



Pendle sPendle Audit Report

Jan 11, 2026



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Summary

This report has been prepared for sPendle smart contract, to discover issues and vulnerabilities in the source code of their Smart Contract as well as any contract dependencies that were not part of an officially recognized library. A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Static Analysis and Manual Review techniques.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders.
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry experts.



Overview

Project Summary

Project Name	sPendle
Codebase	https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2
Commit	e23126085ff1c971024fb535ff1f69f91c752f86
Language	Solidity

Audit Summary

Delivery Date	Jan 11, 2026
Audit Methodology	Static Analysis, Manual Review
Total Issues	5

[WP-O1] Updated `cooldownDuration` affects in-progress cooldowns which may not meet users' expectations

Issue Description

<https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2/blob/3b457f8b75fa57936a31354a05b8bfd18b1d1beb/contracts/LiquidityMining/sPendle/StakedPendle.sol#L41-L49>

```

41     function cooldown(uint256 amount) external {
42         require(amount > 0, "sPendle: invalid amount");
43         require(userCooldown[msg.sender].amount == 0, "sPendle: already in
cooldown");
44
45         userCooldown[msg.sender] = UserCooldown({cooldownStart:
uint104(block.timestamp), amount: amount.Uint152()});
46         _burn(msg.sender, amount);
47
48         emit CooldownInitiated(msg.sender, amount, block.timestamp);
49     }

```

<https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2/blob/3b457f8b75fa57936a31354a05b8bfd18b1d1beb/contracts/LiquidityMining/sPendle/StakedPendle.sol#L61-L79>

```

61     function finalizeCooldown()
62         external
63         returns (
64             uint256 /*amount*/
65         )
66     {
67         UserCooldown memory data = userCooldown[msg.sender];
68         require(data.amount > 0, "sPendle: no cooldown");
69
70         uint256 cooldownEnd = data.cooldownStart + cooldownDuration;
71         require(block.timestamp >= cooldownEnd, "sPendle: redeem not ready");
72
73         delete userCooldown[msg.sender];
74         _transferOut(PENDLE, msg.sender, data.amount);

```

```

75
76         emit Unstaked(msg.sender, data.amount, 0);
77
78         return data.amount;
79     }

```

<https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2/blob/3b457f8b75fa57936a31354a05b8bfd18b1d1beb/contracts/LiquidityMining/sPendle/StakedPendle.sol#L128-L133>

```

128     function setCooldownDurationAndFee(uint24 newDuration, uint64
newInstantUnstakeFeeRate) external onlyOwner {
129         require(newInstantUnstakeFeeRate <= PMath.ONE, "sPendle: invalid fee
factor");
130         cooldownDuration = newDuration;
131         instantUnstakeFeeRate = newInstantUnstakeFeeRate;
132         emit CooldownDurationAndFeeUpdated(newDuration, newInstantUnstakeFeeRate);
133     }

```

Recommendation

Consider changing to:

```

41     function cooldown(uint256 amount) external {
42         require(amount > 0, "sPendle: invalid amount");
43         require(userCooldown[msg.sender].amount == 0, "sPendle: already in
cooldown");
44
45         uint256 cooldownEnd = data.cooldownStart + cooldownDuration;
46
47         userCooldown[msg.sender] = UserCooldown({cooldownEnd:
uint104(cooldownEnd), amount: amount.Uint152()});
48         _burn(msg.sender, amount);
49
50         emit CooldownInitiated(msg.sender, amount, block.timestamp);
51     }

```



Status

 Acknowledged

[WP-O2] `StakedPendle.initialize()` does not initialize `feeReceiver` , making `StakedPendle.instantUnstake()` unusable until the first call to `StakedPendle.setFeeReceiver()` .

Issue Description

Pendle token does not allow `address(0)` as the `_to` parameter in `transfer(address _to, uint256 _value)` .

<https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2/blob/134b10def50c893afd850afa928b9ee0c037eba1/contracts/LiquidityMining/sPendle/StakedPendle.sol>

```

@@ 1,8 @@
9
10 contract StakedPendle is IPStakedPendle, ERC20Upgradeable,
    BoringOwnableUpgradeableV2, TokenHelper {
11     using PMath for uint256;
12
13     address public feeReceiver;
14     address public immutable PENDLE;
15
16     mapping(address user => UserCooldown) public userCooldown;
17
18     uint24 public cooldownDuration;
19     uint64 public instantUnstakeFeeRate; // base 1e18. 5e16 means instant unstake
will have to pay 5% of the amount.
20
21     constructor(address pendle) {
22         PENDLE = pendle;
23         _disableInitializers();
24     }
25
26     /// @dev reminder to also call setFeeReceiver & setCooldownDurationAndFee
27     function initialize(address _owner) external initializer {
28         __ERC20_init("StakedPendle", "sPENDLE");
29         __BoringOwnableV2_init(_owner);
30     }
31

