

JAVA - SENDING EMAIL

To send an e-mail using your Java Application is simple enough but to start with you should have **JavaMail API** and **Java Activation Framework (JAF)** installed on your machine.

- You can download latest version of [JavaMail \(Version 1.2\)](#) from Java's standard website.
- You can download latest version of [JAF \(Version 1.1.1\)](#) from Java's standard website.

Download and unzip these files, in the newly created top level directories you will find a number of jar files for both the applications. You need to add **mail.jar** and **activation.jar** files in your CLASSPATH.

Send a Simple E-mail:

Here is an example to send a simple e-mail from your machine. Here it is assumed that your **localhost** is connected to the internet and capable enough to send an email.

```
// File Name SendEmail.java

import java.util.*;
import javax.mail.*;
import javax.mail.internet.*;
import javax.activation.*;

public class SendEmail
{
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {
        // Recipient's email ID needs to be mentioned.
        String to = "abcd@gmail.com";

        // Sender's email ID needs to be mentioned
        String from = "web@gmail.com";

        // Assuming you are sending email from localhost
        String host = "localhost";

        // Get system properties
        Properties properties = System.getProperties();

        // Setup mail server
        properties.setProperty("mail.smtp.host", host);

        // Get the default Session object.
        Session session = Session.getDefaultInstance(properties);

        try{
            // Create a default MimeMessage object.
            MimeMessage message = new MimeMessage(session);

            // Set From: header field of the header.
            message.setFrom(new InternetAddress(from));

            // Set To: header field of the header.
            message.addRecipient(Message.RecipientType.TO,
                new InternetAddress(to));

            // Set Subject: header field
            message.setSubject("This is the Subject Line!");

            // Now set the actual message
            message.setText("This is actual message");

            // Send message
            Transport.send(message);
            System.out.println("Sent message successfully....");
        } catch (MessagingException mex) {
```

```
mex.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}
```

Compile and run this program to send a simple e-mail:

```
$ java SendEmail
Sent message successfully....
```

If you want to send an e-mail to multiple recipients then following methods would be used to specify multiple e-mail IDs:

```
void addRecipients(Message.RecipientType type,
                  Address[] addresses)
throws MessagingException
```

Here is the description of the parameters:

- **type:** This would be set to TO, CC or BCC. Here CC represents Carbon Copy and BCC represents Black Carbon Copy. Example *Message.RecipientType.TO*
- **addresses:** This is the array of email ID. You would need to use *InternetAddress()* method while specifying email IDs

Send an HTML E-mail:

Here is an example to send an HTML email from your machine. Here it is assumed that your **localhost** is connected to the internet and capable enough to send an email.

This example is very similar to previous one, except here we are using *setContent()* method to set content whose second argument is "text/html" to specify that the HTML content is included in the message.

Using this example, you can send as big as HTML content you like.

```
// File Name SendHTMLEmail.java

import java.util.*;
import javax.mail.*;
import javax.mail.internet.*;
import javax.activation.*;

public class SendHTMLEmail
{
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {

        // Recipient's email ID needs to be mentioned.
        String to = "abcd@gmail.com";

        // Sender's email ID needs to be mentioned
        String from = "web@gmail.com";

        // Assuming you are sending email from localhost
        String host = "localhost";

        // Get system properties
        Properties properties = System.getProperties();

        // Setup mail server
        properties.setProperty("mail.smtp.host", host);

        // Get the default Session object.
        Session session = Session.getDefaultInstance(properties);

        try{
            // Create a default MimeMessage object.
            MimeMessage message = new MimeMessage(session);
```

```

// Set From: header field of the header.
message.setFrom(new InternetAddress(from));

// Set To: header field of the header.
message.addRecipient(Message.RecipientType.TO,
    new InternetAddress(to));

// Set Subject: header field
message.setSubject("This is the Subject Line!");

// Send the actual HTML message, as big as you like
message.setContent("<h1>This is actual message</h1>",
    "text/html" );

// Send message
Transport.send(message);
System.out.println("Sent message successfully....");
}catch (MessagingException mex) {
    mex.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

Compile and run this program to send an HTML e-mail:

```

$ java SendHTMLEmail
Sent message successfully....

```

Send Attachment in E-mail:

Here is an example to send an email with attachment from your machine. Here it is assumed that your **localhost** is connected to the internet and capable enough to send an email.

```

// File Name SendFileEmail.java

import java.util.*;
import javax.mail.*;
import javax.mail.internet.*;
import javax.activation.*;

public class SendFileEmail
{
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {

        // Recipient's email ID needs to be mentioned.
        String to = "abcd@gmail.com";

        // Sender's email ID needs to be mentioned
        String from = "web@gmail.com";

        // Assuming you are sending email from localhost
        String host = "localhost";

        // Get system properties
        Properties properties = System.getProperties();

        // Setup mail server
        properties.setProperty("mail.smtp.host", host);

        // Get the default Session object.
        Session session = Session.getDefaultInstance(properties);

        try{
            // Create a default MimeMessage object.
            MimeMessage message = new MimeMessage(session);

            // Set From: header field of the header.
            message.setFrom(new InternetAddress(from));

            // Set To: header field of the header.

```

```

message.addRecipient(Message.RecipientType.TO,
                    new InternetAddress(to));

// Set Subject: header field
message.setSubject("This is the Subject Line!");

// Create the message part
BodyPart messageBodyPart = new MimeBodyPart();

// Fill the message
messageBodyPart.setText("This is message body");

// Create a multipart message
Multipart multipart = new MimeMultipart();

// Set text message part
multipart.addBodyPart(messageBodyPart);

// Part two is attachment
messageBodyPart = new MimeBodyPart();
String filename = "file.txt";
DataSource source = new FileDataSource(filename);
messageBodyPart.setDataHandler(new DataHandler(source));
messageBodyPart.setFileName(filename);
multipart.addBodyPart(messageBodyPart);

// Send the complete message parts
message.setContent(multipart );

// Send message
Transport.send(message);
System.out.println("Sent message successfully....");
} catch (MessagingException mex) {
    mex.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

Compile and run this program to send an HTML e-mail:

```

$ java SendFileEmail
Sent message successfully....

```

User Authentication Part:

If it is required to provide user ID and Password to the e-mail server for authentication purpose then you can set these properties as follows:

```

props.setProperty("mail.user", "myuser");
props.setProperty("mail.password", "mypwd");

```

Rest of the e-mail sending mechanism would remain as explained above.