

JAVA - ABS() METHOD

Description:

The method gives the absolute value of the argument. The argument can be int, float, long, double, short, byte.

Syntax:

All the variant of this method are given below:

```
double abs(double d)
float abs(float f)
int abs(int i)
long abs(long lng)
```

Parameters:

Here is the detail of parameters:

- Any primitive data type

Return Value:

- This method Returns the absolute value of the argument.

Example:

```
public class Test{

    public static void main(String args[]){
        Integer a = -8;
        double d = -100;
        float f = -90;

        System.out.println(Math.abs(a));
        System.out.println(Math.abs(d));
        System.out.println(Math.abs(f));
    }
}
```

This produces the following result:

```
8
100.0
90.0
```