Item	Convention	Examples
Top level structures	Lower case bold Greek	$\sigma$ , the world state $\mu$ , the machine state.
Functions on highly structured values	Upper case Greek	$\Upsilon,$ the Ethereum state transition function.
Most functions	Upper case letters, possibly subscripted	$C$ , the general cost function $C_{\text{SSTORE}}$ , the cost function for the set operation.
Specialised functions	Typewriter	KEC, the Keccak-256 hash KEC512, the Keccak-512 hash function.
Tuple	Upper case letter	T, a transaction.
Component of a Tuple	Subscripted upper-case letter. A capital subscript refers to a component that is a tuple.	$T_n$ , the transaction nonce $I_H$ , The header of the current block (a tuple).
Scalars, fixed size byte sequences/arrays	Usually a lower-case letter Sometimes Greek	$n$ , a transaction's nonce $\delta$ , the number of stack items required.
Arbitrary length sequences	Bold lower-case	<b>o</b> , output data of message call.
Sets	Double struck capitals	$\mathbb{P}_{256}$ , positive integers less than $2^{256}$ $\mathbb{B}_{32}$ , byte sequences of length 32.
Components or subsequences of sequences	Square brackets	$\mu_{s}[0]$ , the first item on the stack $\mu_{m}[031]$ the first 32 items in memory.
Modified (and utilisable) value	Prime mark	g' gas remaining.
Intermediate values	Asterisk superscripts	$g^*$ gas to be refunded $g^{**}$ available gas remaining after code execution.
Element-wise transformations	Asterisk superscript on a function	$f^*((x_0, \overline{x_1, \ldots})) \equiv (f(x_0), f(x_1), \ldots)$ for any function $f$ .

1. Conventions

2. Symbols	S
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Name	Description	
High level constructs		
$\sigma$	The world-state, comprising all accounts' nonces, balances, storage and code.	
$oldsymbol{\sigma}_t$	World-state at time $t$ .	
$\mu$	Machine-state tuple, $(g, pc, \mathbf{m}, i, \mathbf{s})$ , which are gas, program counter, memory, memory size, stack.	
T	An Ethereum transaction	
$T_0, T_1, \dots$	Individual transactions within a block	
B	A block: $B \equiv (, (T_0, T_1,))$	
Υ	The Ethereum state transition function: $\boldsymbol{\sigma}_{t+1} \equiv \Upsilon(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_t, T)$	
Ω	The block-finalisation state transition function (pays out the mining reward).	
Π	The block-level state-accumulation function: $\Pi(\boldsymbol{\sigma}, B) \equiv \Omega(B, \Upsilon(\Upsilon(\boldsymbol{\sigma}, T_0), T_1))$	

# World state

$\sigma[a]$	The account state of account a, being a tuple of (nonce, balance, storageRoot, codeHash).
$\sigma[a]_n$	The nonce of account $a$ .
$\sigma[a]_b$	The balance of account $a$ .
$\sigma[a]_s$	A 256-bit hash of the root node of a Merkle Patricia tree that encodes the storage contents of account
	a. Note that $\texttt{TRIE}(L_I^*(\boldsymbol{\sigma}[a]_{\mathbf{s}})) \equiv \boldsymbol{\sigma}[a]_s$
$\sigma[a]_c$	The hash of the EVM code of account $a$ . Equal to $\text{KEC}(\mathbf{b})$ where $\mathbf{b}$ is the account's code.

Name	Description				
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## Machine state

$\mu_{g}$	The gas available.
$\check{\mu_{pc}}$	The program counter.
$\dot{\mu_{ m m}}$	The memory contents.
$oldsymbol{\mu}_i$	The number of memory words allocated
$\mu_{\rm s}$	The stack.
$\mu_{s}[n]$	Item at stack depth $n$ .

## ${\bf Substate}$

A	A Transaction substate during execution: $A \equiv (A_{\mathbf{s}}, A_{\mathbf{l}}, A_{\mathbf{t}}, A_{\mathbf{r}}) \equiv (\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{l}, \mathbf{t}, r).$
$A_{\mathbf{s}}$	The self-destruct set. These accounts will be discarded following the transaction's completion.
$A_1$	The log series.
$A_{\mathbf{t}}$	The set of touched accounts. Empty ones are deleted at the end of the transaction.
$A_r$	The gas refund balance. Can partially offset execution costs.
$A^0$	The empty substate: $A^0 \equiv (\emptyset, (), \emptyset, 0).$

