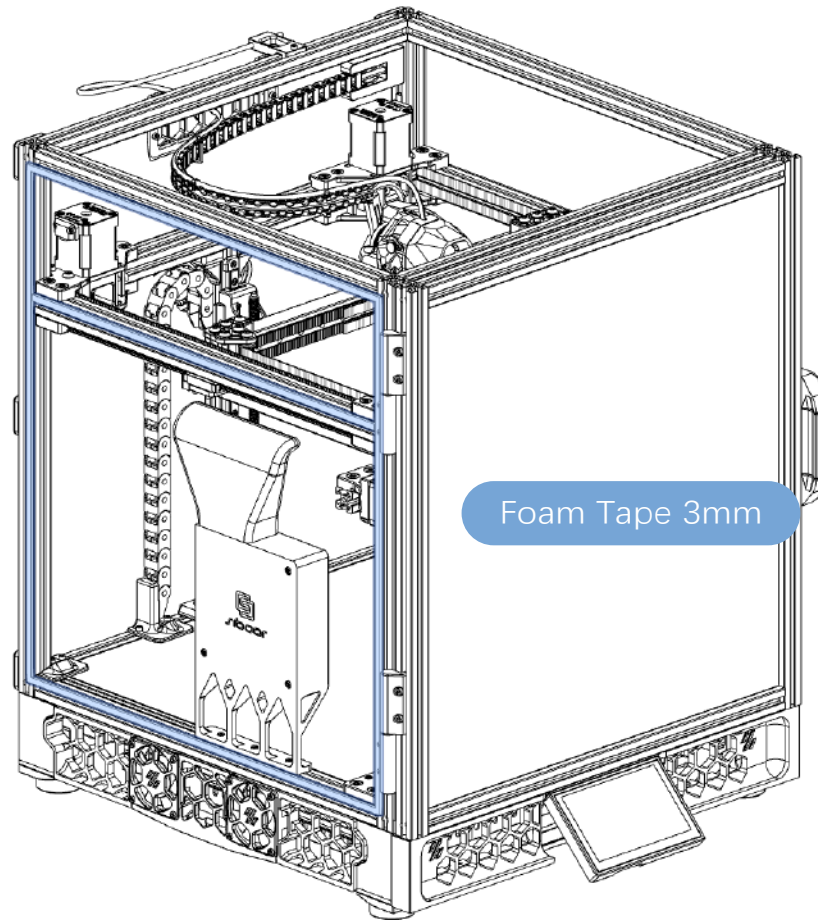
PREVENTING RUBBING

The Foam Tape is placed at a higher position on the extrusion to prevent it from rubbing against the skirt net.



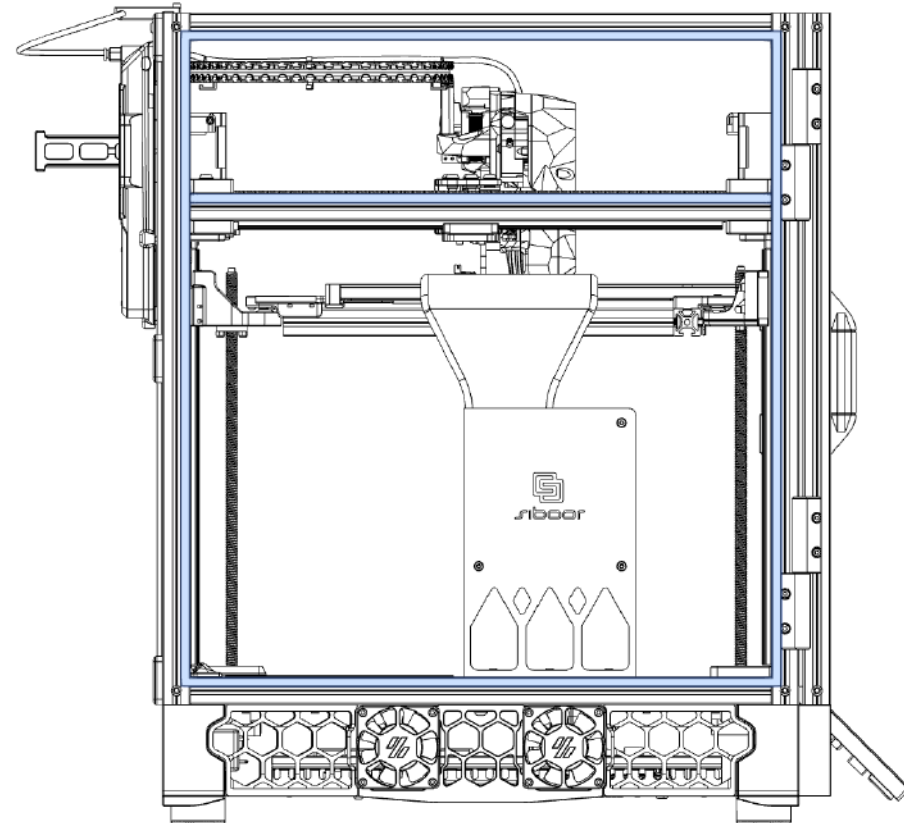






APPLY FOAM TAPE

Use 3mm foam tape on the contact areas between the panels and the frame to mitigate noise from vibrations.

