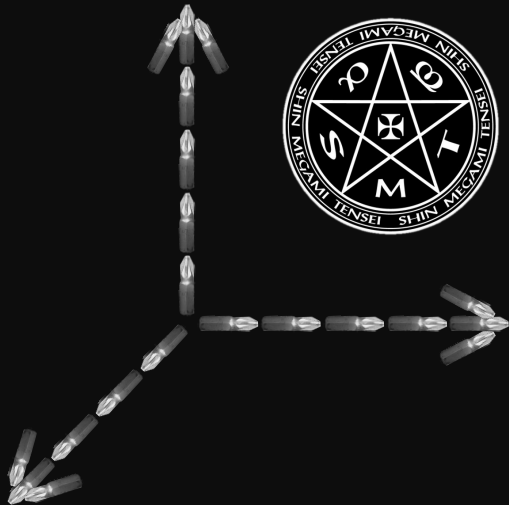


# SMT: Bit Vectors

Florian Märkl  
June 25, 2020



# Motivation

```
uint8_t a = 200;  
uint8_t b = a + 98;  
assert(b > a);
```

# Motivation

```
uint8_t a = 200;  
uint8_t b = a + 98;  
assert(b > a);
```

$$a + 98 > a$$

# Motivation

```
uint8_t a = 200;  
uint8_t b = a + 98;  
assert(b > a);
```

$a + 98 > a$  ✓

# Motivation

```
uint8_t a = 200;  
uint8_t b = a + 98;  
assert(b > a);
```

$a = 200$

$a + 98 > a$  ✓

# Motivation

```
uint8_t a = 200;  
uint8_t b = a + 98;  
assert(b > a);
```

$a = 200$

$b = 42$

$a + 98 > a$  ✓

# Motivation

<pre>uint8_t a = 200; uint8_t b = a + 98; assert(b &gt; a);</pre>	<p><math>a = 200</math> <math>b = 42</math> ⚡</p>
---	---

$a + 98 > a$  ✓

# Motivation

```
uint8_t a = 200;  
uint8_t b = a + 98;  
assert(b > a);
```

$a = 200$

$b = 42$





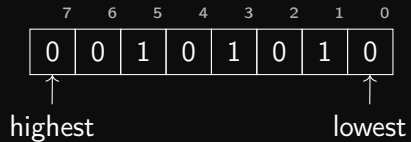
## Bit Vectors

0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

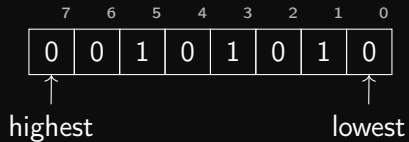
# Bit Vectors

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0

# Bit Vectors



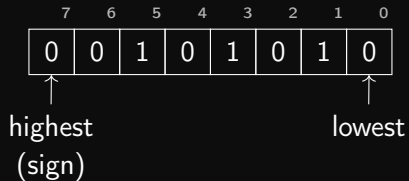
# Bit Vectors



Unsigned: Base-2



# Bit Vectors



Unsigned:    **Base-2**  
Signed:      **Two's complement**

# Syntax

$$\begin{aligned} \text{term} &\rightarrow \text{term op term} \mid \text{var-identifier} \mid \sim \text{term} \mid \text{constant} \\ &\quad \mid \text{atom ? term : term} \mid \text{term}[\text{constant}:\text{constant}] \\ &\quad \mid \text{ext}(\text{term}) \\ \text{op} &\rightarrow + \mid - \mid \cdot \mid / \mid \ll \mid \gg \mid \& \mid | \mid \oplus \mid \circ \end{aligned}$$

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$$\text{atom} \rightarrow \text{term} < \text{term} \mid \text{term} = \text{term} \mid \text{term}[\text{constant}]$$



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$$\text{atom} \rightarrow \text{term} < \text{term} \mid \text{term} = \text{term} \mid \text{term}[\text{constant}]$$
$$\text{formula} \rightarrow \text{formula} \wedge \text{formula} \mid \neg \text{formula} \mid (\text{formula}) \mid \text{atom}$$

# Syntax

$$\begin{aligned} \text{term} \rightarrow & \text{term op term} \mid \text{var-identifier} \mid \sim \text{term} \mid \text{constant} \\ & \mid \text{atom ? term : term} \mid \text{term}[\text{constant}:\text{constant}] \\ & \mid \text{ext}(\text{term}) \\ \text{op} \rightarrow & + \mid - \mid \cdot \mid / \mid \ll \mid \gg \mid \& \mid | \mid \oplus \mid \circ \end{aligned}$$

Bit Vector: **size + signed|unsigned**

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# Syntax

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Boolean

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Bit Vector: **size + signed|unsigned**

$$\text{atom} \rightarrow \text{term} < \text{term} \mid \text{term} = \text{term} \mid \text{term}[\text{constant}]$$

Boolean

$$\text{formula} \rightarrow \text{formula} \wedge \text{formula} \mid \neg \text{formula} \mid (\text{formula}) \mid \text{atom}$$

