

How to Use SVS

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Soar Workshop 2012

History

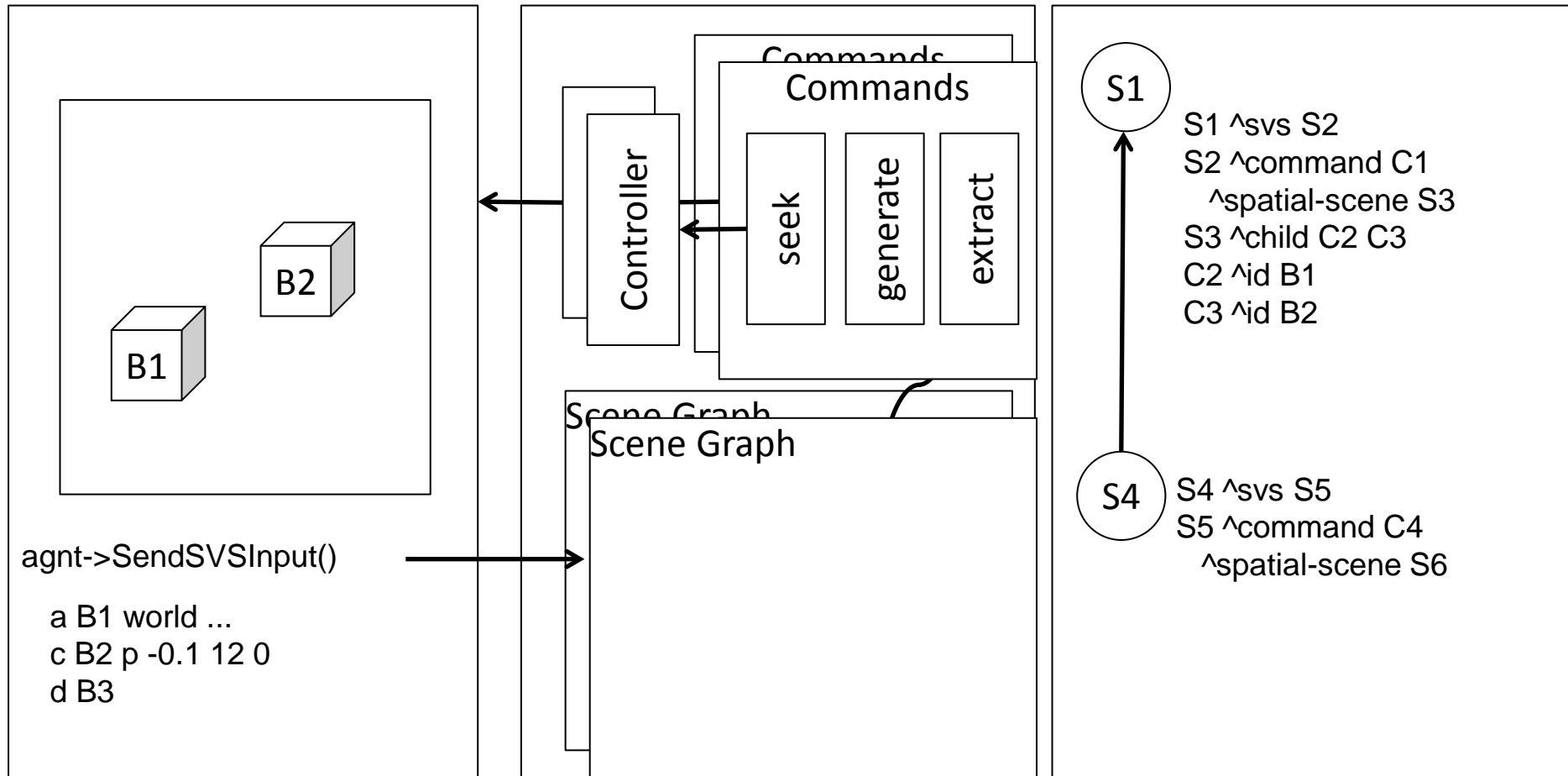
- Soar Visual Interface (SVI) – Scott Lathrop
- Spatial Reasoning System (SRS) – Sam Wintermute
- Soar Visual System = SVI + SRS – Sam Wintermute
- SVS “lite” – What this presentation is on
 - Kernel & SML integration
 - Traded functionality for simplicity

