



Soar-RL and agent-based computational economics

Soar Workshop 2008

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Slide 1

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Outline

- › Project background
- › Economic models and agent-based modeling
- › From game theory to games (board game)
- › Soar-RL
- › Conclusions/Evaluation



Project

- › NWO-ACTS *Sustainable Hydrogen* Program
- › Postdoc
- › Aim: *Obtaining insight into how regulation should be designed as an optimal impetus for a technological hydrogen reform and how, next to regulatory schemes, expectations and perceptions of stakeholders affect this transition path.*



Agent-based modeling in Economics

- › Addressing conceptual difficulties in neo-classical economics (e.g., *rational expectations*)
- › Economic agents as *objects*
- › ‘Generative social science’ (Epstein & Axtell, 1996)
- › Computational economics (Tesfatsion & Judd, 2006)

- › Simulation vs. Optimization?
- › Myopic adjustment vs. Planning?



Game theory and Game AI

- › Evolutionary game theory (Weibull, 1995)
- › Learning in games (Fudenberg & Levine, 1998)
- › Fictitious play & Reinforcement learning
- › Justification for *Nash equilibrium*

- › *What about winning and losing?*
- › Serious games for Economists? (Grevers & van der Veen, to appear)



Model

› Consumer:

$$U = \sum_{t=0}^T \frac{1}{(1+\rho)^t} u(c_t)$$

$$u(c_t) = \frac{c_t^{1-\theta} - 1}{1-\theta}$$

$$r_t + 1 = (\rho + 1) \left(\frac{c_t}{c_{t-1}} \right)^\theta$$



Model

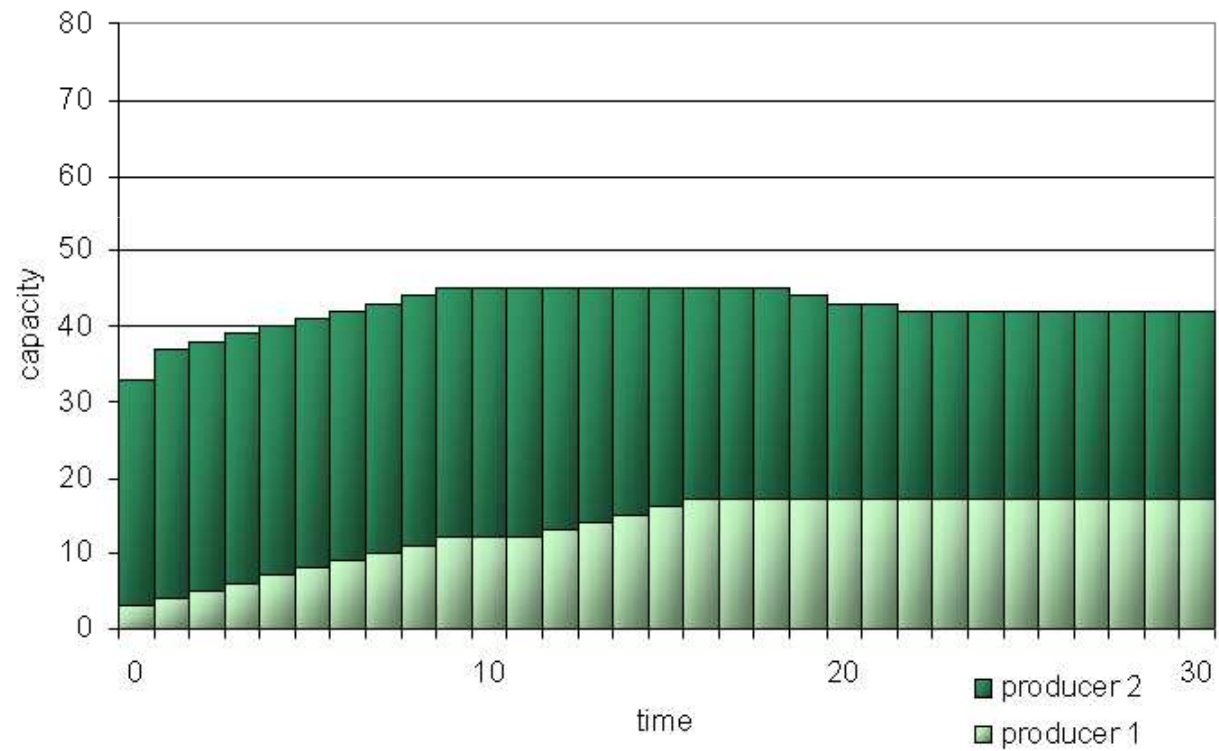
› Producer:

$$c_t = f(k_t) - i_t$$

$$V = \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{f(k_t) - (1 + r_t)i_{t-1}}{\prod_{\tau=1}^t (1 + r_\tau)}$$