Boolean

## Solver: Implementation



<https://github.com/thestr4ng3r/shida>

# Solver: Flattening

Bit Vector Formula

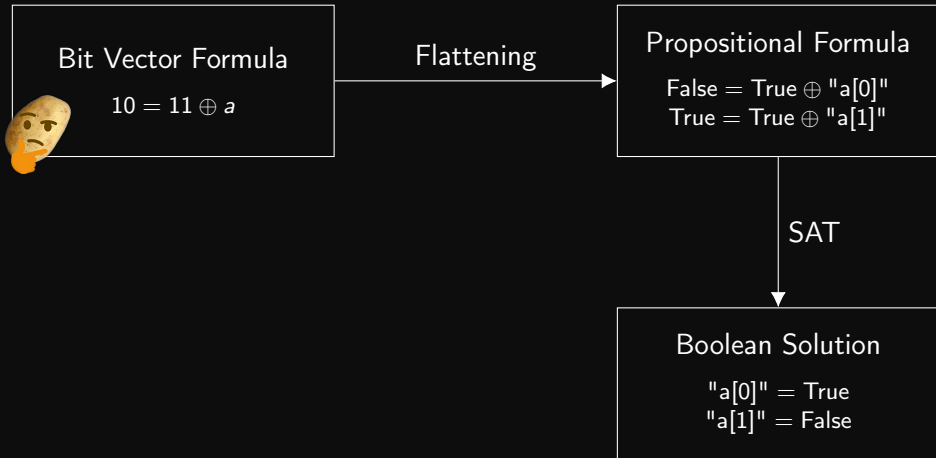
$$10 = 11 \oplus a$$



# Solver: Flattening

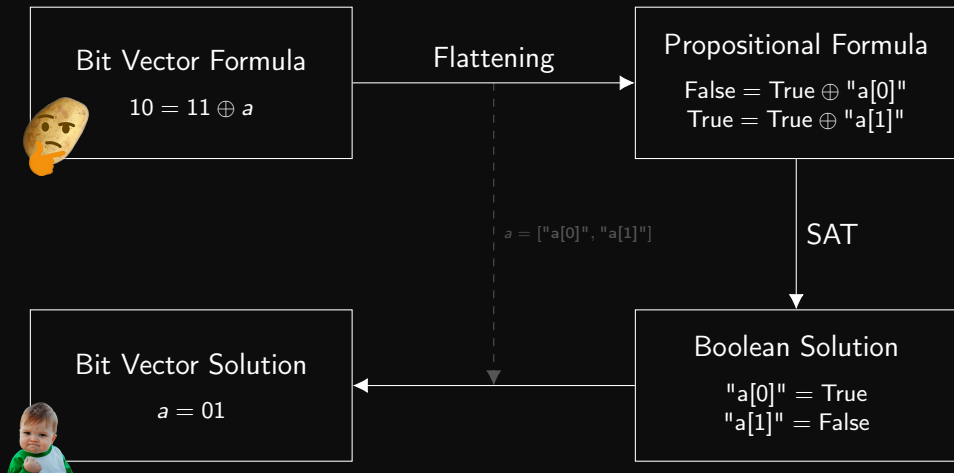


# Solver: Flattening

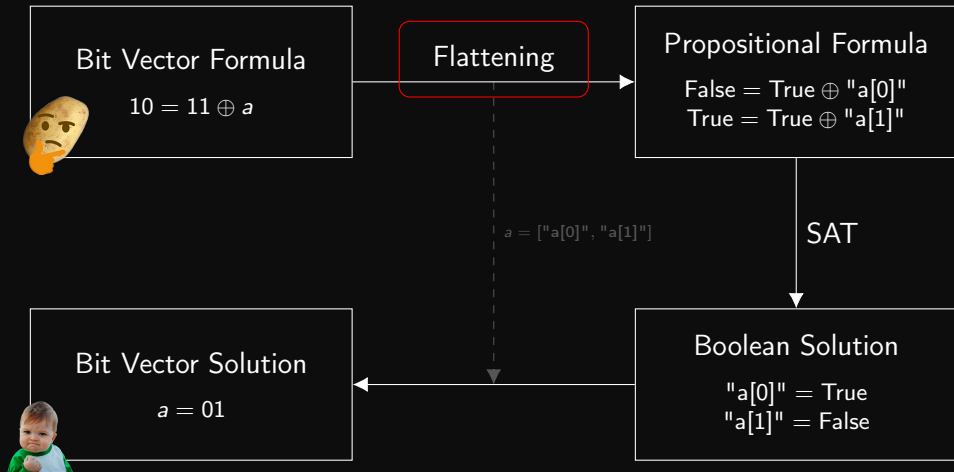




# Solver: Flattening



# Solver: Flattening



# Flattening: High-Level Algorithm

Example:

$a < 011 \wedge \neg a < 010$

011

$a < 011$

$a$

$a < 010$

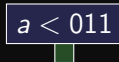
010

```
flatten :: Formula -> Propositional.Formula
flatten f =
```

# Flattening: High-Level Algorithm

Example:

$a < 011 \wedge \neg a < 010$

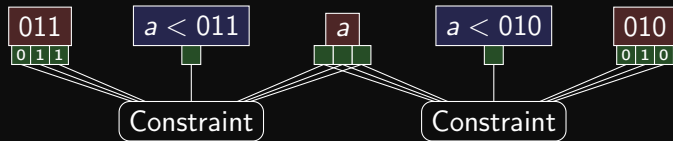


```
flatten :: Formula -> Propositional.Formula
flatten f =
  let
    termProps      = reserveVarsForAll (terms f)
    atomProps      = reserveVarsForAll (atoms f)
```