Overview

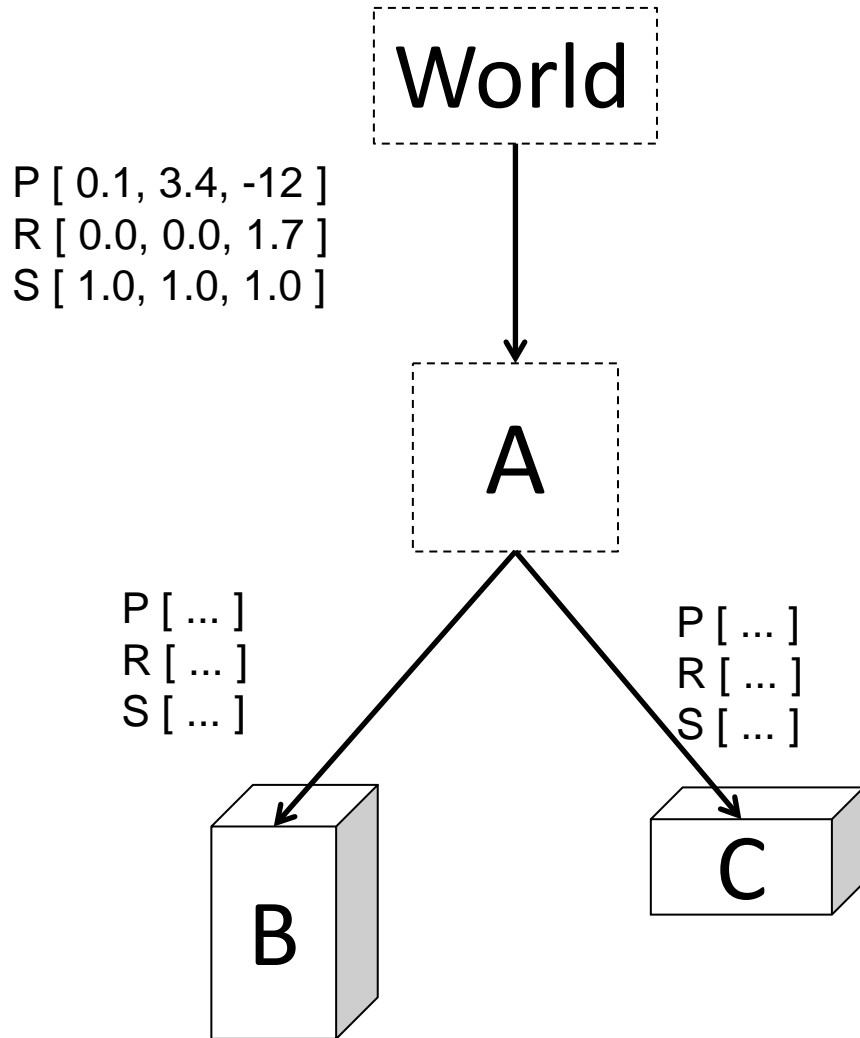
SML Environment

SVS

Soar



Scene Graph



(<s> ^svs <svs>)

(<svs> ^spatial-scene
<scn>)

(<scn> ^id world
^child <c1>)

(<c1> ^id A
^child <c2>
^child <c3>)

(<c2> ^id B)

(<c3> ^id C)

Scene Graph Editing Language

- Environment modifies SVS scene graph with agent->SendSVSInput(“<sgel>”)
- Add an object named <o> as a child of <p>
 - a <o> <p> v <vertices> p <position> r <rotation> s <scaling>
- Change an object’s transforms or vertices
 - c <o> v <vertices> p <position> r <rotation> s <scaling>
- Delete an object
 - d <o>

