# Mobile Hacking **ASSESSING MOBILE APPLICATIONS**

**MAIN STEPS** 

• Run the app

Review the codebase

Dynamic instrumentation

## **CHEAT SHEET** V1.0

## **OWASP MOBILE SECURITY PROJECTS**

- Mobile Security Testing Guide
- https://github.com/OWASP/owasp-mstg
- Mobile Application Security Verification Standard
- https://github.com/OWASP/owasp-masvs
- Mobile Security Checklist
  - https://github.com/OWASP/owasp-mstg/tree/master/Checklists

## **Filesystem**

/User/Library/FrontBoard/applicationState.db

- App list database
- /private/var/containers/Bundle/Application/UUID/App.app
- Binary directory: include all the static resources of the app
- /private/var/containers/Bundle/Application/UUID/App.app/App
- Path of the binary (executable)

/private/var/containers/Bundle/Application/UUID/App.app/Info.plist

- App metadata: configuration of the app (icon to display, supported document types, etc.)
- /private/var/mobile/Containers/Data/Application/Data-UUID
- Data directory
- UUID (Universally Unique Identifier): random 36 alphanumeric characters string unique to the app Data-UUID: random 36 alphanumeric characters string unique to the app

## **Bundle ID**

The bundle ID represents the app's unique identifier (e.g. for YouTube) com.google.ios.youtube

## How to find the data and binary directories

Grep is the not-so-quick 'n dirty way to find where are the data and binary directories of your app iPhone:~ root# grep -r <App\_name> /private/var/\*

## How to find the data and binary directories and the Bundle ID

By launching Frida with the ios-app-info script # frida -U <App name> -c dki/ios-app-info And then [iPhone::App]-> appInfo() Or manually by opening the app list database iPhone:~ root# sqlite3 /User/Library/FrontBoard/applicationState.db And displaying the key\_tab table to get the binary directories sqlite> select \* from key\_tab; Or displaying the application\_identifier\_tab table to get the bundle IDs sqlite> select \* from application\_identifier\_tab;

## App decryption

- 1. Add <a href="https://level3tig.xyz/repo/">https://level3tig.xyz/repo/</a> src to Cydia and install bfdecrypt tool
- 2. Go to bfdecrypt pref pane in Settings and set the app to decrypt
- 3. Launch the app to decrypt: decrypted IPA is stored in the Documents folder of the app

## **Dynamic analysis with Frida**

### List all processes

# frida-ps –U

Analyse the calls to a method by launching Frida with the objc-method-observer script # frida -U <App name> -c mrmacete/objc-method-observer And then using the command 'observeSomething' [iPhone::App]-> observeSomething('\*[\* \*<Method name>\*]'); Hook the calls to the method <Method name> # frida-trace -U <App\_name> -m "-[\* <Method\_name>\*]" Then open the JavaScript handler file to edit the onEnter or onLeave functions to manipulate the behavior of the app

## **Dynamic analysis with Objection**

Inject objection objection -g "<App name>" explore List the classes (output will contain thousands of lines) ios hooking list classes List the methods of a class ios hooking list class\_methods <Class\_name> Search for classes|methods names containing <String> ios hooking search classes | methods <String> Analyse the calls to the method <Method name> ios hooking watch method "-[<Class\_name> <Method\_name>]" Hook the <Method\_name> and return true to each call ios hooking set return\_value "-[<Class\_name> <Method\_name>]" true

## Get the NSLog (syslog)

Impactor (http://www.cydiaimpactor.com) let you display the NSLog (syslog) on command line # ./Impactor idevicesyslog -u <UDID>

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TOOLS • Frida Objection Impactor BurpSuite Wireshark





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**MAIN STEPS** 

• Run the app

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Dynamic instrumentation

Analyze network communications

# CHEAT SHEET

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## SSL Interception with BurpSuite