# Flattening: High-Level Algorithm

Example:

$a < 011 \wedge \neg a < 010$

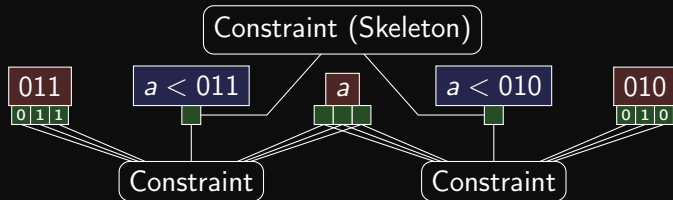


```
flatten :: Formula -> Propositional.Formula
flatten f =
  let
    termProps      = reserveVarsForAll (terms f)
    atomProps      = reserveVarsForAll (atoms f)
    termConstraints = {termConstraint atomProps termProps term | term ∈ (terms f)}
    atomConstraints = {atomConstraint atomProps termProps atom | atom ∈ (atoms f)}
```

# Flattening: High-Level Algorithm

Example:

$$a < 011 \wedge \neg a < 010$$

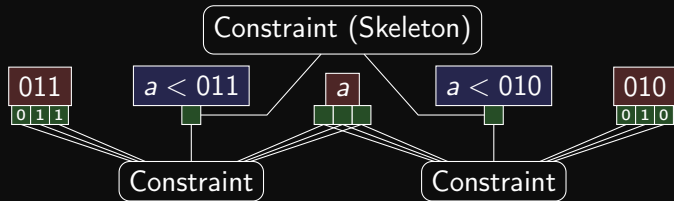


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flatten :: Formula -> Propositional.Formula
flatten f =
  let
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    atomProps      = reserveVarsForAll (atoms f)
    termConstraints = {termConstraint atomProps termProps term | term ∈ (terms f)}
    atomConstraints = {atomConstraint atomProps termProps atom | atom ∈ (atoms f)}
    skel           = skeleton atomProps f
```

# Flattening: High-Level Algorithm

Example:

$$a < 011 \wedge \neg a < 010$$



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flatten :: Formula -> Propositional.Formula
flatten f =
  let
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    termConstraints = {termConstraint atomProps termProps term | term ∈ (terms f)}
    atomConstraints = {atomConstraint atomProps termProps atom | atom ∈ (atoms f)}
    skel           = skeleton atomProps f
  in (skel ∪ termConstraints ∪ atomConstraints)
```

# Flattening: Skeleton



$$a + b < 101010 \wedge \neg(b = 010101)$$



# Flattening: Skeleton



$$a + b < 101010 \wedge \neg(b = 010101)$$



$$\text{atomProps}["a + b < 101010"] \wedge \neg \text{atomProps}["b = 010101"]$$

## Flattening: Bitwise Operators and Equality

$$l \oplus r$$

## Flattening: Bitwise Operators and Equality

$$l \oplus r$$

↓

$$(i \oplus r)[0] \iff (l[0] \oplus r[0])$$

$$(i \oplus r)[1] \iff (l[1] \oplus r[1])$$

$$(i \oplus r)[2] \iff (l[2] \oplus r[2])$$

...

## Flattening: Bitwise Operators and Equality

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...

$$(l \oplus r)[i] \iff (l[i] \oplus r[i])$$

# Flattening: Bitwise Operators and Equality

$$l \oplus r$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$l = r$$

$$(i \oplus r)[0] \iff (l[0] \oplus r[0])$$

$$(i \oplus r)[1] \iff (l[1] \oplus r[1])$$

$$(i \oplus r)[2] \iff (l[2] \oplus r[2])$$

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$$l = r$$

↓

$$(l = r) \iff$$

# Flattening: Bitwise Operators and Equality

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...

$$(l \oplus r)[i] \iff (l[i] \oplus r[i])$$

$$l = r$$

$$\downarrow$$

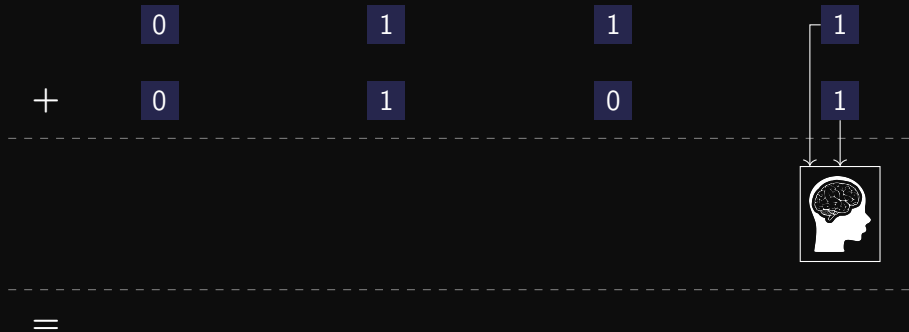
$$(l = r) \iff \bigwedge_i (l[i] \iff r[i])$$