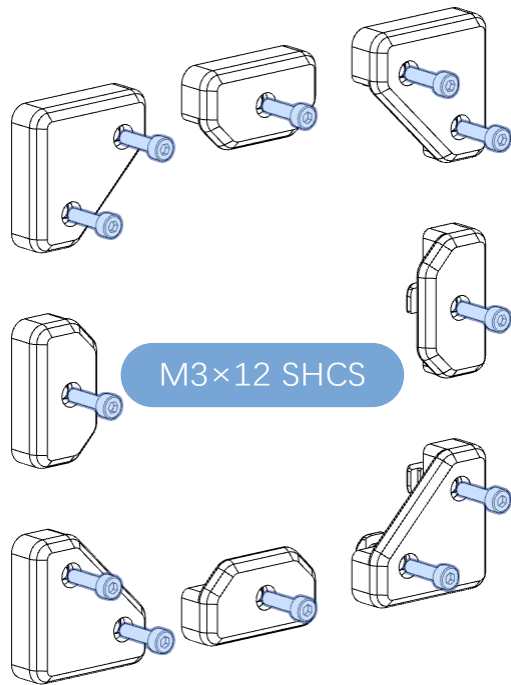


APPLYING FOAM TAPE TO THE RIGHT SIDE

Apply Foam Tape (3mm) to the right side of the printer in the same manner. This step is not repeated here.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

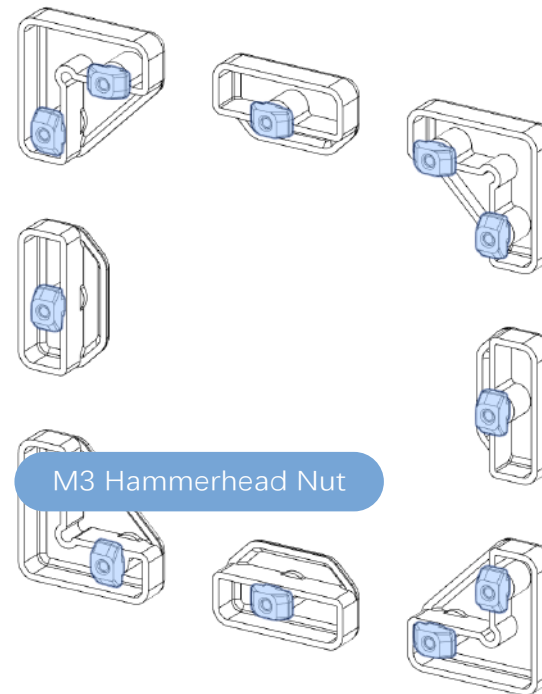
If you have purchased the REINFORCEMENT and CNC Metal Diagonal Rod, now is the time to install them. Please refer to pages 243-245.