Recommended Paradigm

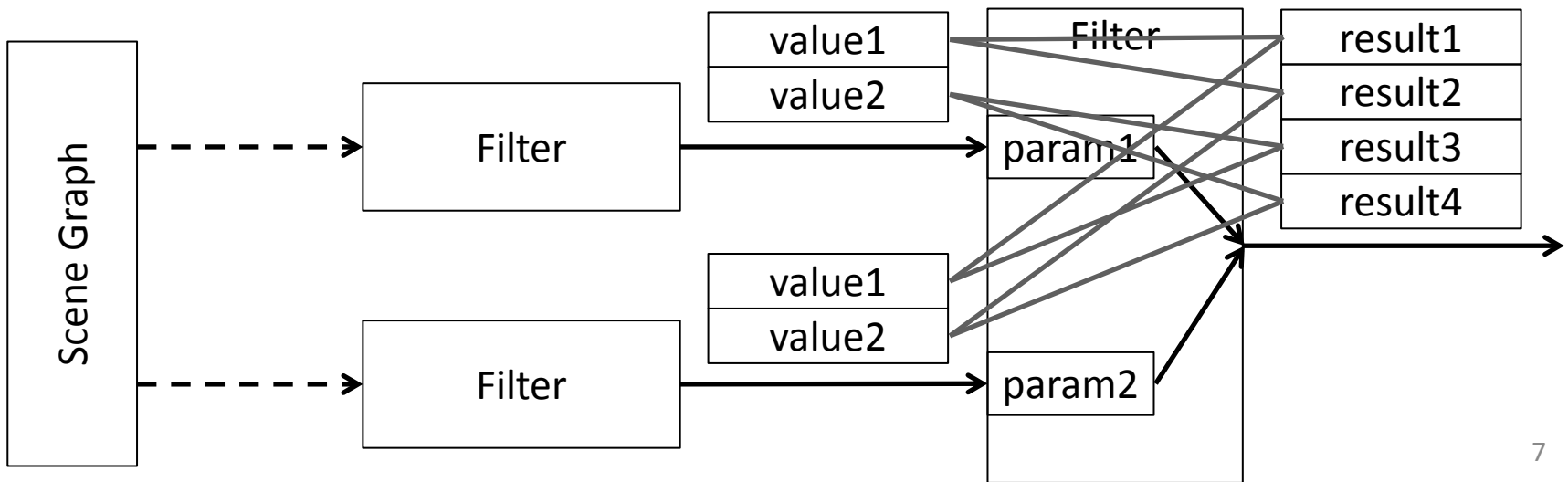
```
void output_handler(smlRunEventId id, void *env,
                   Agent *a, smlPhase phase)
{
    int ncmds = a->GetNumberCommands();
    for (int i = 0; i < ncmds; ++i) {
        <handle output link commands>
    }
    <run environment simulation with output>
    string in = <generate SGEL from environment state>;
    a->SendSVSInput(in.c_str());
}

int main() {
    <initialize agent and environment>
    a->RegisterForRunEvent(smIEVENT_AFTER_OUTPUT_PHASE,
                          &output_handler, env, true);

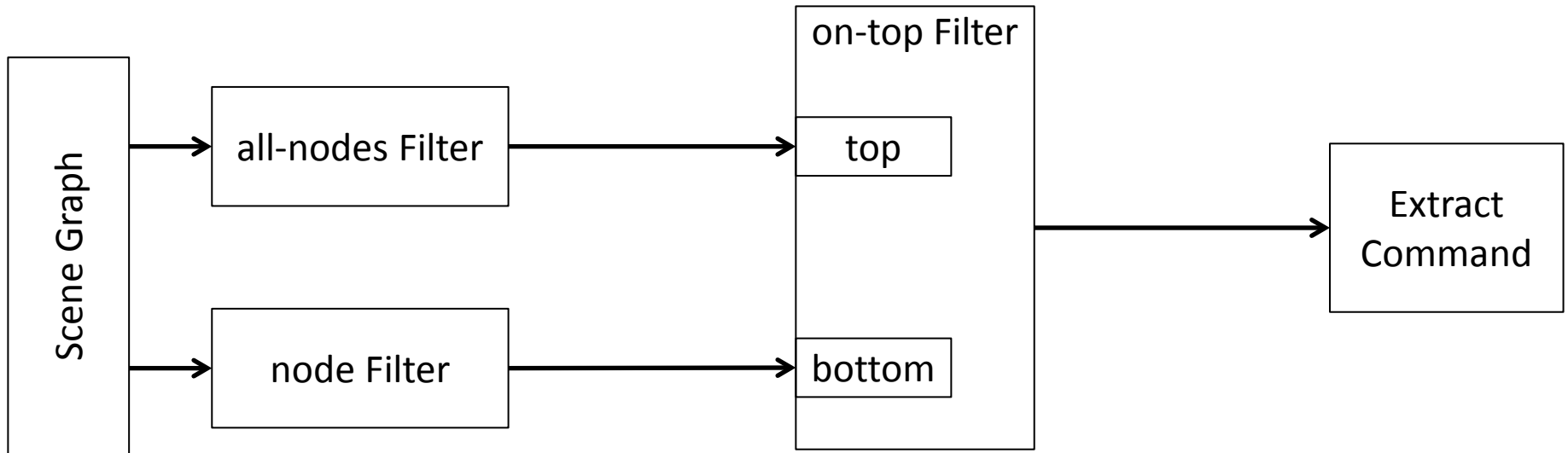
    <run>
}
```