## Flattening: Addition

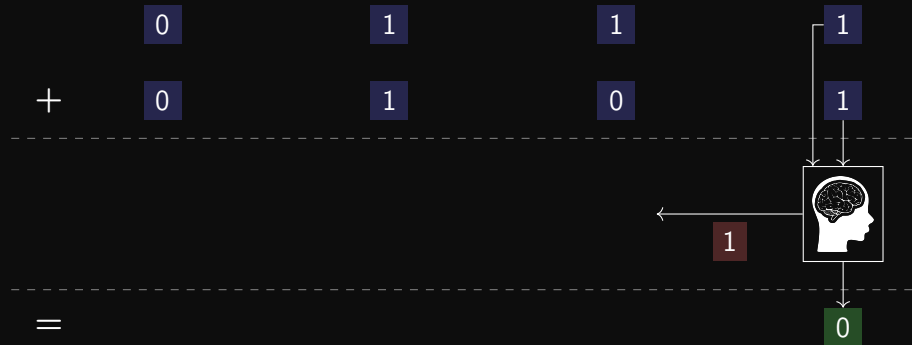
	0	1	1	1
+	0	1	0	1
<hr/>				
 <hr/>				
=				



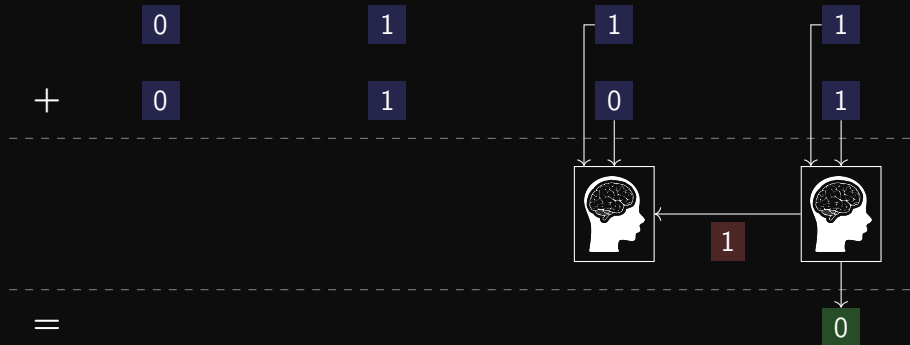
# Flattening: Addition



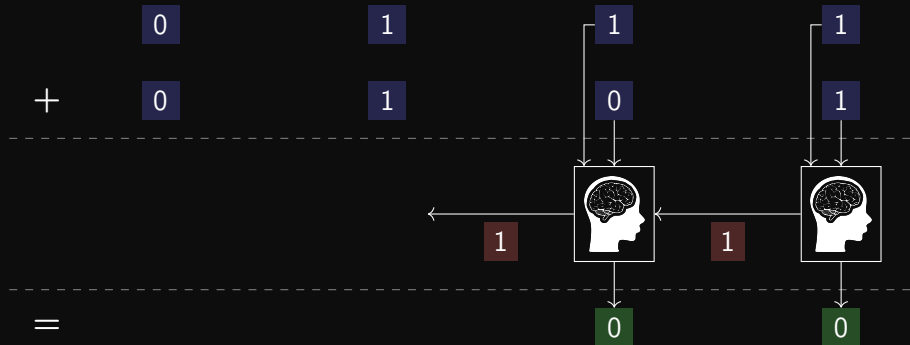
# Flattening: Addition



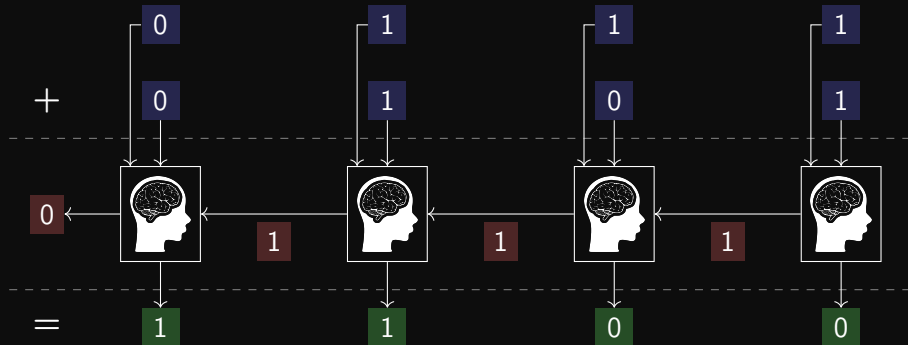
# Flattening: Addition



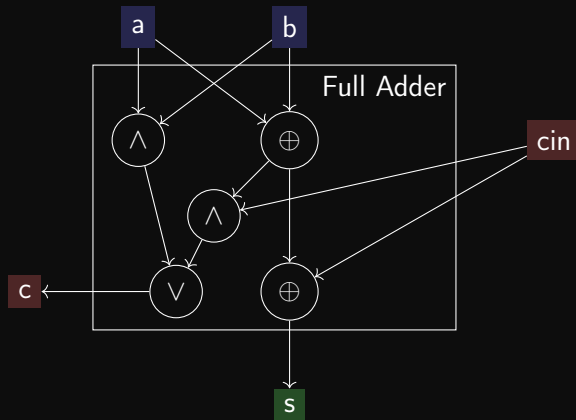