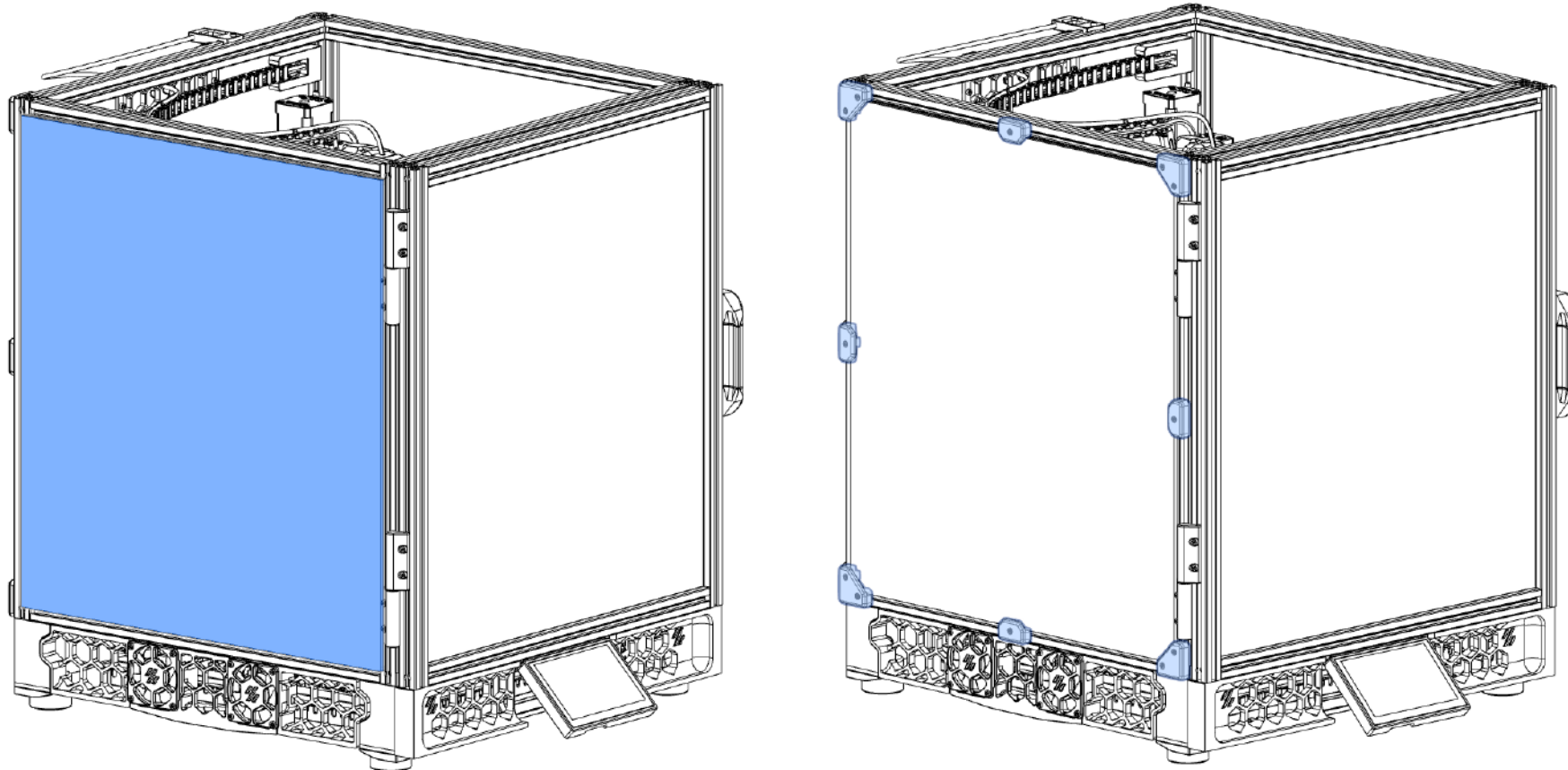
midspan_panel_clip_6mm

corner_panel_clip_6mm

×2

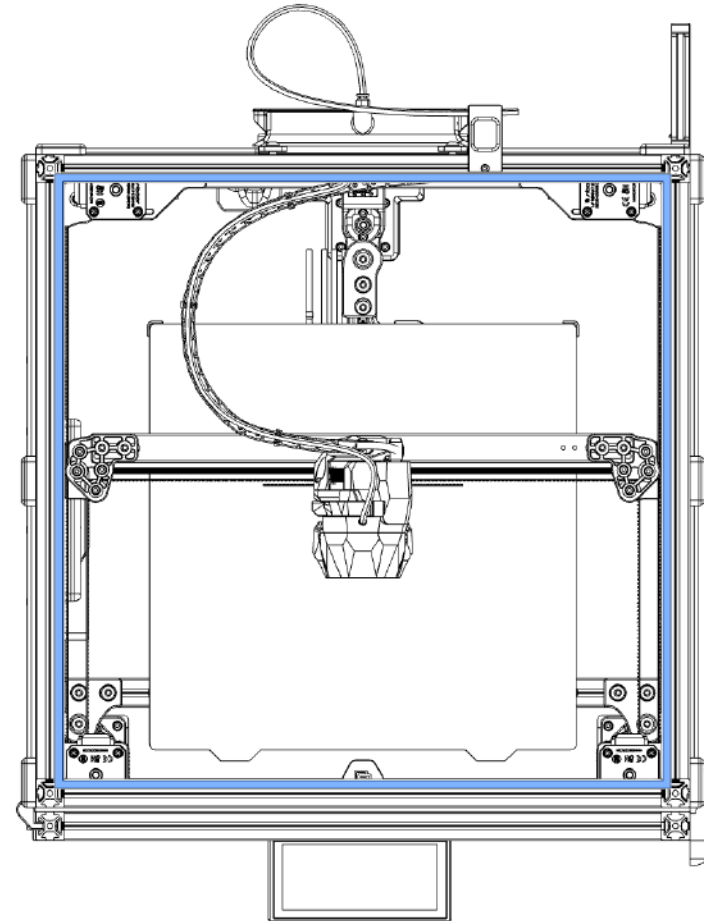
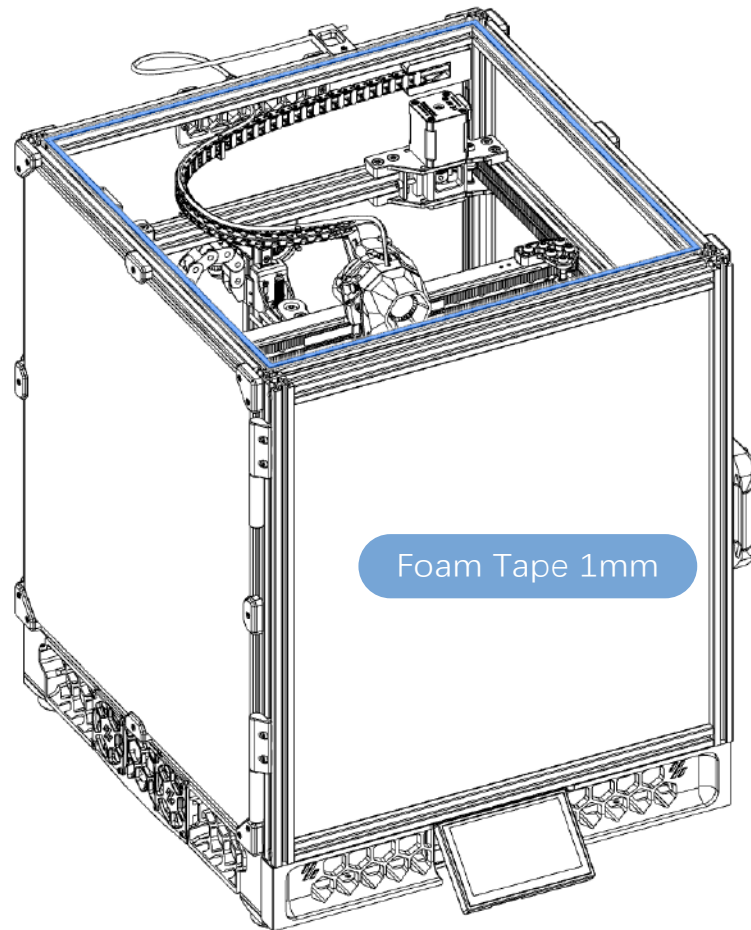


M3 Hammerhead Nut