```



```

@@ 32,74 @@
75
76     function instantUnstake(uint256 amount) external returns (uint256
amountAfterFee, uint256 fee) {
77         require(amount > 0, "sPendle: invalid amount");
78
79         fee = PMath.rawDivUp(amount * instantUnstakeFeeRate, PMath.ONE);
80         amountAfterFee = amount - fee;
81
82         _burn(msg.sender, amount);
83         _transferOut(PENDLE, msg.sender, amountAfterFee);
84         _transferOut(PENDLE, feeReceiver, fee);
85
86         emit Unstaked(msg.sender, amountAfterFee, fee);
87     }
88
89     // ===== Admin functions =====
90
91     function setFeeReceiver(address newFeeReceiver) external onlyOwner {
92         require(newFeeReceiver != address(0), "sPendle: invalid fee receiver");
93
94         feeReceiver = newFeeReceiver;
95         emit FeeReceiverUpdated(newFeeReceiver);
96     }
97
98     function setCooldownDurationAndFee(uint24 newDuration, uint64
newInstantUnstakeFeeRate) external onlyOwner {
99         require(newInstantUnstakeFeeRate <= PMath.ONE, "sPendle: invalid fee
factor");
100         cooldownDuration = newDuration;
101         instantUnstakeFeeRate = newInstantUnstakeFeeRate;
102         emit CooldownDurationAndFeeUpdated(newDuration, newInstantUnstakeFeeRate);
103     }
104 }

```

```

@@ 161,166 @@
167     function transfer(address dst, uint256 amount) external override returns
(bool) {
168         _transfer(msg.sender, dst, amount);
169         return true;
170     }

```

```

362     function _transfer(
363         address src,
364         address dst,
365         uint256 amount
366     ) internal {
367         require(src != address(0), "SENDER_ZERO_ADDR");
368         require(dst != address(0), "RECEIVER_ZERO_ADDR");
369         require(dst != address(this), "SEND_TO_TOKEN_CONTRACT");
370
371         @@ 371,375 @@
376     }

```

```

113     /**
114     * @dev See {IERC20-transfer}.
115     *
116     * Requirements:
117     *
118     * - `recipient` cannot be the zero address.
119     * - the caller must have a balance of at least `amount`.
120     */
121     function transfer(address recipient, uint256 amount) public virtual override
122     returns (bool) {
123         _transfer(_msgSender(), recipient, amount);
124         return true;
125     }

```

```

200     /**
201     * @dev Moves tokens `amount` from `sender` to `recipient`.
202     *
203     * This is internal function is equivalent to {transfer}, and can be used to
204     * e.g. implement automatic token fees, slashing mechanisms, etc.
205     *
206     * Emits a {Transfer} event.
207     *
208     * Requirements:
209     *
210     * - `sender` cannot be the zero address.
211     * - `recipient` cannot be the zero address.
212     * - `sender` must have a balance of at least `amount`.

```

```
213     */
214     function _transfer(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amount) internal
virtual {
215         require(sender != address(0), "ERC20: transfer from the zero address");
216         require(recipient != address(0), "ERC20: transfer to the zero address");
217
@@ 218,222 @@
223     }
```

Status

① Acknowledged

[WP-N3] Unnecessary payable modifier on `StakedPendle.multicall()`

Issue Description

The `StakedPendle` contract has no native token functionality and no other payable functions. Therefore, the `payable` modifier on `StakedPendle.multicall()` is unnecessary.

More broadly, having a payable multicall can easily lead to accidental multiple spending of `msg.value`. Avoiding the payable modifier can reduce the mental overhead when using multicall.

