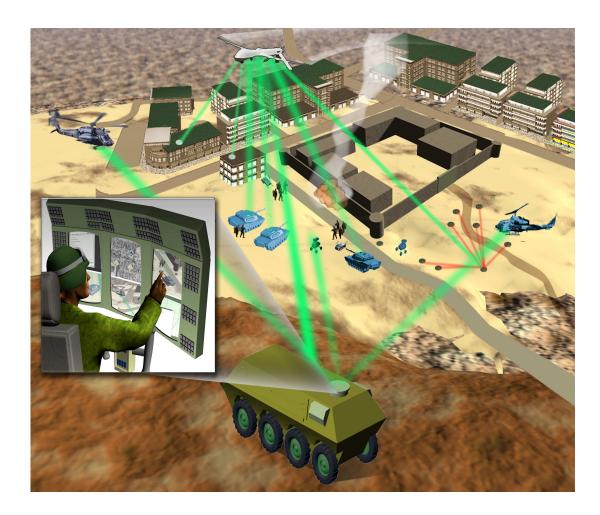


Participatory scenario design and simulation on the ICF testbed

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Future Battlefield Teamwork



- U.S. Army is undecided on future UV capabilities and UVhuman team structure
 - C2 of UVs requires new tactics, techniques and procedures
- There is little known about how to support effective C2 of multiple autonomous systems
 - Current robot control primarily teleoperation
 - Autonomous is not the same as effective



Intelligent Control Framework (ICF)

- Research operator-oriented issues in C2 of mixed human-robot teams
- Develop multi-agent control framework and components for operator C2 of robot teams
- Build a test bed, method and techniques for scenario-based simulation and evaluation



Issues in human-UV teamwork

1421_01

RSTA

0 Warning

SUGV - Unidentifiable sound detected

SUGV - Phase "Drive To SUGV Checkpoint" has

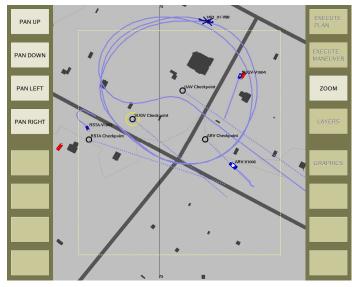
RSTA - Phase "Drive To RSTA Checkpoint" ha

(Potential Threat ID: #1002

(Potential Threat ID: #1002)

heen made active

A





- Option generation and selection
- Autonomy allocation and real-time adaptations
- Maintaining team SA
 - Fog of war, imperfect sensors and soda straws
 - Multiple simultaneous tasks
- Operator attitude
 - Confidence, over-reliance, etc.

There is no perfect solution for every situation, user or robotic team

EXECUTE

MANEUVER

VIEW PLAN

DETAILS

DELETE

DETAILS

2 Advisories

00:00:09 🗧 🗲

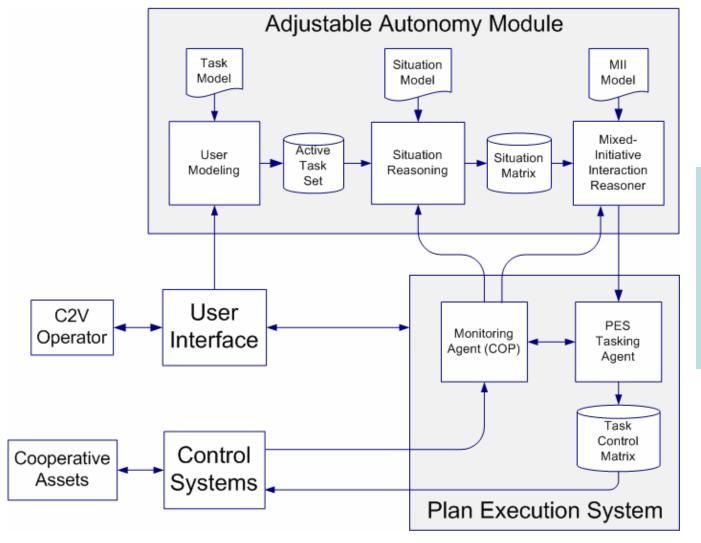
00:01:02 🗧

00:00:35 🐓

00:01:14 4

PLAN

ICF Architecture (Year 1)



System knowledge and behaviors are driven by data files and heuristics

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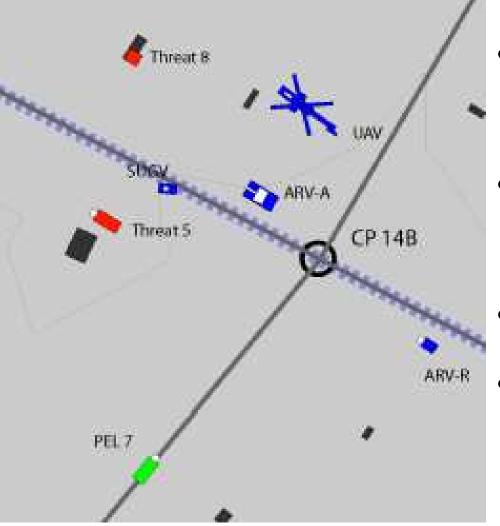


ICF testbed development efforts

- *Tools* for simulation of C2 of multi-UV teams and mixed human-robot teams
- *Techniques* for SME knowledge elicitation based on wargaming and participatory design
- *Methods* for scenario based design and assessment of TTPs, policies, and UVs



Example Scenario: IED Ambush



- IED discovered, small arms fire, multiple moving contacts (hostile & unknown)
- What happens in the first few seconds will likely determine the survivability of the assets
- RNCO has 4 UVs to think of and 3 possible threats.
- Automation has possible advantages here, but automation not always appropriate or effective



Next steps

- Explore possible variations and endings

 Work with SMEs to identify tactics, useful
 automations, and policies (ROEs)
- Translate findings into ICF prototype
 - Encode SME knowledge into domain ontologies and behavior models
- Evaluate and redesign the ICF UI
 - Identify key operator issues in management of robot teams and develop solutions



Approach: Iterative scenario development and simulation

Build

Scenario documentation **Evaluate** Rapid knowledge acquisition and design iteration before and after Design test bed implementation Soar Technology © 2005 Soar Technology, Inc. Proprietary | Slide 9

What's inside this box?

Nuggets

- Military compatibility
 - U.S. military already uses similar wargaming and simulation techniques
- Reduce engineering time
 - Iterative wargaming can reduce development time in the face of unknowns
- Iterative refinement
 - This process will help refine the ICF test bed, and the ICF test bed will be a valuable piece in this process



- Good men = hard to find
 - There are few soldiers with significant amount of robot experience
- Good men = expensive
 - SMEs are expensive and it can be difficult to get them to think outside their box
- Need more tools
 - There is currently little tool support to ease translation from envisioned capabilities to encoded behaviors



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Discussion



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