Filters

- Basic unit of computation
- Multiple list inputs, single list output
- Different ways to combine inputs:
 - Full product. Ex: N of param A, M of param B -> N * M results
 - Tuples. Ex. N of param A, N of param B -> N results



Extract Command



(S2 ^command.extract E1)

(E1 ^type on-top

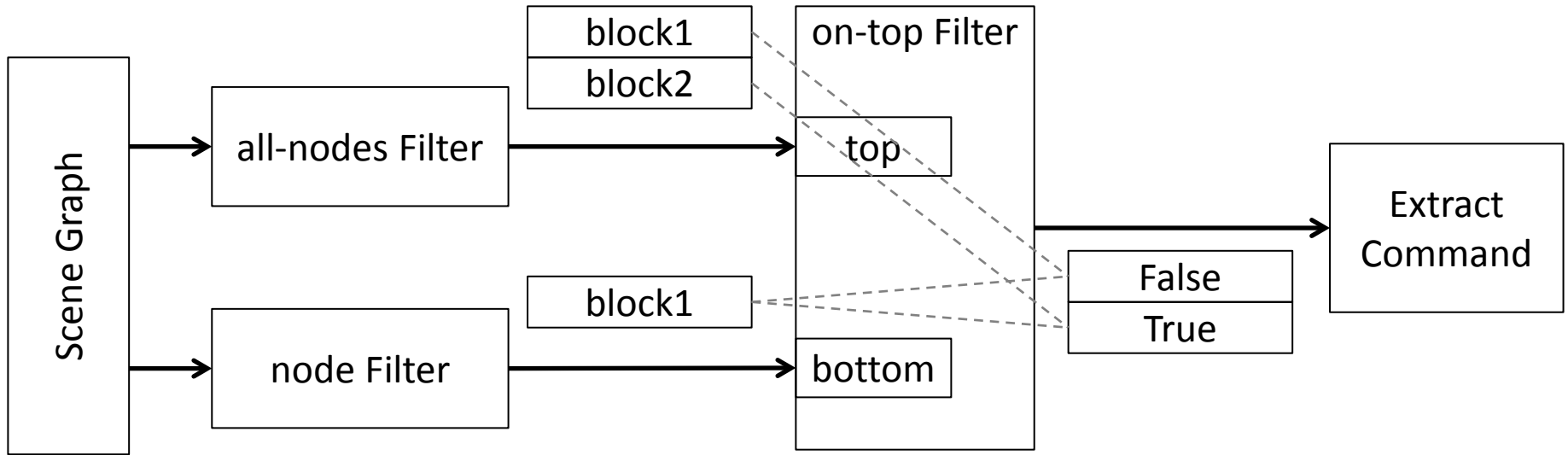
^top T1

^bottom B1)