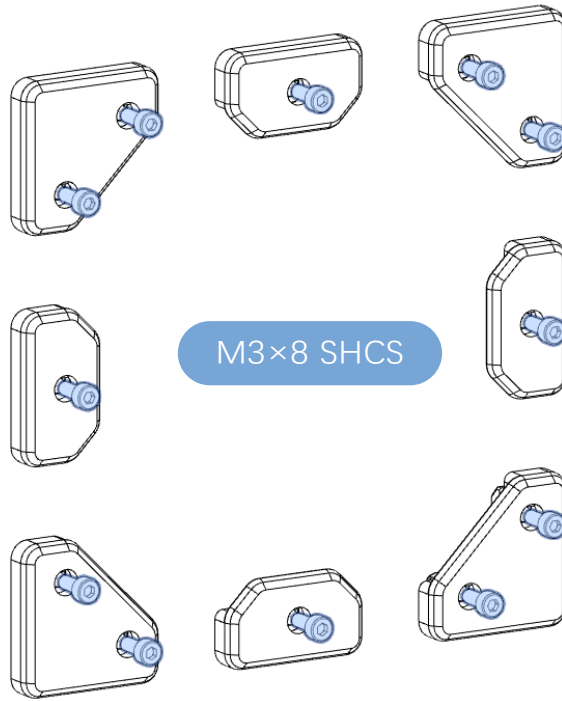
APPLYING FOAM TAPE TO THE RIGHT SIDE

Apply Foam Tape (3mm) to the right side of the printer in the same manner. This step is not repeated here.