# Flattening: Addition



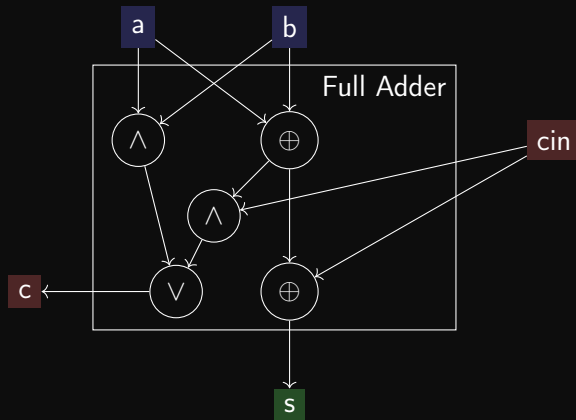
# Flattening: Addition



## Flattening: Addition



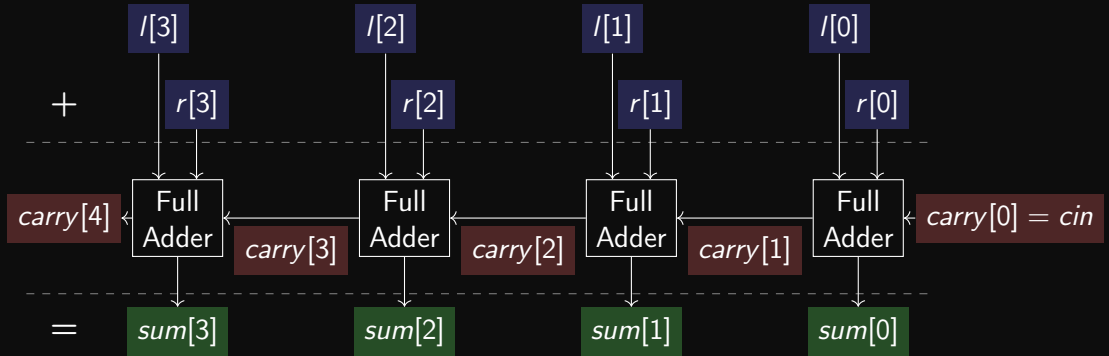
## Flattening: Addition



$$s(a, b, cin) = cin \oplus (a \oplus b)$$

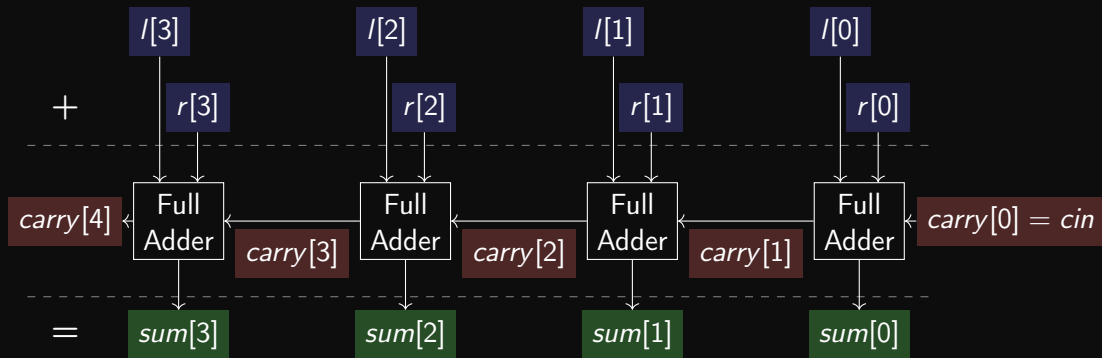
$$c(a, b, cin) = (a \wedge b) \vee ((a \oplus b) \wedge cin)$$