<https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2/blob/3b457f8b75fa57936a31354a05b8bfd18b1d1beb/contracts/LiquidityMining/sPendle/StakedPendle.sol>

```

@@ 1,8 @@
9
10 contract StakedPendle is IPStakedPendle, ERC20Upgradeable,
    BoringOwnableUpgradeableV2, TokenHelper {
@@ 11,92 @@
93
94     // ===== Misc helper functions =====
95
96     function multicall(Call3[] calldata calls) external payable returns (Result[]
    memory res) {
97         uint256 length = calls.length;
98         res = new Result[](length);
99         for (uint256 i = 0; i < length; i++) {
100             (bool success, bytes memory result) =
                _delegateToSelf(calls[i].callData, calls[i].allowFailure);
101             res[i] = Result(success, result);
102         }
103     }
104
105     function _delegateToSelf(bytes memory data, bool allowFailure)
106         internal
107         returns (bool success, bytes memory result)
108     {

```

```
109         (success, result) = address(this).delegatecall(data);
110
111         if (!success && !allowFailure) {
112             assembly {
113                 // We use Yul's revert() to bubble up errors from the target
114                 contract.
115                     revert(add(32, result), mload(result))
116             }
117         }
118
119         @@ 119,133 @@
134     }
```

Status

✓ Fixed



[WP-N4] Some error messages are no longer needed

Issue Description

contracts/core/libraries/Errors.sol

```
121    // Liquidity Mining
122    error VCIInvalidCap(uint256 cap);
123    error VCIInactivePool(address pool);
124    error VCPoolAlreadyActive(address pool);
125    error VCZeroVePendle(address user);
126    error VCExceededMaxWeight(uint256 totalWeight, uint256 maxWeight);
127    error VCEpochNotFinalized(uint256 wTime);
128    error VCPoolAlreadyAddAndRemoved(address pool);
```

```
140    error GCNotPendleMarket(address caller);
```

<https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2/blob/3b457f8b75fa57936a31354a05b8bfd18b1d1beb/contracts/core/libraries/Errors.sol#L147-L157>

```
147    error FDTOTALAmountFundedNotMatch(uint256 actualTotalAmount, uint256
    expectedTotalAmount);
148    error FDEpochLengthMismatch();
149    error FDIInvalidPool(address pool);
150    error FDPoolAlreadyExists(address pool);
151    error FDIInvalidNewFinishedEpoch(uint256 oldFinishedEpoch, uint256
    newFinishedEpoch);
152    error FDIInvalidStartEpoch(uint256 startEpoch);
153    error FDIInvalidWTimeFund(uint256 lastFunded, uint256 wTime);
154    error FDFutureFunding(uint256 lastFunded, uint256 currentWTime);
155
156    error BDIInvalidEpoch(uint256 epoch, uint256 startTime);
157
```

Status

 Acknowledged

[WP-N5] Unused PMath , SafeERC20 in PendleGauge.sol

Issue Description

`PendleGauge` does not use any code from `PMath` and `SafeERC20` .

<https://github.com/pendle-finance/pendle-core-v2/blob/3b457f8b75fa57936a31354a05b8bfd18b1d1beb/contracts/core/Market/PendleGauge.sol>

```

1  // SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0-or-later
2  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
3
4  import "../interfaces/IPGauge.sol";
5  import "../interfaces/IPGaugeController.sol";
6  import "../interfaces/IStandardizedYield.sol";
7
8  import "../RewardManager/RewardManager.sol";
9
10 abstract contract PendleGauge is RewardManager, IPGauge {
11     using PMath for uint256;
12     using SafeERC20 for IERC20;
13     using ArrayLib for address[];
14
15     address private immutable SY;
16     address internal immutable PENDLE;
17     address internal immutable gaugeController;
18
19     constructor(address _SY, address _gaugeController) {
20         SY = _SY;
21         gaugeController = _gaugeController;
22         PENDLE = IPGaugeController(gaugeController).pendle();
23     }
24
25     function _redeemRewards(address user) internal virtual returns (uint256[]
memory rewardsOut) {
26         _updateAndDistributeRewards(user);
27         rewardsOut = _doTransferOutRewards(user, user);
28         emit RedeemRewards(user, rewardsOut);
29     }
30
31     function _redeemExternalReward() internal virtual override {
32         IStandardizedYield(SY).claimRewards(address(this));

```

```
33     IPGaugeController(gaugeController).redeemMarketReward();
34 }
35
36     function _getRewardTokens() internal view virtual override returns (address[]
memory) {
37         address[] memory SYRewards = IStandardizedYield(SY).getRewardTokens();
38         if (SYRewards.contains(PENDLE)) return SYRewards;
39         return SYRewards.append(PENDLE);
40     }
41
42     function _beforeTokenTransfer(address from, address to, uint256) internal
virtual {
43         _updateAndDistributeRewardsForTwo(from, to);
44     }
45 }
```

Status

✓ Fixed

Appendix

Timeliness of content

The content contained in the report is current as of the date appearing on the report and is subject to change without notice, unless indicated otherwise by WatchPug; however, WatchPug does not guarantee or warrant the accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any report you access using the internet or other means, and assumes no obligation to update any information following publication.



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