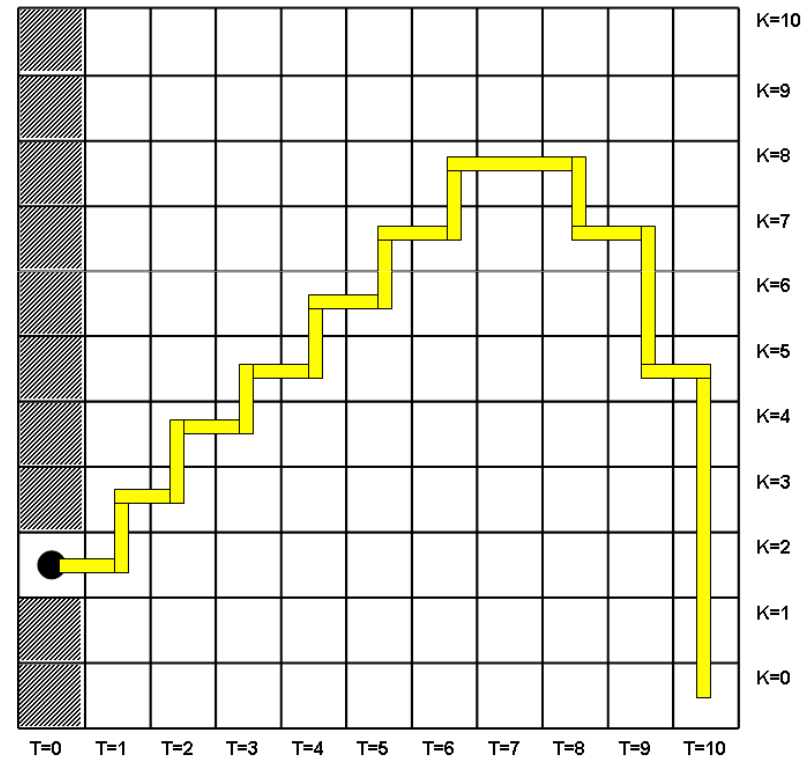
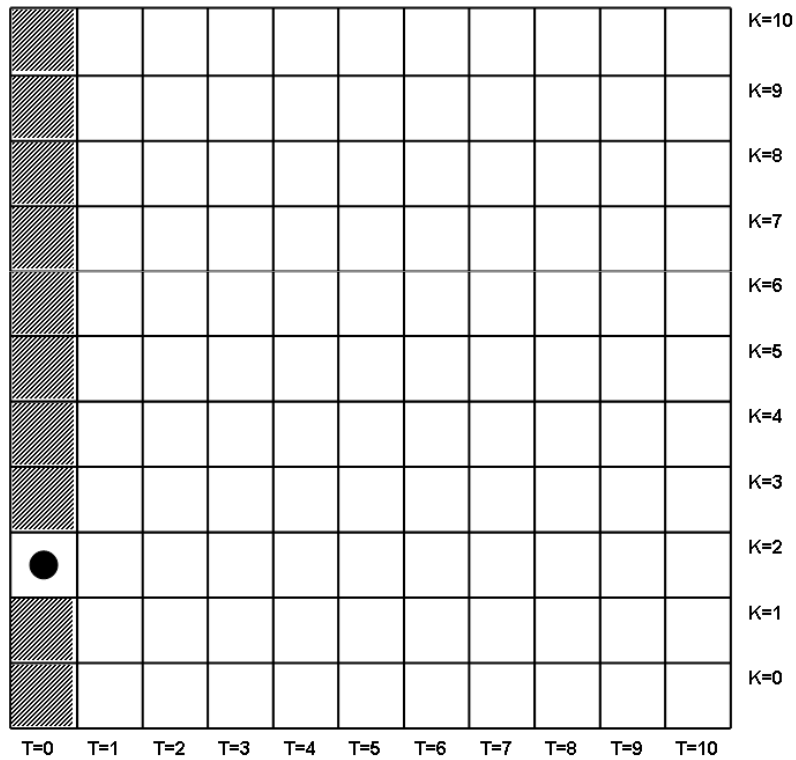