APPLY FOAM TAPE

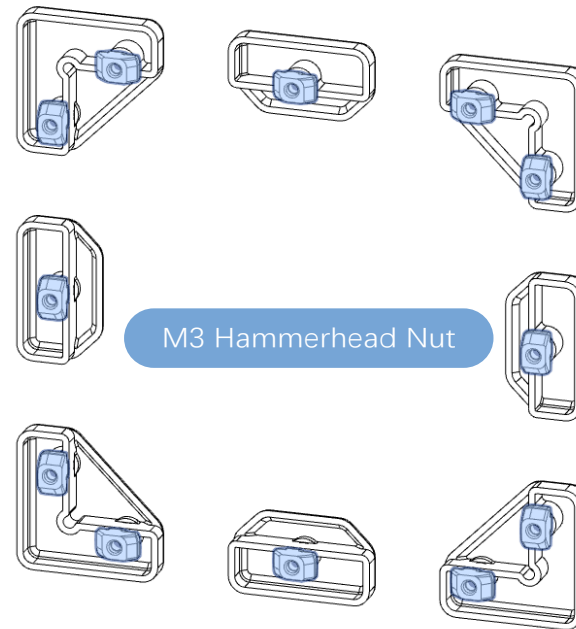
Use 1mm foam tape on the contact areas between the panels and the frame to mitigate noise from vibrations.



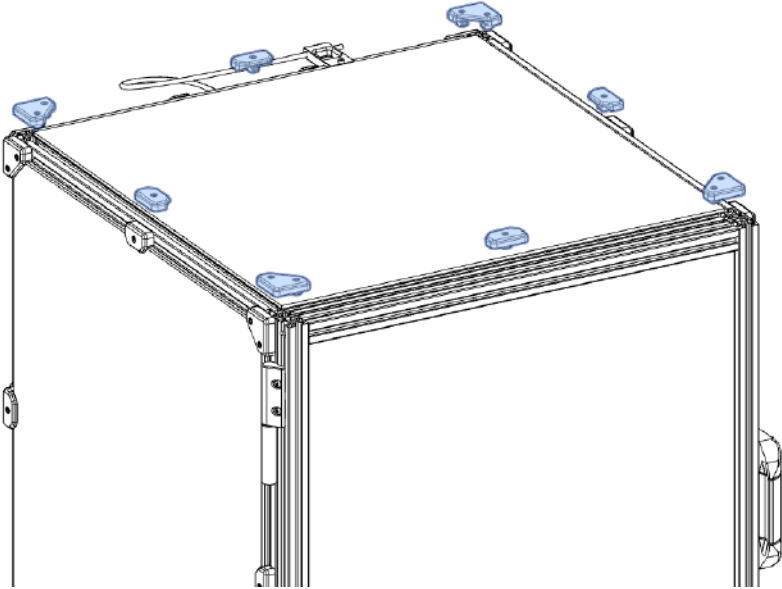
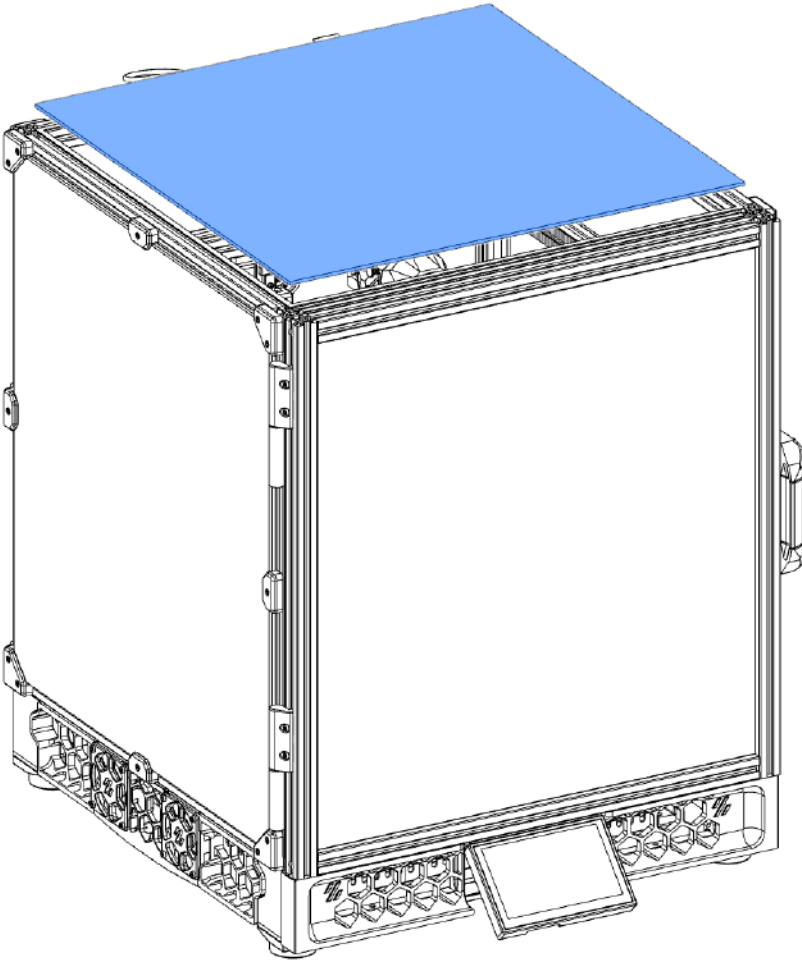
M3x8 SHCS