## Execution environment

Ι	Tuple of the following items provided to the execution environment.
$I_a$	The address of the account which owns the code that is executing.
$I_o$	The sender address of the transaction that originated this execution.
$I_p$	The price of gas in the transaction that originated this execution.
$I_{\mathbf{d}}$	The byte array that is the input data to this execution; if the execution agent is a transaction, this
$I_s$	The address of the account which caused the code to be executing; if the execution agent is a transac-
	tion, this would be the transaction sender.
$I_v$	The value, in Wei, passed to this account as part of the same procedure as execution; if the execution
	agent is a transaction, this would be the transaction value.
$I_{\mathbf{b}}$	The byte array that is the machine code to be executed.
$I_H$	The block header of the present block.
$I_e$	The depth of the present message-call or contract-creation (i.e. the number of CALLs or CREATES
	being executed at present).
$I_w$	Flag for permission to make modifications to the state. See EIP-214, STATICCALL
Execution	
_	$(T) \qquad 1 \qquad (I  I  A  ) = T(I  I)$

Ξ	The code execution function $(\boldsymbol{\sigma}', g', A, \mathbf{o}) \equiv \Xi(\boldsymbol{\sigma}, g, I)$ .
0	The output data of a message call, $\mathbf{o} \equiv H(\boldsymbol{\mu}, I)$ .
	At contract creation, the contract bytecode to be deployed.
i	The initialisation EVM code for newly deployed contract (contract constructor).
$H(\boldsymbol{\mu}, I)$	The normal halting function, usually the value provided by the RETURN or REVERT opcodes, or
	empty in the case of STOP.
$Z(\boldsymbol{\sigma}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, I)$	The exceptional halting function.
w	The current operation to be executed: $w \equiv I_{\mathbf{b}}[\boldsymbol{\mu}_{pc}]$ if $\boldsymbol{\mu}_{pc} < \ I_{\mathbf{b}}\ $ , and STOP otherwise.

Blocks

В	A block: $B \equiv (B_H, B_T, B_U)$ .
$B_H$	The block's header.
$B_{\mathbf{T}}$	The block's transactions.
$B_{\mathbf{U}}$	Headers of ommer/uncle blocks of this block.
$B_{\mathbf{R}}$	Transaction receipts.
D(H)	The difficulty of the block with header $H$ .
P(H)	The parent block of the block with header $H$ .
V(H)	The block header validity function.

Name	Description
Block header	
$H_p$	parentHash: The Keccak 256-bit hash of the parent block's header, in its entirety.
$H_o$	ommersHash The Keccak 256-bit hash of the ommers list portion of this block.
$H_c$	<b>beneficiary</b> The 160-bit address to which all fees collected from the successful mining of this block be transferred.
$H_r$	stateRoot The Keccak 256-bit hash of the root node of the state trie, after all transactions are executed and finalisations applied.
$H_t$	transactionsRoot The Keccak 256-bit hash of the root node of the trie structure populated with each transaction in the transactions list portion of the block.
$H_e$	<b>receiptsRoot</b> The Keccak 256-bit hash of the root node of the trie structure populated with the receipts of each transaction in the transactions list portion of the block.
$H_b$	<b>logsBloom</b> The Bloom filter composed from indexable information (logger address and log topics) contained in each log entry from the receipt of each transaction in the transactions list.
$H_d$	difficulty A scalar value corresponding to the difficulty level of this block.
$H_i$	<b>number</b> A scalar value equal to the number of ancestor blocks. The genesis block has a number of zero.
$H_l$	gasLimit A scalar value equal to the current limit of gas expenditure per block.
$H_{g}$	gasUsed A scalar value equal to the total gas used in transactions in this block.
$H_s$	timestamp A scalar value equal to the reasonable output of Unix's time() at this block's inception.
$H_x$	<b>extraData</b> An arbitrary byte array containing data relevant to this block. This must be 32 bytes or fewer.
$H_m$	<b>mixHash</b> A 256-bit hash which proves combined with the nonce that a sufficient amount of compu- tation has been carried out on this block.
$H_n$	<b>nonce</b> A 64-bit hash which proves combined with the mix-hash that a sufficient amount of computation has been carried out on this block.

