



Universidad Autónoma de Coahuila

Facultad de Ingeniería Mecánica y Eléctrica

Unidad Torreón

Subject	Practical optimization	Group	2
Degree	Masters in clean energy	Due for	09/09/2019
Exam / Homework	Homework 1: Preliminaries to the course	Registration #	
Professor's name	Suresh Kumar Gadi	Marks Obtained	_____ / 10
Student's name			

Instructions

1. The student should submit the homework on or before the due date. (LATE SUBMISSION = 0 MARKS)
2. Answers should be hand written on the A4 or Letter size bond papers. (20% of the marks obtained will be reduced)
3. In the calculations, the student should maintain at least a precision of 3 decimal places with a correct rounding. (20% of the marks obtained will be reduced)

Questions

1. What are area and perimeter of the following geometrical shapes:
 - (a) Triangle
 - (b) Rhombus
 - (c) Rectangle
 - (d) Trapezoid
 - (e) Square
 - (f) Circle
 - (g) Ellipse
2. What are surface area and volume of the following:
 - (a) Cylinder
 - (b) Sphere
 - (c) Cone
3. Find derivative to the following terms where a, b, c are constants, x, y, z are variables and f, g, h, u, v are functions.
 - (a) c
 - (b) ax
 - (c) x^2
 - (d) \sqrt{x}
 - (e) e^x
 - (f) a^x
 - (g) $\ln x$
 - (h) $\log_a x$
 - (i) $\sin x$
 - (j) $\cos x$
 - (k) $\tan x$
 - (l) $\arcsin x$
 - (m) $\arccos x$
 - (n) $\arctan x$
 - (o) cf
 - (p) x^n
 - (q) $f + g$
 - (r) $f - g$
 - (s) $f \times g$
 - (t) $\frac{f}{g}$
 - (u) $\frac{1}{f}$
 - (v) $f(g(x))$
4. Resolve the following terms with a, b, c as constants, x, y, z as variables and f, g, h, u, v as functions.
 - (a) $\frac{d}{dx}(3x^3)$
 - (b) $\frac{d}{dx}(x^4 + x^3)$
 - (c) $\frac{d}{dz}(z^3 - 3z^2)$
 - (d) $\frac{d}{dv}(6v^4 - 3v^5 + 5v^6)$
 - (e) $\frac{d}{dx}((x-1)(x+3))$
 - (f) $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{3x^3 - x^2}{x}\right)$
 - (g) $\frac{d}{dx}(x \sin(x))$
 - (h) $\frac{d}{dx}(x^2 \ln(x))$
 - (i) $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{\cos(x)}{x}\right)$
 - (j) $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{1}{x^2+1}\right)$
 - (k) $\frac{d}{dx}(\cos(x^2))$
 - (l) $\frac{d}{dx}(\exp\{x^3\})$
 - (m) $\frac{d}{dx}(\ln(\sin(x)))$