- 1. Launch Burp and modify proxy settings in order to listen on "All interfaces"
- 2. Browse to the IP/port of your Burp proxy using Safari
- 3. Tap on the "CA Certificate" at the top right of the screen
- 4. Tap on "Allow" on the pop-up asking to download a configuration profile
- 5. Go to "Settings->Profile Downloaded" and select the "PortSwigger CA" profile
- 6. Tap on "Install" then "Install" again and then "Install" one last time
- 7. Edit the wireless network settings on your device to set a proxy ("Settings->Wi-Fi" then tap on the blue "i", slide to the bottom of the screen and tap on "Configure Proxy")
- 8. Tap on "Manual", set the IP/port of your Burp proxy, tap on "Save"
- 9. Go to "Settings->General->About->Certificate Trust Settings" & toggle on the PortSwiggerCA

## **Bypass SSL Pinning using SSL Kill Switch 2**

Download and install SSL Kill Switch 2 tweak # wget https://github.com/nabla-c0d3/ssl-killswitch2/releases/download/0.14/com.nablac0d3.sslkillswitch2 0.14.deb

# dpkg -i com.nablac0d3.sslkillswitch2\_0.14.deb
# killall -HUP SpringBoard

Go to "Settings->SSL Kill Switch 2" to "Disable Certificate Validation"

## **UDID (Unique Device Identifier)**

UDID is a string that is used to identify a device. Needed for some operations like signature, app installation, network monitoring Get UDID with MacOS **# ioreg -p IOUSB -I | grep "USB Serial"** Get UDID with Linux **# Isusb -s :`Isusb | grep iPhone | cut -d ' ' -f 4 | sed 's/://'` -v | grep iSerial | awk '{print \$3}'** 

## Network capture (works also on non jailbroken devices)

MacOS (install Xcode and additional tools and connect the device with USB) **# rvictl -s <UDID>** 

# tcpdump or tshark or wireshark -i rvi0

Linux (get <u>https://github.com/gh2o/rvi\_capture</u> and connect the device with USB) #./rvi\_capture.py --udid <UDID> iPhone.pcap

## om/OWASP/owasp-masvs Checklist

Sideloading an app

Sideloading an app including an instrumentation library like Frida let you interact with the app
even in it's installed on a non jalibroken device.
Here's the process to do it with IPAPatch:
1. Clone the IPAPatch project
# git clone <u>https://github.com/Naituw/IPAPatch</u>
<ol><li>Move the IPA of the app you want to sideload to the Assets directory</li></ol>
# mv <ipafile> IPAPatch/Assets/</ipafile>
3. Download the FridaGadget library (in Assets/Dylibs/FridaGadget.dylib)
# curl -O https://build.frida.re/frida/ios/lib/FridaGadget.dylib
4. Select the identity to sign the app
# security find-identity -p codesigning -v
5. Sign FridaGadget library
# codesign -f -s <identity> FridaGadget.dylib</identity>
6. Then open IPAPatch Xcode project, Build and Run.
Here's the process to do it with Objection (detailed steps on
https://github.com/sensepost/objection/wiki/Patching-iOS-Applications)
# security find-identity -p codesigning -v
# objection patchipasource <ipafile>codesign-signature <identity></identity></ipafile>
# unzip <patchedipafile></patchedipafile>
# ios-deploybundle Payload/my-app.app -W –d
# objection explore

## **Data Protection Class**

Four levels are provided by iOS to encrypt automatically files on the device:

- 1. NSProtectionComplete: file is only accessible when device is unlocked (files are encrypted with a key derived from the user PIN code & an AES key generated by the device)
- 2. NSProtectionCompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication: (defaut class) same except as before, but the decryption key is not deleted when the device is locked
- 3. ProtectedUnlessOpen: file is accessible until open
- 4. NoProtection: file is accessible even if device is locked

## **Get Data Protection Class**

By launching Frida with the ios-dataprotection script # frida -U <App\_name> -c ay-kay/ios-dataprotection



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