## Flattening: Addition





## Flattening: Addition

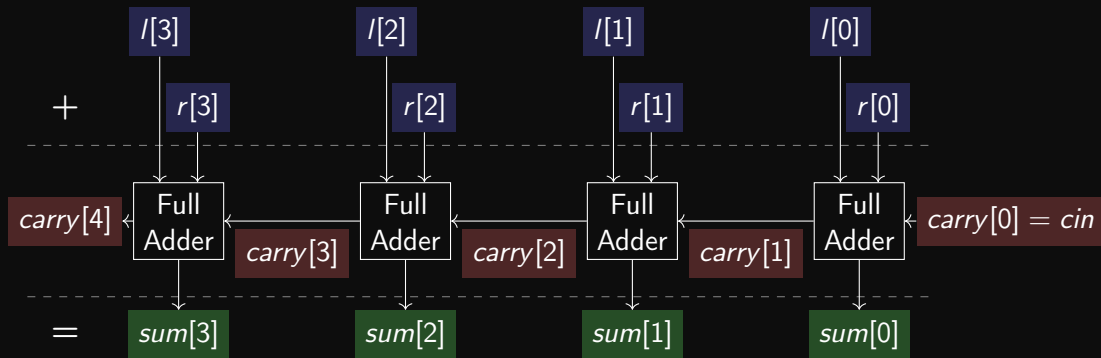


$$carry(l, r, cin)[0] = cin$$

$$carry(l, r, cin)[i + 1] = c(l[i + 1], r[i + 1], carry(cin, l, r)[i])$$

$$sum(l, r, cin)[i] = s(l[i], r[i], carry(l, r, cin)[i])$$

# Flattening: Addition



$$carry(l, r, cin)[0] = cin$$

$$carry(l, r, cin)[i + 1] = c(l[i + 1], r[i + 1], carry(cin, l, r)[i])$$

$$(l + r)[i] \iff sum(l, r, cin)[i] = s(l[i], r[i], carry(l, r, cin)[i])$$

## Flattening: Addition

$$(l + r)[0] \iff s(l[0], r[0], cin)$$

## Flattening: Addition

$$(l + r)[0] \iff s(l[0], r[0], cin)$$

$$(l + r)[1] \iff s(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin))$$

## Flattening: Addition

$$(l + r)[0] \iff s(l[0], r[0], cin)$$

$$(l + r)[1] \iff s(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin))$$

$$(l + r)[2] \iff s(l[2], r[2], c(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin)))$$

## Flattening: Addition

$$(l + r)[0] \iff s(l[0], r[0], cin)$$

$$(l + r)[1] \iff s(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin))$$

$$(l + r)[2] \iff s(l[2], r[2], c(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin)))$$

$$(l + r)[3] \iff s(l[3], r[3], c(l[2], r[2], c(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin))))$$

## Flattening: Addition

$$(l + r)[0] \iff s(l[0], r[0], cin)$$

$$(l + r)[1] \iff s(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin))$$

$$(l + r)[2] \iff s(l[2], r[2], c(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin)))$$

$$(l + r)[3] \iff s(l[3], r[3], c(l[2], r[2], c(l[1], r[1], c(l[0], r[0], cin))))$$

$$O(n^2)$$

## Flattening: Addition

Auxiliary carry bit vector variable  $k$ :

$$k[i + 1] \iff c(l[i], r[i], k[i])$$



## Flattening: Addition

Auxiliary carry bit vector variable  $k$ :

$$k[i + 1] \iff c(l[i], r[i], k[i])$$

$$(l + r)[i] \iff s(l[i], r[i], k[i])$$

## Flattening: Addition

Auxiliary carry bit vector variable  $k$ :

$$\begin{aligned}k[i + 1] &\iff c(l[i], r[i], k[i]) \\ (l + r)[i] &\iff s(l[i], r[i], k[i])\end{aligned}$$

$$k[0] \iff cin$$

$$k[1] \iff c(l[0], r[0], k[0])$$

$$k[2] \iff c(l[1], r[1], k[1])$$

$$k[3] \iff c(l[2], r[2], k[2])$$

$$(l + r)[0] \iff s(l[0], r[0], k[0])$$

$$(l + r)[1] \iff s(l[1], r[1], k[1])$$

$$(l + r)[2] \iff s(l[2], r[2], k[2])$$

$$(l + r)[3] \iff s(l[3], r[3], k[3])$$

## Flattening: Addition

Auxiliary carry bit vector variable  $k$ :

$$\begin{aligned}k[i + 1] &\iff c(l[i], r[i], k[i]) \\ (l + r)[i] &\iff s(l[i], r[i], k[i])\end{aligned}$$

$$k[0] \iff cin$$

$$k[1] \iff c(l[0], r[0], k[0])$$

$$k[2] \iff c(l[1], r[1], k[1])$$

$$k[3] \iff c(l[2], r[2], k[2])$$

$$(l + r)[0] \iff s(l[0], r[0], k[0])$$

$$(l + r)[1] \iff s(l[1], r[1], k[1])$$

$$(l + r)[2] \iff s(l[2], r[2], k[2])$$

$$(l + r)[3] \iff s(l[3], r[3], k[3])$$

$$O(n)$$

Flattening: Subtraction

$$a = l - r$$

## Flattening: Subtraction

$$a = l - r$$

↓

$$a = l + (-r)$$

## Flattening: Subtraction

$$a = l - r$$

↓

$$a = l + (-r)$$

Two's Complement:  $-x = \sim x + 1$

## Flattening: Subtraction

$$a = l - r$$

↓

$$a = l + (-r)$$

↓

Two's Complement:  $-x = \sim x + 1$

$$a = l + \sim r + 1$$

## Flattening: Subtraction

$$a = l - r$$

↓

$$a = l + (-r)$$

↓

Two's Complement:  $-x = \sim x + 1$

$$a = l + \sim r + 1$$

Incoming Carry allows +1 for free



# Flattening: Subtraction

$$a = l - r$$

↓

$$a = l + (-r)$$

↓

Two's Complement:  $-x = \sim x + 1$

$$a = l + \sim r + 1$$

⇓

Incoming Carry allows +1 for free

$$(l - r)[i] \iff \text{sum}(l, \sim r, 1)[i]$$

## Flattening: Comparison

(given:  $sz = \text{size}(l) = \text{size}(r)$ )

Unsigned:

$$l < r$$

## Flattening: Comparison

(given:  $sz = \text{size}(l) = \text{size}(r)$ )

