Neural Networks 3/3 Lecture 12

Computer Vision for Geosciences

June 4, 2021



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Winners ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge

 Image from Stanford CS231n Lecture 9, Fei-Fei Li http://cs231n.stanford.edu/slides/2021/lecture_9.pdf



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 Image from An Analysis of Deep Neural Network Models for Practical Applications, Canziani et al, 2017



Efficiency



- Total amount of compute in teraflops/s-days used to train to AlexNet level performance. Lowest compute points at any given time shown in blue, all points measured shown in gray.
- Image from https://openai.com/blog/ai-and-efficiency/

- Semantic Segmentation is the task of classifying every pixel of an image with an object class.
- Often including a background class.





- 30 classes
- 5000 annotated images with fine annotation
- 20000 annotated images with coarse annotations

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- 1.5 million object instances
- 80 object categories
- 91 stuff categories
- ► 330K images (>200K labeled)

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- Image from Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation, Noh et al, ICCV 2015





- Nearest Nighbour
- Bed of Nails
- Max unpooling
- Image from Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation, Noh et al, ICCV 2015



- Transpose convolution, deconvolution
- stride 2, pad 1, the other way
- Image from Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation, Noh et al, ICCV 2015



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- Image from Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation, Noh et al, ICCV 2015



- Image from U-Net: Convolutional Networks for Biomedical Image Segmentation, Ronnenberger et al, MICCAI 2015
- SegNet: A Deep Convolutional Encoder-Decoder Architecture for Image Segmentation, Badrinarayanan et al, TPAMI 2017



• Image from Pyramid Scene Parsing Network, Zhao et al, CVPR 2017



 Image from Encoder-Decoder with Atrous Separable Convolution for Semantic Image Segmentation, Chen et al, ECCV 2018

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 Image from The PASCAL Visual Object Classes Challenge: A Retrospective, Everingham et al, IJCV 2014



Pascal VOC (DPM 33.6%)

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- 20 classes
- 11k annotated images
- 27k annotated objects

• Default threshold was 0.5 for a long time but is now often higher.

Detection is correct if

intersection/union > threshold



Recall and Precision

precision = #(correct detections)/#(all objects)
recall = #(correct detections)/#(all detections)

Average Precision: area under PR curve for specific class mean Average Precision: AP averaged over all classes



 Image from The PASCAL Visual Object Classes Challenge: A Retrospective, Everingham et al, IJCV 2014



- How would the head of this network look like?
- Image from The PASCAL Visual Object Classes Challenge: A Retrospective, Everingham et al, IJCV 2014



R-CNN: *Regions with CNN features*

- Same author as DPM.
- Sliding window as in DPM. But NN much slower as SVM, therefore they used region proposals (2k).
- Image from Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation, Girshick et al, CVPR 2014

• Image from Selective Search for Object Recognition, Uijlings et al, IJCV 2013





R-CNN: *Regions with CNN features*

- Network also needs to predict bounding box parameters (size and offset from patch center).
- Non maximum suppression in prediction space.
- Often some high level reasoning (coherence in object relations).
- mAP for Pascal VOC improved to 53% with AlexNet as ConvNet and 62% with VGG (from 33% DPM)
- Image from Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation, Girshick et al, CVPR 2014

Bbox reg SVMs

51

ConvNet

Regions of Interest (Rol)

from a proposal method (~2k)

nput image

Apply bounding-box regressors Linear + Classify regions with SVMs Softmax classifier Bbox reg SVMs Bounding-box regressors Linear softmax Bbox reg SVMs 1.51 Fully-connected layers FCs Forward each region through ConvNet ConvNet "Rol Pooling" (single-level SPP) layer ConvNet _**1**____7_7____ "conv5" feature map of image Regions of Interest (Rols) Warped image regions from a proposa' Forward whole image through ConvNet method

Input image

ConvNet

 Image from Talk at ICCV 2015 by Ross Girshick https://dl.dropboxusercontent.com/s/vlyrkgd8nz8gy51/fast-rcnn.pdf?dl=0

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• Region proposal is now the expensive step in Fast-RNN

• Solution: Do region proposal in feature map.



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 Image from You Only Look Once:Unified, Real-Time Object Detection, Redmon et al, CVPR 2016



- Newer versions of YOLO have multiple detections per cell for different object sizes.
- Image from Ancient Secrets of Computer Vision Lecture 18, Joseph Redmon

- weighted loss, binary and multi-class cross entropy, MSE
- What would happen without conditional probability?

 $\mathcal{L} = \alpha_1 \mathcal{L}_{\textit{localization}} + \alpha_2 \mathcal{L}_{\textit{object confidence}} + \alpha_3 \mathcal{L}_{\textit{classification}}$ $\mathcal{L}_{\textit{localization}} : \textit{root mean squared error}$ $\mathcal{L}_{\textit{object confidence}} : \textit{binary cross entropy}$ $\mathcal{L}_{\textit{classification}} : \textit{multi} - \textit{class cross entropy}$

Why not both? Instance Segmentation



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Image from Mask R-CNN, He et al, ICCV 2017

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• Image from Mask R-CNN, He et al, ICCV 2017



Image from Mask R-CNN, He et al, ICCV 2017

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• Depth adds complexity in training.

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• Image from ObjectNet: A large-scale bias-controlled dataset forpushing the limits of object recognition models, Barbu et al, NeurIPS 2019

Neural Networks are lazy



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 Image from Shortcut Learning in Deep Neural Networks, Geirhos et al, Nature Machine Intelligence 2020



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 Image from Shortcut Learning in Deep Neural Networks, Geirhos et al, Nature Machine Intelligence 2020



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- Image from Visualizing and Understanding Convolutional Networks, Zeiler & Fergus, ECCV 2014

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• Image from Deep Inside Convolutional Networks: Visualising Image Classification Models and Saliency Maps, Simonyan et al, 2013

Horse-picture from Pascal VOC data set

Artificial picture of a car



• Explain the output, not the local variation.

• Image from Unmasking Clever Hans Predictors and Assessing What Machines Really Learn, Lapuschkin et al, Nature Communications 2019