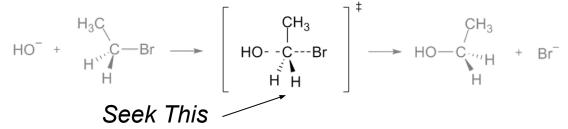
XTBTSScreener.jl **Screening Likely Transition States with** Julia & ML Jackson Burns MIT 18.337 - Spring 2023

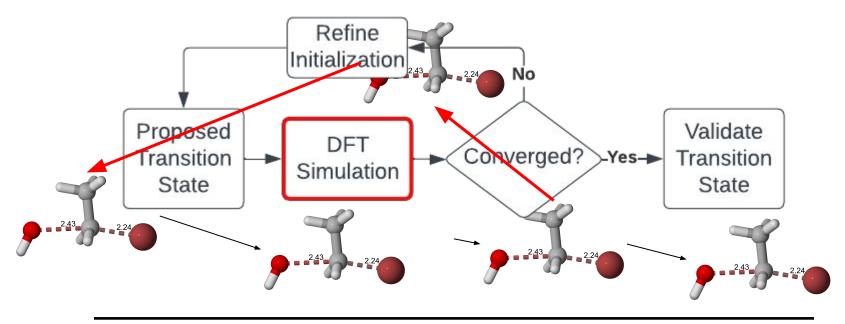
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Background - Transition States

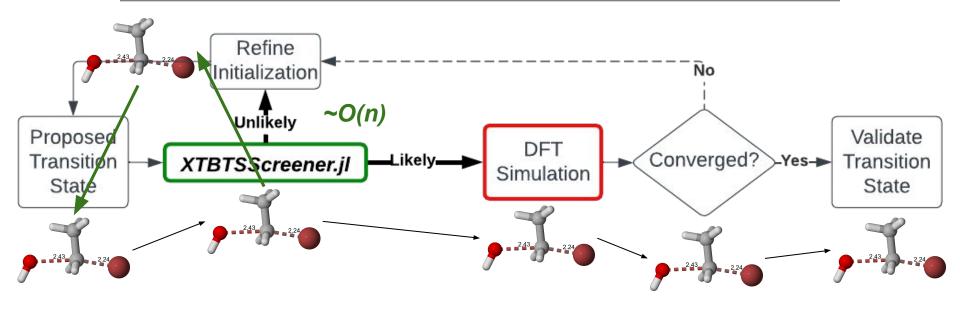


- Chemical kinetics uses transition states to estimate reaction parameters
 - speed of reaction \rightarrow correlation with temperature \rightarrow control scheme
- Identifying them is computationally difficult
 - approximations of the hamiltonian
 - scales $O(n^3)$ to $O(n^6)$ for *n* electrons (depending on level of theory)

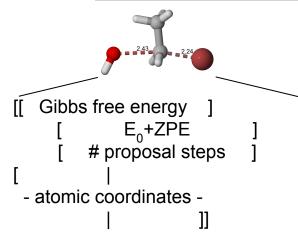
Current Workflow



Enhanced Workflow



Embedding & Architecture



Software:

Long Short-Term Memory Recurrent Neural Network (LSTM)

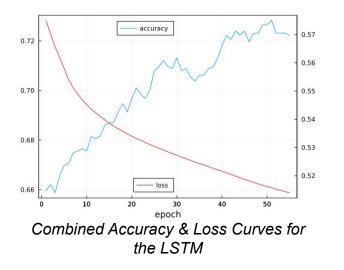
Hyperparameters: learning rate 0.0001, batch size 64, 60 input dimensions, 6 hidden dimensions, sigmoid activation, binary cross-entropy loss

Hardware:

MIT SuperCloud Xeon-P8 Partition

48 cores & 192 GB RAM

Results



- Achieved +7% accuracy over mean
- Needs improvement, but:
 - Rejecting highly unlikely guesses outright saves *days*
 - proof-of-concept value
- Simple augmented coordinates can inform a NN

Future Work

- Generate better embeddings
 - Recombinant Neural Network for variable length input
- Alternative network architectures
 - GraphNeuralNetworks.jl established in cheminformatics
- Data preprocessing is embarrassingly parallel
 - mapreduce archetype
- Continue expanding dataset to deal with imbalance
 - especially *negative* examples

Code Walkthrough - Follow Along

• HTML-rendered Jupyter Notebook with all code, explanation, and results



t.ly/-80v

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