Unsigned:

$$\begin{array}{c} l < r \\ \downarrow \\ (l - r) < 0 \end{array}$$

## Flattening: Comparison

(given:  $sz = \text{size}(l) = \text{size}(r)$ )

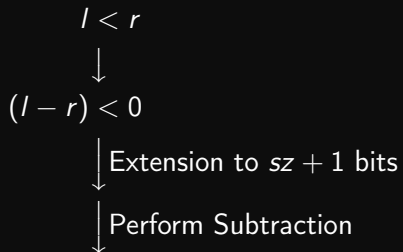
Unsigned:

$$\begin{array}{c} l < r \\ \downarrow \\ (l - r) < 0 \\ \downarrow \text{Extension to } sz + 1 \text{ bits} \end{array}$$

# Flattening: Comparison

(given:  $sz = \text{size}(l) = \text{size}(r)$ )

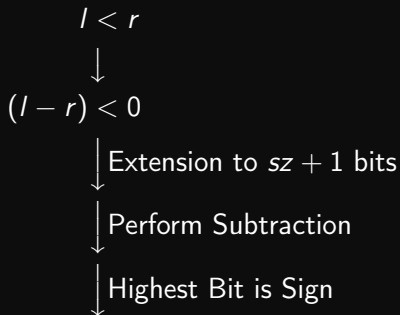
Unsigned:



# Flattening: Comparison

(given:  $sz = \text{size}(l) = \text{size}(r)$ )

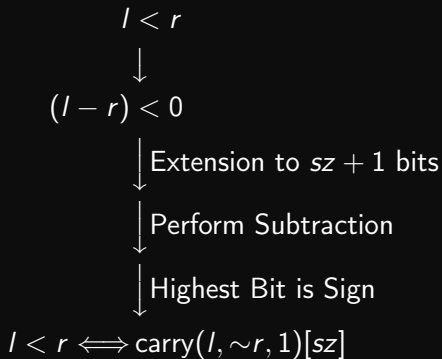
Unsigned:



## Flattening: Comparison

(given:  $sz = \text{size}(l) = \text{size}(r)$ )

Unsigned:



## Flattening: Comparison

(given:  $sz = \text{size}(l) = \text{size}(r)$ )

Unsigned:

$$\begin{array}{c} l < r \\ \downarrow \\ (l - r) < 0 \\ \downarrow \text{Extension to } sz + 1 \text{ bits} \\ \downarrow \text{Perform Subtraction} \\ \downarrow \text{Highest Bit is Sign} \\ l < r \iff \text{carry}(l, \sim r, 1)[sz] \end{array}$$

Signed (sign-extension instead of zero-extension):

$$l < r \iff \text{carry}(l, \sim r, 1)[sz] \oplus (l[sz - 1] \iff r[sz - 1])$$



## Flattening: Static Shift

$$(I \ll_{static} C)[i]$$

## Flattening: Static Shift

$$(I \ll_{static} C)[i] = \begin{cases} I[i - C] \end{cases}$$

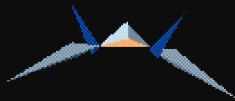
## Flattening: Static Shift

$$(I \ll_{static} C)[i] = \begin{cases} I[i - C] & \text{if } i - C \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

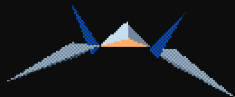
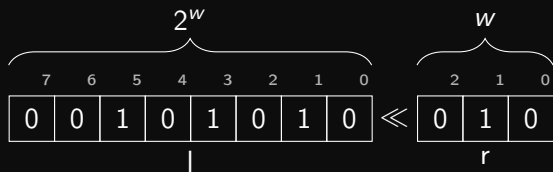
## Flattening: Static Shift

$$(I \ll_{static} C)[i] = \begin{cases} I[i - C] & \text{if } i - C \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
$$(I \gg_{static} C)[i] = \begin{cases} I[i + C] & \text{if } i + C < \text{size}(I) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

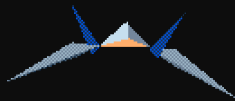
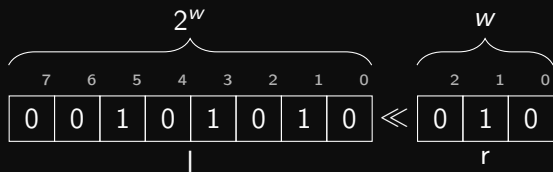
## Flattening: Dynamic Shift



# Flattening: Dynamic Shift

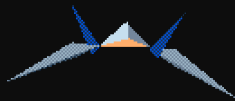
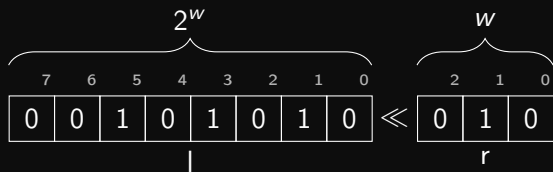