midspan_panel_clip_4mm

corner_panel_clip_4mm



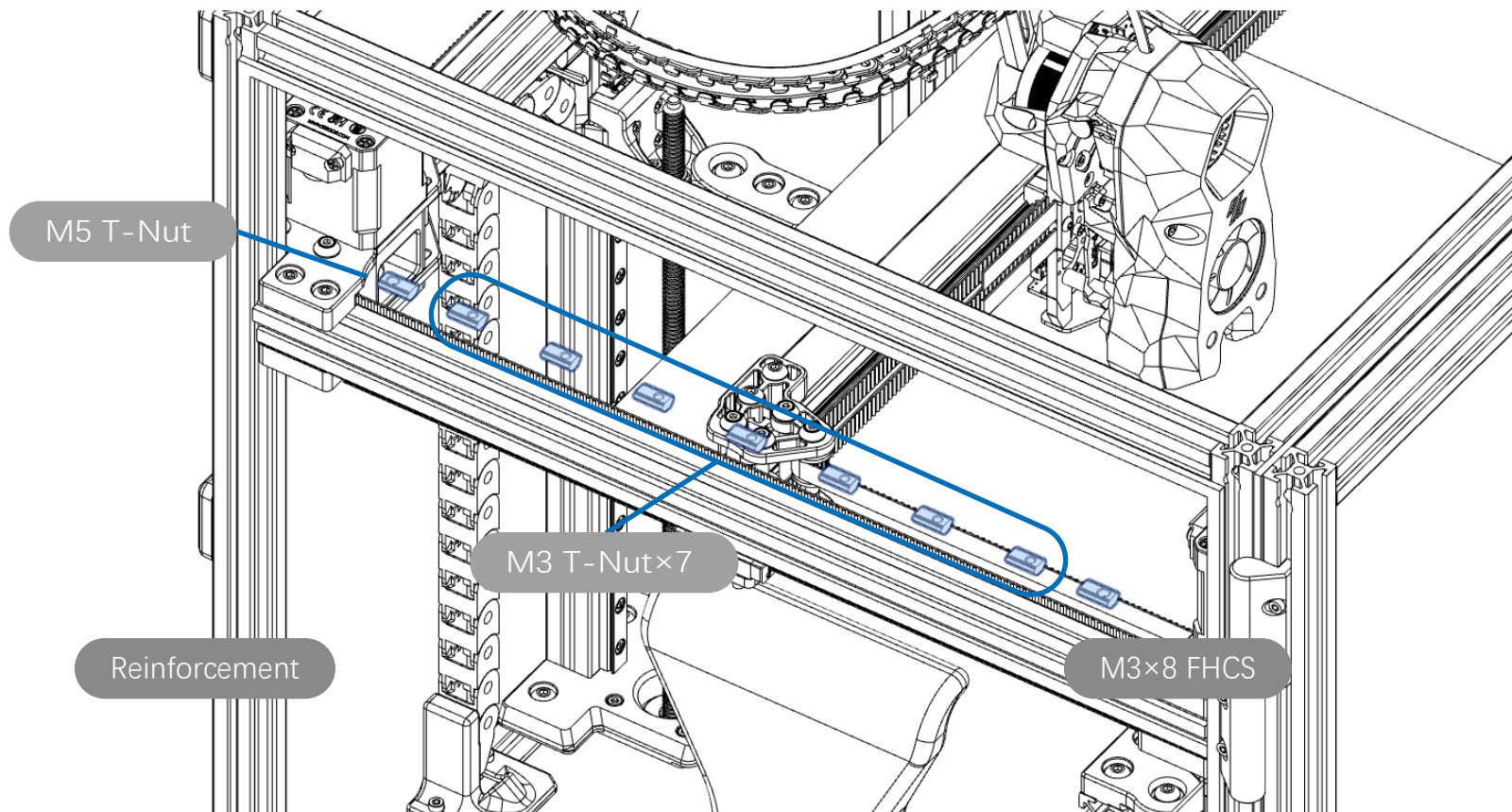
M3 Hammerhead Nut



M5 T-Nut

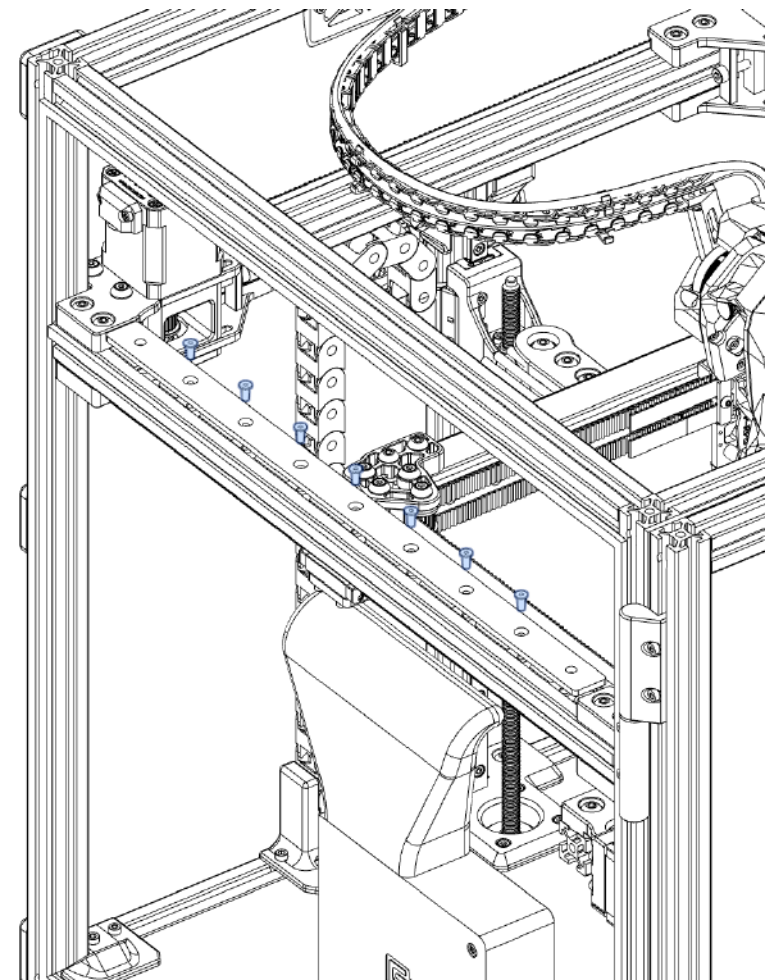
