## Problems

1. (Gamelin) Suppose that $f(z)$ is an entire function such that $f(z) / z^{n}$ is bounded for $|z|>R$. Show that $f(z)$ is a polynomial of degree at most $n$. What can be said if $f(z) / z^{n}$ is bounded on the entire complex plane?
2. (1996 Sept. \#5) If $f(z)$ is an entire function which assumes the values 0 and 1 , show that for any complex number $a$ and any real number $\epsilon>0$ there is a point $z_{0}$ such that $\left|f\left(z_{0}\right)-a\right|<\epsilon$.
3. (Gamelin) Show that if $u$ is a harmonic function on $\mathbb{R}$ that is bounded above, then $u$ is constant.
4. (2021 January $\# 4)($ a) For $a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ linearly independent over $\mathbb{C}$, define the lattice $\Lambda=$ $\left\{n a+m b:(n, m) \in \mathbb{Z}^{2}\right\}$. A meromorphic function on $\mathbb{C}$ is elliptic (for the lattice $\Lambda$ ) if it satisfies $f(z)=f(z+\omega)$ for all $z \in \mathbb{C}, \omega \in \Lambda$. Show that an elliptic function which does not have poles is constant.
5. (Gamelin) Show that

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-z t^{2}+2 w t} d t=\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{z}} e^{\frac{w^{2}}{z}}, \quad z, w \in \mathbb{C} \operatorname{Re}(z)>0
$$

where we take the principle branch of the square root. (Hint: you can use the fact that this integral equals 1 for $w=0, z=1$. )
6. (January 2021 \#1)Find all holomorphic functions on $\mathbb{C}$ such that

$$
f\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)=\frac{1}{n}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}
$$

7. (1991 September \# 6) Find all functions $f(z)$ satisfying

- $f(z)$ is analytic on $\operatorname{Im}(z)>0$
- $f(z)$ is continous on $\{\operatorname{Im} z \geq 0\}$
- $f(z)$ is real on the real axis
- $|f(z)|>|\sin z|$ on $\operatorname{Im} z>0\}$

8. (Fall $2020 \# 2$ ) Find all entire functions $f$ such that $|f(z)| \leq e^{x y}$ for all $z=x+i y \in \mathbb{C}$.
9. (1995 Septempter: P5) Find a function $f(z)$ that satisfies

- $f(z)$ is analytic in the upper half plane, $\operatorname{Im}(z)>0$, and continuous up to the real axis except at the origin
- $f(z)$ is real when $x$ is real and $x \neq 0$
- $|f(z)| \leq \frac{C}{|x|^{3}}$ when $\operatorname{Im}(z)>0$
- $f(i)=4 i$

Is this function unique? Why?
10. Show that the reflection in the circle $\left\{\left|z-z_{0}\right|=R\right\}$ is given by $z^{*}=z_{0}+R^{2}\left(z-z_{0}\right) /\left|z-z_{0}\right|^{2}$.
11. Show that a reflection in a circle maps circles in the plane ot circles
12. What happens to angles between curves when they are reflected in an analytic arc?
13. Let $f(z)$ be an entire function whose modulus is constant on some circle. Show that $f(z)=$ $c\left(z-z_{0}\right)^{n}$ for some $n \geq 0$ and some constant $c$, where $z_{0}$ is the center of the circle. (Hint: use problem 10)
14. Show that if $f(z)$ is meromorphic for $|z|<1$ and $|f(z)| \rightarrow 1$ as $|z| \rightarrow 1$, then $f(z)$ is a rational function. (Hint: use problem 10)
15. Show that if $v$ is a harmonic conjugate for $u$, then $-u$ is a harmonic conjugate fro $v$