## Transactions

$T_n$	Transaction nonce.
$T_p$	Gas price for the transaction.
$T_g$	The maximum gas for a transaction.
$T_t$	The "to" address for the transaction.
$T_v$	The value to be transferred by the transaction.
$T_w, T_r, T_s$	The $v, r, s$ values of the transaction signature.
$T_{\mathbf{i}}$	EVM-code for account initialisation (i.e. contract deployment).
$T_{\mathbf{d}}$	Input data of a message call.
S(T)	Sender function—recovers the sender address from the transaction:
	$S(T) \equiv \mathcal{B}_{96,,255} (\text{KEC}(\text{ECDSARECOVER}(h(T), T_w, T_r, T_s))).$

# Transaction Receipt

R	A transaction receipt: $R \equiv (R_z, R_u, R_b, R_l)$
$R_z$	The status code of the transaction.
$R_u$	The cumulative gas used so far in the block.
$R_b$	The bloom filter composed from the information in the transaction logs.
$R_{\mathbf{l}}$	The log entries created by the transaction, $(O_0, O_1,)$ .
0	A log entry: $O \equiv (O_a, (O_{\mathbf{t}0}, O_{\mathbf{t}1},), O_{\mathbf{d}}).$
$O_a$	The logger's address.
$O_{\mathbf{t}}$	A 32-byte log topic.
$O_{\mathbf{d}}$	The log data for this entry.
$\Upsilon^g$	The total gas used in this transaction.
Υl	The logs created by this transaction.
$\Upsilon^z$	The status code of this transaction, $z$ .

## Miscellaneous functions

$\ell(\mathbf{x})$	The last item in sequence $\mathbf{x}$ : $\ell(\mathbf{x}) \equiv \mathbf{x}[  \mathbf{x}   - 1]$
L(n)	The "all but one 64th" function: $L(n) \equiv n - \lfloor n/64 \rfloor$ .
$L_I((k,v))$	Representation of key-value pairs in the trie: $L_I((k, v)) \equiv (\text{KEC}(k), \text{RLP}(v))$
$L_R$	TODO

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Name	Description
$L_S$	World-state collapse function. TODO: expand. Seems to have a different function in computing the message hash.
$L_T$	TODO
M(s, f, l)	Memory expansion function. $s$ is the current top of memory; $f$ is the start of writing; $l$ is the number of bytes to be written.
$\mathcal{B}$	Bit reference function such that $\mathcal{B}_j(\mathbf{x})$ equals the bit of index j (indexed from 0) in the byte array $\mathbf{x}$
$\mathtt{EMPTY}(\boldsymbol{\sigma}, a)$	An account <i>a</i> is <i>empty</i> when it has no code, zero nonce and zero balance, $\sigma[a]_c = \text{KEC}(()) \wedge \sigma[a]_n = 0 \wedge \sigma[a]_b = 0.$
$\mathtt{DEAD}({oldsymbol \sigma},a)$	An account a is dead when its account state is non-existent or empty: $\emptyset \lor \texttt{EMPTY}(\sigma, a)$ .
TRIE	The root hash of the Merkle Patricia tree constructed from its arguments.
KEC	TODO
RLP	TODO
PoW	TODO

# Operators and symbols

$\ \ ,   $	Length of a sequence. These seem to be used interchangeably, but I may have missed something.
$\wedge$	Logical "And".
$\vee$	Logical "Or".
Ø	The empty set.
•	Concatenation, $(a, b, c, d) \cdot e \equiv (a, b, c, d, e)$ , or scalar multiplication depending on context.

Todo	
$\mathbb B$	The set of all sequences of bytes.
$\mathbb{B}_n$	The set of all byte sequences of length $n$ bytes: $\mathbb{B}_n = \{B : B \in \mathbb{B} \land   B   = n\}$
$\mathbb{P}$	The set of positive integers [what's wrong with $\mathbb{N}$ ??? Grrr].
$\mathbb{P}_n$	The set of all positive integers smaller than $2^n$ : $\mathbb{P}_n = \{P : P \in \mathbb{P} \land P < 2^n\}$
$M_{3:2048}$	Specialised Bloom filter.
$\Lambda()$	Contract creation function.
$\Theta()$	"Message call"/contract execution function? Not very clearly defined anywhere, but used extensively.
$\Gamma(B)$	The "initiation state" of block B. Usually $\boldsymbol{\sigma}_i : \text{TRIE}(L_S(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_i)) = P(B_H)_{H_r}$ .
$\Psi(B)$	A block transition function that maps an incomplete block $B$ to a complete block $B'$ (adds in mixHash,
	nonce, stateRoot).
r()	Calculates stateRoot? Used once but not defined.
etc.	