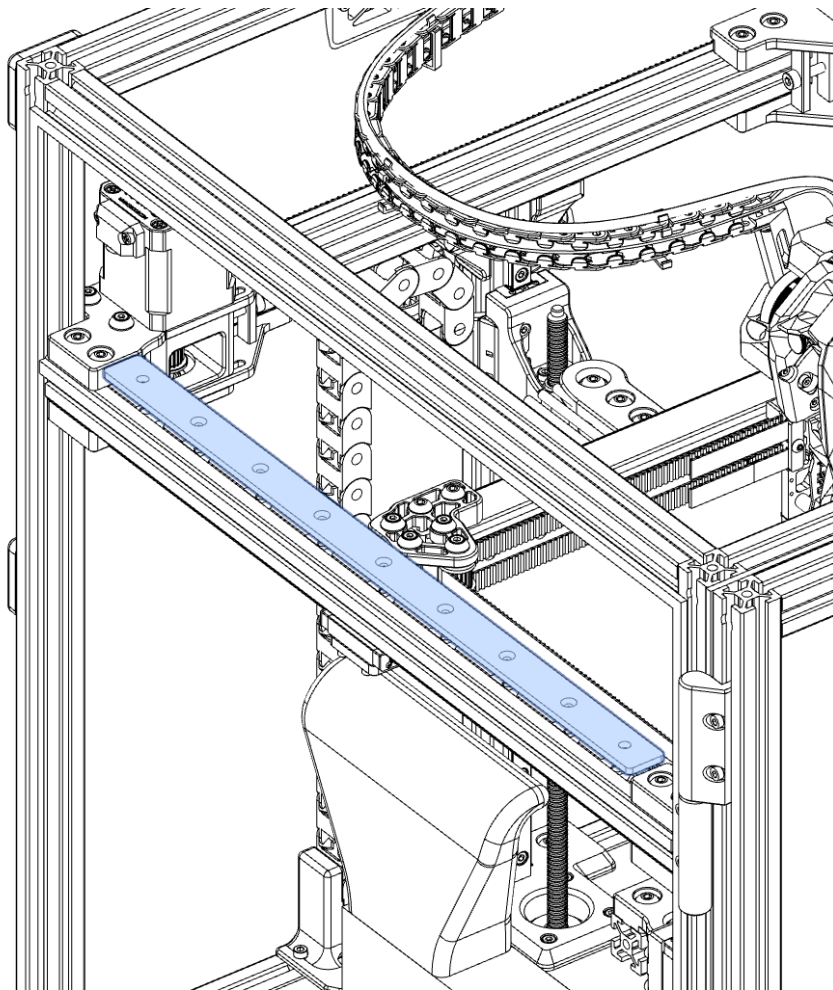
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If you have not purchased additional items, please skip this section.