Installed production capacity



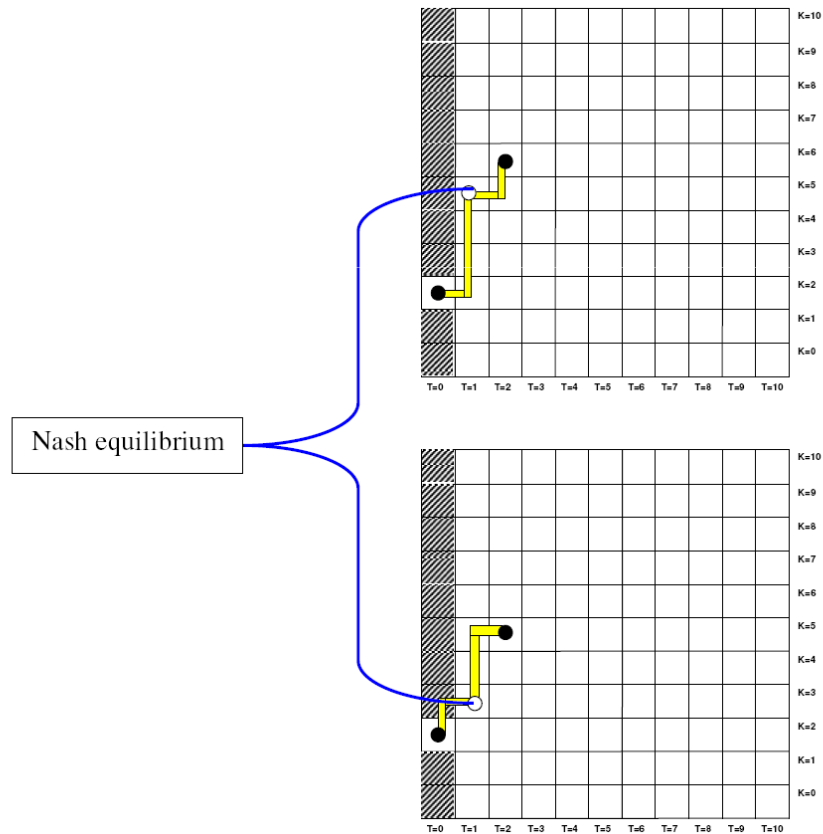


Grid



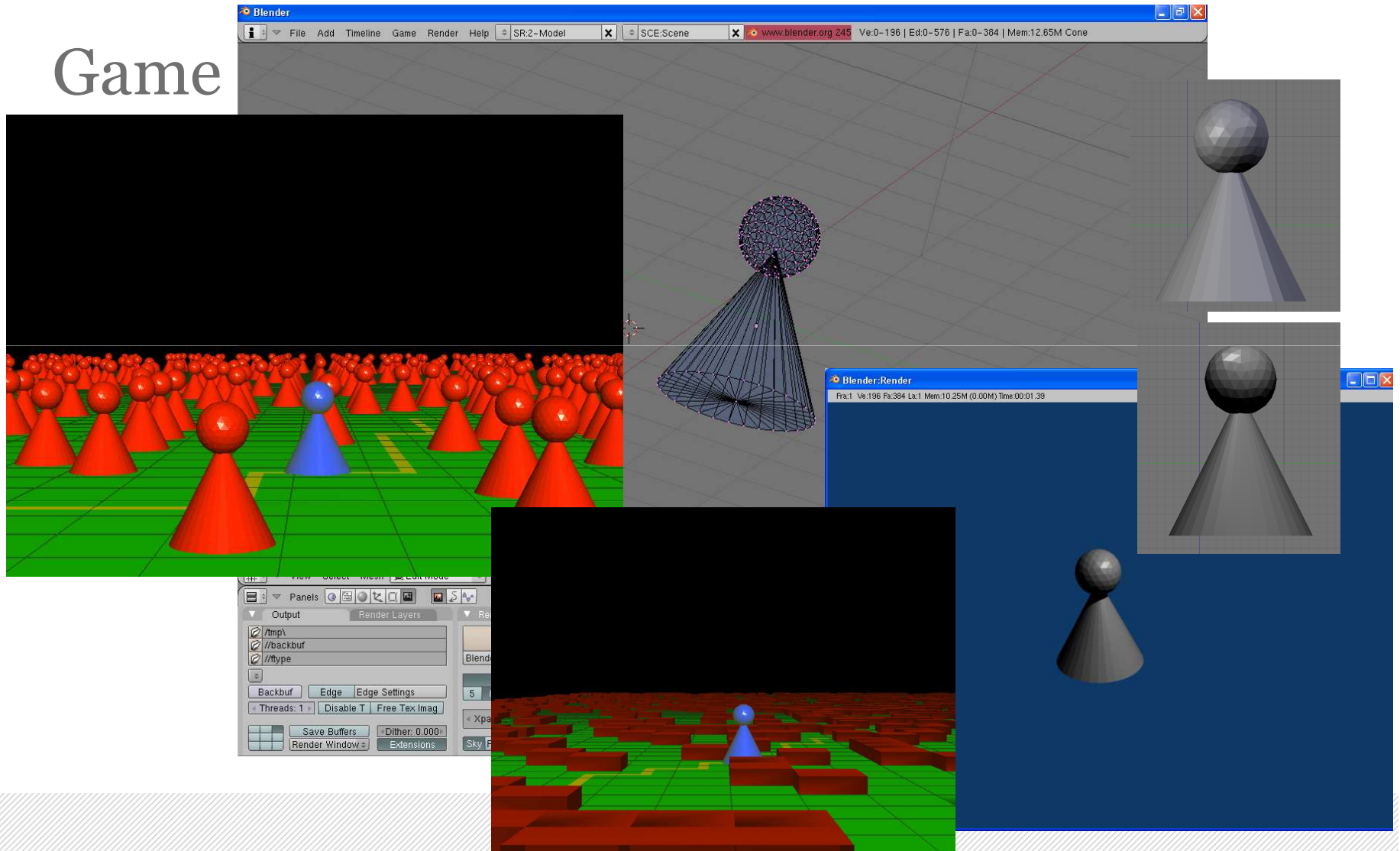


Strategic interaction





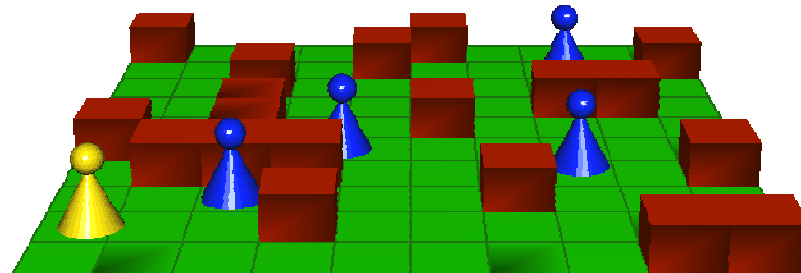
Game





Board game (shortest path)

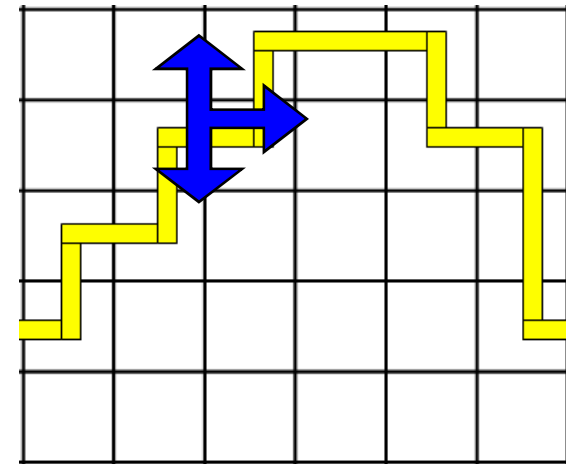
- › Dynamic programming replaced by Soar-RL
- › Multiple agents (obstacles)
- › Implemented in C++ (SML, OpenGL)
- › ABM as Python module (Soar-RL embedded)





Soar-RL in our project

- › Q-value and Boltzmann equation have economic-theoretic counterparts: utility/profit and *logit* choice
- › Bridge between computational method and production system
- › Productions as basis for cognitive model of producer tactics





Conclusions/Evaluation

- › Work in progress
- › Reinforcement learning in Soar offers an intuitive starting point for applying a cognitive architecture in agent-based computational economics
- › Knowledge on cognitive architectures in our project limited
- › Relation with AI in games (tactical reasoning)?
- › Suggestions welcome



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