(T1 ^type all-nodes)

(B1 ^type node ^name block1)

Extract Command



(S2 ^command.extract E1)

(E1 ^type on-top

^top T1

^bottom B1

^status success

^result R1)

(T1 ^type all-nodes)

(B1 ^type node ^name block1)

(R1 ^positive P1

^negative N1)

(P1 ^atom A1)

(A1 ^a block1 ^b block2)

(N1 ^atom A2)

(A2 ^a block1 ^b block1)

Special Case: Intersection Filter

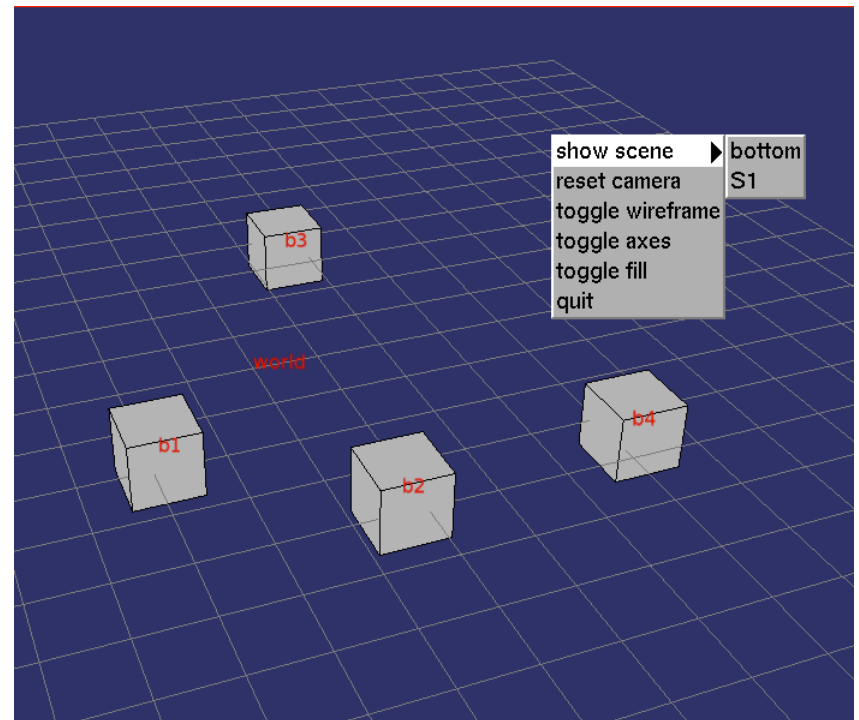
- SVS objects are arbitrary convex polyhedrons, intersection calculations are expensive
- Handle with collision detector from Bullet Physics engine
 - Uses cheap broad-phase calculation to rule out collisions
 - Precompiled libs are distributed with SVS
- Caveat: All objects in scene are inserted into collision detector. If you calculate one intersection, you've calculated them all

Writing Your Own Filter

- Inherit the `map_filter<result type>` class
 - Just need to code logic for calculating one result from one set of input parameters
 - Result caching and input combinations all taken care of for you

Visualization

- Separate 3D viewer program to minimize SVS dependencies
 - OpenSceneGraph, GLUT, quickhull
- SVS talks to viewer via file socket /tmp/viewer
- Plain-text language very similar to SGEL
 - Not specific to SVS



How to Get It

- Clone this git repo into Core/SVS
 - <https://github.com/jzxu/SVS.git>
- Patch the kernel to use SVS:
`$ patch -p0 < Core/SVS/patch`
- Compile and run Soar like normal
- To run viewer:
Install OpenSceneGraph, GLUT, and quickhull (all available in most Linux package repos)
`$ cd Core/SVS/vis/viewer`
`$ scons`
`$./viewer`

Evaluation

Coal

- Only works on *nix and Mac OS
 - Uses OS-specific BSD sockets, and I haven't written Windows version

Nuggets

- Works out of the box on Linux
- Successfully used in Bolt project