## Flattening: Dynamic Shift



$$\text{lshift}(l, r, -1)[i] = l[i]$$

## Flattening: Dynamic Shift

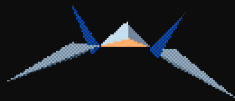
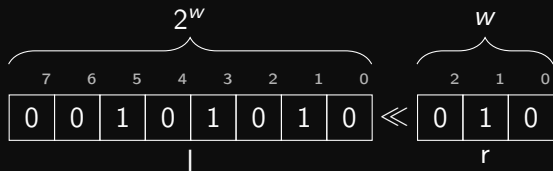


$$\text{lshift}(l, r, -1)[i] = l[i]$$

$$\text{lshift}(l, r, s)[i] = \left\{ \right.$$



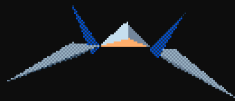
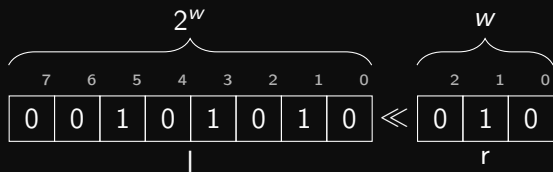
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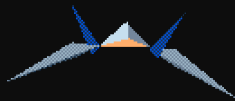
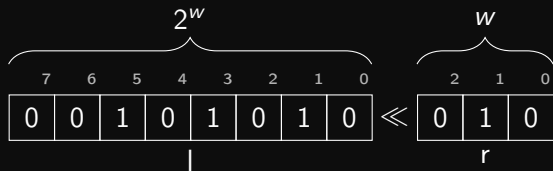
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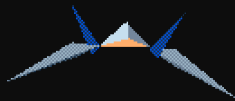
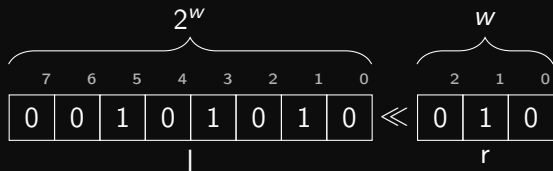
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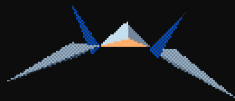
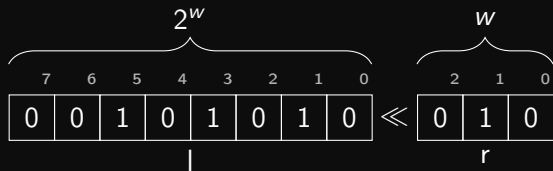
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## Flattening: Multiplication

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$$+ l \cdot (r \& 10)$$

$$+ l \cdot (r \& 100)$$

$$+ \dots$$

$$\text{mul}(l, r, -1) = 0$$

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$$(l \cdot r)[i] \iff \text{mul}(l, r, \text{size}(r) - 1)[i]$$

## Flattening: Division (Unsigned)

$$a = l/r$$

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↓

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$$4_{u8} / 3_{u8} = 172_{u8} \text{ ⚡}$$

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Extend to  $2 \cdot \text{size}$

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$$|x| = \begin{cases} \sim x + 1 & \text{if } x[\text{size}(x) - 1] \\ x & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

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Extend to 2 · size

$$l = a \cdot r + rem$$

$$|rem| < |r|$$

$$-1 = -1 \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$|1| < |2|$$

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$$-1/2 = -1 \text{ ⚡}$$



## Flattening: Division (Signed)

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$$l = a \cdot r + \text{rem}$$

$$|\text{rem}| < |r|$$

$$(\text{rem}[\text{size}(\text{rem}) - 1] \iff l[\text{size}(l - 1)]) \vee \neg \bigwedge_i \text{rem}[i]$$

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*Demo*

# Incremental Flattening

$$(x < y) \wedge (y < x) \wedge (a \cdot b = c) \wedge (b \cdot a = c)$$

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incrementalSAT :: [Propositional.Formula] -> [Propositional.Formula]
              -> Propositional.SolveResult
incrementalSAT current pending =
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    Solution assignment ->
      let conflicts =
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      else
        let new = conflicts[0] in
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```



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      let conflicts =
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      if conflicts == [] then
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      else
        let new = conflicts[0] in
        incrementalSAT (current + new) (pending - new)
```

# Incremental Flattening

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costEstimate :: Propositional.Formula -> Word

solveFlattenedIncremental :: FlattenedFormula -> SolveResult
solveFlattenedIncremental flat =
```

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    let initialFormulas = [skeletonOf flat]
        incrementalFormulas = sortOn costEstimate (allConstraints flat)
```

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        satSolution = incrementalSAT initialFormulas incrementalFormulas
    in reconstructResult satSolution
```

*Demo*

**MY FRIENDS WHEN  
I TELL THEM I CAN SMT:**

**CAN YOU  
HACK SOMEONE**



## Extensions



# Extensions

Fixed Point

# Extensions

Fixed Point

Floating Point

# Extensions

Fixed Point

Floating Point

Optimization, e.g. Constant Folding

# Extensions

Fixed Point

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Uninterpreted Functions

# Applications



[https://github.com/Z3Prover/z3/blob/master/src/smt/theory\\_bv.cpp](https://github.com/Z3Prover/z3/blob/master/src/smt/theory_bv.cpp)

## Applications: Symbolic Execution



<https://klee.github.io>

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<https://klee.github.io>



<https://angr.io>

<https://github.com/thestr4ng3r/shida>