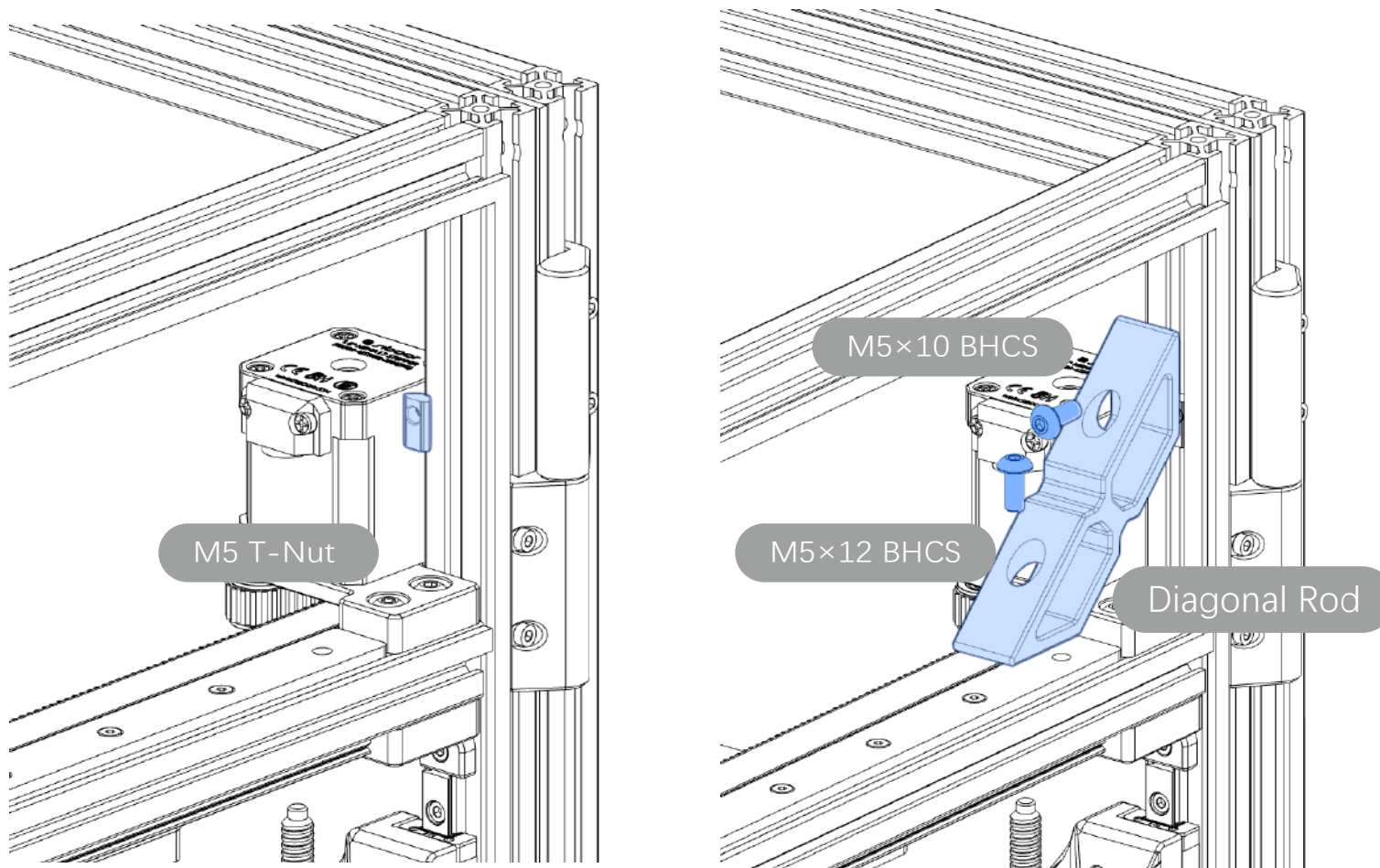
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If you have not purchased additional items, please skip this section.





-SIBOOR- Trident [JUNE] ASSEMBLY

